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(54) **PESTICIDAL COMPOSITIONS AND PROCESSES RELATED THERETO**

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None

See application file for complete search history.

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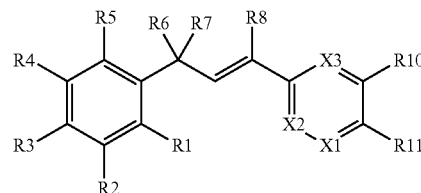
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

This document discloses molecules having the following formula ("Formula One"):

Formula One



and processes associated therewith.

72 Claims, No Drawings

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PESTICIDAL COMPOSITIONS AND PROCESSES RELATED THERETO

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/739,026 filed Dec. 19, 2012, the entire disclosure of which is hereby expressly incorporated by reference.

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

The invention disclosed in this document is related to the field of processes to produce molecules that are useful as pesticides (e.g., acaricides, insecticides, molluscicides, and nematocides), such molecules, and processes of using such molecules to control pests.

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

Pests cause millions of human deaths around the world each year. Furthermore, there are more than ten thousand species of pests that cause losses in agriculture. The world-wide agricultural losses amount to billions of U.S. dollars each year.

Termites cause damage to all kinds of private and public structures. The world-wide termite damage losses amount to billions of U.S. dollars each year.

Stored food pests eat and adulterate stored food. The world-wide stored food losses amount to billions of U.S. dollars each year, but more importantly, deprive people of needed food.

There is an acute need for new pesticides. Certain pests are developing resistance to pesticides in current use. Hundreds of pest species are resistant to one or more pesticides. The development of resistance to some of the older pesticides, such as DDT, the carbamates, and the organophosphates, is well known. But resistance has even developed to some of the newer pesticides, for example, imidacloprid.

Therefore, for many reasons, including the above reasons, a need exists for new pesticides.

DEFINITIONS

The examples given in the definitions are generally non-exhaustive and must not be construed as limiting the invention disclosed in this document. It is understood that a substituent should comply with chemical bonding rules and steric compatibility constraints in relation to the particular molecule to which it is attached.

“Alkenyl” means an acyclic, unsaturated (at least one carbon-carbon double bond), branched or unbranched, substituent consisting of carbon and hydrogen, for example, vinyl, allyl, butenyl, pentenyl, and hexenyl.

“Alkenyloxy” means an alkenyl further consisting of a carbon-oxygen single bond, for example, allyloxy, butenyloxy, pentenyloxy, hexenyloxy.

“Alkoxy” means an alkyl further consisting of a carbon-oxygen single bond, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, and tert-butoxy.

“Alkyl” means an acyclic, saturated, branched or unbranched, substituent consisting of carbon and hydrogen, for example, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl which represents n-propyl and isopropyl, (C₄)alkyl which represents n-butyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl, and tert-butyl.

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“Alkynyl” means an acyclic, unsaturated (at least one carbon-carbon triple bond), branched or unbranched, substituent consisting of carbon and hydrogen, for example, ethynyl, propargyl, butynyl, and pentynyl.

“Alkynyloxy” means an alkynyl further consisting of a carbon-oxygen single bond, for example, pentynyloxy, hexynyloxy, heptynyloxy, and octynyloxy.

“Aryl” means a cyclic, aromatic substituent consisting of hydrogen and carbon, for example, phenyl, naphthyl, and biphenyl.

“(C_x-C_y)” where the subscripts “x” and “y” are integers such as 1, 2, or 3, means the range of carbon atoms for a substituent—for example, (C₁-C₄)alkyl means methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl, and tert-butyl, each individually.

“Cycloalkenyl” means a monocyclic or polycyclic, unsaturated (at least one carbon-carbon double bond) substituent consisting of carbon and hydrogen, for example, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, norbornenyl, bicyclo [2.2.2]octenyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, hexahydronaphthyl, and octahydronaphthyl.

“Cycloalkenyloxy” means a cycloalkenyl further consisting of a carbon-oxygen single bond, for example, cyclobutenyloxy, cyclopentenyl, norbornenyloxy, and bicyclo [2.2.2]octenyloxy.

“Cycloalkyl” means a monocyclic or polycyclic, saturated substituent consisting of carbon and hydrogen, for example, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, norbornyl, bicyclo [2.2.2]octyl, and decahydronaphthyl.

“Cycloalkoxy” means a cycloalkyl further consisting of a carbon-oxygen single bond, for example, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, cyclopentyloxy, norbornyloxy, and bicyclo [2.2.2]octyloxy.

“Halo” means fluoro, chloro, bromo, and iodo.

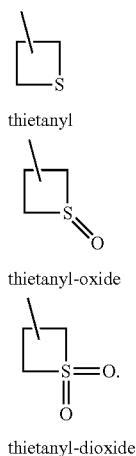
“Haloalkoxy” means an alkoxy further consisting of, from one to the maximum possible number of identical or different, halos, for example, fluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, 2,2-difluoropropoxy, chloromethoxy, trichloromethoxy, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy, and pentafluoroethoxy.

“Haloalkyl” means an alkyl further consisting of, from one to the maximum possible number of, identical or different, halos, for example, fluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2-difluoropropyl, chloromethyl, trichloromethyl, and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl.

“Heterocyclyl” means a cyclic substituent that may be fully saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated, where the cyclic structure contains at least one carbon and at least one heteroatom, where said heteroatom is nitrogen, sulfur, or oxygen. In the case of sulfur, that atom can be in other oxidation states such as a sulfoxide and sulfone. Examples of aromatic heterocyclyls include, but are not limited to, benzofuranyl, benzoisothiazolyl, benzoisoxazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothienyl, benzothiazolyl, cinnolinyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, indazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, oxazolyl, phthalazinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, tetrazolyl, thiazolinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, triazinyl, and triazolyl. Examples of fully saturated heterocyclyls include, but are not limited to, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxetanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl and tetrahydropyranyl. Examples of partially unsaturated heterocyclyls include, but are not limited to, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, 4,5-dihydro-oxazolyl, 4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazolyl, 4,5-dihydro-isoxazolyl, and 2,3-dihydro-[1,3,4]-oxadiazolyl.

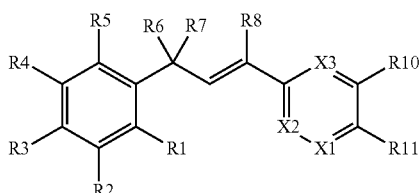
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Additional examples include the following



DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCLOSURE

This document discloses molecules having the following formula ("Formula One"):



wherein:

- (a) R1 is selected from
 - (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N(R14)(R15),
 - (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (4) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂, and
 - (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂;
- (b) R2 is selected from
 - (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N(R14)(R15),
 - (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,

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- (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (4) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂, and
 - (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂;
- (c) R3 is selected from
- (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N(R14)(R15),
 - (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (4) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂, and
 - (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂;
- (d) R4 is selected from
- (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N(R14)(R15),
 - (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (4) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂, and
 - (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂;
- (e) R5 is selected from
- (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N(R14)(R15),
 - (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂,
 - (4) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂, and
 - (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from CN and NO₂;
- (f) R6 is a (C₁-C₈)haloalkyl;
- (g) R7 is selected from H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, and halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy;

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(h) R8 is selected from H, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, OR14, and N(R14)(R15);

(i) R9 is selected from H, F, Cl, Br, I, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, OR14, and N(R14)(R15);

(j) R10 is selected from

(1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), NR14R15, C(=O)H, C(=O)N(R14)(R15), CN(R14)(R15)(=NOH), (C=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C=O)OH, heterocyclyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, halo(C₂-C₈)alkenyl, (C₂-C₈)alkynyl,

(2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from OH, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, NR14R15, and

(3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and N(R14)(R15);

(k) R11 is (C=X5)N(X6)(R14) wherein

X5 is selected from O, S, or NH, and

X6 is selected from halocyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, substituted cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, and substituted halocyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl,

wherein said substituted cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl is substituted with one or more substituents selected from CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, (C₂-C₈)alkynyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), N(R15)(R16), C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and C(=O)H, and

wherein said substituted halocyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl is substituted with one or more substituents selected from CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, (C₂-C₈)alkynyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), N(R15)(R16), C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and C(=O)H,

wherein each said substituted aryl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

wherein each said substituted heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

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alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, S(=O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, NR14R15, and oxo;

(l) R12 is selected from (v), H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, and cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl;

(m) R13 is selected from (v), H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, and halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy;

(n) each R14 is independently selected from H, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), N(R16)(R17), (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)H

wherein each said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), heterocyclyl, C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and oxo, (wherein said alkyl, alkoxy, and heterocyclyl, may be further substituted with one or more of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO₂);

(o) each R15 is independently selected from H, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), N(R16)(R17), (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)H

wherein each said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

is independently selected), heterocyclyl, C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and oxo, (wherein said alkyl, alkoxy, and heterocyclyl, may be further substituted with one or more of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO₂);

(p) each R16 is independently selected from H, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, substituted-(C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, substituted-halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl

wherein each said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo;

(q) each R17 is independently selected from H, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, substituted-(C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, substituted-halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl

wherein each said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from CN, and NO₂,

wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and

wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo;

(r) X1 is selected from N and CR12;

(s) X2 is selected from N, CR9, and CR13;

(t) X3 is selected from N and CR9; and

(v) R12 and R13 together form a linkage containing 3 to 4 atoms selected from C, N, O, and S, wherein said linkage connects back to the ring to form a 5 to 6 member saturated or unsaturated cyclic ring, wherein said linkage has at least one substituent X4 wherein X4 is selected from R14, N(R14)(R15), N(R14)(C(=O)R14), N(R14)(C(=S)R14), N(R14)(C(=O)N(R14)(R14)), N(R14)(C(=S)N(R14)(R14)), N(R14)(C(=O)N(R14)((C₂-C₈)alkenyl)), N(R14)(C(=S)N(R14)((C₂-C₈)alkenyl)), wherein each R14 is independently selected.

In another embodiment of this invention R1 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R2 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R3 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R4 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R5 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R2 and R4 are selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO₂ and R1, R3, and R5 are H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R2, R3, and R4 are selected from F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO₂ and R1, and R5 are H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R2, R3, and R4 are independently selected from F and Cl and R1 and R5 are H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R1 is selected from Cl and H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R2 is selected from CF₃, CH₃, Cl, F, and H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R3 is selected from OCH₃, CH₃, F, Cl, or H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R4 is selected from CF₃, CH₃, Cl, F, and H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R5 is selected from F, Cl, and H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R6 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, and halo(C₈)alkyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R6 is trifluoromethyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R7 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, and I. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R7 is selected from H, OCH₃, and OH. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R8 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, and halo(C₈)alkyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R8 is selected from CH₃ and H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R9 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R10 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, halo(C₈)alkoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R10 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, Cl, Br, CH₃, and CF₃. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R10 is selected from Br, C(=NOH)NH₂, C(=O)H, C(=O)NH₂, C(=O)OCH₂CH₃, C(=O)OH, CF₃, CH₂CH₃, CH₂OH, CH₃, Cl, CN, F, H, NH₂, NHC(=O)H, NHCH₃, NO₂, OCH₃, OCHF₂, and pyridyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R11 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—(C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-(C=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-(C=S)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclobutyl-(C=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-CN), and (C=O)N(H)(difluorocyclopropyl). This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R11 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—(C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclopropyl-(C=(O or S)N(H)(halo(C₁-C₆)alkyl))), (C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclobutyl-(C=(O or S)N(H)(halo(C₁-C₆)alkyl))), and (C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclopropyl-(C=(O or S)N(H)(C₁-C₆)alkyl))). This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R12 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R12 is selected from CH₃ and H.

In another embodiment of this invention R13 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, F, Cl, Br, I, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R13 is selected from CH₃, Cl and H. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

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O—(C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl,
 O—(C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl,
 O—(C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl,
 O-methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl),
 O—(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl),
 O—(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl),
 O—(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl),
 and O—(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl). This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R16 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, CH₂CF₃, cyclopropyl, thietanyl, thietanyl dioxide, and halophenyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R17 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methyl-aryl, ethyl-aryl, (C₃)alkyl-aryl, (C₄)alkyl-aryl, (C₅)alkyl-aryl, (C₆)alkyl-aryl, (C₇)alkyl-aryl, (C₈)alkyl-aryl, methyl-(substituted-aryl), ethyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₃)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₄)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₅)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₆)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₇)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-methyl-aryl, O-ethyl-aryl, O—(C₃)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₄)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₅)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₆)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₇)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₈)alkyl-aryl, O-methyl-(substituted-aryl), O-ethyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), methyl-heterocyclyl, ethyl-heterocyclyl, (C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-methyl-heterocyclyl, O-ethyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), and O—(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl). This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention R17 may be selected from any combination of one or more of the following—H, CH₂CF₃, cyclopropyl, thietanyl, thietanyl dioxide, and halophenyl. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention X1 is CR12, X2 is CR13, and X3 is CR9. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

In another embodiment of this invention a heterocyclyl has preferably about 6 to 10 atoms in the ring structure, more

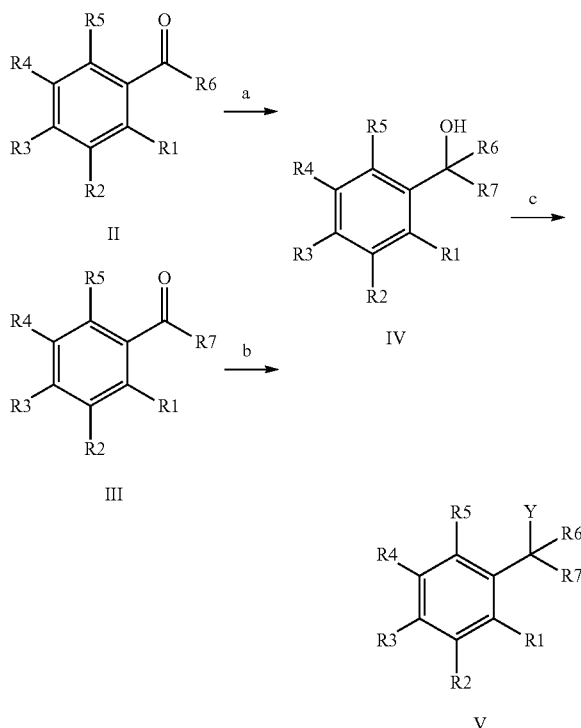
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preferably, 6 to 8 atoms. This embodiment also may be combined with any of the preceding embodiments or subsequent embodiments.

The molecules of Formula One will generally have a molecular mass of about 100 Daltons to about 1200 Daltons. However, it is generally preferred if the molecular mass is from about 120 Daltons to about 900 Daltons, and it is even more generally preferred if the molecular mass is from about 140 Daltons to about 600 Daltons.

The benzyl alcohol of Formula IV, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, can be synthesized in two ways. One way, disclosed in step a of Scheme I, is by treatment of the ketone of Formula II, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6 are as previously disclosed, with a reducing agent, such as sodium borohydride (NaBH₄), under basic conditions, such as aqueous sodium hydroxide (NaOH), in a polar protic solvent, such as methyl alcohol (CH₃OH) at 0° C. Alternatively, an aldehyde of Formula III, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and R7 are as previously disclosed, is allowed to react with trifluorotrimethylsilane in the presence of a catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium fluoride in a polar aprotic solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran (THF), as in step b of Scheme I. The compound of Formula IV can be transformed into the compound of Formula V, wherein Y is selected from Br, Cl or I, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with a halogenating reagent, such as N-bromosuccinimide and triethyl phosphite in a non-reactive solvent, such as dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂) at reflux temperature to provide Y=Br, or such as thionyl chloride and pyridine in a hydrocarbon solvent, such as toluene at reflux temperature to provide Y=Cl, as in step c of Scheme I.

Scheme I

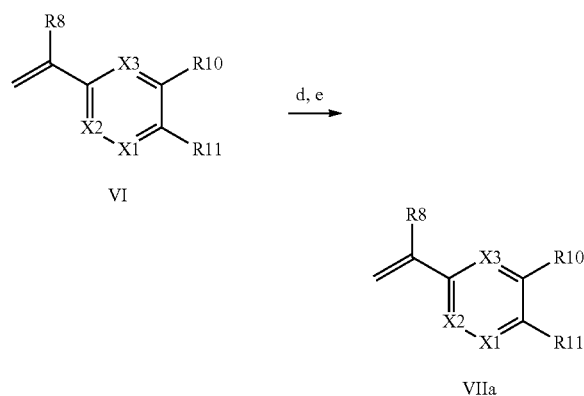


Formation of the styrene coupling partners can be accomplished as in Schemes II, III IV and V.

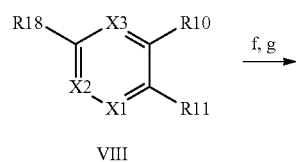
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In Scheme II, a vinylbenzoic acid of Formula VI, wherein R11 is (C=O)OH and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, can be converted in two steps to the vinylbenzamide of Formula VIIa, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, and X are as previously disclosed. As in step d of Scheme II, the benzoic acid of Formula VI is treated with oxalyl chloride in the presence of a catalytic amount of N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) in a non-reactive solvent such as CH₂Cl₂ to form the acid chloride, which is subsequently allowed to react with an amine (HN(R14)(R15)), wherein R14 and R15 are as previously disclosed, in the presence of a base, such as triethylamine, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as THF, to provide the vinyl benzamide of Formula VIIa, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, as in step e of Scheme II.

Scheme II

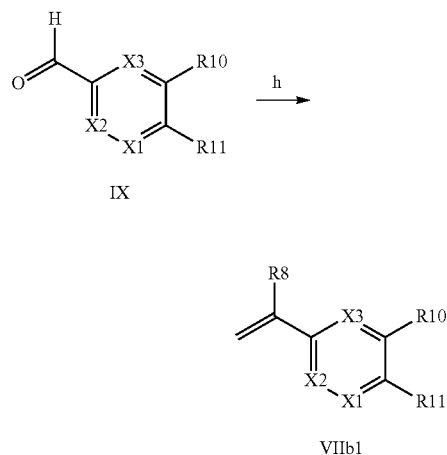


In Schemes III and IV, a halobenzoic acid of Formula VIII, wherein R18 is Br or I, R11 is (C=O)OH and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed can be converted to a vinylbenzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb1 or Formula VIIb2, wherein R18 is Br or I, R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. In step f of Scheme III, the halobenzoic acid of Formula VIII, wherein R18 is Br, is treated with a base, such as n-butyllithium (n-BuLi), and DMF in a polar, aprotic solvent, such as THF, at a temperature of about -78° C. The resulting formyl benzoic acid is allowed to react with an acid, such as sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄), in the presence of an alcohol, such as ethyl alcohol (EtOH), as in step g, to provide the formyl benzoic acid ethyl ester of Formula IX, wherein R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The vinyl benzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb1 is accessed via reaction of the compounds of Formula IX, with a base, such as potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), and methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide in a polar aprotic solvent, such as 1,4-dioxane, at ambient temperature, as in step h of Scheme III.



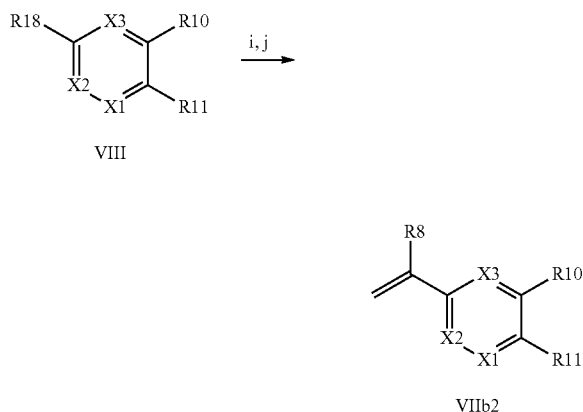
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-continued



In step i of Scheme IV, the halobenzoic acid of Formula VIII, wherein R18 is Br, R11 is (C=O)OH, and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, is treated with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in the presence of a base, such as triethylamine (Et₃N) and a catalytic amount of 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP) in a polar aprotic solvent, such as THF, at ambient temperature. The resulting benzoic acid tert-butyl ester is allowed to react with vinyl boronic anhydride pyridine complex in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such a tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (Pd(PPh₃)₄), and a base, such as K₂CO₃, in a non-reactive solvent such as toluene at reflux temperature, as in step j, to provide the vinyl benzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb2, wherein R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

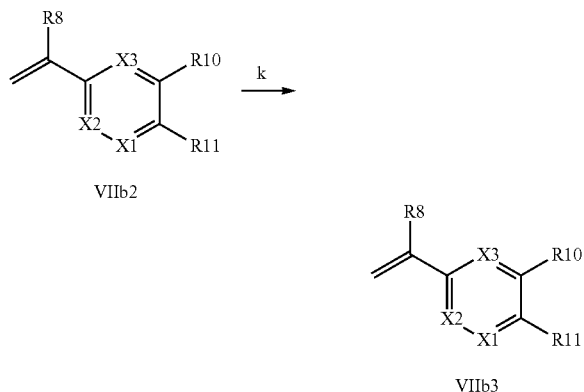
Scheme IV



In step k of Scheme V, the vinyl benzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb2, wherein R10 is Br, R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R8, R9, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously defined, can be further transformed into the corresponding vinyl benzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb3, wherein R10 is CN, R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R8, R9, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with copper(I) cyanide (CuCN) in a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, at 140° C.

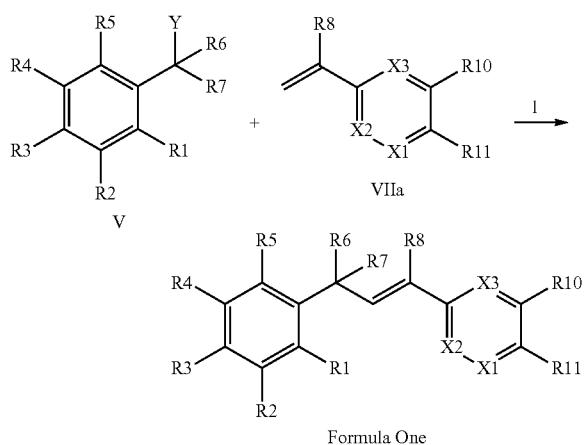
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Scheme V



Coupling of the compounds of Formula V with the compounds of Formula VIIa, VIIb1, VIIb2 and VIIb3 can be accomplished as in Schemes VI, VII, and VIII. In step 1 of Scheme VI, a compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the vinylbenzamide of Formula VIIa, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of copper(I) chloride (CuCl) and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

Scheme VI

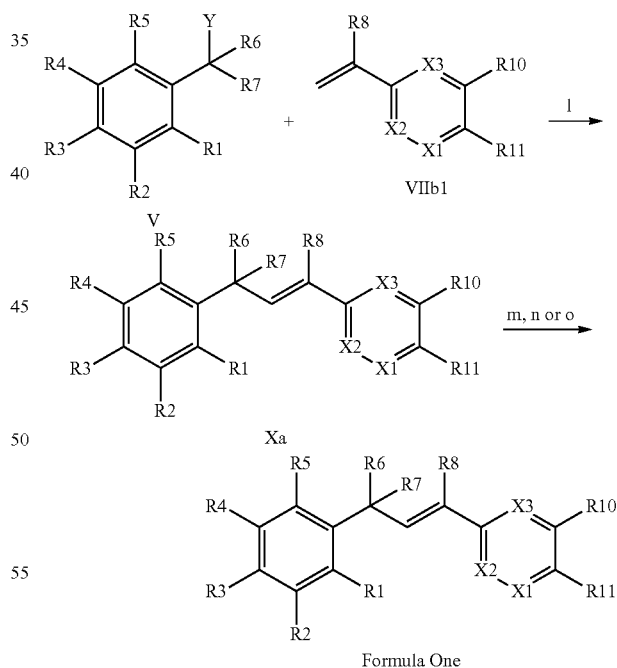


In step 1 of Scheme VII, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the vinylbenzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb1, wherein R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the compounds of Formula Xa, wherein R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula Xa are then converted to the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is

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(C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by either a two-step process as disclosed in steps m and n or in one step as disclosed in step o. In step m of Scheme VII, the ester of Formula Xa is saponified to the corresponding acid under acidic conditions, such as about 11 Normal (N) hydrochloric acid (HCl), in a polar aprotic solvent, such as 1,4-dioxane, at about 100° C. The acid can subsequently be coupled to an amine (HN(R14)(R15)), wherein R14 and R15 are as previously disclosed, using peptide coupling reagents, such as 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt), N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethyl-carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC.HCl), benzotriazol-1-yl-oxytri-pyrroli-dinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate (PyBOP), 2-chloro-1,3-dimethylimidazolidinium hexafluorophosphate (CIP), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (HOAt), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU) in the presence of a base, such as N,N-diisopropyl-ethylamine (DIEA) or 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP), to give the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. Alternatively, the ester of Formula Xa is allowed to react with an amine (HN(R14)(R15)) in the presence of a solution of trimethylaluminum in toluene in a non-reactive solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂, at ambient temperature, as in step o of Scheme VII, to access the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

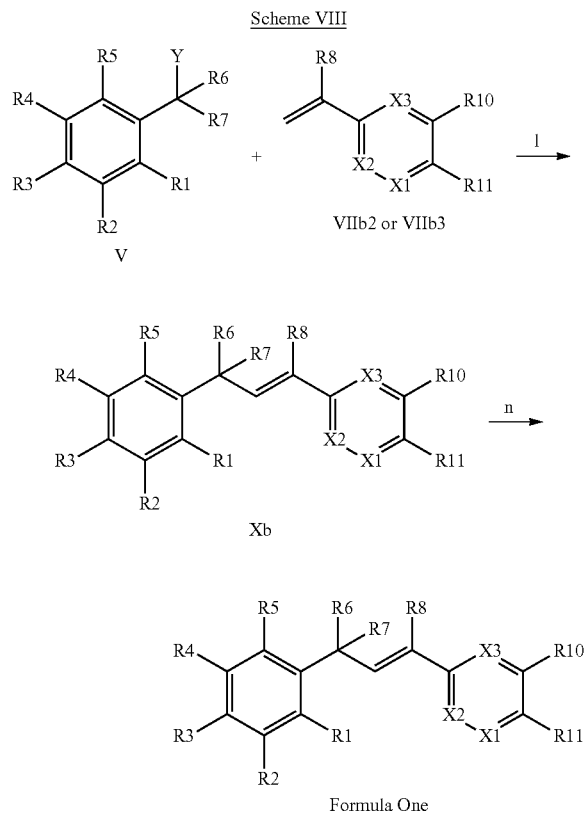
Scheme VII



In step 1 of Scheme VIII, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the vinylbenzoic acid ester of Formula VIIb2 or VIIb3, wherein R11 is (C=O)O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of

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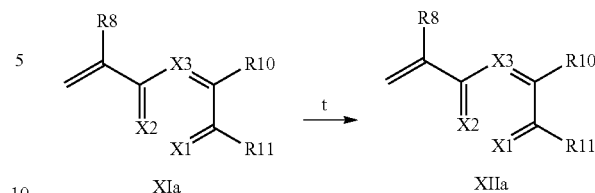
about 180° C. to provide the compounds of Formula Xb, wherein R11 is (C=O)OH, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula Xb are then converted to the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, in one step as disclosed in step n. In step n of Scheme VIII, the acid of Formula Xb can be coupled to an amine (HN(R14)(R15)), wherein R14 and R15 are as previously disclosed, using peptide coupling reagents, such as 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt), N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethyl-carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC.HCl), benzotriazol-1-yl-oxytripyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate (PyBOP), 2-chloro-1,3-dimethylimidazolidinium hexafluorophosphate (CIP), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (HOAt), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU) in the presence of a base, such as N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIEA) or 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP), to give the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, R14, R15, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.



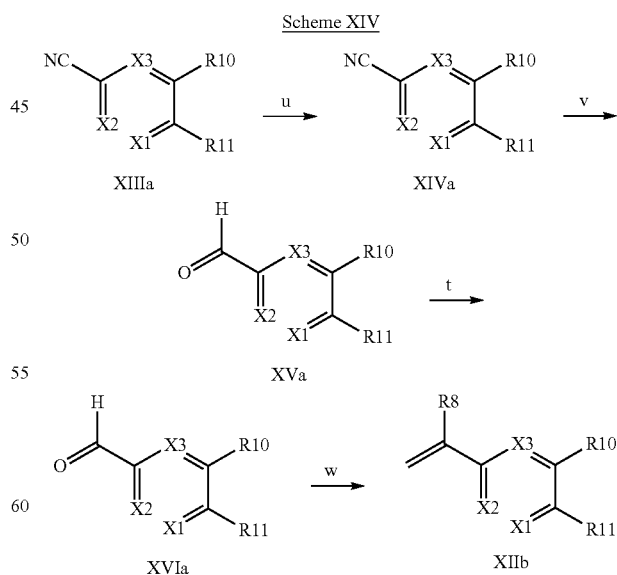
In step t of Scheme XIII, the vinyl benzyl chloride of Formula XIa, wherein R11 is —CH₂Cl and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously defined, can be transformed into the corresponding phthalimide-protected benzyl amine of Formula XIIa, wherein R11 is CH₂N(Phthalimide), and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with potassium phthalimide in a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, at 70° C.

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Scheme XIII



In step u of Scheme XIV, the 4-methylbenzonitrile of Formula XIIIa, wherein R11 is CH₃ and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously defined, can be transformed into the corresponding benzyl bromide of Formula XIVa, wherein R11 is CH₂Br and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with N-bromosuccinimide (NBS) and azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN) in a non-reactive solvent, such as carbon tetrachloride at 77° C. The nitrile group (CN) of Formula XIVa can be reduced to the corresponding aldehyde of Formula XVa, wherein R11 is CH₂Br and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously defined via reaction with diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL-H) in an aprotic solvent, such as toluene, at 0° C., followed by quenching with 1.0 M hydrochloric acid (HCl) as in step v of Scheme XIV. The compound of Formula XVa can be further transformed to the corresponding phthalimide-protected benzyl amine of Formula XVIa, wherein R11 is CH₂N(Phthalimide) and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with potassium phthalimide in a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, at 60° C. as in step t of Scheme XIV. In step w of Scheme XIV, the aldehyde of Formula XVIa can be converted to the olefin of Formula XIIb, wherein R11 is CH₂N(Phthalimide) and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide in a polar aprotic solvent, such as 1,4-dioxane, in the presence of a base, such as K₂CO₃, at ambient temperature.

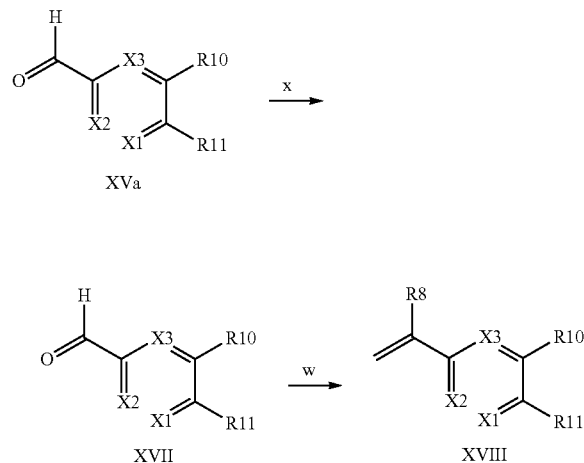


The aldehyde of Formula XVa, wherein R11 is CH₂Br and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously defined, can be reacted with a nucleophile, such as 2-aminopyridine,

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in a polar aprotic solvent, such as N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMA), in the presence of a base, such as K_2CO_3 , at ambient temperature to provide the compound of Formula XVII, wherein R11 is $CH_2NH(2\text{-pyridine})$ and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, as in step x of Scheme XV. In step w of Scheme XV, the compound of Formula XVII can be converted to the olefin of Formula XVIII, wherein R11 is $CH_2NH(2\text{-pyridine})$ and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

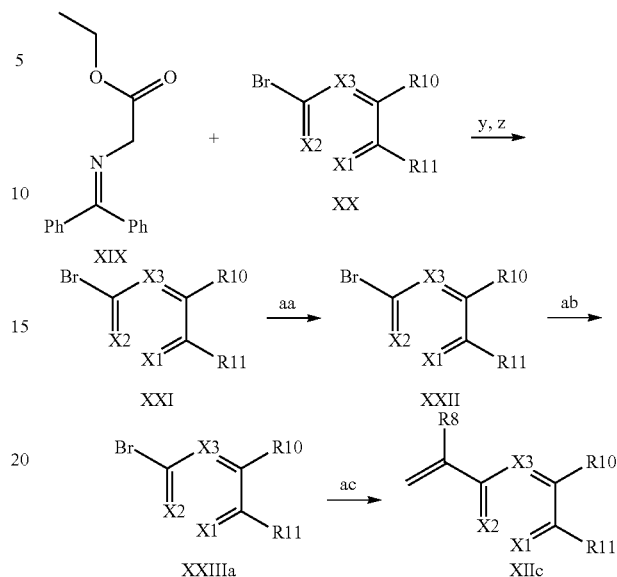
Scheme XV



In a two-step, one-pot reaction as in steps y and z of Scheme XVI, the compound of Formula XIX can be reacted with the compounds of Formula XX, wherein R10 and R11 are Cl, X1 is N, and R9, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, in the presence of a base, such as sodium hydride (NaH), and a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, at ambient temperature to provide the compounds of Formula XXI, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is $(CH)NH_2CO_2CH_2CH_3$, X1 is N, and R9, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously defined. Hydrolysis and decarboxylation of the compounds of Formula XXI can be accomplished by reaction under acidic conditions, such as with 3 N HCl, at reflux temperature, to afford the compounds of Formula XXII, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is $CH_2NH_2 \cdot HCl$, X1 is N, and R9, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, as in step aa in Scheme XVI. The compounds of Formula XXII can be further transformed to the corresponding phthalimide-protected benzyl amines of Formula XXIIIa, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is $CH_2N(Phthalimide)$, X1 is N, and R9, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with phthalic anhydride in the presence of a base, such as Et_3N , and an aprotic solvent, such as toluene, at reflux temperature as in step ab of Scheme XVI. The bromide of Formula XXIIIa can be converted to the olefin of Formula XIIc, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is $CH_2N(Phthalimide)$, X1 is N, and R8, R9, R13, X2 and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with vinyl boronic anhydride pyridine complex in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as $Pd(PPh_3)_4$, and a base, such as K_2CO_3 , in a non-reactive solvent such as toluene at reflux temperature, as in step ac of Scheme XVI.

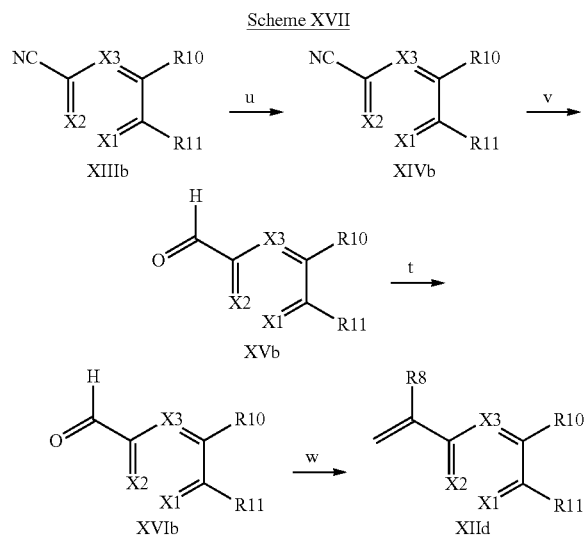
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Scheme XVI

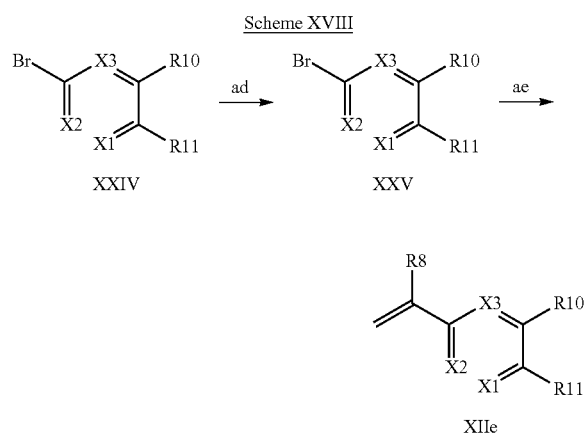


In step u of Scheme XVII, the 4-methylnaphthonitrile of Formula XIIIb, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is CH_3 , and R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously defined, can be transformed into the corresponding naphthyl bromide of Formula XIVb, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is CH_2Br , and R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with N-bromosuccinimide (NBS) and azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN) in a non-reactive solvent, such as carbon tetrachloride at $77^\circ C$. The nitrile group (CN) of Formula XIVb can be reduced to the corresponding aldehyde of Formula XVb, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring (or if desired a non-aromatic ring), R11 is CH_2Br , and R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously defined via reaction with diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL-H) in an aprotic solvent, such as toluene, at $0^\circ C$, followed by quenching with 1.0 M HCl as in step v of Scheme XVII. The compound of Formula XVb can be further transformed to the corresponding phthalimide-protected benzyl amine of Formula XVIb, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is $CH_2N(Phthalimide)$, and R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with potassium phthalimide in a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, at $60^\circ C$. as in step t of Scheme XVII. In step w of Scheme XVII, the aldehyde of Formula XVIb can be converted to the olefin of Formula XIIId, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is $CH_2N(Phthalimide)$, and R8, R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide in a polar aprotic solvent, such as 1,4-dioxane, in the presence of a base, such as K_2CO_3 , at ambient temperature.

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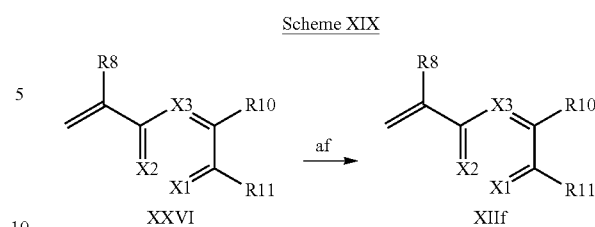


The compound of Formula XXIV, wherein R11 is $\text{NHNH}_2 \cdot \text{HCl}$ and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, can be transformed into the corresponding phthalimide-protected hydrazine of Formula XXV, wherein R11 is $\text{NHN}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with phthalic anhydride in glacial acetic acid at reflux temperature as in step ad of Scheme XVIII. The bromide of Formula XXV can be converted to the olefin of Formula XIIe, wherein R11 is $\text{NHN}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with vinyl boronic anhydride pyridine complex in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$, and a base, such as K_2CO_3 , in a polar aprotic solvent such as 1,2-dimethoxyethane at 150°C . under microwave conditions, as in step ae of Scheme XVIII.

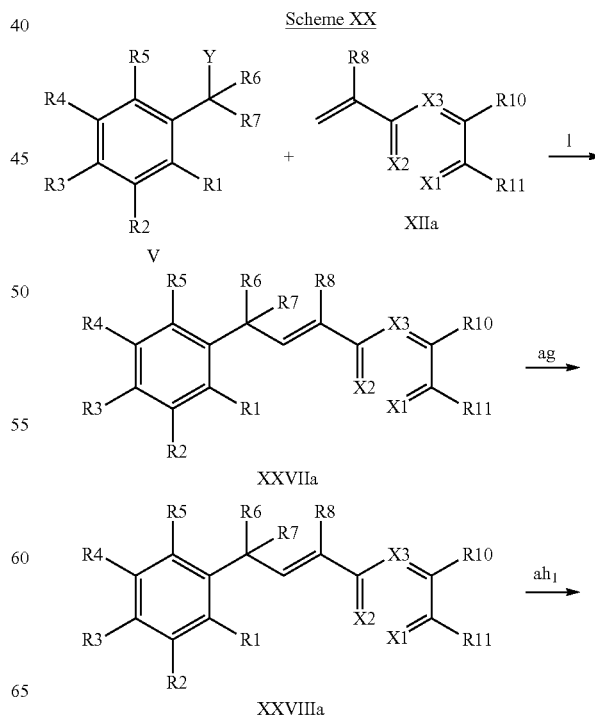


In step af of Scheme XIX, the compound of Formula XXVI, wherein R11 is $\text{B}(\text{OH})_2$, and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react with 2-hydroxyisoindoline-1,3-dione in the presence of CuCl and pyridine in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at ambient temperature to provide the compound of Formula XIIIf, wherein R11 is $\text{ON}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

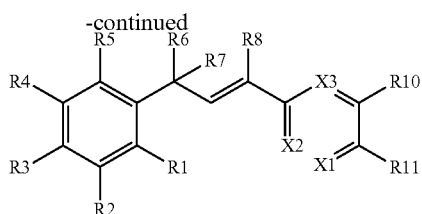
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In step 1 of Scheme XX, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XIIa, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180°C . to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XXVIIa, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The phthalimide protecting group in the compounds of Formula XXVIIa is removed as in step ag of Scheme XX by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a polar protic solvent such as EtOH at 90°C . to provide the compounds of Formula XXVIIIa, wherein R11 is CH_2NH_2 and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula XXVIIIa can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{O})(\text{R14})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by acylation with an anhydride, such as acetic anhydride, and a base, such as Et_3N , in a non-reactive solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C . as in step ah₁ of Scheme XX.



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Formula One

In step 1 of Scheme XXI, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XIIb, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180°C . to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XXVIIb, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{Phthalimide})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The phthalimide protecting group in the compounds of Formula XXVIIb is removed as in step ag of Scheme XXI by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a polar protic solvent such as EtOH at 90°C . to provide the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb, wherein R11 is CH_2NH_2 and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{O})(\text{R14})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an acid in the presence of $\text{HOBt}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{EDC}\cdot\text{HCl}$ and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, as in step ah_{2a} of Scheme XXI.

In another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{S})(\text{R14})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with a thioacid in the presence of $\text{HOBt}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{EDC}\cdot\text{HCl}$ and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as DMF, as in step ah₂ of Scheme XXI.

In another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R14})(\text{R15})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, in two steps. The first step (step ah_{3a} of Scheme XXI) involves reaction with an aldehyde in a polar protic solvent such as methyl alcohol, followed by reaction with sodium borohydride. The second step (step ah_{3b} of Scheme XXI) involves acylation with an acid chloride, such as cyclopropylcarbonyl chloride, and a base, such as Et_3N , in a non-reactive solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 at ambient temperature of Scheme XXI.

In another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R14})(\text{R15})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an isocyanate (step ai₁ of Scheme XXI) or a carbamoyl chloride (step ai₁ of Scheme XXI) in the presence of a base such as Et_3N and in a non-reactive solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C .

In another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{S})\text{N}(\text{R14})(\text{R15})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3

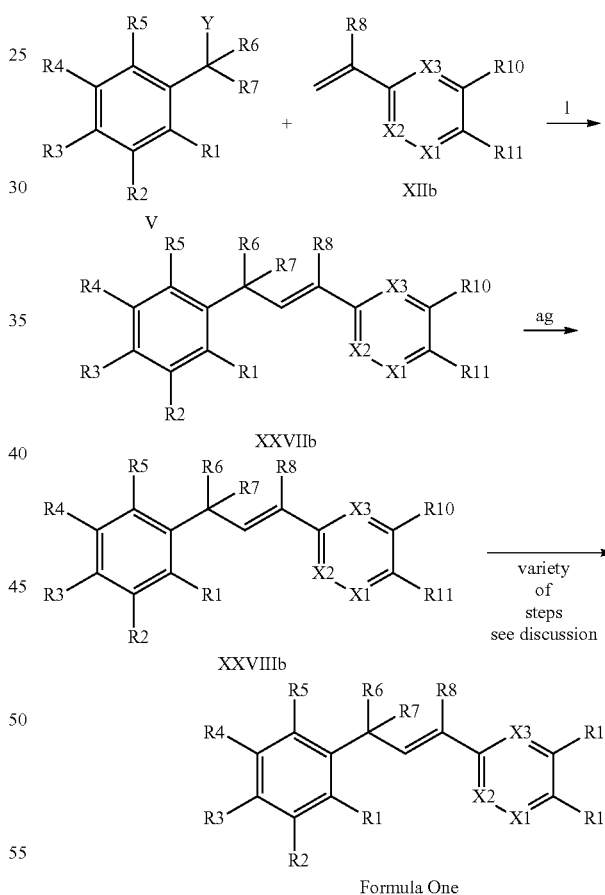
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are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an isothiocyanate in the presence of a base such as Et_3N and in a non-reactive solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C ., as in steps aj of Scheme XXI.

In another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{O})\text{O}(\text{R14})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with a dicarbonate, such as di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in the presence of a base such as Et_3N and in a non-reactive solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 at ambient temperature, as in steps ak of Scheme XXI.

In yet another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIb can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{C}=\text{O})(\text{C}=\text{O})\text{O}(\text{R14})$ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with a chlorooxalic acid ester, such as 2-chloro-2-oxoacetate in the presence of a base such as Et_3N and in a non-reactive solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C ., as in steps al of Scheme XXI.

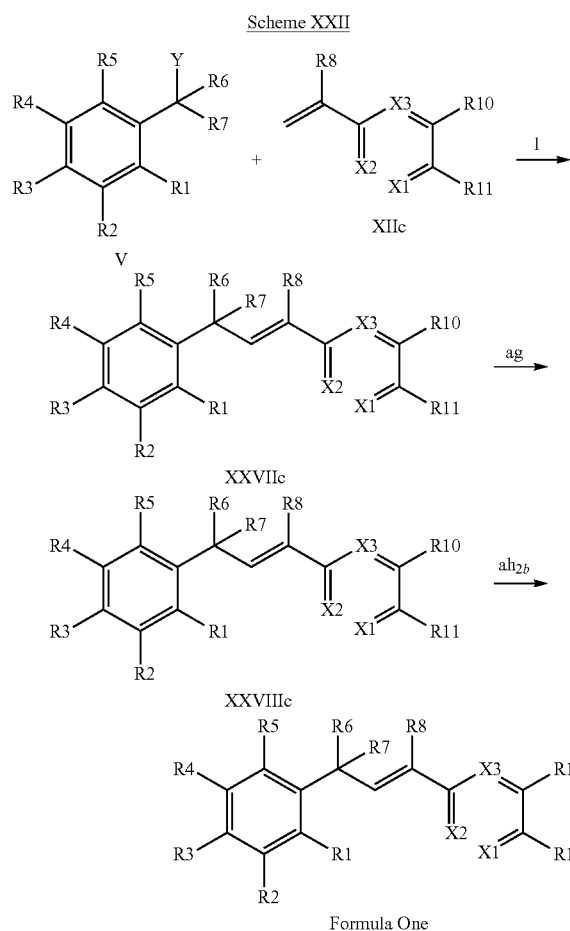
Scheme XXI



In step 1 of Scheme XXII, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XIIc, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{Phthalimide})$, X1 is N, and R8, R9, R12, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180°C . to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XXVIIc, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{Phthalimide})$, X1

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is N, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The phthalimide protecting group in the compounds of Formula XXVIIc is removed as in step ag of Scheme XXII by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a polar protic solvent such as EtOH at 90° C. to provide the compounds of Formula XXVIIIc, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is CH₂NH₂, X1 is N, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula XXVIIIc can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R10 is Cl, R11 is CH₂N(C=O)(R14), X1 is N, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an acid in the presence of HOBt.H₂O, EDC.HCl and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂, as in step ah_{2b} of Scheme XXII.

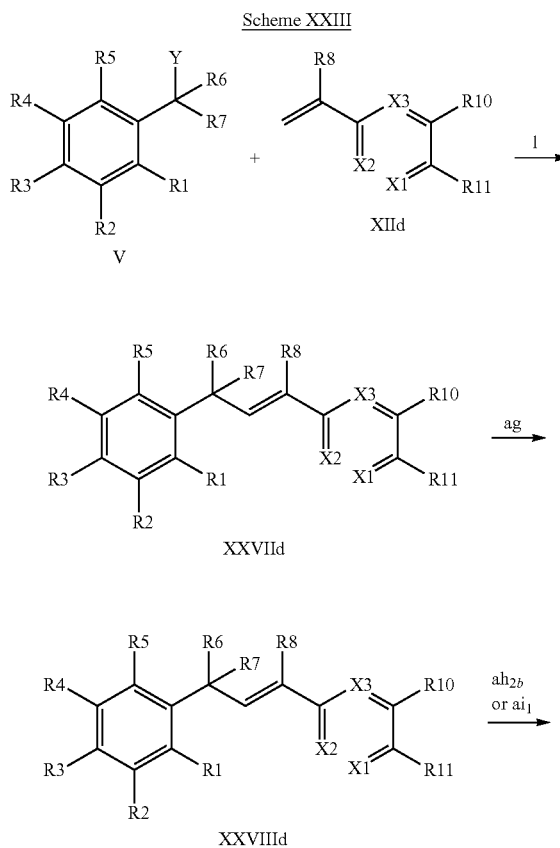


In step I of Scheme XXIII, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XIIId, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring (or if desired a non-aromatic ring), R11 is CH₂N(Phthalimide) and R8, R9, R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XXVIIId, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered

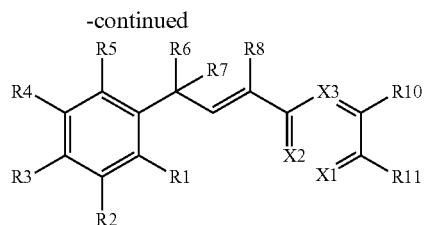
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aromatic ring, R11 is CH₂N(Phthalimide) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed. The phthalimide protecting group in the compounds of Formula XXVIIId is removed as in step ag of Scheme XXIII by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a polar protic solvent such as EtOH at 90° C. to provide the compounds of Formula XXVIIIId, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is CH₂NH₂ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula XXVIIIId can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is CH₂N(C=O)(R14) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an acid in the presence of HOBt.H₂O, EDC.HCl and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂, as in step ah_{2b} of Scheme XXIII.

In another embodiment, the compounds of Formula XXVIIIId can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein X3 is CR9, R10 and X3 together form a linkage having 4 carbon atoms and with the ring carbon atoms form a 6-membered aromatic ring, R11 is CH₂N(C=O)N(R14) (R15) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1 and X2 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an isocyanate in the presence of a base such as Et₃N and in a non-reactive solvent such as CH₂Cl₂ at 0° C. as in step ai₁ of Scheme XXIII.

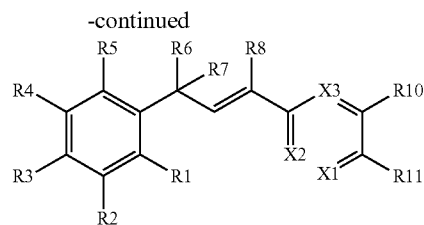


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Formula One

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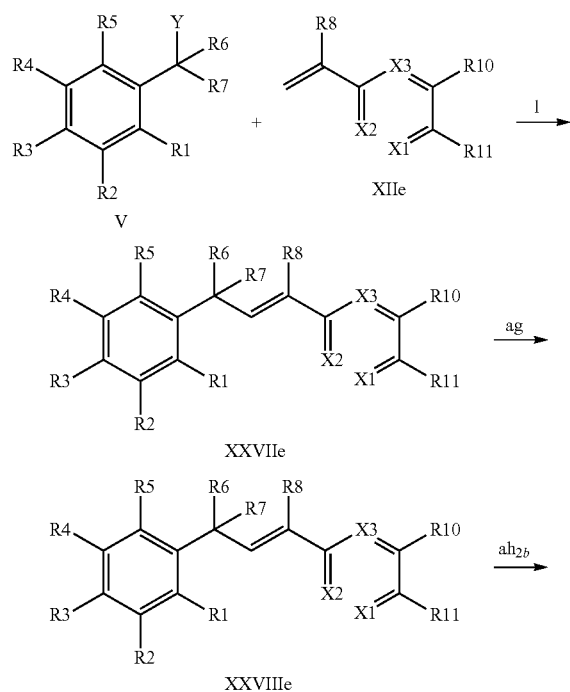


Formula One

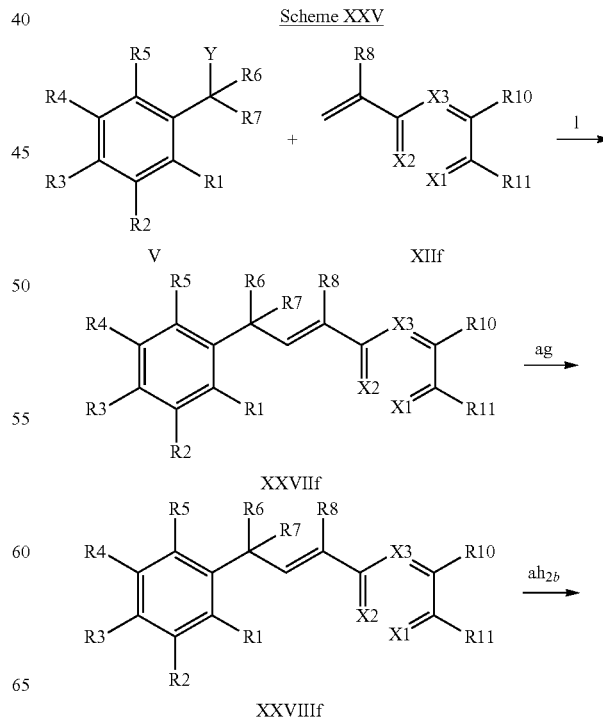
In step 1 of Scheme XXIV, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XIIe, wherein R11 is NHN(Phthalimide) and R8, R9, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XXVIIe, wherein R11 is NHN(Phthalimide) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The phthalimide protecting group in the compounds of Formula XXVIIe is removed as in step ag of Scheme XXIV by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a polar protic solvent such as EtOH at 90° C. to provide the compounds of Formula XXVIIIe, wherein R11 is NHNH₂ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula XXVIIIe can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is NHN(C=O)(R14) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an acid in the presence of HOBt.H₂O, EDC.HCl and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂, as in step ah_{2b} of Scheme XXIV.

In step 1 of Scheme XXV, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XIIIf, wherein R11 is ON(Phthalimide) and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XXVIIIf, wherein R11 is ON(Phthalimide) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The phthalimide protecting group in the compounds of Formula XXVIIIf is removed as in step ag of Scheme XXV by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a polar protic solvent such as EtOH at 90° C. to provide the compounds of Formula XXVIIIIf, wherein R11 is ONH₂ and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compounds of Formula XXVIIIIf can be transformed into the compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is ON(C=O)(R14) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with an acid in the presence of HOBt.H₂O, EDC.HCl and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂, as in step ah_{2b} of Scheme XXV.

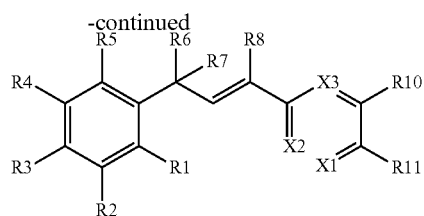
Scheme XXIV



Scheme XXV



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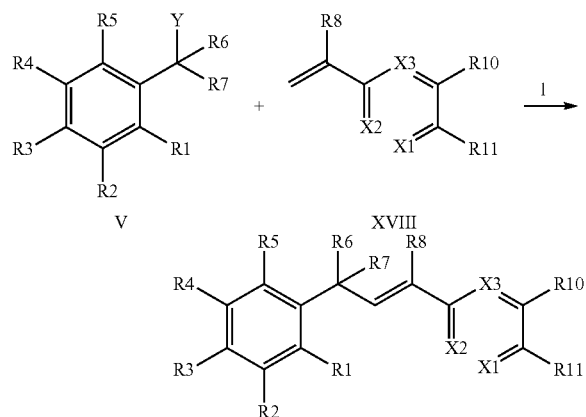


Formula One

In step l of Scheme XXVI, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XVIII, wherein R11 is CH₂NH(2-pyridine) and R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is CH₂NH(2-pyridine), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R13, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

The compounds of Formula One can be further elaborated by standard methods. For example, when R11 contains a thioether, the thioether can be oxidized to the sulfone by treatment with oxone in the presence of an acetone:water mixture at ambient temperature. When R11 contains an oxalate ester, the compound of Formula One can be transformed into the corresponding oxalamide by reaction with an amine hydrochloride and a solution of trimethylaluminum in toluene in a non-reactive solvent such as CH₂Cl₂.

Scheme XXVI



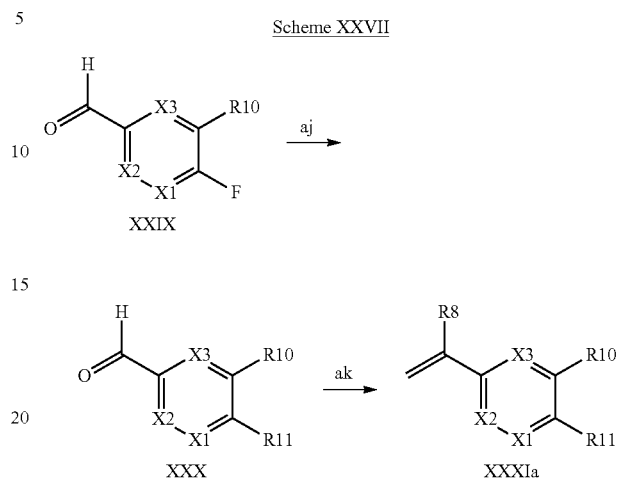
Formula One

In Scheme XXVII, a fluorobenzaldehyde of Formula XXIX, wherein R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed can be converted to a (1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde of Formula XXX, wherein R11 is a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by reaction with a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazole in the presence of a base, such as potassium carbonate, in a solvent such as DMF as in step aj. In step ak, the (1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde of Formula XXX is converted to a (1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)vinyl benzene of Formula XXXIa wherein R11 is a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R8, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by reaction with triphenyl phosphonium

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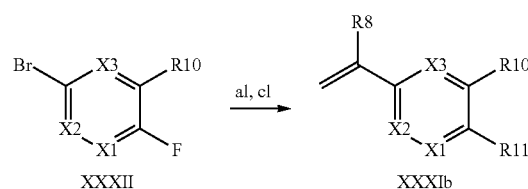
bromide in the presence of a base, such as potassium carbonate, in an aprotic solvent, such as 1,4-dioxane.

Scheme XXVII



In Scheme XXVIII, a bromofluorobenzene of Formula XXXII, wherein R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed can be converted to a (1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)vinylbenzene of Formula XXXIb, wherein R11 is a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R8, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed in two steps. In step al, the bromofluorobenzene is reacted with a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazole in the presence of a base, such as potassium carbonate, in a solvent such as DMF to generate the (1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)bromobenzene. In step cl, the (1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)bromobenzene is reacted with vinyl boronic anhydride pyridine complex in the presence of a catalyst, such as Pd (PPh₃)₄, and a base, such as potassium carbonate in a solvent such as toluene.

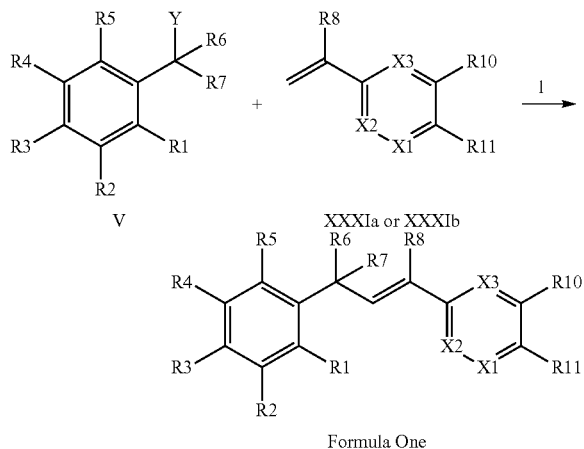
Scheme XXVIII



Coupling of the compounds of Formula V with compounds of Formula XXXIa and XXXIb can be accomplished as in Schemes XXIX. In step l, a compound of Formula V, wherein Y is Br, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and a vinylbenzene of Formula XXXIa or XXXIb, wherein R11 is a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R8, R9, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the molecules of Formula One, wherein R11 is a substituted or unsubstituted 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

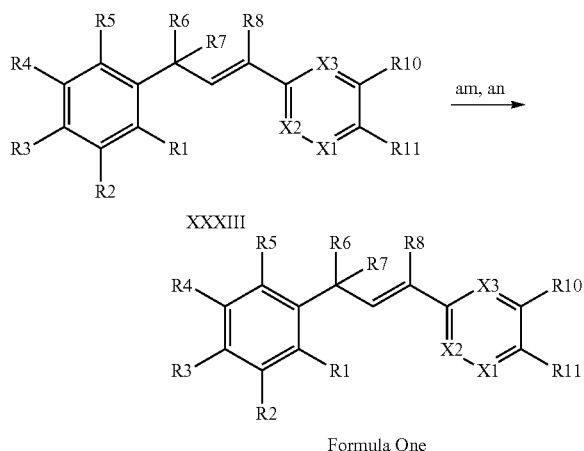
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Scheme XXIX



In Scheme XXX, compounds of Formula XXXIII wherein R11 is a 3-nitro-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed can be converted to compounds of Formula One, wherein R11 is a 3-amido-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by a two-step process. In step am, the 3-nitro-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group is reduced to a 3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group in the presence of zinc dust and ammonium chloride in a protic solvent, such as methanol. In step an, the 3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group is acylated with an acid chloride, such as cyclopropylcarbonyl chloride or acetyl chloride, in the presence of a base, such as triethylamine, in a solvent such as dichloromethane.

Scheme XXX

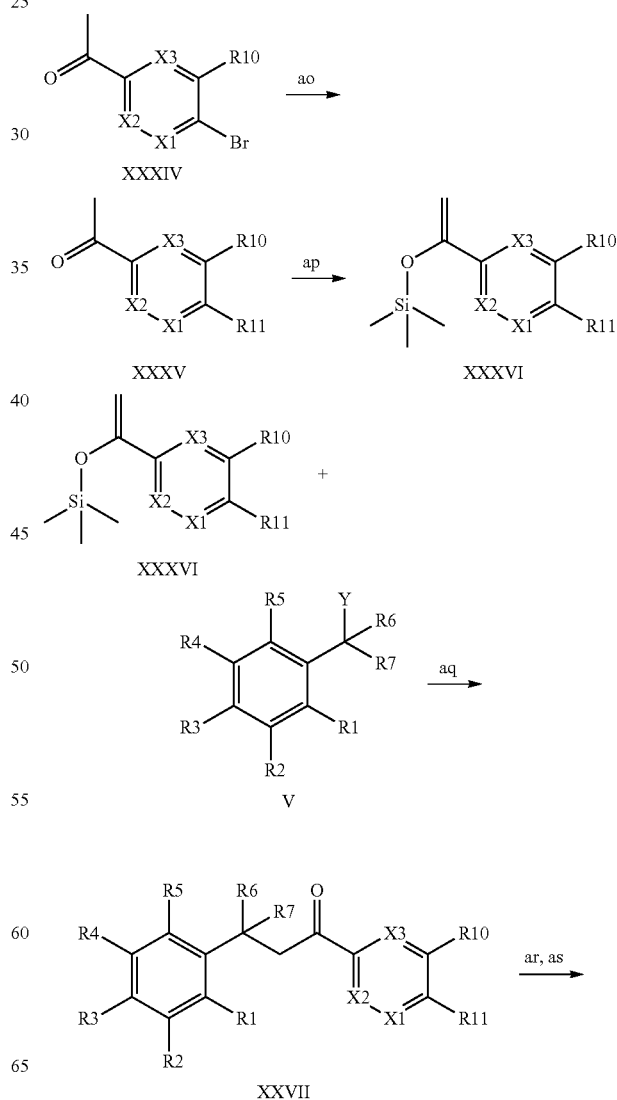


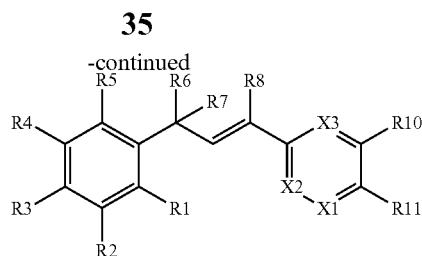
In step ao of Scheme XXXI, a bromophenyl methyl ketone of Formula XXXIV wherein R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is converted to an phenyl methyl ketone of the Formula XXXV wherein R11 is a 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by treatment with 1,2,4-triazole in the presence of a base, such as cesium carbonate, and a catalyst, such as copper iodide, in a solvent, such as DMF. In step ap, the 1,2,4-triazolylacetophenone of Formula XXXV is converted to the trimethylsilyl enol ether of Formula XXXVI by treatment

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with trimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate in the presence of a base, such as triethylamine, in an aprotic solvent, such as dichloromethane. In step aq, the silyl enol ether is reacted with a compound of Formula V, wherein Y is Br, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene at a temperature of about 180° C. to generate a ketone of the Formula XXXVII, wherein R11 is a 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. In step ar, the ketone of the Formula XXXVII is treated with methylmagnesium bromide in an aprotic solvent, such as THF to generate the tertiary alcohol. The tertiary alcohol then undergoes an elimination reaction when treated with a catalytic amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid in a solvent, such as toluene, when heated to a temperature to allow azeotropic removal of water to produce compounds of Formula One wherein R11 is a 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl group, R8 is methyl, and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, as in step as.

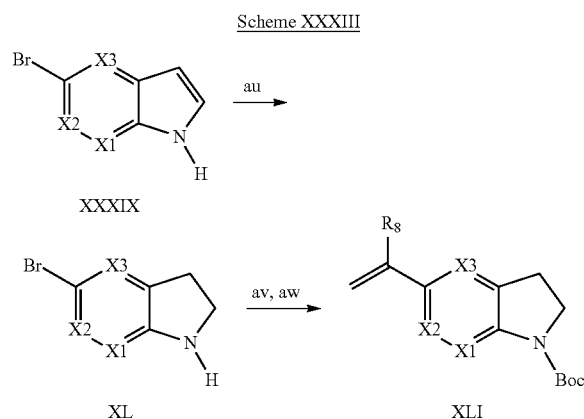
Scheme XXXI



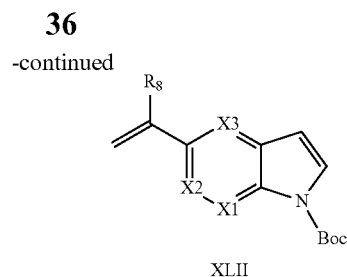
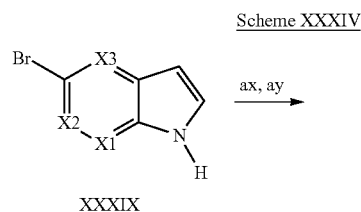


Formula One

In Scheme XXXIII, a compound of Formula XXXIX, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is converted to a molecule of Formula XL, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by treatment with a reducing agent, such as sodium cyanoborohydride, in a solvent, such as acetic acid, as in step au. In step av, the nitrogen atom is protected with a tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) group by reaction with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in the presence of a catalyst, such as DMAP, in a solvent, such as acetonitrile. The bromide of Formula XL can be converted to the olefin of Formula XLI, wherein R8, X1, X2 and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with potassium vinyl trifluoroborate in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as PdCl₂(dppf), and a base, such as K₂CO₃, in a polar aprotic solvent such as DMSO at 100° C., as in step aw.

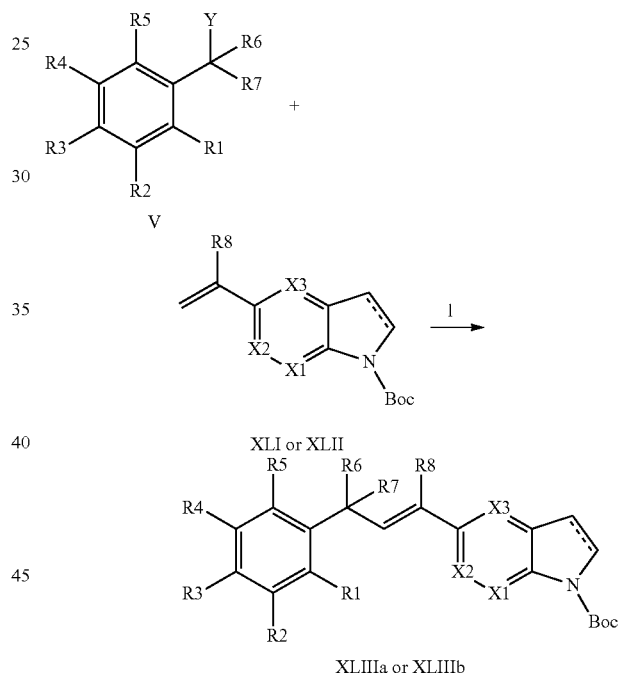


In Scheme XXXIV, a compound of Formula XXXIX, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is converted to a molecule of Formula XLII, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed in two steps. In step ax, the olefin is formed by treatment of the bromide with potassium vinyl trifluoroborate in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as PdCl₂, and a ligand, such as triphenylphosphine, and a base, such as Cs₂CO₃, in a solvent mixture such as THF/H₂O. In step ay, the nitrogen atom is protected with a tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) group by reaction with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in the presence of a catalyst, such as DMAP, in a solvent, such as acetonitrile.



In step 1 of Scheme XXXV, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compounds of Formula XLI or XLII, wherein R8, X1, X2 and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 150° C. to provide the corresponding compounds of Formula XLIIIa or XLIIIb, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed.

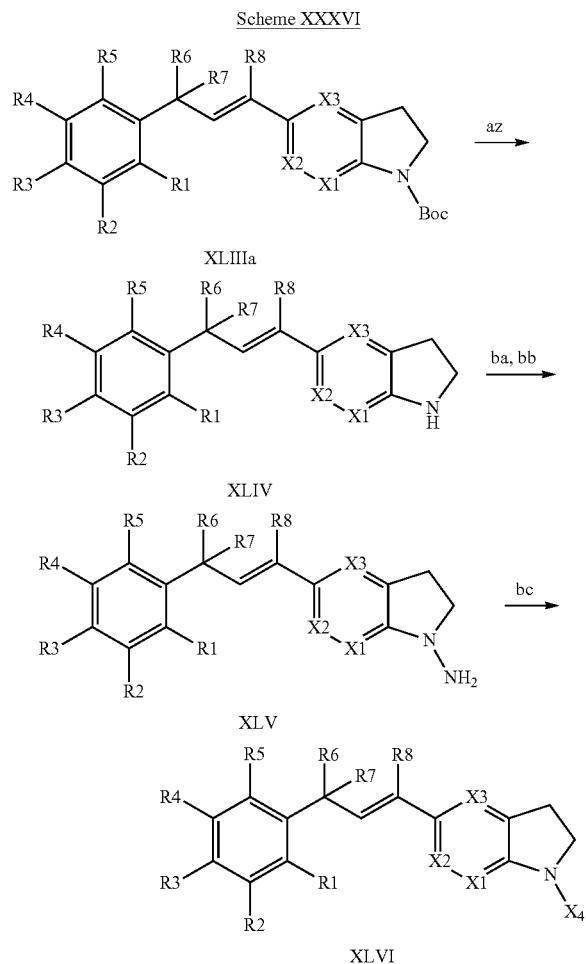
Scheme XXXV



In Scheme XXXVI, a compound of Formula XLIIIa, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is converted to a molecule of Formula XLIV, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by treatment with trifluoroacetic acid, in a solvent such as dichloromethane, as in step az. Compounds of the Formula XLIV can then be transformed into compounds of the Formula XLV wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, in two steps. In step ba, the indoline is treated with sodium nitrite (NaNO₂), in an acid, such as concentrated HCl, at a temperature around 5° C., to form the nitrosoindole. In step bb, the nitrosoindole is reacted with ammonium chloride in the presence of zinc powder in a protic solvent, such as methanol. In step bc, compounds of the Formula XLV are transformed into compounds of the Formula XLVI, wherein X4 is N(R14)(C(=O)R14) and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7,

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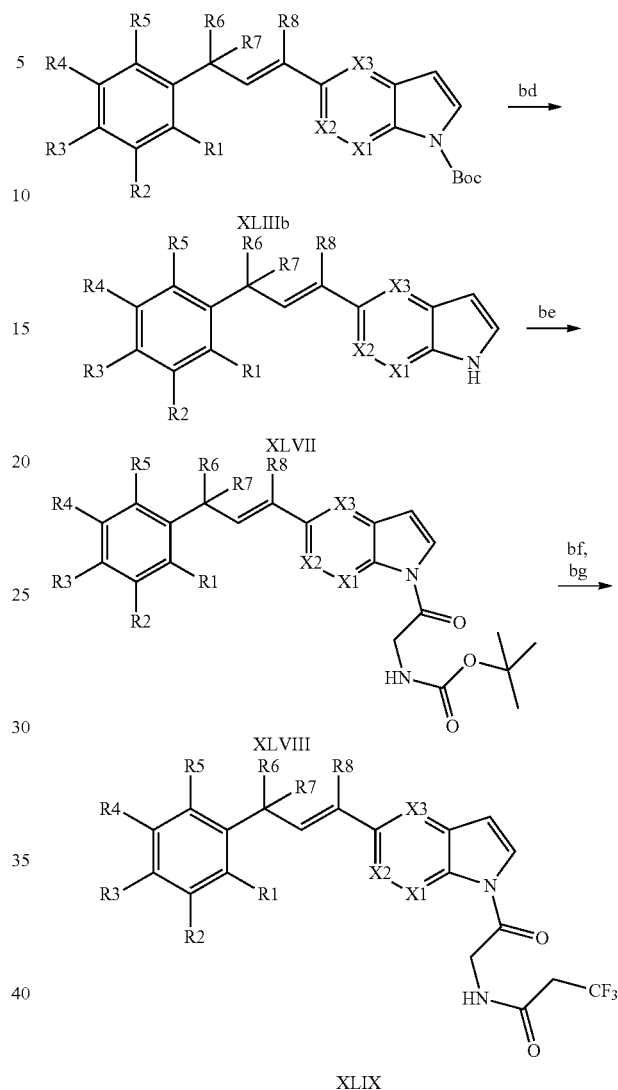
R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by treatment with an acid, such as 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid, PyBOP, and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as dichloromethane.



In Scheme XXXVII, a compound of Formula XLIIIb, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is converted to an indole of Formula XLVII, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by treatment with trifluoroacetic acid, in a solvent such as dichloromethane, as in step bd. Compounds of the Formula XLVII can be transformed into compounds of the Formula XLVIII wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with 4-nitrophenyl-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)acetate in the presence of potassium fluoride and a crown ether, such as 18-crown-6-ether, in a solvent, such as acetonitrile, as in step be. Compounds of the Formula XLVIII can be transformed into compounds of the Formula XLIX, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed in two steps. In step bf, the Boc group is removed by treatment with trifluoroacetic acid, in a solvent such as dichloromethane. In step bg, the amine is treated with 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid, PyBOP, and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as dichloromethane.

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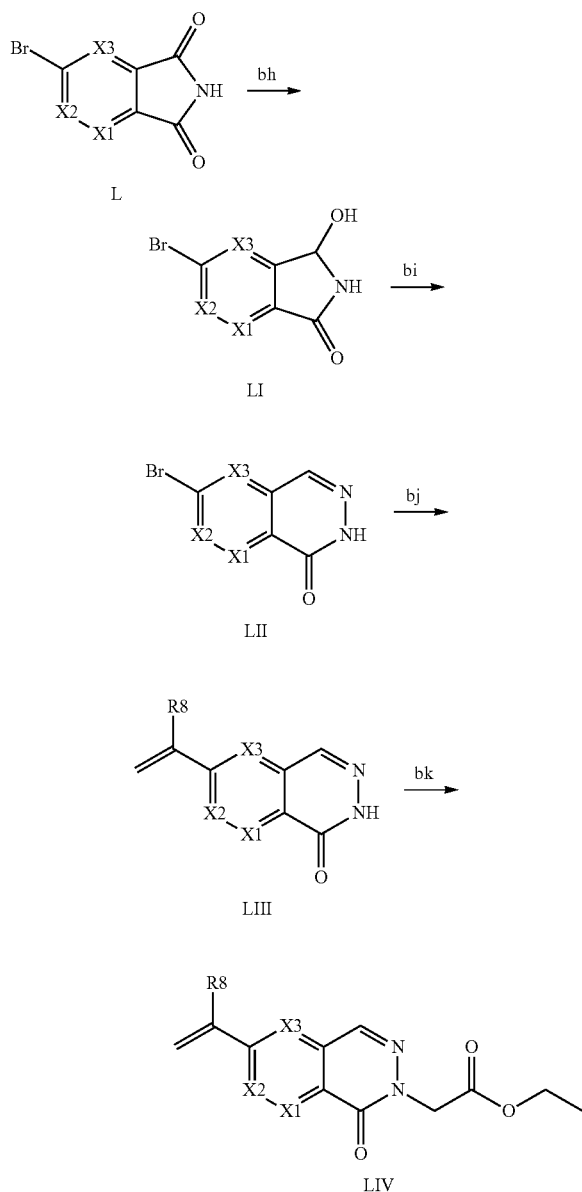
Scheme XXXVII



In Scheme XXXVIII, a compound of Formula L, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is converted to a compound of the Formula LI, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed by treatment with copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate and Zn powder in a base, such as sodium hydroxide as in step bh. Compounds of the Formula LI can be transformed into compounds of the Formula LII wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by reaction with hydrazine, in a solvent such as water, at a temperature around 95° C., as in step bi. In step bj, the olefin of the Formula LIII wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed is formed by treatment of the bromide with potassium vinyl trifluoroborate in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as PdCl₂(dppf), and a base, such as K₂CO₃, in a solvent mixture such as DMSO. Compounds of the Formula LIV, wherein X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, can be formed from compounds of the Formula LIII by reaction with ethyl bromoacetate, in the presence of a base, such as Cs₂CO₃, in a solvent, such as DMF.

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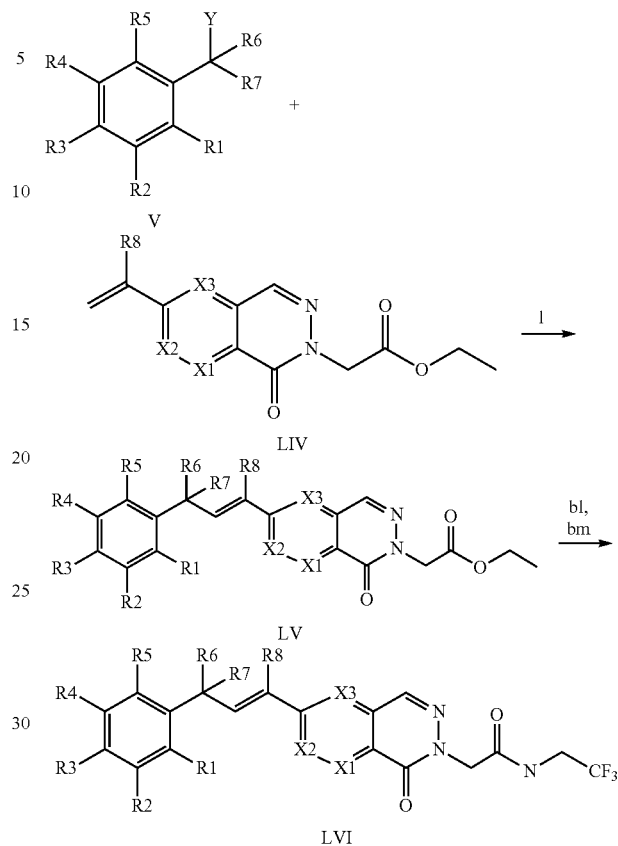
Scheme XXXVIII



In step 1 of Scheme XXXIX, the compound of Formula V, wherein Y, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed, and the compound of Formula LIV, wherein R8, X1, X2 and X3 are as previously disclosed, are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as 1,2-dichlorobenzene, at a temperature of about 180° C. to provide the corresponding compound of Formula LV, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. The compound of Formula LV can be further transformed into a compound of the Formula LVI, wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, in two steps. In step bl, the ester is hydrolyzed to the acid in the presence of HCl and acetic acid, at a temperature of about 100° C. In step bm, the acid is treated with an amine, such as 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamine, PyBOP, and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as dichloromethane.

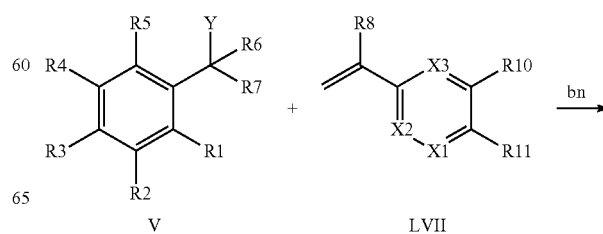
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Scheme XXXIX

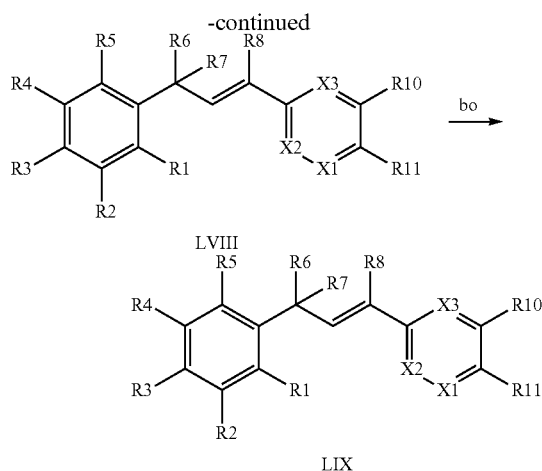


In step bn of Scheme XL, carboxylic acids of the Formula LVII, wherein R11 is C(=O)OH and R8, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed and compounds of the Formula V, wherein Y is Br and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7 are as previously disclosed are allowed to react in the presence of CuCl and 2,2-bipyridyl in a solvent, such as N-methyl pyrrolidine, at a temperature of about 150° C. to afford compounds of Formula LVIII, wherein R11 is (C=O)OH and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed. Compounds of the Formula LVIII can be further transformed to the corresponding benzamides of Formula LIX, wherein R11 is (C=O)N(R14)(R15), and R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, X1, X2, and X3 are as previously disclosed, by treatment with an amine, such as 2-amino-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)acetamide, PyBOP, and a base, such as DIEA, in a polar aprotic solvent, such as dichloromethane, as in step bo.

Scheme XL



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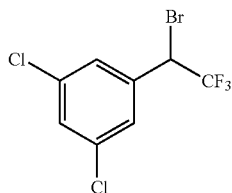
EXAMPLES

The examples are for illustration purposes and are not to be construed as limiting the invention disclosed in this document to only the embodiments disclosed in these examples.

Starting materials, reagents, and solvents that were obtained from commercial sources were used without further purification. Anhydrous solvents were purchased as Sure/Seal™ from Aldrich and were used as received. Melting points were obtained on a Thomas Hoover Unimelt capillary melting point apparatus or an OptiMelt Automated Melting Point System from Stanford Research Systems and are uncorrected. Molecules are given their known names, named according to naming programs within ISIS Draw, ChemDraw, or ACD Name Pro. If such programs are unable to name a molecule, the molecule is named using conventional naming rules. ¹H NMR spectral data are in ppm (δ) and were recorded at 300, 400, or 600 MHz, and ¹³C NMR spectral data are in ppm (δ) and were recorded at 75, 100, or 150 MHz, unless otherwise stated.

Example 1

Preparation of 1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene (AI1)



Step 1 Method A.

1-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (AI2)

To a stirred solution of 1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanone (procured from Rieke Metals, UK; 5.0 grams (g), 20.5 millimoles (mmol)) in methyl alcohol (CH₃OH; 100 milliliters (mL)) at 0° C. were added sodium borohydride (NaBH₄; 3.33 g, 92.5 mL) and 1 Normal (N) aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (NaOH; 10 mL). The reaction mixture

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was warmed to 25° C. and stirred for 2 hours (h). After the reaction was deemed complete by thin layer chromatography (TLC), saturated (satd) aqueous (aq) ammonium chloride (NH₄Cl) solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with diethyl ether (Et₂O) and washed with water (H₂O; 3×50 mL). The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a liquid (4.0 g, 79%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (m, 3H), 5.00 (m, 2H), 2.74 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 242.97 ([M-H]⁻).

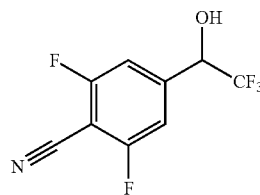
Step 1 Method B.

1-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (AI2)

To a stirred solution of 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde (10 g, 57 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (THF; 250 mL) were added trifluoromethyltrimethylsilane (9.79 g, 69.2 mmol) and a catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF). The reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 8 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was diluted with 3 N hydrochloric acid (HCl) and then was stirred for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O and was extracted with ethyl acetate (EtOAc; 3×). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a liquid (8.41 g, 60%).

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Step 1 Method A of Example 1 above.

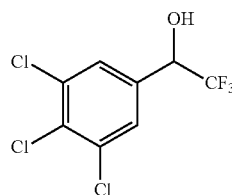
2,6-Difluoro-4-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-hydroxyethyl)benzonitrile



The product was isolated as a brown solid: mp 83-87° C.; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.12 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 237.1 ([M+H]⁺).

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Step 1 Method B of Example 1 above.

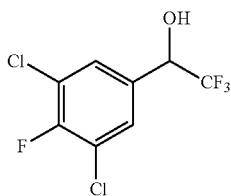
2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)ethanol (AI3)



The product was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (500 mg, 65%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (s, 2H), 5.00 (m, 1H), 2.80 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 278 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3420, 1133, 718 cm⁻¹.

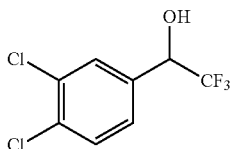
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1-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (AI4)



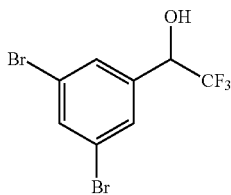
The product was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (500 mg, 65%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 (s, 2H), 5.00 (m, 1H), 2.80 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 262 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3420, 1133, 718 cm^{-1} .

1-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (AI5)



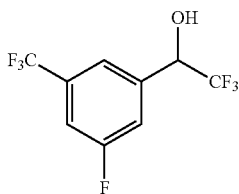
The product was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (500 mg, 65%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 5.01 (m, 1H), 2.60 (s, 1H); EIMS m/z 244 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1-(3,5-Dibromophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol



The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.58 (s, 2H), 5.08-5.02 (m, 1H), 4.42 (bs, 1H); EIMS m/z 333.7 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3417, 2966, 1128, 531 cm^{-1} .

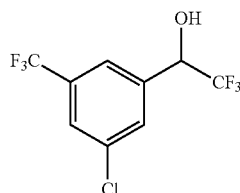
2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethanol



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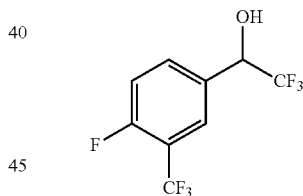
The title molecule was isolated as a clear, colorless oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.37 (m, 2H), 5.11 (q, $J=6.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (bs, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.42 (d, $J=249.5$ Hz), 137.46 (d, $J=7.8$ Hz), 132.89 (qd, $J=33.5, 7.9$ Hz), 123.67 (q, $J=283.8$ Hz), 122.92 (q, $J=270.68$ Hz), 120.10 (t, $J=4.1$ Hz), 118.13 (d, $J=23.0$ Hz), 113.94 (dq, $J=24.2, 3.9$ Hz), 71.57 (q, $J=32.4$ Hz); EIMS m/z 262 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1-(3-Chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol



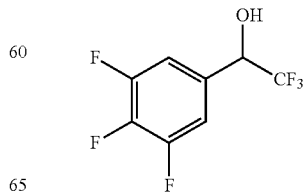
The product was isolated as a white solid (4.98 g, 77%): mp 42-46° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.83-7.50 (m, 3H), 5.10 (p, $J=6.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.88 (d, $J=4.3$ Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 137.12, 135.84, 131.4, 133.03 (q, $J=33.3$ Hz), 127.15 (q, $J=3.8$ Hz), 124.50 (q, $J=308.0$ Hz), 123.45 (q, $J=301.8$ Hz), 123.04, 72.06 (q, $J=32.5$ Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.93, -78.43; EIMS m/z 278 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethanol



The product was isolated as a brown liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 1H), 5.05-5.02 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 261.1 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3418, 1131 cm^{-1} .

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(3,4,5-trifluorophenyl)ethanol

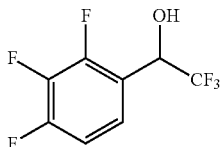


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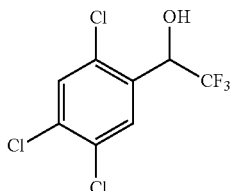
The product was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.19-7.10 (m, 2H), 5.03-4.96 (m, 1H), 2.85 (bs, 1H); EIMS m/z 230.1 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(2,3,4-trifluorophenyl)ethanol



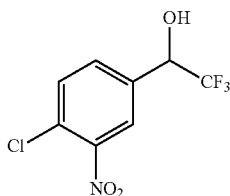
The product was isolated as a clear colorless liquid (4.61 g 66%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 (qd, $J=7.4$, 6.1, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (tdd, $J=9.2$, 6.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (q, $J=6.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.02-2.74 (m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 151.79 (ddd, $J=254.5$, 9.8, 3.4 Hz), 149.52 (ddd, $J=253.5$, 11.0, 3.5 Hz), 139.67 (dt, $J=252.5$, 15.3 Hz), 123.68 (q, $J=282.2$ Hz), 122.48 (dt, $J=8.2$, 4.1 Hz), 118.95 (dd, $J=10.6$, 3.6 Hz), 112.73 (dd, $J=17.7$, 3.9 Hz), 66.58-64.42 (m); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.95 (d, $J=6.2$ Hz), -132.02 (dd, $J=20.0$, 8.2 Hz), -137.89 (m), 159.84 (t, $J=20.3$ Hz); EIMS m/z 230 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)ethanol



The product was isolated as a white solid (3.37 g, 73%): mp 70-73° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.63 (d, $J=2.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, $J=2.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.72-5.57 (m, 1H), 2.85 (d, $J=4.8$ Hz, 1H); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -77.84.

1-(4-Chloro-3-nitrophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol

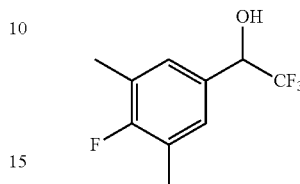


The product was isolated as a yellow oil (6.52 g, 73%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.04 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.75-7.51 (m, 2H), 5.16 (m, 1H), 3.41 (d, $J=4.3$ Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 147.65, 134.44, 132.23, 132.17, 128.11,

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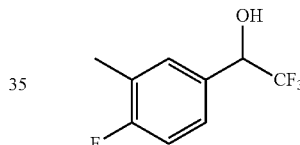
124.66, 123.60 (q, $J=283.8$), 70.99 (q, $J=32.6$ Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.47; EIMS m/z 230 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(4-fluoro-3,5-dimethylphenyl)ethanol



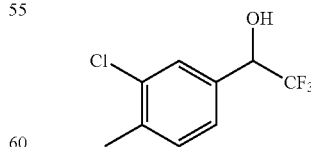
The product was isolated as a white solid (6.49 g, 84%): mp 45-49° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.10 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.89 (m, 1H), 2.63 (d, $J=4.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.27 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 160.45 (d, $J=246.0$ Hz), 128.73, 127.97, 124.92 (d, $J=18.6$ Hz), 124.19 (q, $J=279.1$ Hz), 72.36 (q, $J=32.0$ Hz), 14.61 (d, $J=4.1$ Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.48, -120.14; EIMS m/z 222 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)ethanol



The product was isolated as a white solid (2.12 g, 33%): mp 40-46° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.28 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.01 (t, $J=8.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.05-4.63 (m, 1H), 3.03 (d, $J=4.2$ Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 161.91 (d, $J=247.0$ Hz), 130.62 (d, $J=5.6$ Hz), 129.41 (d, $J=3.5$ Hz), 126.55 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz), 115.19 (d, $J=22.9$ Hz), 72.23 (q, $J=32.1$ Hz), 14.44 (d, $J=3.6$ Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.57, -116.15; EIMS m/z 208 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol



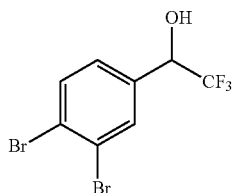
The product was isolated as a clear colorless oil (4.99 g, 75%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 4.79 (q, $J=6.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.89 (bs, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 137.64, 134.67, 132.99, 131.09,

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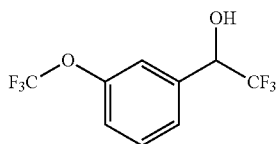
128.01, 125.58, 124.02 (q, J=284.8 Hz), 72.08 (q, J=32.3 Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.39; EIMS m/z 224.5 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1-(3,4-Dibromophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol



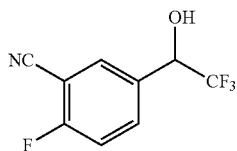
The product was isolated as a clear colorless oil (5.92 g, 88%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J=8.3, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (qd, J=6.4, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (d, J=4.3 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.52, 133.81, 132.60, 127.45, 126.19, 125.16, 123.71 (q, J=283.8 Hz), 71.57 (q, J=32.5 Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.44; EIMS m/z 334 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)ethanol



The product was isolated as a clear colorless oil (20.9 g, 79%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.14 (m, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 2.80 (br m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 149.36 (q, J=2.0 Hz), 136.04, 129.99, 125.78, 123.91 (q, J=282.8 Hz), 121.90, 120.31 (q, J=258.6 Hz), 120.12, 72.04 (q, J=32.3 Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -57.92, -78.49; EIMS m/z 260 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

2-Fluoro-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-hydroxyethyl)benzonitrile

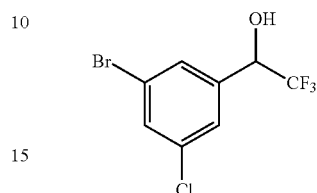


The product was isolated as a clear colorless oil (5.47 g, 58%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.80 (dd, J=5.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (ddd, J=7.8, 5.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), δ 5.09 (qd, J=6.3, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (br m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 163.49 (d, J=261.7 Hz), 134.23 (d, J=8.6 Hz), 132.67, 131.17, 123.66 (q, J=282.4 Hz), 116.79

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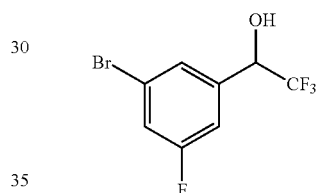
(d, J=20.1 Hz), 113.39, 100.96 (d, J=194.9), 71.07 (q, J=32.5 Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -78.70, -105.22; EIMS m/z 219 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1-(3-Bromo-5-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol



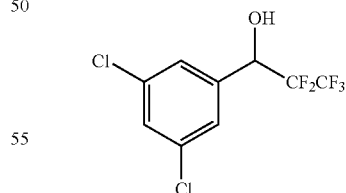
The product was isolated as a yellow liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.15 (d, J=5.7 Hz, 1H); EIMS m/z 288 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3435, 1175, 750 cm^{-1} .

1-(3-Bromo-5-fluorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol



The product was isolated as a pale yellow liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.03-4.98 (m, 1H), 3.60 (bs, 1H); EIMS m/z 272.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3400, 1176, 520 cm^{-1} .

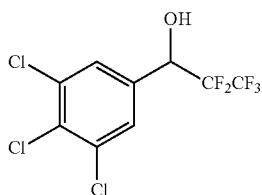
1-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropan-1-ol



Using pentafluoroethyltrimethylsilane, the product was isolated as a white solid (6.22 g, 88%): mp 71-73° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42 (t, J=1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 2H), 5.11 (dt, J=16.2, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (d, J=4.9 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 136.90, 135.31, 129.84, 126.38, 70.94 (dd, J=28.2, 23.1 Hz); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -81.06, -120.94 (d, J=277.5 Hz), -129.18 (d, J=277.5 Hz); EIMS m/z 295 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

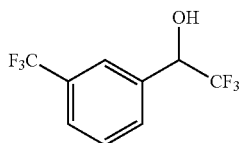
49

2,2,3,3,3-Pentafluoro-1-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)propan-1-ol



Using pentafluoroethyltrimethylsilane, the product was isolated as an off white semi solid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.78 (s, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J=5.4$ Hz), 5.50-5.40 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 328.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3459, 1188, 797 cm^{-1} .

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethanol



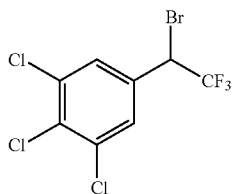
The product was isolated as a light yellow oil (13.8, 89%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, $J=7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.12 (q, $J=6.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 (s, 1H); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.8, -78.5; EIMS m/z 244 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

Step 2. 1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene (A11)

To a stirred solution of 1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (4.0 g, 16.3 mmol) in dichloromethane (CH_2Cl_2 ; 50 mL), were added N-bromosuccinimide (NBS; 2.9 g, 16.3 mmol) and triphenyl phosphite (5.06 g, 16.3 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 18 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; eluting with 100% pentane) afforded the title compound as a liquid (2.0 g, 40%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 (s, 3H), 5.00 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 306 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Step 2 of Example 1.

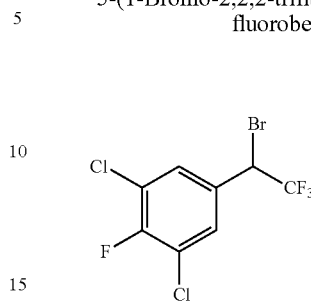
5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (A16)



50

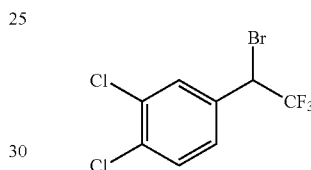
The product was isolated as a colorless oil (300 mg, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.59 (s, 2H), 5.00 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 340.00 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3-dichloro-2-fluorobenzene (A17)



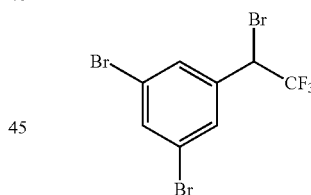
The product was isolated as a colorless oil (320 mg, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45 (s, 2H), 5.00 (m, 2H); EIMS m/z 324.00 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

4-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2-dichlorobenzene (A18)



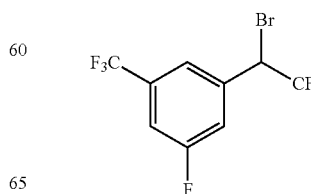
The product was isolated as a colorless oil (300 mg, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 5.01 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 306.00 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1,3-Dibromo-5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzene



The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 2H), 5.04-4.97 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 394.6 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1114, 535 cm^{-1} .

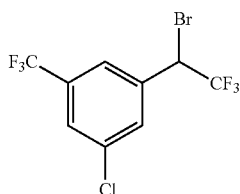
1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzene



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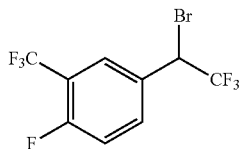
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.90 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.79-7.77 (m, 2H), 6.40-6.34 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 324.00 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1175, 525 cm^{-1} .

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzene



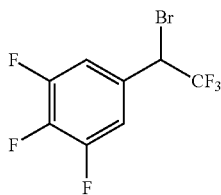
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 5.15-5.09 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 340.00 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1178, 750, 540 cm^{-1} .

4-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1-fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzene



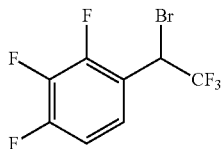
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.75-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.16 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 326.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1114, 571 cm^{-1} .

5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trifluorobenzene



The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23-7.12 (m, 2H), 5.05-4.98 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 292.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1116, 505 cm^{-1} .

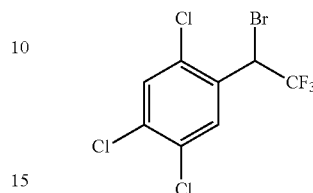
1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2,3,4-trifluorobenzene



52

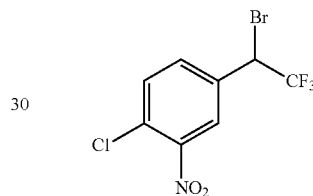
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless oil: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.03 (m, 1H), 5.53-5.45 (m, 1H).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2,4,5-trichlorobenzene



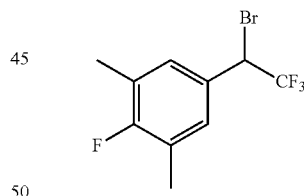
The title molecule was isolated as an off white solid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 8.06 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 6.45-6.37 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 340.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1186, 764, 576 cm^{-1} .

4-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene



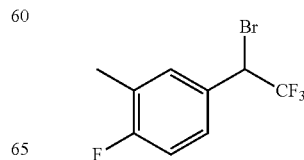
The title molecule was isolated as an off white solid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.43-6.35 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 317.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2927, 1540, 1353, 1177, 766, 530 cm^{-1} .

5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2-fluoro-1,3-dimethylbenzene



The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.32 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.15-6.07 (m, 1H), 3.23 (s, 6H); ESIMS m/z 284.1 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2962, 1112, 500 cm^{-1} .

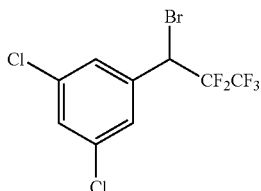
4-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1-fluoro-2-methylbenzene



53

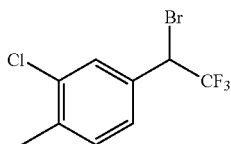
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.04-6.98 (m, 1H), 5.10-5.03 (m, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H); EIMS m/z 270.1 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2989, 1163 cm^{-1} .

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene



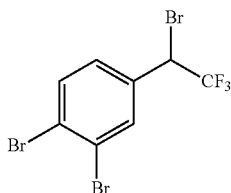
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.79 (t, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s, 2H), 6.37-6.29 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 356 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1673, 1130, 715, 518 cm^{-1} .

4-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2-chloro-1-methylbenzene



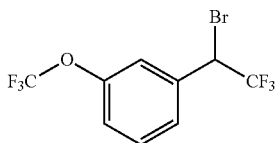
The title molecule was isolated as a liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.44 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.24-6.16 (m, 1H); IR (thin film) 2983, 1112, 749, 564 cm^{-1} .

1,2-Dibromo-4-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzene



The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 1H), 5.07-5.00 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 393.8 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2981, 1644, 1165 cm^{-1} .

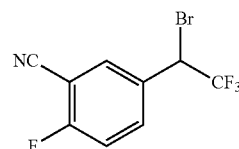
1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene



54

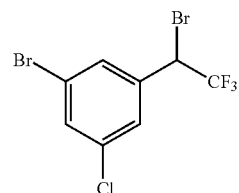
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.65-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.50 (m, 2H), 6.35-6.27 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 322 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3413, 1161, 564 cm^{-1} .

5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2-fluorobenzonitrile



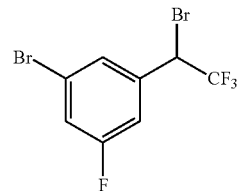
The title molecule was isolated as a pale yellow liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.15-8.12 (m, 1H), 8.00-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.69-7.63 (m, 1H), 6.31-6.26 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 280.9 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

1-Bromo-3-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-chlorobenzene



The title molecule was isolated as a pale yellow liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 6.26-6.20 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 349.9 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1114, 764 cm^{-1} .

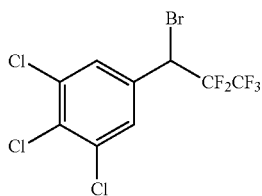
1-Bromo-3-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-fluorobenzene



The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.06 (q, 1H); EIMS m/z 334.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3087, 1168, 533 cm^{-1} .

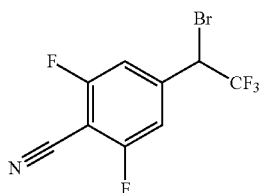
55

5-(1-Bromo-2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene



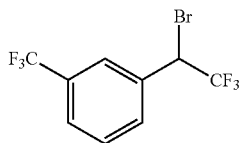
The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.85 (s, 2H), 6.38-6.29 (m, 1H); EIMS m/z 389.9 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1208, 798, 560 cm^{-1} .

4-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2,6-difluorobenzonitrile



The title molecule was isolated as a purple solid: mp 59-63° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.25 (s, 2H), 5.11-5.07 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 299.0 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

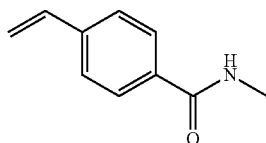
1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene



The title molecule was isolated as a colorless liquid: mp 59-63° C.; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.75-7.67 (m, 3H), 7.57-7.52 (m, 1H), 5.20-5.13 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 306.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3436, 2925, 1265, 749 cm^{-1} .

Example 2

Preparation of N-Methyl-4-vinylbenzamide (AI9)



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Step 1. 4-Vinylbenzoyl chloride (AI10)

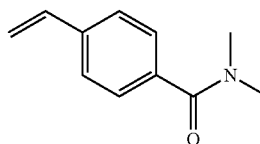
To a stirred solution of 4-vinylbenzoic acid (1 g, 6.75 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) at 0° C. were added a catalytic amount of N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and oxalyl chloride (1.27 g, 10.12 mmol) dropwise over a period of 15 minutes (min). The reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 6 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude acid chloride.

Step 2. N-Methyl-4-vinylbenzamide (AI9)

To 1 M N-methylamine in THF (13.5 mL, 13.5 mmol) at 0° C. were added triethylamine (Et_3N ; 1.34 mL, 10.12 mmol) and the acid chloride from Step 1 above in THF (10 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 3 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched with water and then was extracted with EtOAc (3 \times). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine and dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (650 mg, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.79 (m, 1H), 6.20 (br s, 1H), 5.82 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 161.95 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

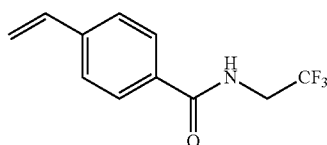
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in accordance with Example 2.

N,N-Dimethyl-4-vinylbenzamide (AI11)



The product was isolated as an off-white solid (650 mg, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42 (m, 4H), 6.71 (m, 1H), 5.80 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.05 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 176.01 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

N-(2,2,3-Trifluoromethyl)-4-vinylbenzamide (AI12)

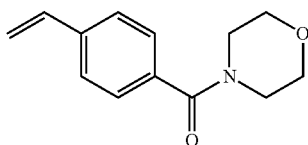


The product was isolated as an off-white solid (900 mg, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.79 (m, 1H), 6.20 (br s, 1H), 5.82 (d,

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J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 230.06 ([M+H]⁺).

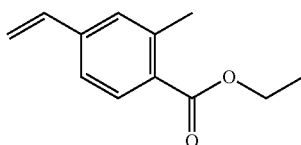
Morpholino(4-vinylphenyl)methanone (AI13)



The product was isolated as a white solid (850 mg, 60%); ESIMS m/z 218.12 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 3

Preparation of Ethyl 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzoate (AI14)



Step 1. 4-Formyl-2-methylbenzoic acid (AI15)

To a stirred solution of 4-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid (10 g, 46.4 mmol) in dry THF (360 mL) at -78° C. was added n-butyllithium (n-BuLi, 1.6 M solution in hexane; 58.17 mL, 93.0 mmol) and DMF (8 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at -78° C. for 1 h then was warmed to 25° C. and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with 1 N HCl solution and extracted with EtOAc. The combined EtOAc extracts were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with n-hexane to afford the title compound as a solid (3.0 g, 40%); mp 196-198° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.32 (br s, 1H), 10.05 (s, 1H), 7.98 (m, 1H), 7.84 (m, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 163.00 ([M-H]⁻).

Step 2. Ethyl 4-formyl-2-methylbenzoate (AI16)

To a stirred solution of 4-formyl-2-methylbenzoic acid (3 g, 18.2 mmol) in ethyl alcohol (EtOH; 30 mL) was added sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄, xM; 2 mL), and the reaction mixture was heated at 80° C. for 18 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with EtOAc and washed with H₂O. The combined EtOAc extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a solid (2.8 g, 80%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 4.43 (m, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 1.42 (m, 3H).

Step 3. Ethyl 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzoate (AI14)

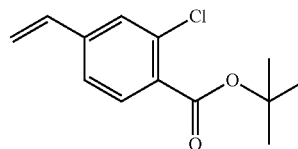
To a stirred solution of ethyl 4-formyl-2-methylbenzoate (2.8 g, 4 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (20 mL) were added potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃; 3.01 g, 21.87 mmol) and methyltriphenyl phosphonium bromide (7.8 g, 21.87 mmol) at 25° C. Then the

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reaction mixture was heated at 100° C. for 18 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 25-30% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as a solid (2.0 g, 72%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.68 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (m, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 1.40 (m, 3H); ESIMS m/z 191.10 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 2980, 1716, 1257 cm⁻¹.

Example 4

Preparation of tert-Butyl 2-chloro-4-vinylbenzoate (AI17)

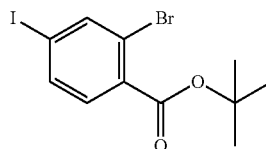


Step 1. tert-Butyl 4-bromo-2-chlorobenzoate (AI18)

To a stirred solution of 4-bromo-2-chlorobenzoic acid (5 g, 21.37 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (25.5 g, 25.58 mmol), Et₃N (3.2 g, 31.98 mmol) and 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP; 0.78 g, 6.398 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc and washed with H₂O. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 2-3% EtOAc in n-hexane) to afford the title compound as a liquid (3.2 g, 51%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.44 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 290.10 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1728 cm⁻¹.

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Step 1 of Example 4.

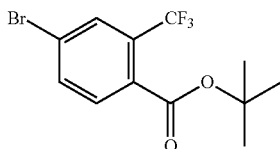
tert-Butyl 2-bromo-4-iodobenzoate (AI19)



The product was isolated as a colorless oil (1.2 g, 50%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 382.10 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1727 cm⁻¹.

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tert-Butyl 4-bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate
(AI20)



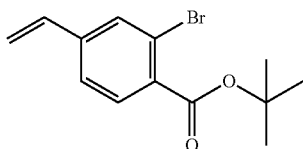
The product was isolated as a colorless oil (1 g, 52%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 324.10 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1725 cm^{-1} .

Step 2. tert-Butyl 2-chloro-4-vinylbenzoate (AI17)

To a stirred solution of tert-butyl 4-bromo-2-chlorobenzoate (1.6 g, 5.50 mmol) in toluene (20 mL) was added tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) ($\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$; (0.31 mg, 0.27 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2.27 g, 16.5 mmol) and vinylboronic anhydride pyridine complex (2.0 g, 8.3 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 16 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was washed with H_2O and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; eluting with 5-6% EtOAc in n-hexane) afforded the title compound as a liquid (0.6 g, 46%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.72 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, $J=17.6$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.40 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 238.95 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2931, 1725, 1134 cm^{-1} .

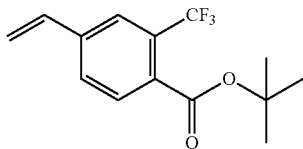
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Step 2 of Example 4.

tert-Butyl 2-bromo-4-vinylbenzoate (AI21)



The product was isolated as a colorless oil (1 g, 52%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, $J=17.6$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 282.10 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2978, 1724, 1130 cm^{-1} .

tert-Butyl 2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-vinylbenzoate (AI22)

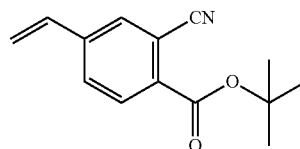


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The product was isolated as a colorless oil (1.2 g, 50%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.71 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, $J=7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, $J=17.6$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.44 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 272.20 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2982, 1727, 1159 cm^{-1} .

Example 5

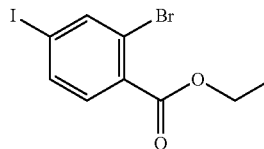
Preparation of tert-Butyl 2-cyano-4-vinylbenzoate (AI23)



To a stirred solution of tert-butyl 2-bromo-4-vinylbenzoate (0.5 g, 1.77 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) was added copper(I) cyanide (CuCN ; 0.23 g, 2.65 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at 140°C . for 3 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25°C ., diluted with H_2O , and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; eluting with 15% EtOAc in n-hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.3 g, 72%): mp $51\text{--}53^\circ\text{C}$.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, $J=17.6$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.51 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.65 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 229.84 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2370, 1709, 1142 cm^{-1} .

Example 6

Preparation of Ethyl 2-bromo-4-iodobenzoate (AI46)

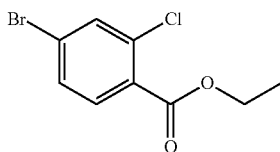


To a stirred solution of 4-iodo-2-bromobenzoic acid (5 g, 15.29 mmol) in ethyl alcohol (EtOH; 100 mL) was added sulfuric acid (H_2SO_4 ; 5 mL), and the reaction mixture was heated at 80°C . for 18 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25°C . and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with EtOAc ($2\times 100\text{ mL}$) and washed with H_2O (100 mL). The combined EtOAc extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the compound as a pale yellow solid (5 g, 92%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ 8.04 (d, $J=1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, $J=7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.41 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H).

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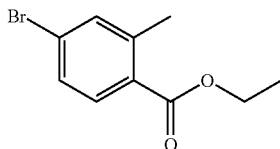
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 6.

Ethyl 4-bromo-2-chlorobenzoate (AI47)



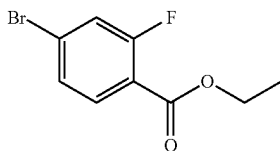
The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (2.0 g, 80%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.25 (d, $J=1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, $J=7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.65 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.56 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H).

Ethyl 4-bromo-2-methylbenzoate (AI48)



The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (3.0 g, 83%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.79 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 1.40 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H) ESIMS m/z 229.11 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1725 cm^{-1} .

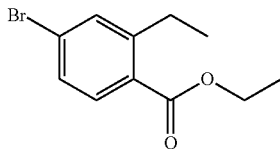
Ethyl 4-bromo-2-fluorobenzoate (AI49)



The title compound was isolated as a colorless liquid (9.0 g, 79%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.84 (t, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, $J=1.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.34 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 246.99 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$), IR (thin film) 1734 cm^{-1} .

Example 7

Preparation of Ethyl 4-bromo-2-ethylbenzoate (AI50)



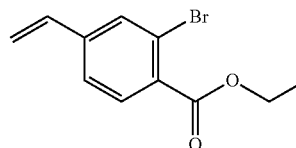
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To a stirred solution of 4-bromo-2-fluorobenzoic acid (2.0 g, 9.17 mmol) in THF (16 mL), was added 1.0 M ethyl magnesium bromide in THF (32 mL, 32.0 mmol) dropwise at 0°C . and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 18 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with 2 N HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude 4-bromo-2-ethylbenzoic acid as a colorless liquid that was used in the next step without purification (0.4 g): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.64 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 2.95 (q, $J=4.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, $J=4.0$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 228.97 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

The title compound was synthesized from 4-bromo-2-ethylbenzoic acid in accordance to the procedure in Example 6, isolated as a colorless liquid (0.15 g, 68%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.90 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 4.40 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.06 (q, $J=7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.42 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.26 (t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 226.96 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) $3443, 1686, 568\text{ cm}^{-1}$.

Example 8

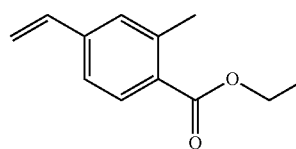
Preparation of Ethyl 2-bromo-4-vinylbenzoate (AI51)



To a stirred solution of ethyl 2-bromo-4-iodobenzoate (5 g, 14.3 mmol) in THF/water (100 mL, 9:1) was added potassium vinyltrifluoroborate (1.89 g, 14.3 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (18.27 g, 56.07 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (0.22 g, 0.85 mmol) and the reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 20 min, then charged with PdCl_2 (0.05 g, 0.28 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered through a celite bed and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was again extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic layers washed with water and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude compound. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; eluting with 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a light brown gummy material (2 g, 56%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.78 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, $J=1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, $J=17.6, 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, $J=11.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.43 (t, $J=3.6$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 255.18 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1729 cm^{-1} .

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 8.

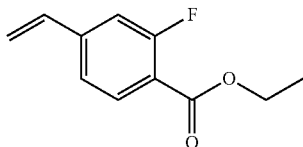
Ethyl 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzoate (AI52)



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The title compound was isolated as a colorless liquid (0.8 g, 80%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.89 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.79 (dd, $J=17.6$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, $J=11.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 1.43 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 191.10 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1717, 1257 cm^{-1} .

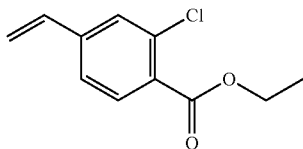
Ethyl 2-fluoro-4-vinylbenzoate (AI53)



The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (2.0 g, 50%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.87 (t, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, $J=17.6$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.09 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.50 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.35 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 195.19 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1728 cm^{-1} .

Example 9

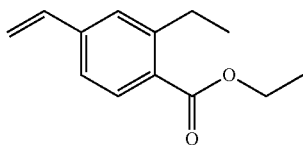
Preparation of Ethyl 2-chloro-4-vinylbenzoate (AI54)



To a stirred solution of ethyl 2-chloro-4-bromobenzoate (2 g, 7.63 mmol) in dimethylsulfoxide (20 mL) was added potassium vinyltrifluoroborate (3.06 g, 22.9 mmol) and potassium carbonate (3.16 g, 22.9 mmol). The reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min. Bistriphenylphosphine (diphenylphosphinoferrocene)palladium dichloride (0.27 g, 0.38 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated to 80° C. for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), extracted with ethyl acetate (2x50 mL), washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the compound as brown gummy material (1.1 g, 69%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.81 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, $J=17.6$, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.43 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 211.22 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1729, 886 cm^{-1} .

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 9.

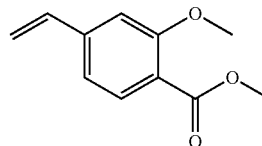
Ethyl 2-ethyl-4-vinylbenzoate (AI55)



64

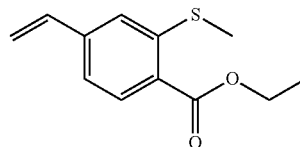
The title compound was isolated as a colorless liquid (1.0 g, 66%): ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.36 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.10 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.40 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.30 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 205.26 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1720, 1607, 1263 cm^{-1} .

Methyl 2-methoxy-4-vinylbenzoate (AI56)



The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (1.2 g, 75%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.79 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, $J=1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.74 (dd, $J=11.2$, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, $J=17.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H). ESIMS m/z 193.18 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1732 cm^{-1} .

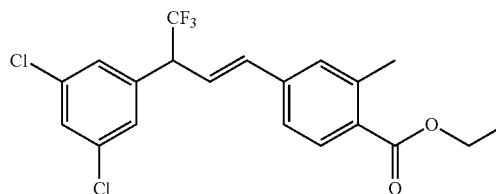
Ethyl 2-(methylthio)-4-vinylbenzoate



The title compound was isolated as a brown liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.98 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.78 (dd, $J=17.7$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, $J=17.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.39-4.36 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.39 (t, $J=6.9$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 221.9 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1708 cm^{-1} .

Example 10

Preparation of (E)-Ethyl 4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoate (AI24)



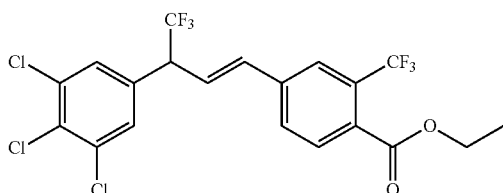
To a stirred solution of ethyl 2-methyl-4-vinylbenzoate (2.0 g, 10.5 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (25 mL) were added 1-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene (6.44 g, 21.0 mmol), copper(I) chloride (CuCl ; 208 mg, 21 mmol) and 2,2'-bipyridyl (0.65 g, 4.1 mmol). The reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and then stirred at 180° C. for 24 h. After the reaction was deemed complete

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by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 25-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (1.7 g, 40%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.24 (m, 4H), 6.59 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 1.42 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 415.06 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1717, 1255, 1114 cm⁻¹.

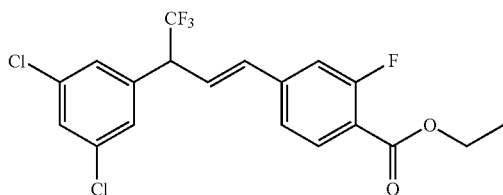
Compounds AI25, AI57-AI68 and AC1-AC5 (Table 1) were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 10.

(E)-Ethyl 4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzoic acid (AI25)



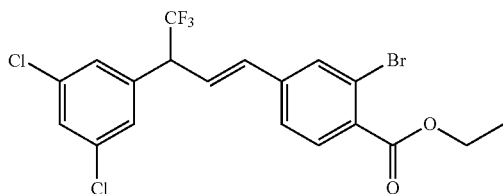
The product was isolated as a pale brown gummy liquid (500 mg, 40%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.70 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 1.40 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 502.99 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1730, 1201, 1120, 749 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-fluorobenzoate (AI57)



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.26 (s, 3H), 7.21 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 1.41 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 419.33 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1723, 1115, 802 cm⁻¹.

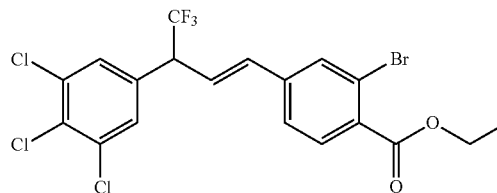
(E)-Ethyl 4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-bromobenzoate (AI58)



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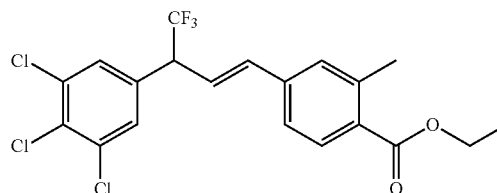
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.56 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.39 (m, 1H), 1.42 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 481.22 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1727, 1114, 801, 685 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoate (AI59)



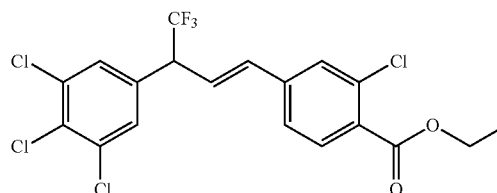
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.36 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 1.42 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 514.74 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1726, 1115, 808, 620 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-methyl-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoate (AI60)



The title compound was isolated as a light brown gummy material: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 1.41 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H).

(E)-Ethyl 2-chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoate (AI61)

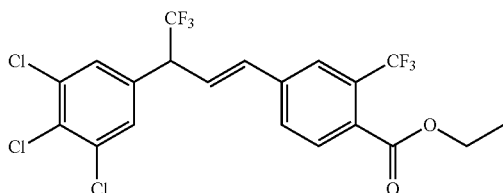


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.31 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J=16.0 Hz-8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q,

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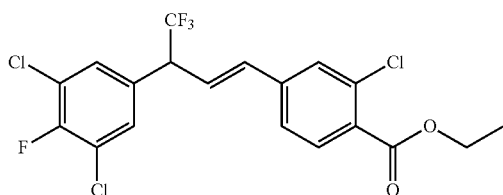
J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 1.42 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 470.73 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1726, 1115, 809, 3072 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (AI62)



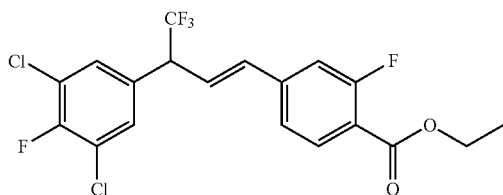
The title compound was isolated as a pale brown liquid (1.0 g, 46.3%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.65 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 1.42 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 502.99 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1730, 1202, 1120, 750 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoate (AI63)



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=16.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 1.41 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 455.0 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1728, 1115, 817 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoate (AI64)

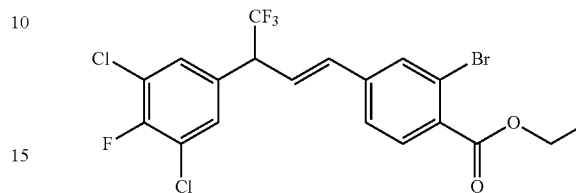


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H),

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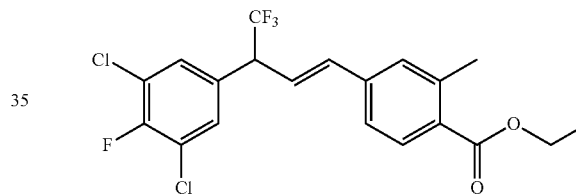
4.42 (q, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 1.41 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 436.81 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1725 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoate (AI65)



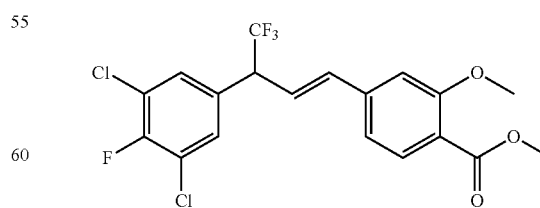
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J=15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (q, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.42 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 498.74 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1726, 1114, 820, 623 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-methyl-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoate (AI66)



The title compound was isolated as a brown semi-solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J=16.0 Hz, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 1.41 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 432.90 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1715 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Methyl 2-methoxy-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoate (AI67)

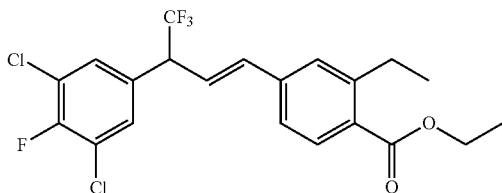


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.59

69

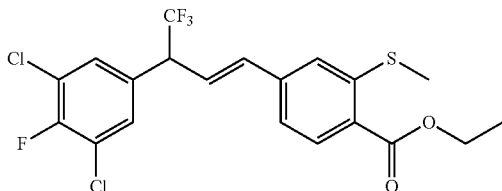
(d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J=15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 437.29 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1724 cm⁻¹.

(E)-Ethyl 2-ethyl-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoate (AI68)



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=9.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J=15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.01 (q, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 447.05 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1715, 1115, 817 cm⁻¹.

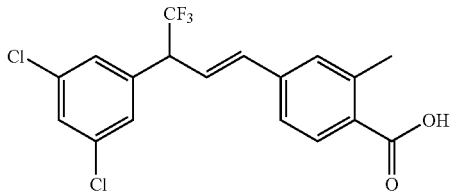
(E)-Ethyl 4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(methylthio)benzoate



Isolated as a brown liquid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.16 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, J=15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=15.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41-4.31 (m, 2H), 4.30-4.10 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.40 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 466.88 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1705, 1114 cm⁻¹.

Example 11

Preparation of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoic acid (AI32)



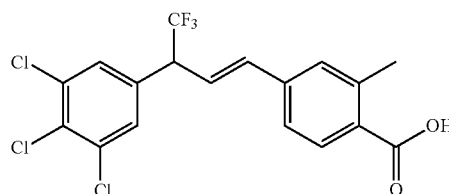
To a stirred solution of (E)-ethyl 4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoate (1.7 g, 4.0 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (10 mL) was added 11 N HCl (30 mL), and the reaction mixture was heated at 100° C. for 48 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with H₂O and

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extracted with chloroform (CHCl₃). The combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure, and the crude compound was washed with n-hexane to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.7 g, 50%): mp 142-143° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.62 (br s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (s, 3H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 2H), 6.89 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78-6.74 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (m, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 387.05 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3448, 1701, 1109, 777 cm⁻¹.

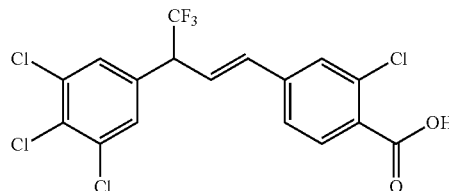
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 11.

(E)-2-Methyl-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI26)



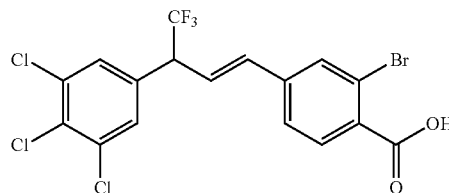
The product was isolated as a pale brown gummy liquid (1 g, 46%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.68 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 422.67 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI27)



The product was isolated as an off-white semi-solid (1 g, 45%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 6.59 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J=15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 442.72 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3472, 1704, 1113, 808 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI28)



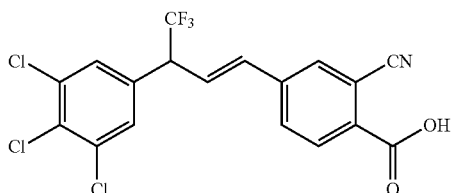
The product was isolated as a brown solid (1 g, 45%): mp 70-71° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, J=8.0 Hz,

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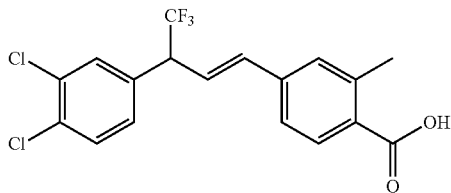
1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.58 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 484.75 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3468, 1700 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Cyano-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI29)



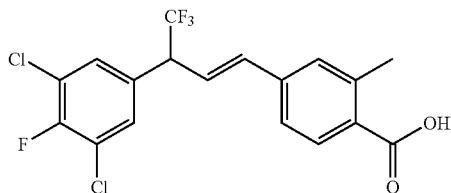
The product was isolated as an off-white solid (500 mg, 45%); mp 100-101° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (br s, 1H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.73 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 431.93 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-4-(3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoic acid (AI30)



The product was isolated as a pale brown liquid (500 mg, 46%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (m, 1H), 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.73 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J=16.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 2.64 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 386.84 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3428, 1690, 1113, 780 cm⁻¹.

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoic acid (AI31)

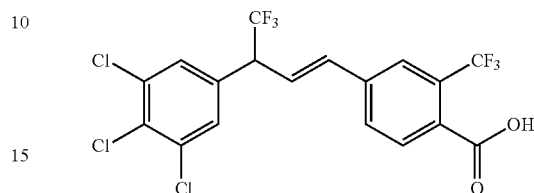


The product was isolated as a white solid (500 mg, 50%); mp 91-93° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (m, 3H), 6.61 (d, J=16.0

72

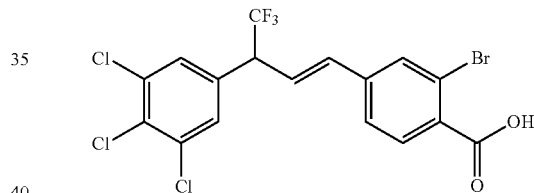
Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.65 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 406.87 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (AI33)



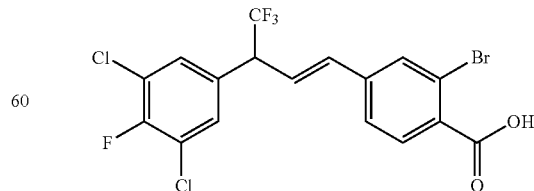
The product was isolated as a white solid (500 mg, 45%); mp 142-143° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.68 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 474.87 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI69)



The title compound was isolated as a brown solid (0.8 g, 28%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.42 (br, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.75 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J=15.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 484.75 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3469, 1700 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI70)

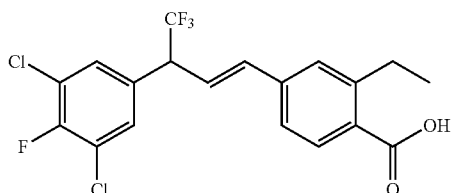


The title compound was isolated as a yellow liquid (0.3 g, crude); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H),

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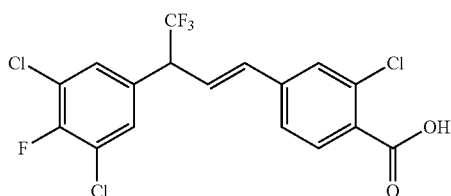
7.67 (s, 1H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=15.9, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 471.0 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-ethylbenzoic acid (AI71)



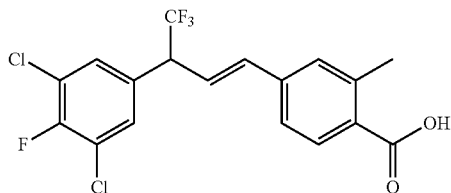
The title compound was isolated as a brown gummy material (0.2 g, crude): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.5 (br, 1H), 7.85 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 6.96 (dd, J=8.7, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.06 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 419.06 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI72)



The title compound was isolated as a yellow liquid (0.7 g, 95%): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 3H), 6.57 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 455.0 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1728, 1115, 817 cm⁻¹.

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoic acid (AI73)

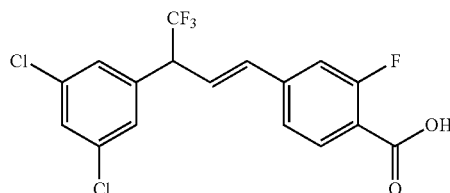


The title compound was isolated as a light brown gummy material (0.7 g, 38%): mp 91-93° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30

74

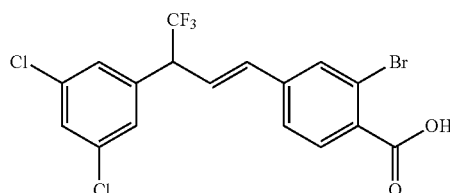
(m, 3H), 6.10 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (m, 1H), 2.65 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 406.87 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-fluorobenzoic acid (AI74)



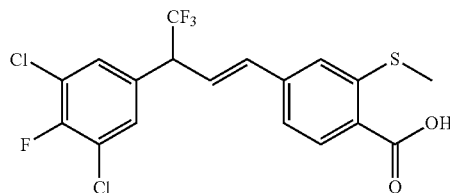
The title compound was isolated as a light brown liquid (0.3 g, crude): ESIMS m/z 393.15 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoic acid (AI75)



The title compound was isolated as a light brown liquid (0.35 g, crude): ESIMS m/z 451.91 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(methylthio)benzoic acid



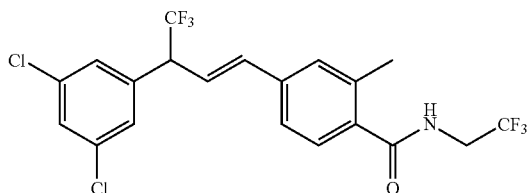
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.46 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J=15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.81 (m, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 436.89 [(M-H)⁻]; IR (thin film) 3469, 1686, 1259, 714 cm⁻¹.

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Prophetically, compounds AI34, AI36-AI41, AI44-AI45 (Table 1) could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 10, or Examples 10 and 11.

Example 12

Preparation of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzamide (AC6)

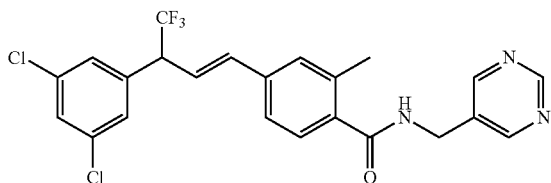


To a stirred solution of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoic acid in DMF was added 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamine, 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (HOBt.H₂O), N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC.HCl) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIEA), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with hexane:EtOAc) afforded a white semi-solid (110 mg, 50%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (br s, 1H), 4.08 (m, 3H), 2.52 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 468.40 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1657, 1113, 804 cm⁻¹.

Compounds AC7-AC38, AC40-AC58, AC110-AC112, AC117, and AC118 (Table 1) were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 12.

Example 13

Preparation of 4-((E)-3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methyl-N-((pyrimidin-5-yl)methyl)benzamide (AC39)



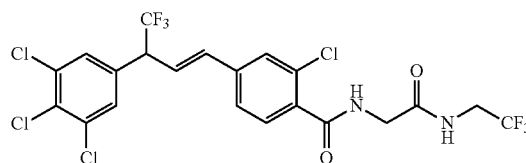
To a stirred solution of (pyrimidin-5-yl)methanamine (0.15 g, 1.43 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added drop wise trimethylaluminum (2 M solution in toluene; 0.71 mL, 1.43 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 30 min. A solution of ethyl 4-((E)-3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2-methylbenzoate (0.3 g, 0.71 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ was added drop wise to the reaction mixture at 25° C. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 18 h, cooled to 25° C., quenched with 0.5 N HCl solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2×50 mL). The combined organic

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extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 40% EtOAc in n-hexane) to afford the title compound (0.18 g, 55%): mp 141-144° C.; ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (m, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 477.83 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 14

Preparation of (E)-2-Chloro-N-(2-oxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC64)

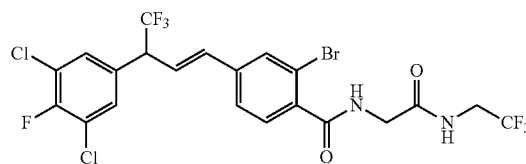


To a stirred solution of glycine amide (0.15 g, 0.58 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added trimethylaluminum (2 M solution in toluene; 1.45 mL, 2.91 mmol) dropwise, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 28° C. for 30 min. A solution of (E)-ethyl 2-chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoate (0.3 g, 0.58 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added drop wise to the reaction mixture at 28° C. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 18 h, cooled to 25° C., quenched with 1N HCl solution (50 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2×50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 40% EtOAc in n-hexane) to afford the title compound as yellow solid (0.15 g, 50%): mp 83-85° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.36 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (t, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J=15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 580.72 ([M-H]⁻).

Compounds AC59-AC75 (Table 1) were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 14.

Example 15

Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-N-(2-oxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)benzamide (AC79)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)benzoic acid (300 mg, 0.638 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL) was added 2-amino-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)acetamide (172. mg, 0.638 mmol) followed by benzotriazol-1-yl-oxytripyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate (PyBOP) (364.5 mg, 0.701 mmol) and DIPEA (0.32 mL, 1.914 mmol), and the resultant reaction

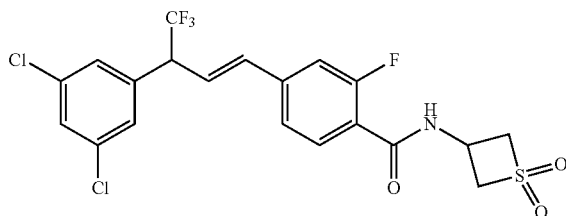
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mixture was stirred at RT for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with DCM. The combined DCM layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 40% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (121 mg, 31%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 6.76 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (m, 4H); ESIMS m/z 610.97 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3303, 1658, 1166, 817 cm⁻¹.

Compounds AC76-AC80, AC96-AC102, and AC113 (Table 1) were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 15.

Example 16

Preparation of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-N-(1,1-dioxidothietan-3-yl)-2-fluorobenzamide (AC83)

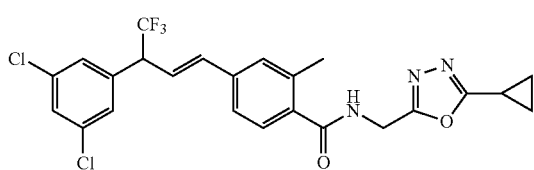


To a stirred solution of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-fluoro-N-(thietan-3-yl)benzamide (100 mg, 0.2159 mmol) in acetone/water (1:1, 5.0 mL) was added oxone (266 mg, 0.4319 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 30% ethyl acetate/pet ether) afforded the title compound as an off white solid (70.0 mg, 66%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (t, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J=16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, J=16.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.64 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 493.83 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1527, 1113, 801, 1167, 1321 cm⁻¹.

Compounds AC81-AC87 (Table 1) were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 16.

Example 17

Preparation of (E)-N-((5-Cyclopropyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)methyl)-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-methylbenzamide (AC89)

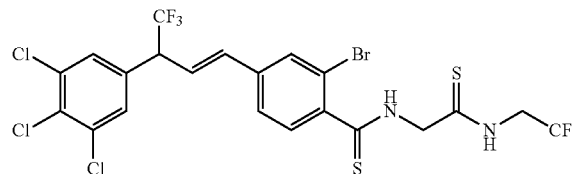


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A solution of (E)-N-(2-(2-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)hydrazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-methylbenzamide (200 mg, 0.379 mmol) in POCl₃ (2.0 mL) was stirred at RT for 10 min, then the resultant reaction mixture was heated to 50° C. for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with ice water at 0° C. and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate layer was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution and brine solution, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 50% ethyl acetate/pet ether) afforded the title compound as a light brown gummy material (70.0 mg, 36%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.58 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 1.16 (m, 4H); ESIMS m/z 509.89 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1666, 1166, 1112, 800 cm⁻¹.

Example 18

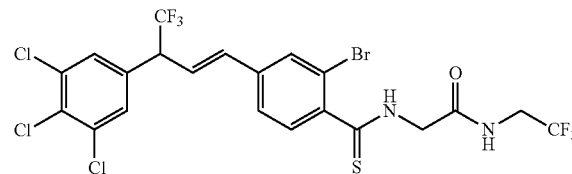
Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-N-(2-thioxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzothioamide (AC90)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(2-oxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (400 mg, 0.638 mmol) in 5 mL of THF at RT was added 2,4-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfide (Lawesson's reagent) (336 mg, 0.830 mmol) in one portion. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h. TLC showed the reaction was not complete, therefore additional Lawesson's reagent (168 mg, 0.415 mmol) was added and reaction stirred for 48 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 230-400 mesh; eluting with 20% EtOAc in hexanes) afforded the title compound as a yellow glassy oil (188 mg, 44.7%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (m, 1H), 8.27 (m, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.36 (dd, J=8.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J=15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J=8.4, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (qd, J=9.0, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 656.9 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 19

Preparation of (E)-2-(2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenylthioamido)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)acetamide (AC91)

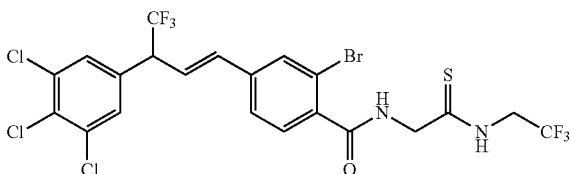


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To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(2-oxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (400 mg, 0.638 mmol) in 5 mL of THF at RT was added Lawesson's reagent (64.5 mg, 0.160 mmol) in one portion. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h, after which time, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 230-400 mesh; eluting with 20% EtOAc in hexanes) afforded the title compounds as a yellow oil (18.5 mg, 4.51%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (t, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J=8.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (m, 2H), 6.37 (dd, J=15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J=4.9 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.99 (qd, J=8.9, 6.5 Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 640.9 ([M-H]⁻).

The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 19.

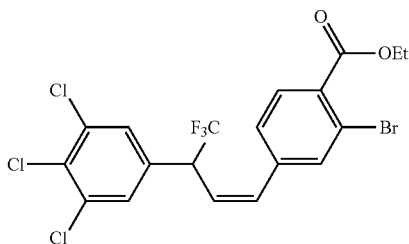
(E)-2-Bromo-N-(2-thioxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC92)



The product was isolated as a colorless oil (17.9 mg, 4.36%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.16 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.21 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J=15.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (qd, J=9.0, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 640.9 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 106

Preparation of Ethyl(Z)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoate (AI76)



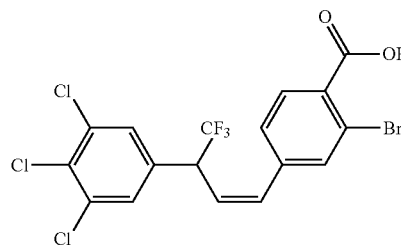
The title compound was made in accordance with the procedure disclosed in Example 88 and was isolated as a yellow viscous oil (416 mg, 23%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (s, 2H), 7.12 (dd, J=8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.23-5.91 (m, 1H), 4.42 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.33-4.10 (m, 1H), 1.42 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -69.34 (d,

80

J=8.3 Hz); EIMS m/z 514.10 ([M]⁺); IR (thin film) 2983, 1727, 1247, 1204, 1116 cm⁻¹.

Example 107

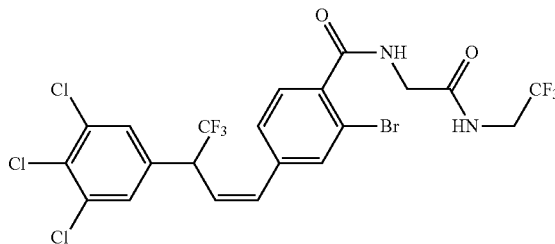
Preparation of (Z)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid (AI77)



To a stirred solution of (Z)-ethyl 2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoate (360 mg, 0.70 mmol) in CH₃CN (1.0 mL) was added iodotrimethylsilane (0.28 mL, 2.8 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 20 h, allowed to cool to ambient temperature and partitioned between CH₂Cl₂ and aq. 10% Na₂S₂O₃. Organic phase was washed once with aq. 10% Na₂S₂O₃ and dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Passing the material through a silica plug with 10% EtOAc in hexanes, followed by 20% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂ as the eluting solvents afforded the title compound as a yellow foam (143 mg, 42%): mp 54-64° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.36 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 7.14 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J=11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (t, J=10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.09 (m, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -69.30.

Example 108

Preparation of (Z)-2-Bromo-N-(2-oxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC95)



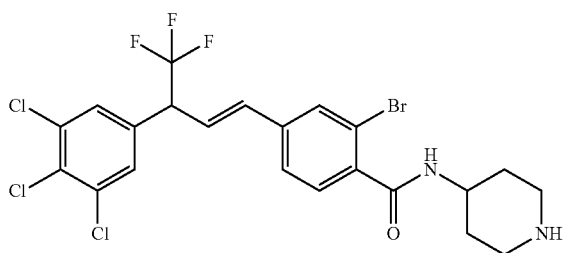
To a stirred solution of (Z)-2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid (200 mg, 0.41 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5.0 mL) was added carbon-diimidazole (82 mg, 0.51 mmol). The mixture was heated in a 50° C. oil bath for 1.5 h, treated with 2-amino-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)acetamide hydrochloride (109 mg, 0.057 mmol) and the resulting mixture heated to reflux for 8 h. After cooling to ambient temperature, the mixture was taken up in Et₂O and washed twice with aq. 5% NaHSO₄ (2×) and once with sat. NaCl (1×). After drying over MgSO₄, concentration in vacuo and purification by medium pressure chromatogra-

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phy on silica with EtOAc/Hexanes as the eluents, the title compound was obtained as a white foam (160 mg, 41%) mp 48-61° C.: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.14 (dd, J=7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J=11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (br s, 1H), 6.21-6.04 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (qd, J=9.0, 6.5 Hz, 2H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -69.31, -72.3; EIMS m/z 626.9 ([M+1]⁺).

Example 109a

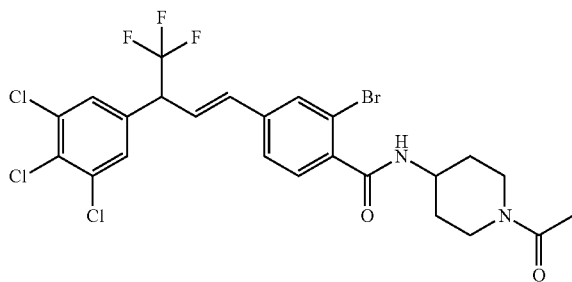
Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC114)



(E)-tert-Butyl 4-(2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamido)piperidine-1-carboxylate (0.75 g, 1.11 mmol) was added to dioxane HCl (10 mL) at 0° C. and was stirred for 18 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and triturated with diethylether to afford the compound as a light brown solid (0.6 g, 88%).

Example 109b

Preparation of (E)-N-(1-Acetylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC103)



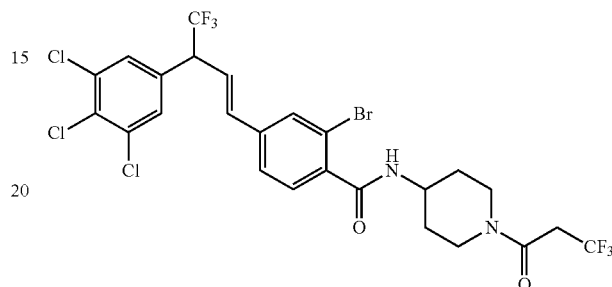
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.1 g, 0.16 mmol) in DCM (10.0 mL) was added triethylamine (0.046 mL, 0.35 mmol) and stirred for 10 min. Then acetyl chloride (0.014, 0.18 mmol) was added and stirred for 16 h at RT. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution and brine solution. The combined DCM layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude com-

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pound. The crude compound was washed with 5% diethyl ether/n-pentane to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.054 g, 50%).

Example 110

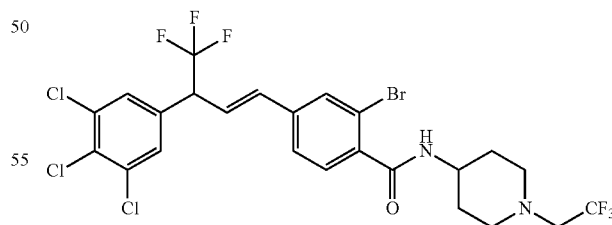
Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-N-(1-(3,3,3-trifluoropropanoyl)piperidin-4-yl)benzamide (AC104)



To a stirred solution of 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid (0.02 g, 0.16 mmol) in DCM (10.0 mL), (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.1 g, 0.16 mmol), PYBOP (0.09 g, 0.17 mmol), and DIPEA (0.06 g, 0.48 mmol) were added at RT. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 5 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM. The combined DCM layer was washed with 3N HCl and saturated NaHCO₃ solution, the separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude compound. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 2% methanol in DCM) to afford the title compound as an off white gummy material (0.035 g, 29%).

Example 111

Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-N-(1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)piperidin-4-yl)benzamide (AC105)



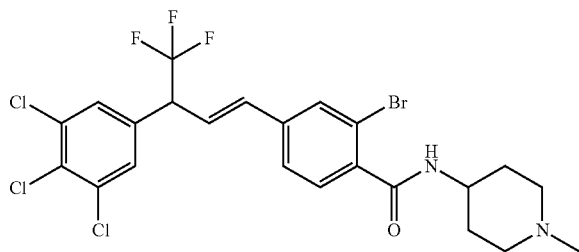
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.1 g, 0.16 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) was added triethylamine (0.06 mL, 0.64 mmol) and stirred for 10 min. Then 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.03, 0.16 mmol) was added and stirred for 16 h at RT. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution and brine solution. The combined

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ethyl acetate layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a brown solid (0.05 g, 44%).

Example 112

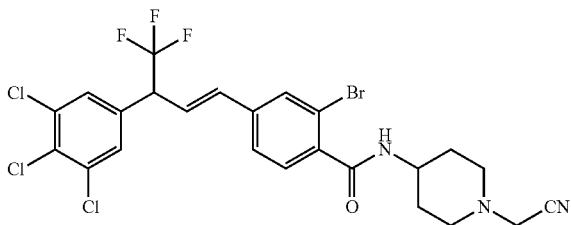
Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC106)



A solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.1 g, 0.16 mmol), formaldehyde (30% in water) (0.1 mL, 0.16 mmol) and acetic acid (0.01 mL) in methanol (5.0 mL) was stirred at RT for 30 min. After that NaBH_3CN (0.01 g, 0.16 mmol) was added at 0°C . and the reaction was stirred for 8 h at RT. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain residue which was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated aq. NaHCO_3 solution and brine solution. The combined ethyl acetate layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue, which was triturated with diethyl ether/pentane to afford the title compound as a pale yellow gummy material (0.06 g, 59%).

Example 113

Preparation of ((E)-2-Bromo-N-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC107)



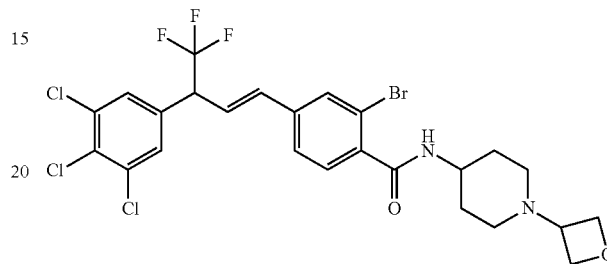
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.25 g, 0.43 mmol) in THF (10.0 mL) was added triethylamine (0.16 mL, 1.29 mmol) and the reaction was stirred for 10 min. Then 2-bromoacetonitrile (0.07, 0.65 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred for 8 h at RT. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated brine solution. The combined ethyl

84

acetate layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (0.125 g, 46.8%).

Example 114

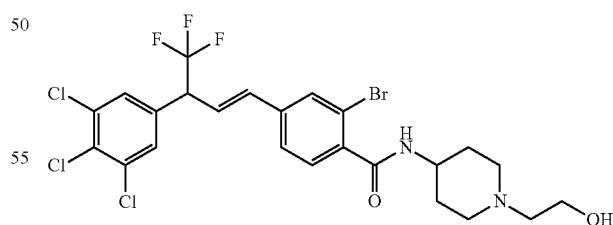
Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-N-(1-(oxetan-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC108)



A solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.2 g, 0.35 mmol), oxetan-3-one (0.027 g, 0.38 mmol) and acetic acid (0.01 mL) in methanol (5.0 mL) was stirred at RT for 30 min. After that NaBH_3CN (0.022 g, 0.35 mmol) was added at 0°C . slowly lot wise over the period of 10 min and the reaction was stirred for 8 h at RT. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a residue which was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated NaHCO_3 solution and brine solution. The combined ethyl acetate layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue, which was triturated with diethyl ether/pentane to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (0.05 g, 23%).

Example 115

Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-N-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (AC109)



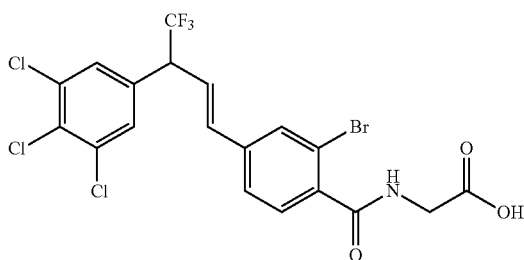
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-N-(piperidin-4-yl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (0.25 g, 0.43 mmol) in THF (10.0 mL) was added triethylamine (0.16 mL, 1.29 mmol) and the reaction was stirred for 10 min. Then 2-chloroethanol (0.05, 0.65 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred for 8 h at RT. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated brine solution. The combined ethyl acetate

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layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (0.09 g, 34%).

Example 116

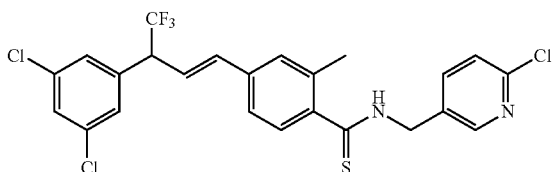
Preparation of (E)-2-(2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamido)acetic acid (AI78)



To a stirred solution of (E)-tert-butyl 2-(2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamido)acetate (440 mg, 0.734 mmol) in DCM (36.0 ml), was added TFA (4.0 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain residue which was washed with n-pentane to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (310 mg, 78%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 13.0 (s, 1H), 8.75 (t, $J=5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.62 (d, $J=7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, $J=15.3, 9.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J=15.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.83 (m, 1H), 3.90 (d, $J=5.7$ Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 543.61 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3429, 1635, 1114, 772 cm^{-1} .

Example 117

Preparation of (E)-N-((6-Chloropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-methylbenzothioamide (AC115)



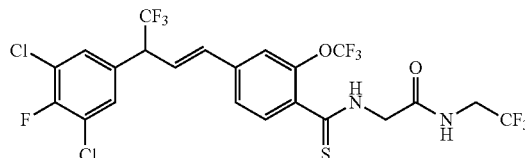
To the stirred solution of (E)-N-((6-chloropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-methylbenzamide (0.06 g, 0.117 mmol) in toluene (3 mL) was added Lawesson's reagent (0.14 g, 0.351 mmol) and the reaction was irradiated at 100°C . for 1 h, then cooled to RT and concentrated under reduced pressure to provide crude

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compound. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC to afford the product as yellow color solid (0.03 g, 49%).

Example 118

Preparation of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-N-(2-oxo-2-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)amino)ethyl)-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamide (AC116)



Step 1. 2-(Trifluoromethoxy)-4-vinylbenzoic acid (AI79)

To a stirred solution of 4-bromo-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoic acid (1 g, 3.67 mmol) in DMSO (20 mL) was added potassium vinyltrifluoroborate (1.47 g, 11.02 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.52 g, 11.02 mmol). The reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min Bistriphenylphosphine(diphenylphosphinoferrocene)palladium dichloride (0.13 g, 0.18 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated to 80°C . for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), extracted with ethyl acetate (2×50 mL), washed with brine, and dried over Na_2SO_4 . Concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude compound which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford the product as pale yellow gummy material (0.4 g, 47%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.05 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, $J=1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 6.78 (dd, $J=17.4, 11.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, $J=17.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.51 (d, $J=10.8$ Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 232.97 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Step 2. (E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoic acid (AI80)

To a stirred solution of 2-(trifluoromethoxy)-4-vinylbenzoic acid (0.356 g, 1.53 mmol) in 1N methyl pyrrolidine (5.0 mL) was added 1-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-dichloro 4-fluorobenzene (1.0 g, 3.07 mmol), copper(I) chloride (CuCl ; 0.03 g, 0.307 mmol) and 2,2 bipyridyl (0.095 g, 0.614 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 150°C . for 1 h. After the reaction was complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2×50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude compound which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford the product as pale yellow gummy material (0.3 g, 21%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.08 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J=1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (s, 3H), 6.63 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J=16.0, 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 474.81 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Step 3. (E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-N-(2-oxo-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethylamino)ethyl)-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamide (AC116)

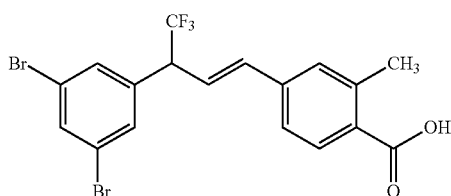
A mixture of (E)-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoic acid

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(0.25 g, 0.52 mmol), 2-amino-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)acetamide (0.158 g, 0.62 mmol), PyBOP (0.40 g, 0.78 mmol) and DIPEA (0.134 g, 1.04 mmol) in DCM (10.0 mL) were stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with DCM. The combined DCM layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 20% ethyl acetate/pet ether) afforded the title compound as a pale yellow gummy material (0.15 g, 47%).

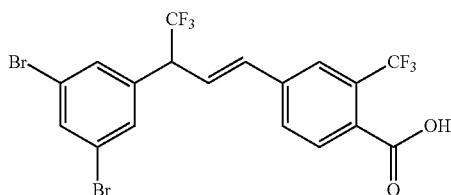
The following molecules were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 118, Step 2:

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dibromophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-methylbenzoic acid



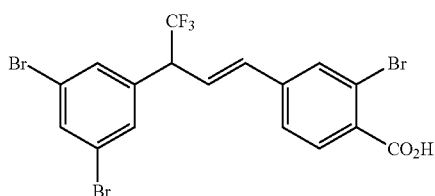
The title molecule was isolated as a brown solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.90 (bs, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.78-7.75 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.41 (m, 2H), 6.89 (dd, J=15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.80-4.75 (m, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 474.90 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3437, 1689, 1165, 579 cm⁻¹.

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dibromophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown solid: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.5 (bs, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.85 (m, 4H), 7.81 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J=15.6, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.79 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 528.82 ([M-H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3437, 1707, 1153, 555 cm⁻¹.

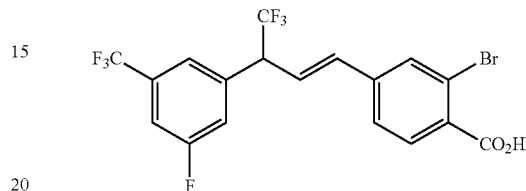
(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dibromophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



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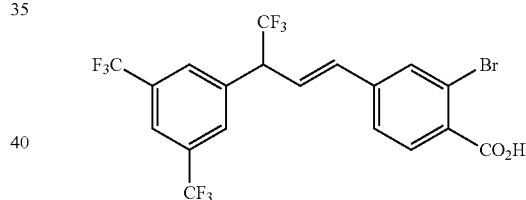
The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.90 (bs, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 2H), 7.74 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.80-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 538.74 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3424, 1695, 1168, 578 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



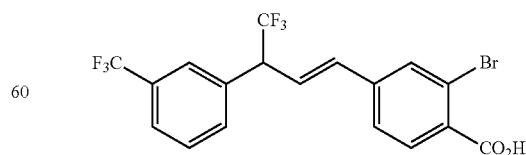
The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.3 (bs, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.82-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.72-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.59 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J=15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.94-4.90 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 469.02 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3444, 1704, 1172, 513 cm⁻¹.

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-bromobenzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 2H), 7.73 (d, J=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 1H), 6.62 (d, J=16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.40-4.30 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 518.94 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3447, 1705, 1171, 526 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid

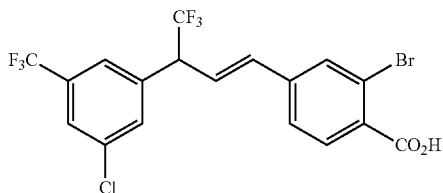


The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.50 (bs, 1H), 7.97-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.78-7.61 (m, 4H), 7.08 (dd, J=15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d,

89

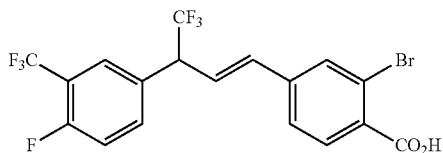
J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.97-4.84 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 518.94 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3447, 1705, 1171, 526 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



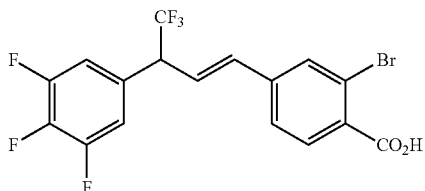
The title molecule was isolated as a pale yellow gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.9 (s, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.96-7.91 (m, 3H), 7.72 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J=15.9, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.98-4.91 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 484.94 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3444, 1705, 1171, 764 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.61-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J=16.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, J=16.5 Hz, 1H), 4.26-4.21 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 469.0 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3444, 1699, 1327 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid

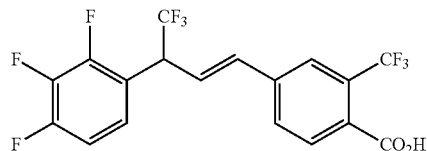


The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.60 (bs, 1H), 7.97 (s, 2H), 7.72 (d,

90

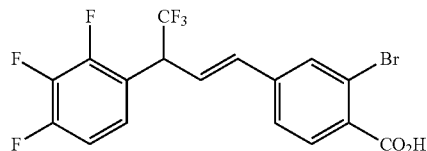
J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.04 (dd, J=15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.11 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 438.8 ([M+H]⁺).

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(2,3,4-trifluorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



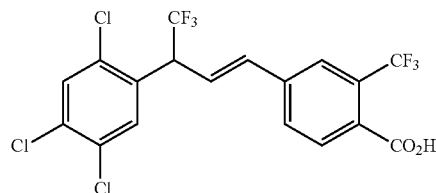
The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.01 (m, 1H), 5.10-4.90 (m, 1H).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(2,3,4-trifluorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum and the crude acid was taken on directly to the next step: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.65 (bs, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.75 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.50 (dd, J=15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.74 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 436.92 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3445, 1641, 1116 cm⁻¹.

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid

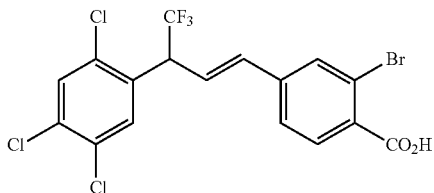


The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.6 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.83 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.03 (m, 2H),

91

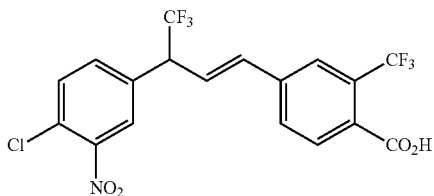
5.16-5.05 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 476.9 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3436, 1651, 1116, 661 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



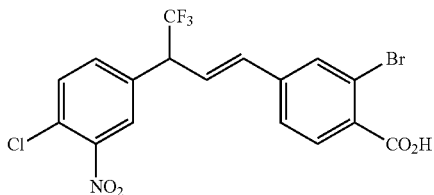
The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.4 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, $J=10.2$ Hz, 3H), 7.76 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, $J=7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.09-6.91 (m, 2H), 5.11-5.05 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 486.8 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3436, 1651, 1115, 737 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(4-Chloro-3-nitrophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum and the crude acid was taken on directly to the next step: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 13.80 (bs, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.81 (m, 5H), 7.75-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, $J=15.9$, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.02-4.81 (m, 1H).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid

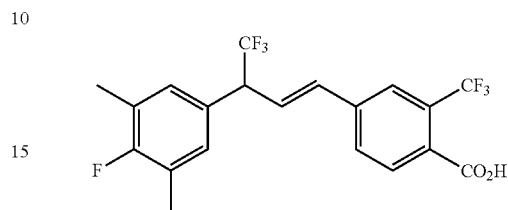


The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) 13.50 (bs, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.00-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.75-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.03 (dd,

92

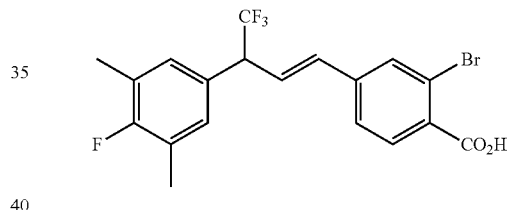
$J=15.9$, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.04-4.91 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 462.16 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3428, 1697, 1113, 749 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(4-fluoro-3,5-dimethylphenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



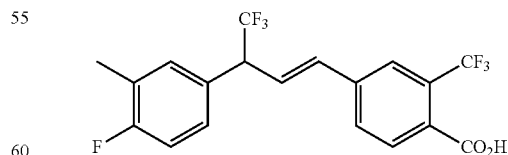
The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, $J=6.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.96 (dd, $J=15.6$, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.68-4.56 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 6H); ESIMS m/z 419.03 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3445, 2928, 1713, 1146 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(4-fluoro-3,5-dimethylphenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, $J=7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.26 (d, $J=6.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.93 (dd, $J=15.9$, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.59-4.53 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 6H); ESIMS m/z 428.97 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3473, 1701, 1111, 581 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid

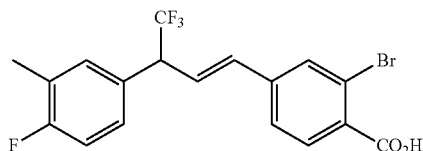


The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.58 (bs, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 1H), 7.04 (dd, $J=15.9$, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.70-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.04-

93

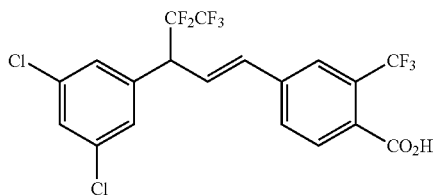
3.99 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 405.05 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3437, 1710, 1145 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



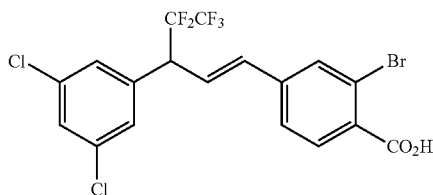
The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.39 (bs, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.18 (t, $J=9.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, $J=15.6$, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.67-4.61 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 415.0 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3435, 2989, 1700, 1260 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,5,5,5-pentafluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown semi solid: 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.70 (bs, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 ($J=1.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, $J=3.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, $J=15.6$, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 491.0 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3446, 1712, 1141, 749 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,5,5,5-pentafluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid

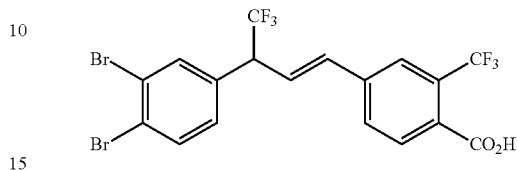


The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 2H), 7.65-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d,

94

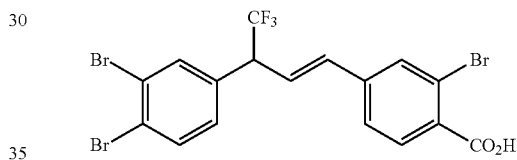
$J=16$ Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.80 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 500.8 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3422, 1683, 1184, 750, 575 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(3,4-Dibromophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



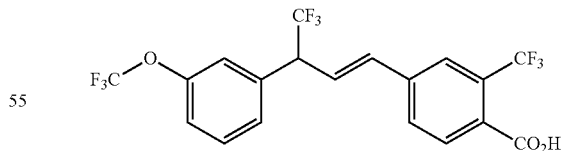
The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.5 (bs, 1H), 8.01-7.99 (m, 2H), 7.94-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.85-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.09 (dd, $J=15.6$, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 528.8 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3437, 1722, 1168 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,4-dibromophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.38 (bs, 1H), 7.98-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.84 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.01 (dd, $J=15.9$, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.76 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 538.8 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3446, 1699, 1166, 581 cm^{-1} .

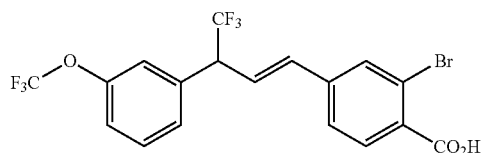
(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown semi solid: 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, $J=8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, $J=7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, $J=15.6$, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.82 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 456.98 ($[M-H]^-$); IR (thin film) 3413, 1668, 1161 cm^{-1} .

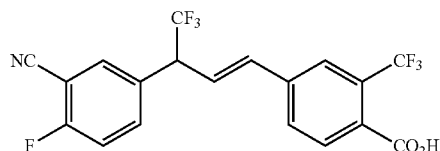
95

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



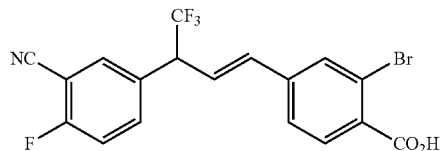
The title molecule was isolated as a brown solid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.59 (m, 3H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J=7.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.88 (dd, $J=15.6$, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.82 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 466.93 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3437, 1703, 1111 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(3-Cyano-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



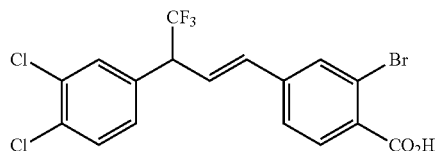
The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.60 (bs, 1H), 8.21-8.19 (m, 1H), 8.01-7.91 (m, 3H), 7.81 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.12 (dd, $J=15.9$, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.92-4.86 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 416.27 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3429, 2238, 1713, 1116 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3-cyano-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.56 (bs, 1H), 8.21-8.18 (m, 1H), 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.03 (dd, $J=15.9$, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, $J=15.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.87-4.84 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 426.0 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid

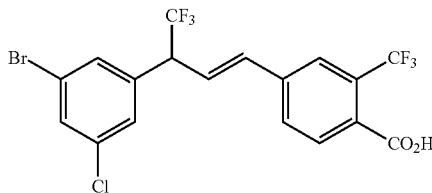


The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.4 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, $J=1.2$ Hz, 1H),

96

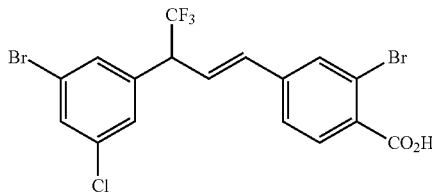
7.88 (d, $J=1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.63 (dd, $J=8.1$, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, $J=8.4$, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, $J=15.9$, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, $J=5.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 451.0 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3445, 1704, 1113, 740 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(3-Bromo-5-chlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



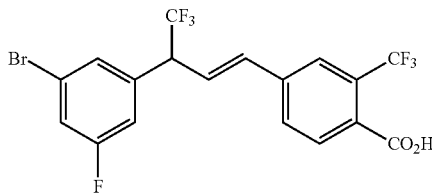
The title molecule was isolated as a brown solid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.50 (bs, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.86-7.64 (m, 5H), 7.06 (dd, $J=15.9$, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 485.17 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3438, 1708, 1114, 774, 516 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3-bromo-5-chlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.38 (bs, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.72 (m, 4H), 7.64-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, $J=15.9$, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.88-4.80 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 495.05 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3436, 1699, 1116, 750, 531 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(3-Bromo-5-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid

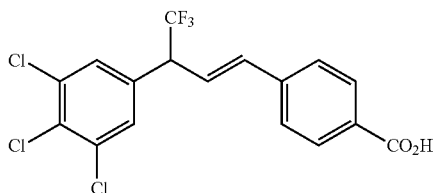


The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.6 (bs, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.91-7.89 (m, 1H), 7.81 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J=9.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, $J=15.9$, 9.0 Hz, 1H),

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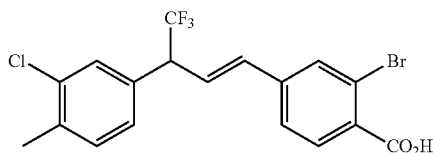
6.91 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.87-4.80 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 469.07 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3428, 1712, 1171, 523 cm⁻¹.

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



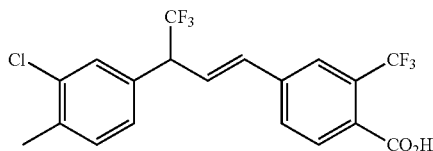
The title molecule was isolated as a yellow solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18-8.03 (m, 2H), 7.49 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.66 (d, J=15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J=15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (p, J=8.6 Hz, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -68.65; ESIMS m/z 409.1 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.30 (bs, 1H), 7.93 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J=1.5, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J=15.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.73-4.61 (m, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 431.77 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3435, 1701, 1111, 750 cm⁻¹.

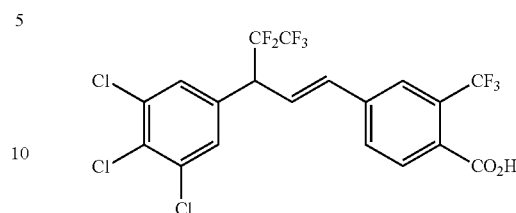
(E)-4-(3-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.50 (bs, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=15.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.72-4.66 (m, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 421.82 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3460, 2926, 1712, 1170, 750 cm⁻¹.

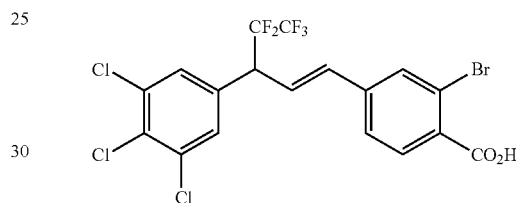
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(E)-4-(4,4,5,5,5-Pentafluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)pent-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



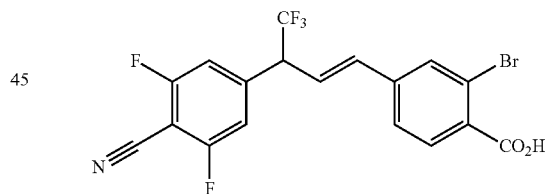
The title molecule was isolated as a dark brown gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.6 (bs, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.81 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=15.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.95-4.88 (m, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ -80.35, -58.02; ESIMS m/z 526.8 ([M+H]⁺).

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)pent-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



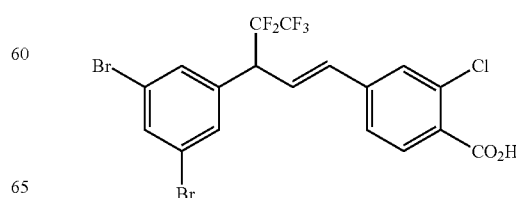
The title molecule was isolated as a dark brown gum: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.6 (bs, 1H), 7.94 (s, 2H), 7.78 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=15.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 538.9 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3420, 1602, 1123, 746 cm⁻¹.

(E)-2-Bromo-4-(3-(4-cyano-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ESIMS m/z 443.91 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3447, 2244, 1703, 1114 cm⁻¹.

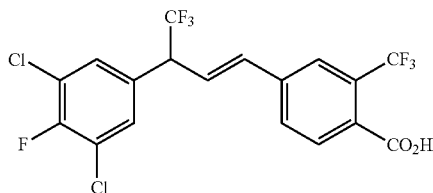
(E)-2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dibromophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



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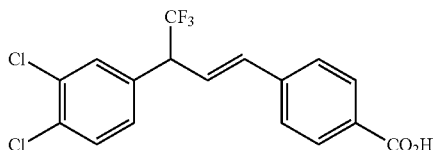
The title molecule was isolated as a brown liquid: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.39 (bs, 1H), 7.95-7.70 (m, 5H), 7.61 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, $J=15.6, 9.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.78 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 496.77 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3439, 2920, 1707, 1165 cm^{-1} .

(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



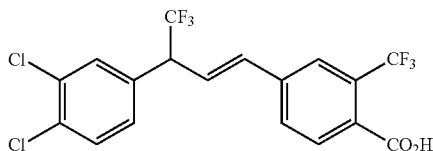
The title molecule was isolated as an off white solid: mp 140-143° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 13.60 (bs, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.81-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.12 (dd, $J=15.6, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.81 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 458.88 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

(E)-4-(3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a light orange crystalline solid (875 mg, 88%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.35 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.41 (m, 4H), 7.24 (dd, $J=8.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, $J=15.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, $J=15.9, 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.15 (p, $J=8.7$ Hz, 1H); ^{19}F NMR 376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -68.75; ESIMS m/z 375 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

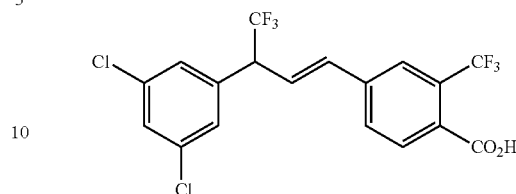
(E)-4-(3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.6 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.80 (d, $J=7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.58 (dd, $J=8.4, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, $J=15.6, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.81 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 441.0 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3447, 1710, 1169, 749 cm^{-1} .

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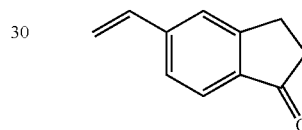
(E)-4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid



The title molecule was isolated as a brown gum: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.6 (bs, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, $J=7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.75-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.10 (dd, $J=15.6, 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J=15.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.80 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 441.1 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 3460, 2928, 1721, 1170, 764 cm^{-1} .

Example 20

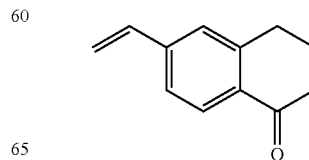
Preparation of 5-Vinyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (BI1)



To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (5 g, 23.7 mmol) in toluene were added vinylboronic anhydride pyridine complex (8.55 g, 35.54 mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (0.1 g, 0.094 mmol), K_2CO_3 (22.88 g, 165.83 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with EtOAc and washed with H_2O and brine. The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 5% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (1.8 g, 48%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.74 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.49 (br s, 1H), 7.44 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.82 (m, 1H), 5.90 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.20 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 159.06 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 20.

6-Vinyl-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one (BI2)

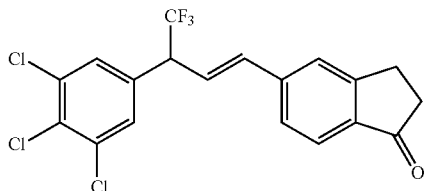


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The product was isolated as an off-white solid (5 g, 48%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.85 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.02 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.44 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.00 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 173.14 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 1681 cm^{-1} .

Example 21

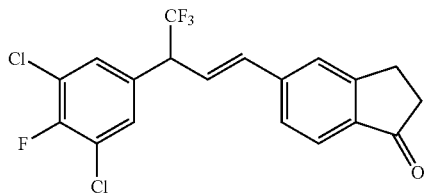
Preparation of (E)-5-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (BI3)



5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (4 g, 11.7 mmol), 5-vinyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (0.92 g, 5.8 mmol), CuCl (0.115 g, 1.171 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.053 g, 0.34 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (25 mL) were heated at 180° C. for 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25° C. and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 5% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a liquid (1.28 g, 25%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 3H), 6.68 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.52 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.75 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 419.14 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1708.94, 1113.60, 807.77 cm^{-1} .

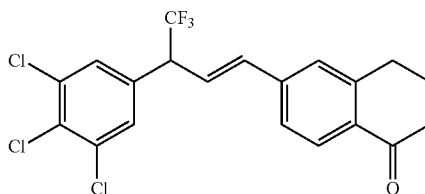
The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 21.

(E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (BI4)



The product was isolated as a brown semi-solid (1.2 g, 16%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 (m, 3H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 6.68 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.52 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.75 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 400.84 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 815, 1113, 1709 cm^{-1} .

(E)-6-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one (BI5)

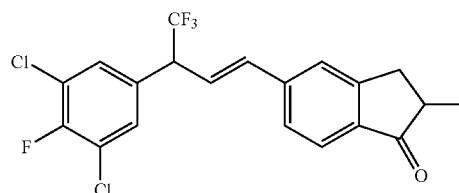


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The product was isolated as a pale yellow semi solid (1.2 g, 30%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.20 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.62 (d, $J=16$ Hz, 1H), 6.46 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 2.65 (m, 2H), 2.19 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 432.94 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 1680, 1113, 808 cm^{-1} .

Example 22

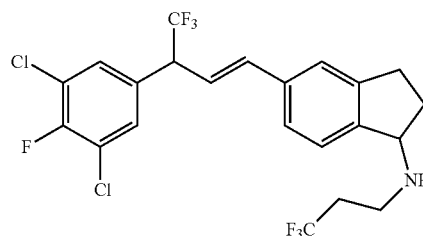
Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (BI6)



To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (0.5 g, 1.24 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 mL), was added Selectfluor® (0.52 g, 1.48 mmol) and the reaction was heated to reflux temperature for 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, concentrated under reduced pressure and diluted with DCM. The solution was washed with water and brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a pale yellow semi solid (0.1 g, 24%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.80 (m, 1H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 6.65 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, $J=16.0$, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.62 (m, 1H), 3.32 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 419.06 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 1728, 1114, 817 cm^{-1} .

Example 23

Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-N-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-amine (BC10)



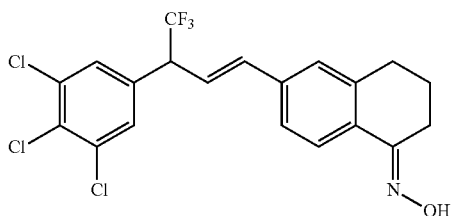
To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (0.15 g, 0.35 mmol) in DCE (10 mL), was added trifluoropropyl amine (0.048 g, 0.42 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (0.055 g, 0.875 mmol) in cooling and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCE, was washed with

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water and brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. Concentration under reduced pressure gave the crude compound, which was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 10-15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a colorless gummy material (0.042 g, 24%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.62 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 497.98 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3027, 1654, 815 cm⁻¹.

Example 24

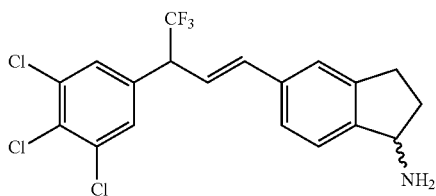
Preparation of 6-((E)-4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one oxime (BI5a)



To a stirred solution of ((E)-6-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one (0.4 g, 0.92 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) were added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.128 g, 1.85 mmol) and sodium acetate (0.23 g, 2.77 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 3 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude compound, which was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 10-15% EtOAc in petroleum ether). The title compound was isolated as a solid (0.3 g, 73%): mp 155-158° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=16 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 4H), 2.04 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 445.95 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 25

Preparation of (E)-5-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-amine (BI5b)



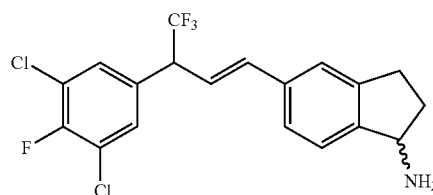
To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (1 g, 2.39 mmol) in CH₃OH (10 mL) were added ammonium

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acetate (1.84 g, 23.9 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (NaCNBH₃; 0.44 g, 7.17 mmol,) and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 16 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (satd aq NaHCO₃) solution, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a liquid (500 mg, crude): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.85 (s, 2H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 6.71 (s, 2H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.2 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.73 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 419.02 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2924, 1552, 1112, 807 cm⁻¹.

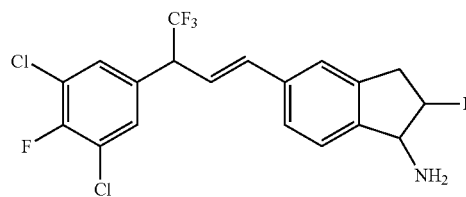
The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 25.

(E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-amine (BP)



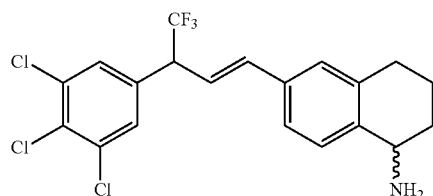
The product was isolated as a light brown gummy material, taken as such to the next step (0.15 g, crude compound): ESIMS m/z 401.97 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-amine (BI8)



The product was isolated as a light brown gummy material, taken as such to the next step (0.15 g, crude compound): ESIMS m/z 420.15 ([M-H]⁻).

(E)-6-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-amine (BI9)

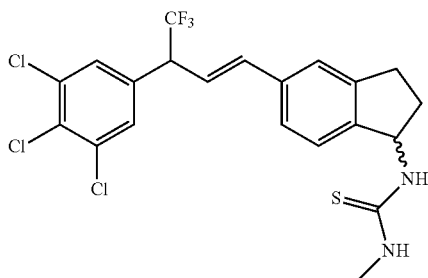


The product was isolated as a pale yellow liquid (500 mg crude).

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Example 26

Preparation of (E)-1-Methyl-3-(5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)-but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl)thiourea (BC1)

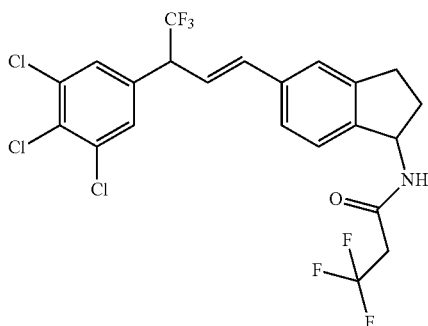


To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-amine (0.1 g, 0.23 mmol) in Et₂O (5 mL) was added methylisothiocyanate (0.026 g, 0.35 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 2 h at 25° C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 20% EtOAc in petroleum ether). The title compound was isolated as a liquid (65 mg, 50%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.58 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, J=16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.91-5.70 (br, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.05-2.80 (m, 6H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 492.17 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3211, 1569, 1113, 806 cm⁻¹.

Compounds BC2-BC3 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 26.

Example 27

Preparation of (E)-3,3,3-Trifluoro-N-(5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl)propanamide (BC4)



To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-amine (0.1 g, 0.23 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) were added trifluoropropionic acid (0.044 g, 0.34 mmol), EDC.HCl (0.038 g, 0.35 mmol), HOBT.H₂O (0.07 g, 0.46 mmol) and DIEA (0.074 g, 0.57 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at 25° C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with H₂O. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated

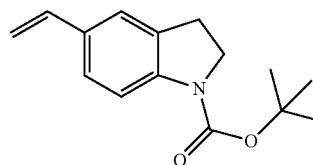
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under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a liquid (65 mg, 65%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.34 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (br, 1H), 5.48 (m, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.86-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.86 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 529.02 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3283, 1652, 1241, 811 cm⁻¹.

Compounds BC5-BC9, BC11 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 27.

Example 28

Preparation of tert-Butyl 5-vinylindoline-1-carboxylate (BI10)



Step 1. 5-Bromo-indoline (BI11)

To 5-Bromo-1H-indole (2.5 g, 12.82 mmol) in acetic acid (10.0 mL), NaCNBH₃ (2.38 g, 38.46 mmol) was added portion wise at 10° C. over the period of 20 min. After that the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with diethyl ether. The organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO₃, water and brine solution. The combined ether layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford title compound as a pale yellow semi-solid (1.8 g, 71%).

Step 2. tert-Butyl-5-bromoindoline-1-carboxylate (BI12)

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-indoline (3.0 g, 15 mmol) in acetonitrile (100 mL), was added DMAP (0.185 g, 1.522 mmol) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (3.98 g, 18.3 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated on reduced pressure to obtain a residue which was diluted with diethyl ether and washed with water and brine solution (2x). The combined ether layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product as an off-white solid, which was used in the next step without further purification (3.0 g).

Step 3. tert-Butyl-5-vinylindoline-1-carboxylate (BI10)

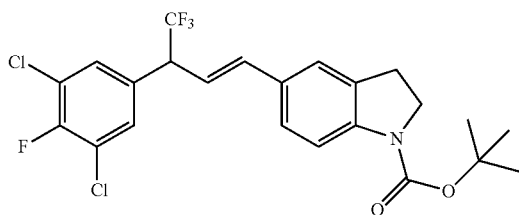
A stirred solution of tert-butyl-5-bromoindoline-1-carboxylate (2.0 g, 6.73 mmol), potassium vinyl trifluoroborate (2.6 g, 20.20 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (2.78 g, 20.2 mmol) in DMSO (50.0 mL) was degassed with argon for 20 min at RT. PdCl₂(dppf) (0.49 g, 0.67 mmol) was added at RT, then the reaction mixture was heated to 100° C. for 3 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered through a celite bed under vacuum and washed with diethyl ether. The reaction mixture was extracted with diethyl ether. The combined

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diethyl ether layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude product. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; eluting with 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (1.2 g, 73%): Mp 85.5-88.6° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 (m, 3H), 6.69 (dd, $J=17.4$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.00 (t, $J=9.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.10 (t, $J=9.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.55 (bs, 9H).

Example 29

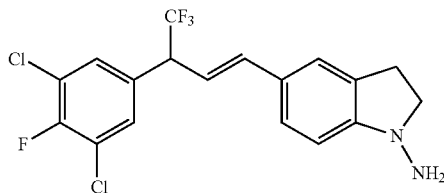
Preparation of (E)-tert-Butyl 5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indoline-1-carboxylate (BI13)



To a stirred solution of tert-butyl-5-vinylindoline-1-carboxylate (1.28 g, 5.23 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (10.0 mL), was added 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3-dichloro-2-fluorobenzene (3.4 g, 10 mmol), CuCl (103 mg, 1.05 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.326 g, 2.092 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and heated to 150° C. for 1 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a pale yellow gummy solid (0.3 g, 61%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 (d, $J=6.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.22 (s, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dd, $J=16.0$, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (m, 3H), 3.10 (t, $J=8.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.55 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 433.79 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 1168, 858 cm^{-1} .

Example 30

Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indolin-1-amine (BI14)



Step 1. (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indoline (BI15)

To a stirred solution of (E)-tert-butyl-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indoline-1-carboxy-

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late (0.2 g, 0.4 mmol) in DCM (10.0 mL) was added TFA (0.6 mL) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 2 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, washed with saturated aq NaHCO_3 , water and brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product as a light brown gummy material which was used in the next step without further purification (0.12 g): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dd, $J=15.6$, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.61 (t, $J=8.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.05 (t, $J=8.4$ Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 389.89 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3385, 1112, 816 cm^{-1} .

Step 2. 5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-nitrosoindoline (BI16)

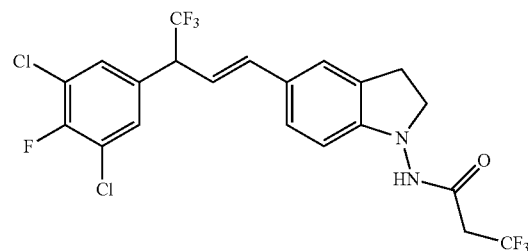
To (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indoline (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in concentrated HCl (5.0 mL) at 5° C., was added slowly NaNO_2 in water and the reaction was allowed to stir at RT for 2 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, and the DCM layer washed with water and brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product as a pale yellow solid that was used in the next step without further purification (0.2 g): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 (m, 4H), 6.61 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, $J=16.0$, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (m, 3H), 3.23 (t, $J=8.4$ Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 418.82 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1488, 1112, 860 cm^{-1} .

Step 3. (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indolin-1-amine (BI14)

To (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-nitrosoindoline (0.1 g, 0.2 mmol) in methanol (10.0 mL) was added zinc powder (77.5 mg) and NH_4Cl (36.9 mg, 0.69 mmol) in water (2.0 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and the DCM layer was washed with water and brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound, which was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; eluting with 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a light brown gummy material (0.08 g): ESIMS m/z 404.86 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Example 31

Preparation of (E)-N-(5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indolin-1-yl)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanamide (BC12)

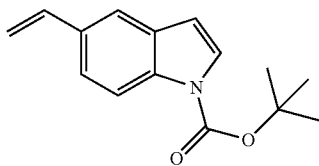


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To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)indoline-1-amine (0.1 g, 0.247 mmol) in DCM (10.0 ml) was added 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid (0.038 g, 0.297 mmol), PyBOP (0.192 g, 0.370 mmol) and DIEA (0.047 g, 0.370 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, and the separated DCM layer dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 20-25% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a light brown gummy material (0.12 g, 33%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.32, (d, $J=6.0$ Hz, 2H) 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J=8.0$, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J=8.8$, 1H), 6.70 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.46 (m, 2H), 3.19 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 514.86 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 3428, 1112, 857 cm^{-1} .

Example 32

Preparation of
tert-Butyl-5-vinyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (BI17)



Step 1. 5-Vinyl-1H-indole (BI18)

A mixture of 5-bromo-1H-indole (2.5 g, 12.82 mmol), potassium vinyltrifluoroborate (2.57 g, 19.2 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (12.53 g, 38.46 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (201 mg, 0.769 mmol) in THF/water (9:1, 75 ml) was degassed with argon for 20 min, then charged with PdCl_2 (45.3 mg, 0.256 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 16 h, then cooled to RT, filtered through celite bed and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was again extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic layer washed with water and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a light brown gummy material (1.5 g, 83%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.20 (br, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.90 (dd, $J=16.0$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (m, 1H), 5.75 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 142.05 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Step 2. tert-Butyl-5-vinyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (BI17)

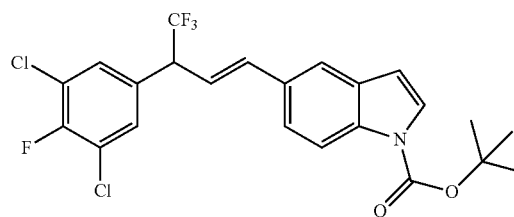
To a stirred solution of 5-vinyl-1H-indole (0.7 g, 4.89 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was added DMAP (59.65 mg, 0.489 mmol) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.38 g, 6.36 mmol), and the reaction was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue which was diluted with DCM and washed with water and brine solution. The combined DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound. The crude compound was

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purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as an off-white semi-solid (0.7 g, 59%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.15 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 2H), 7.30 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.90 (dd, $J=16.0$, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 5.75 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.65 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 242.10 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 1630 cm^{-1} .

Example 33

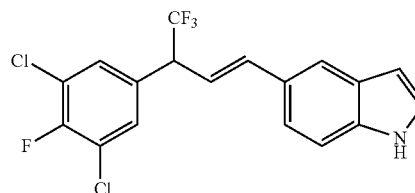
Preparation of (E)-tert-Butyl 5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (BI19)



To a stirred solution of tert-butyl 5-vinyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (0.65 g, 2.67 mmol), in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (10.0 mL) was added 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3-dichloro-2-fluorobenzene (1.74 g, 5.37 mmol), CuCl (53 mg, 0.537 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (167 mg, 1.07 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and heated to 150° C. for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered, and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 2% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a light brown gummy material (0.25 g, 10%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.20 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 6.69 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, $J=16.0$, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 485.91 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 1165, 854 cm^{-1} .

Example 34

Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indole (BI20)



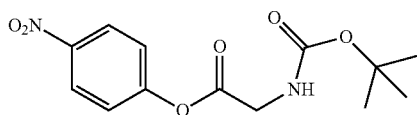
To a stirred solution of (E)-tert-butyl 5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (0.2 g, 0.40 mmol) in DCM (10.0 mL) was added TFA (70 mg, 0.61 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 2 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with saturated NaHCO_3 solution, water and brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title

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compound as a light brown solid (0.2 g, 97%); mp 132.9-138.8° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.19 (br, 1H), 8.20 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 6.69 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 387.98 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 35

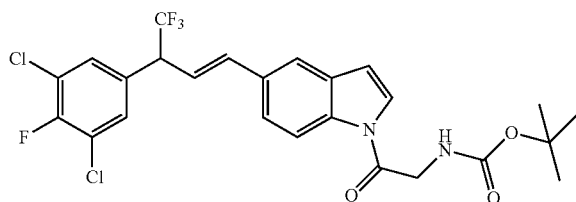
Preparation of 4-Nitrophenyl
2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)acetate (BI21)



To a stirred solution of 4-nitrophenol (1.0 g, 7.19 mmol) in DCM (20.0 mL) was added N-Boc glycine (1.38 g, 7.91 mmol) and EDC HCl (2.05 g, 10.785 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 24 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with water and saturated brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a light brown gummy material that was used in the next step without further purification (1.1 g): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (br, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 296.27 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 36

Preparation of (E)-tert-Butyl(2-(5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indol-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate (BI22)

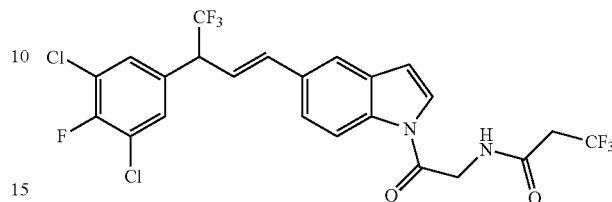


To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indole (0.1 g, 0.258 mmol) in acetonitrile (5.0 mL) was added 4-nitrophenyl 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)acetate (0.114 g, 0.387 mmol), potassium fluoride (0.03 g, 0.516 mmol), 18-crown-6-ether (0.075 g, 0.283 mmol) and DIEA (0.0332 g, 0.258 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to obtain a residue which was diluted with DCM and washed with water and brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude title compound as a light brown gummy material which was used in the next step without further purification (0.1 g): ESIMS m/z 545.23 ([M+H]⁺).

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Example 37

Preparation of (E)-N-(2-(5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indol-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanamide (BC13)



Step 1. (E)-2-amino-1-(5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indol-1-yl)ethanone (BI23)

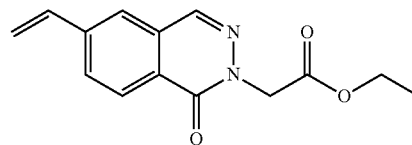
To a stirred solution of (E)-tert-butyl 2-(5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indol-1-yl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.05 g, 0.09 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL) was added TFA (0.01 mL) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution, water and brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude title compound which was used in the next step without further purification (50 mg).

Step 2. (E)-N-(2-(5-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indol-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanamide (BC13)

To a stirred solution of (E)-2-amino-1-(5-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indol-1-yl)ethanone (0.04 g, 0.09 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL) was added 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid (17.5 mg, 0.136 mmol), PyBOP (70 mg, 0.135 mmol) and DIEA (29 mg, 0.225 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM, and the DCM layer was washed with water and saturated brine solution. The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound, which was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 10% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (30 mg, 60%): mp 121-126° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (br, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.45 (m, 4H), 6.72 (d, J=3.6 Hz, 3H), 6.39 (m, 1H), 4.71 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.28 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 553.06 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 38

Preparation of Ethyl 2-(1-oxo-6-vinylphthalazin-2(1H)-yl)acetate (BI24)



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Step 1. 5-Bromo-3-hydroxyisoindoline-1-one (BI25)

A mixture of Zn powder (1.73 g, 26.154 mmol), copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate (0.02 g, 0.08 mmol) and 2M aq NaOH (27 mL) were cooled to 0° C. 5-Bromoisoindoline-1,3-dione (5 g, 22 mmol) was added at the same temperature over the period of 30 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 30 min and 3 h at RT. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was neutralized with concentrated HCl. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethanol and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude title compound as a brown solid, which was used in the next step without further purification (1.3 g): mp 258-261° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.03 (br, 1H), 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.69 (m, 1H), 6.44 (m, 1H), 5.88 (d, J=9.3 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 225.83 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1684, 3246, 606 cm⁻¹.

Step 2. 6-Bromophthalazine-1(2H)-one (BI26)

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-hydroxyisoindoline-1-one (1.0 g, 4.40 mmol) in water, was added hydrazine hydrate (0.45 g, 8.80 mmol) and heated to 95° C. for 5 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT, filtered and washed with diethyl ether and pentane (1:1) to afford the title compound as a white solid that was used in the next step without further purification (0.5 g): ESIMS m/z 225.15 ([M+H]⁺).

Step 3. 6-Vinylphthalazine-1(2H)-one (BI27)

A solution of 6-bromophthalazine-1(2H)-one (0.25 g, 1.11 mmol), potassium vinyl trifluoroborate (0.446 g, 3.33 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.46 g, 3.33 mmol) in DMSO (2 mL) was degassed with argon for 20 min at RT. PdCl₂(dppf) (0.04 g, 0.055 mmol) was added at RT, and the reaction mixture was heated to 80° C. for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered through celite bed under vacuum and washed with ethyl acetate. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined ethyl acetate layer dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude product. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 50% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (0.12 g, 63%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.61 (br, 1H), 8.33 (m, 1H), 8.19 (m, 1H), 8.01 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.15 (m, 1H), 5.56 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 172.93 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1748, 1655, 3241 cm⁻¹.

Step 4. Ethyl-2-(1-oxo-6-vinylphthalazine-2(1H)-yl)acetate (BI24)

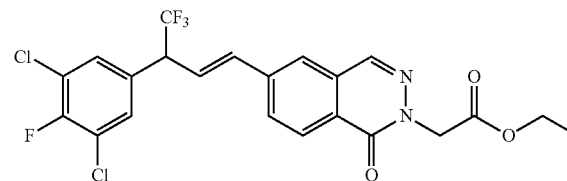
To a stirred solution of 6-vinylphthalazine-1(2H)-one (0.5 g, 2.90 mmol) in DMF (5.0 mL) was added Cs₂CO₃ (0.94 g, 2.90 mmol) and the reaction was stirred for 10 min. Ethyl bromoacetate (0.48 g, 2.90 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture at RT and the reaction was stirred for 8 h at RT. The reaction mixture was diluted and extracted with ethyl acetate, and the ethyl acetate layer was washed with water and brine solution (2×). The separated ethyl acetate layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude product. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 25% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (0.34 g, 45%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.45 (m, 1H), 8.24 (m, 1H), 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.17

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(d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 4.19 (m, 2H), 1.23 (m, 3H). ESIMS m/z 259.10 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1750, 1660 cm⁻¹.

Example 39

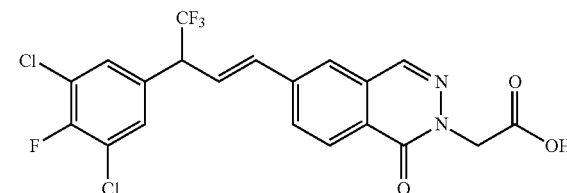
Preparation of (E)-Ethyl 2-(6-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-oxophthalazin-2(1H)-yl)acetate (BI28)



To a stirred solution of ethyl-2-(1-oxo-6-vinylphthalazine-2(1H)-yl)acetate (0.07 g, 0.27 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (1.0 mL) was added 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3-dichloro-2fluorobenzene (0.17 g, 0.54 mmol), CuCl (0.005 g, 0.05 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.016 g, 0.10 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and heated to 180° C. for 12 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 10-15% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (40 mg, 29%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.40 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 4.29 (m, 3H), 1.31 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 503.0 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1660, 1114, 817 cm⁻¹.

Example 40

Preparation of (E)-2-(6-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-oxophthalazin-2(1H)-yl)acetic acid (BI29)



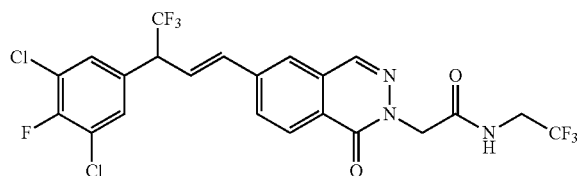
A solution of (E)-ethyl-2-(6-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-oxophthalazin-2(1H)-yl)acetate (0.04 g, 0.07 mmol) in HCl (0.5 mL) and acetic acid (0.5 mL) was heated to 100° C. for 3 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with water. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate and the separated ethyl acetate layer dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound. The crude compound was triturated with diethyl ether-pentane mixture to afford the title compound as a brown solid (0.03 g): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 13.0 (br s, 1H), 8.43 (m, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H),

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8.14 (m, 2H), 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (m, 3H); ESIMS m/z 473.0 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1629, 1168, 817 cm⁻¹.

Example 41

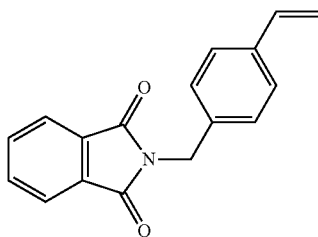
Preparation of (E)-2-(6-(3-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-oxophthalazin-2(1H)-yl)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)acetamide (BC14)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(6-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-1-oxophthalazin-2(1H)-yl)acetic acid (0.15 g, 0.31 mmol) in DCM (20.0 ml) was added 2,2,2-trifluoroethanamine (0.03 g, 0.31 mmol), PyBOP (0.17 g, 0.34 mmol) and DIEA (0.15 ml, 0.93 mmol) at RT, and the reaction was stirred for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with 3N HCl (2×20 mL), NaHCO₃ (2×20 mL) and brine solution (2×). The separated DCM layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 20-25% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (0.11 g); mp 172-175° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.83 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (t, J=14.7 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.01-6.93 (m, 1H), 4.96-4.81 (m, 3H), 4.00-3.88 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 554.0 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 42

Preparation of 2-(4-Vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CH)



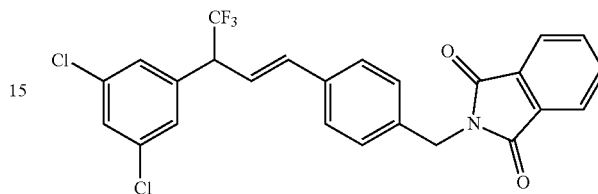
To a stirred solution of 1-(chloromethyl)-4-vinylbenzene (10 g, 66 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) was added potassium phthalimide (13.3 g, 72.1 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 70° C. for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O and extracted with CHCl₃. The combined CHCl₃ layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Recrystallization from CH₃OH afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (8 g, 46%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 4H), 6.65 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H),

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5.72 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H); GCMS m/z 263.2 ([M]⁺); IR (thin film) 3420, 1133, 718 cm⁻¹.

Example 43

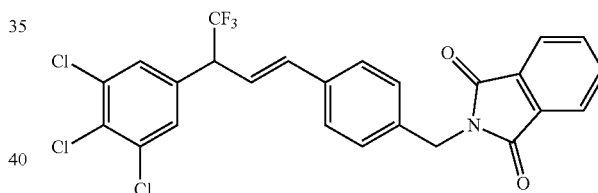
Preparation of (E)-2-(4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CU)



Using the procedure of Example 10 with 2-(4-vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione and 1-(1-bromoethyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene as the starting materials, the title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.3 g, 40-50%); mp 142-145° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.58 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 488.17 ([M-H]⁻).

The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 43.

(E)-2-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI3)

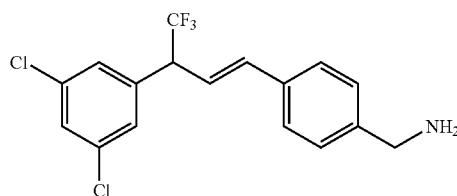


The title compound was isolated as an off white solid (0.3 g, 56%); mp 145-146° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 6H), 6.58 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 522.2 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1716, 1110, 712 cm⁻¹.

Prophetically, compounds CI4-CI5 (Table 1) could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 43.

Example 44

Preparation of (E)-(4-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenylmethanamine (CI6)

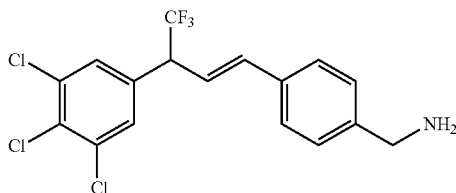


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To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-isoindoline-1,3-dione (1.2 g, 2.45 mmol) in EtOH was added hydrazine hydrate (0.61 g, 12 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 90° C. for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude title compound as a gummy liquid (0.9 g) which was used without further purification.

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 44.

(E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenylmethanamine (CI7)

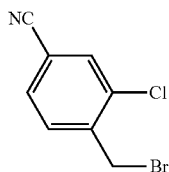


The title compound was isolated and used without further purification.

Prophetically, compounds CI8-CI9 (Table 1) could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 44.

Example 45

Preparation of
4-(Bromomethyl)-3-chlorobenzonitrile (CHO)

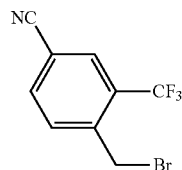


To a stirred solution of 3-chloro-4-methylbenzonitrile (5 g, 25.4 mmol) in carbon tetrachloride (CCl₄; 50 mL) under an argon atmosphere was added NBS (5.16 g, 29 mmol), and the mixture was degassed for 30 min. To this was added azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN; 0.3 g, 1.8 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 4 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, washed with H₂O, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined CH₂Cl₂ layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 5% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (4.8 g, 68%); mp 87-88° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 2H), 4.60 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 229.77 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2235, 752, 621 cm⁻¹.

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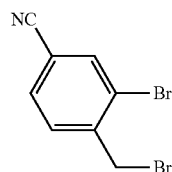
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 45.

4-(Bromomethyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzonitrile (CI11)



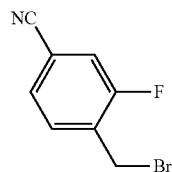
The title compound was isolated as an off-white gummy material (5 g, 66%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 262.11 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 2236, 1132, 617 cm⁻¹.

3-Bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzonitrile (CI12)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (5 g, 67%); mp 82-83° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 4.62 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 272.90; IR (thin film) 2229, 618 cm⁻¹.

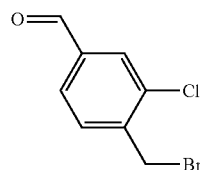
4-(Bromomethyl)-3-fluorobenzonitrile (CI13)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (2 g, 60%); mp 79-81° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (dd, J=8.0 Hz, 8.0, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J=5 Hz, 1H), 4.5 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 215.

Example 46

Preparation of
4-(Bromomethyl)-3-chlorobenzaldehyde (CI14)

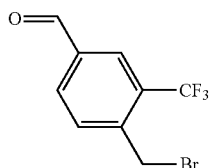


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To a stirred solution of 4-(bromomethyl)-3-chlorobenzonitrile (4.8 g, 17 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) at 0° C. was added dropwise diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL-H, 1.0 M solution in toluene; 23.9 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 1 h. 10 M HCl in H₂O (5 mL) was added until the reaction mixture turned to a white slurry and then additional 1 N HCl (20 mL) was added. The organic layer was collected and the aqueous layer was extracted with CHCl₃. The combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 5% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (3.8 g, 80%); mp 64-66° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.00 (s, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 232.78 ([M+H]⁺).

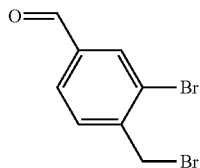
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 46.

4-(Bromomethyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde (CI15)



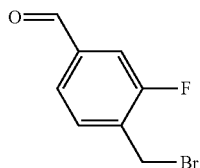
The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow low-melting solid (5 g, 60%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.09 (m, 1H), 7.81 (m, 1H), 4.61 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 265.04 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1709, 1126, 649 cm⁻¹.

3-Bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzaldehyde (CI16)



The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow solid (5 g, 62%); mp 94-95° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.96 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 275.90.

4-(Bromomethyl)-3-fluorobenzaldehyde (CI17)

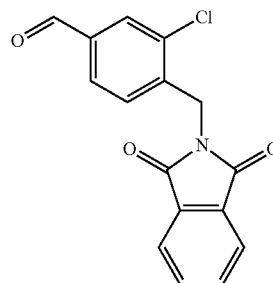


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The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (5 g, 61%); mp 43-45° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.1 (s, 1H), 7.54 (t, J=8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J=5 Hz, 1H), 4.5 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 216.

Example 47

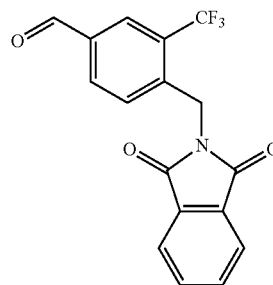
Preparation of 3-Chloro-4-((1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde (CI18)



To a stirred solution of 4-(bromomethyl)-3-chlorobenzaldehyde (3.8 g, 14 mmol) in DMF (40 mL) was added potassium phthalimide (3.54 g, 19.14 mmol), and the mixture was heated at 60° C. for 6 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and diluted with H₂O (100 mL). The solid obtained was separated by filtration and dried under vacuum to afford the title compound as a white solid (2.8 g, 60%); mp 123-126° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.95 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.91 (m, 3H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 298.03 ([M-H]⁻).

The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 47.

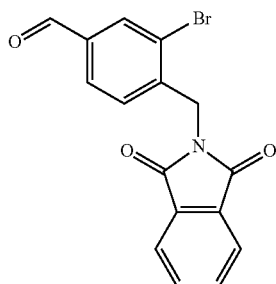
4-((1,3-Dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde (CI19)



The title compound was isolated as an off white solid (1 g, 62%); mp 142-143° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.27 (m, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 332.03 ([M-H]⁻).

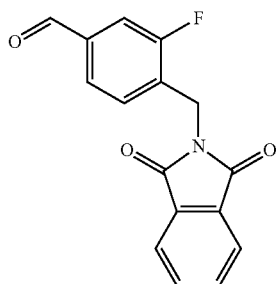
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3-Bromo-4-((1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde (CI20)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.5 g, 64%); mp 159-161° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.95 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.91 (m, 3H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 314.00 ([M-CHO]⁻).

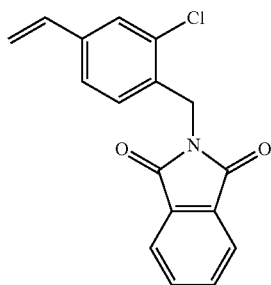
4-((1,3-Dioxoisindolin-2-yl)-3-fluorobenzaldehyde (CI21)



The title compound was isolated as a white solid (2 g, 60%); mp 154-156° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.95 (s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 2H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.6 (m, 2H), 7.5 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 283.1.

Example 48

Preparation of
2-(2-Chloro-4-vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI22)

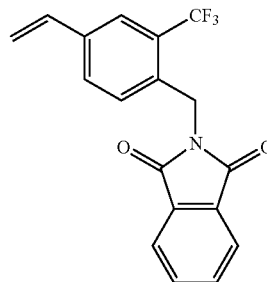


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To a stirred solution of 3-chloro-4-((1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde (2.8 g, 8.2 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (30 mL) were added K₂CO₃ (1.68 g, 12.24 mmol) and methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide (4.37 g, 12.24 mmol) at ambient temperature. Then the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 100° C. for 18 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the obtained filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 20% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (1.94 g, 70%); mp 141-143° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.71 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 298.10 ([M-H]⁻).

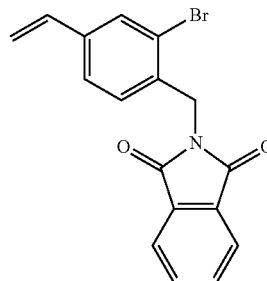
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 48.

2-(2-(Trifluoromethyl)-4-vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI23)



The title compound was isolated as a light brown solid (0.5 g, 60%); mp 134-135° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (m, 1H), 5.80 (d, J=17.8 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 332.10 ([M+H]⁺).

2-(2-Bromo-4-vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI24)

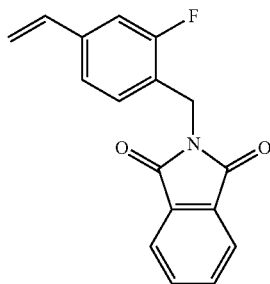


The title compound was isolated as an off white solid (0.5 g, 62%); mp 126-128° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.16 (d,

123

J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (m, 1H), 5.72 (d, J=17.8 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 341.10.

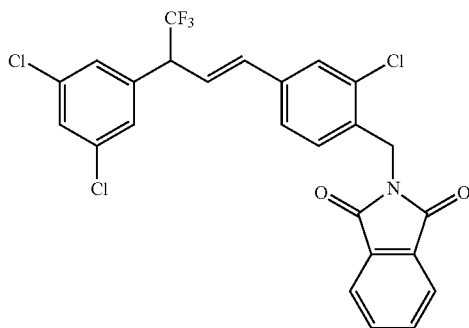
2-(2-Fluoro-4-vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione
(CI25)



The title compound was isolated as a white solid (0.5 g, 61%): mp 140-142° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.63 (m, 1H), 5.80 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H); EIMS m/z 282.08.

Example 49

Preparation of (E)-2-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI26)

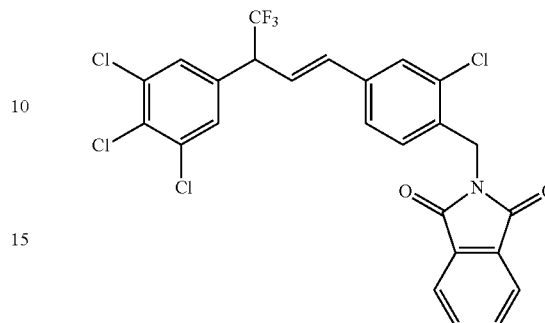


To a stirred solution of 2-(2-chloro-4-vinylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (2.0 g, 6.51 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (25 mL) were added 1-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene (3.48 g, 11.36 mmol), CuCl (112 mg, 1.13 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.35 g). The resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and then was stirred at 180° C. for 24 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 25-30% EtOAc in n-hexane) to afford the title compound as solid (1.3 g, 50%): mp 141-143° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 524.07 ([M+H]⁺).

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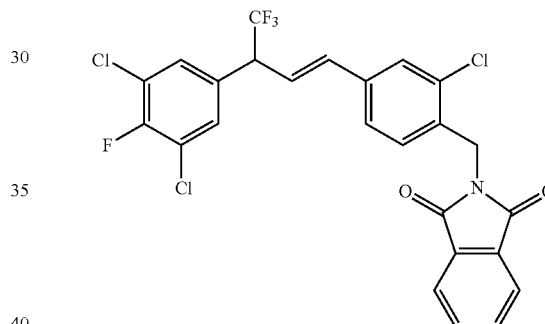
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 49.

(E)-2-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione
(CI27)



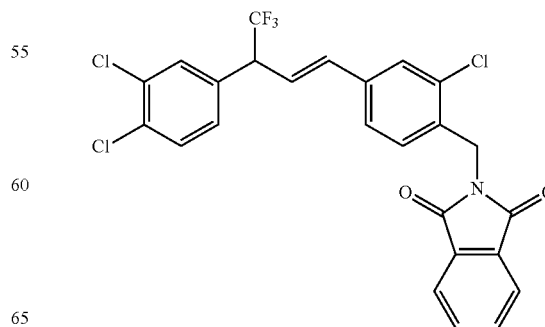
The title compound was isolated as a pale white solid (0.2 g, 55%): mp 128-129° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 557.99 ([M+H]⁺).

(E)-2-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI28)



The title compound was isolated as an off white solid (0.2 g, 54%): mp 177-180° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 540.08 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1716 cm⁻¹.

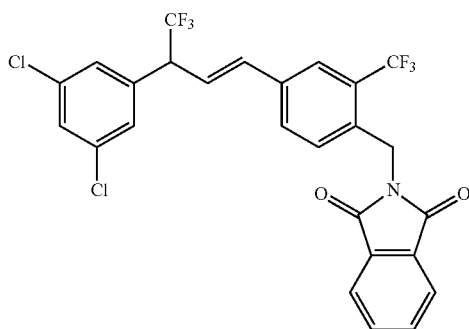
(E)-2-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione
(CI29)



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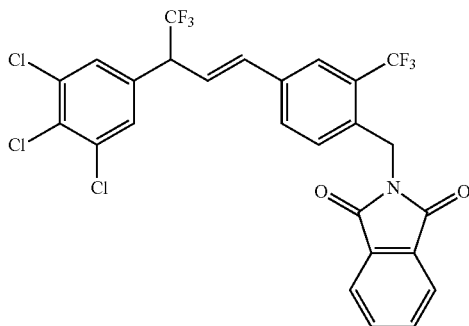
The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 59%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.47 (m, 3H), 7.21 (m, 3H), 6.50 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, $J=16.0$, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 522.27 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$; IR (thin film) 3064, 1717, 1111, 715 cm^{-1} .

(E)-2-(4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI30)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 54%): mp 141-142° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, $J=16.0$, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 556.00 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$.

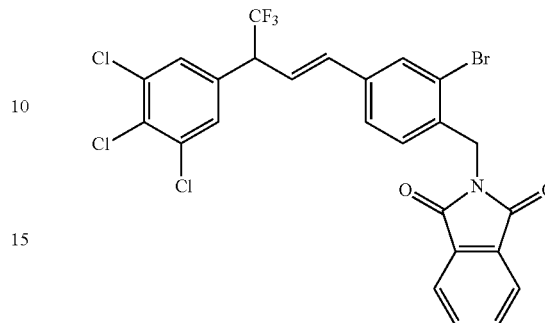
(E)-2-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI31)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 56%): mp 130-132° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, $J=16.0$, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 589.57 $[\text{M}-2\text{H}]^-$.

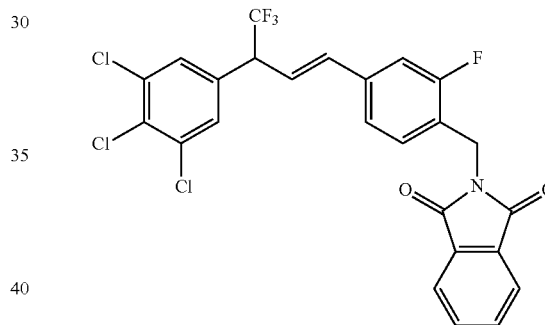
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(E)-2-(2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI32)



The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow solid (0.2 g, 55%): mp 160-162° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.52 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, $J=16.0$, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 599.78 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$.

(E)-2-(2-Fluoro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI33)

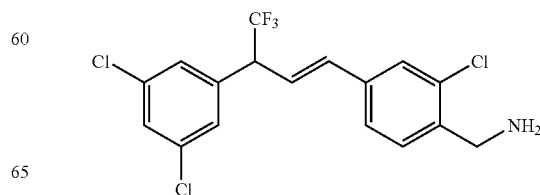


The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 55%): mp 72-74° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.38 (s, 2H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, $J=16.0$, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 539.89 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$; IR (thin film) 1773 cm^{-1} .

Prophetically, compounds CI34-CI41 (Table 1) could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 49.

Example 50

Preparation of (E)-2-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (CI42)

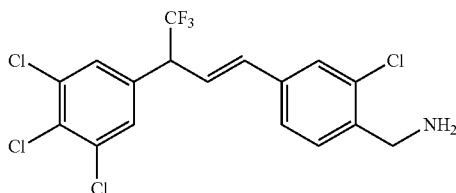


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To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.4 g, 0.76 mmol) in EtOH was added hydrazine hydrate (0.38 g, 7.6 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 80° C. for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a gummy liquid (0.3 g), which was carried on to the next step without further purification.

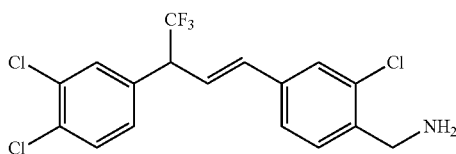
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 50.

(E)-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-methanamine (CI43)



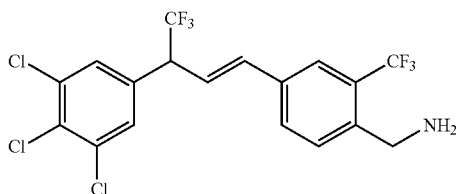
The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification.

(E)-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-methanamine (CI44)



The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 391.90 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3370, 3280, 1111, 817 cm⁻¹.

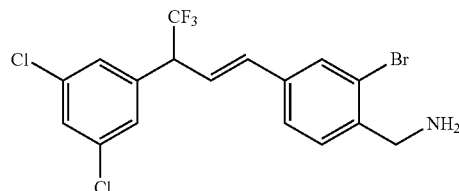
(E)-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)methanamine (CI45)



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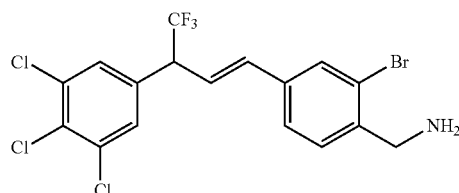
The title compound was isolated as a gummy material. The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification.

(E)-(2-Bromo-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-methanamine (CI46)



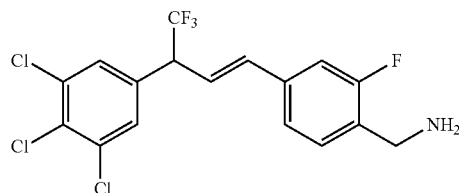
The title compound was isolated as a gummy material. The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification.

(E)-(2-Bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-methanamine (CI47)



The title compound was isolated as a gummy material. The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification.

(E)-(2-Fluoro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-methanamine (CI48)



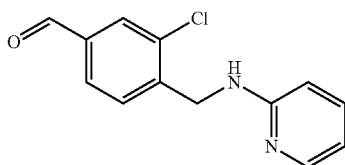
The title compound was isolated as a gummy material: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.33 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.56 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 413.84 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3368, 3274, 1114, 808 cm⁻¹.

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Prophetically, compounds CI49-CI57 (Table 1) could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 50.

Example 51

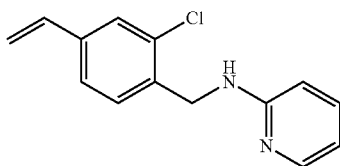
Preparation of 3-Chloro-4-((pyridin-2-ylamino)methyl)benzaldehyde (CI58)



To a stirred solution of 4-(bromomethyl)-3-chlorobenzaldehyde (2 g, 9 mmol) in N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMA; 20 mL) was added K_2CO_3 (2.36 g, 17.16 mmol) and 2-aminopyridine (0.84 g, 8.58 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 20% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as off-white solid (1.05 g, 50%): mp 122-123° C.; 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.94 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, J=4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.4 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, J=3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (br s, 1H), 4.71 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 246.97 ($[M+H]^+$).

Example 52

Preparation of N-(2-Chloro-4-vinylbenzyl)pyridin-2-amine (CI59)



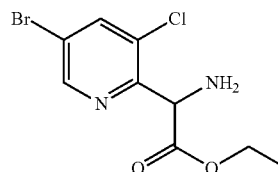
To a stirred solution of 3-chloro-4-((pyridin-2-ylamino)methyl)benzaldehyde (1 g, 4 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (20 mL) were added K_2CO_3 (0.84 g, 6.09 mmol) and methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide (2.17 g, 6.09 mmol) at ambient temperature. Then the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 100° C. for 18 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the obtained filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 10% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.5 g, 50%): mp

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119-121° C.; 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 6.66 (m, 2H), 6.36 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, J=13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (br s, 1H), 4.60 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 245.05 ($[M+H]^+$).

Example 53

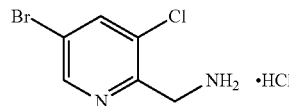
Preparation of Ethyl 2-amino-2-(5-bromo-3-chloropyridin-2-yl)acetate (CI60)



Ethyl 2-(diphenylmethyleneamino)acetate (10.2 g, 38.2 mmol) was added to sodium hydride (NaH; 3.18 g, 133.52 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) at 0° C., and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. To this was added 5-bromo-2,3-dichloropyridine (12.9 g, 57.23 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with 2 N HCl solution and then stirred for 4 h at ambient temperature. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (20-30% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a liquid (1.3 g, 20%): 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 4.23 (m, 2H), 2.27 (br s, 2H), 1.26 (m, 3H); ESIMS m/z 293.05 ($[M+H]^+$); IR (thin film) 3381, 3306, 1742, 759, 523 cm^{-1} .

Example 54

Preparation of (5-Bromo-3-chloropyridin-2-yl)methanamine hydrochloride (CI61)



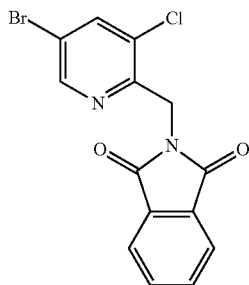
A stirred solution of ethyl 2-amino-2-(5-bromo-3-chloropyridin-2-yl)acetate (0.5 g, 1.7 mmol) in 3 N HCl (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 4 h. The reaction mixture was washed with diethyl ether and H_2O . The combined ether layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (400 mg, 65%): 1H NMR (400

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MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.70 (br s, 2H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 4.56 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 221.15 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 55

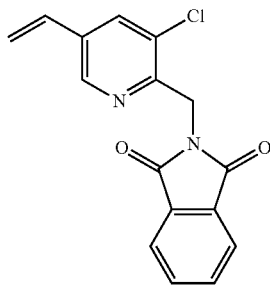
Preparation of 2-((5-Bromo-3-chloropyridin-2-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI62)



To a stirred solution of (5-bromo-3-chloropyridin-2-yl)methanamine hydrochloride (0.3 g, 1.4 mmol) in toluene (40 mL) was added Et₃N (0.41 g, 4.08 mmol) and phthalic anhydride (0.24 g, 1.63 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc. The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (20-30% EtOAc in hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.25 g, 65%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 4.56 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 349 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3307, 1665, 1114, 813 cm⁻¹.

Example 56

Preparation of 2-((3-Chloro-5-vinylpyridin-2-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI63)



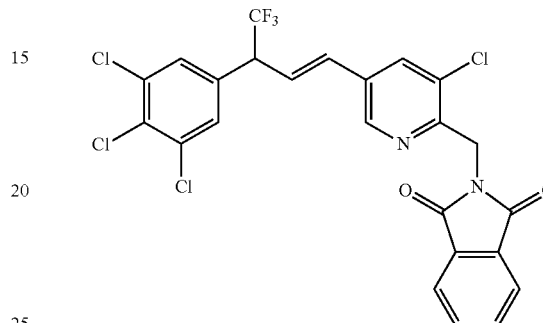
To a stirred solution of 2-((5-bromo-3-chloropyridin-2-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.23 g, 0.65 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) were added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (3.7 mg, 0.003 mmol), K₂CO₃ (0.269 g, 1.95 mmol) and vinyl boronic anhydride pyridine complex (0.78 g, 3.28 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 16 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (20-30% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 65%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (s,

132

1H), 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 6.63 (m, 1H), 5.79 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 299.20 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 57

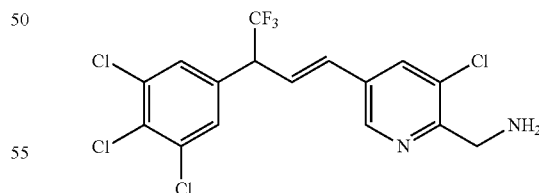
Preparation of (E)-2-((3-Chloro-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichloro-phenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI64)



To a stirred solution of 2-((3-chloro-5-vinylpyridin-2-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.35 g, 1.17 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (10 mL) were added 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.8 g, 2.3 mmol), CuCl (23 mg, 0.12 mmol), 2,2-bipyridyl (0.073 g, 0.234 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at 180° C. for 16 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (20-30% EtOAc in hexane) to afford the title compound as a liquid (0.4 g, 50%): mp 79-82° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (s, 1H), 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.77 (m, 3H), 7.36 (s, 2H), 6.51 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J=15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 559 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 58

Preparation of (E)-3-Chloro-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (CI65)



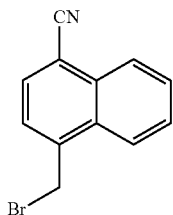
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-((3-chloro-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (200 mg, 0.358 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL) was added hydrazine hydrate (89.6 mg, 1.79 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title

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compound as a solid (100 mg). The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification.

Example 59

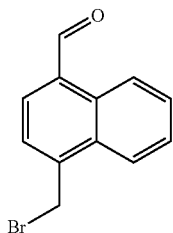
Preparation of 4-(Bromomethyl)-1-naphthonitrile (CI66)



To a stirred solution of 4-methyl-1-naphthonitrile (5 g, 30 mmol) in CCl_4 (50 mL) under argon atmosphere was added NBS (6.06 g, 34.09 mmol), and the reaction mixture was degassed for 30 min. AIBN (0.3 g, 2.1 mmol) was added, and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 4 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, diluted with H_2O and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×100 mL). The combined CH_2Cl_2 layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 5% EtOAc in n-Hexane) to afford the title compound as a white solid (3.8 g, 52%): mp 131-133° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.33 (m, 1H), 8.24 (m, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.62 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 245.92 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 2217 cm^{-1} .

Example 60

Preparation of 4-(Bromomethyl)-1-naphthaldehyde (CI67)



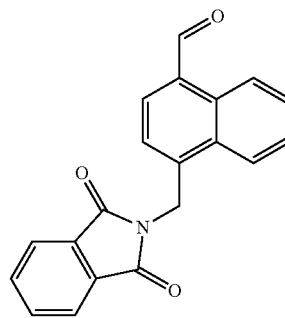
To a stirred solution of 4-(bromomethyl)-1-naphthonitrile (8 g, 33 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) at 0° C. was added dropwise DIBAL-H (1.0 M solution in toluene; 43 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C. for 1 h. 3 N HCl in H_2O (50 mL) was added to the mixture until it became a white slurry and then additional 1 N HCl (20 mL) was added. The organic layer was collected and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 5% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a white solid (7 g, 88%): mp

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115-116° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.41 (s, 1H), 9.35 (m, 1H), 8.22 (m, 1H), 7.90 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (m, 3H), 4.95 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 248.88 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Example 61

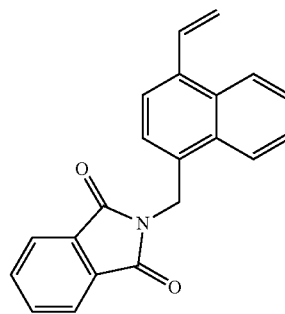
Preparation of 4-((1,3-Dioxoisindolin-2-yl)methyl)-1-naphthaldehyde (CI68)



To a stirred solution of 4-(bromomethyl)-1-naphthaldehyde (7 g, 28 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) was added potassium phthalimide (7.3 g, 39.5 mmol), and the mixture was heated at 85° C. for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and diluted with H_2O (100 mL). The obtained solid was separated by filtration and dried under vacuum to afford the title compound as a white solid (8.8 g, 98%): mp 190-192° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.39 (s, 1H), 9.25 (m, 1H), 8.41 (m, 1H), 8.10 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (m, 4H), 7.80 (m, 4H), 7.61 (m, 4H), 5.39 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 316.09 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); IR (thin film) 1708 cm^{-1} .

Example 62

Preparation of 2-((4-Vinylnaphthalen-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI69)



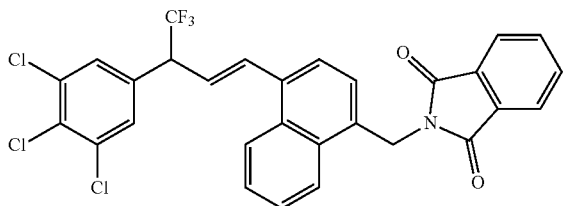
To a stirred solution of 4-((1,3-dioxoisindolin-2-yl)methyl)-1-naphthaldehyde (9 g, 28.5 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (100 mL) were added K_2CO_3 (6 g, 42.8 mmol) and methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide (15.3 g, 35.7 mmol) at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was heated at 100° C. for 14 h and then was cooled to ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the obtained filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 20% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a white solid (6 g, 67%):

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mp 146-147° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 (m, 2H), 7.95 (m, 4H), 7.65 (m, 4H), 7.39 (m, 1H), 5.81 (m, 1H), 5.45 (m, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 314.13 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 63

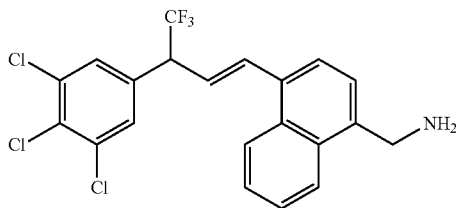
Preparation of (E)-2-((4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI70)



To a stirred solution of 2-((4-vinylnaphthalen-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (1.5 g, 4.79 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (15 mL) were added 1-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,4,5-trichlorobenzene (3.2 g, 9.5 mmol), CuCl (24 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.149 g, 0.95 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and then stirred at 180° C. for 14 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 25-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (1.5 g, 56%); mp 158-160° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (m, 1H), 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 6.31 (m, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 4.21 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 572.08 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 64

Preparation of (E)-4-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methanamine (CI71)



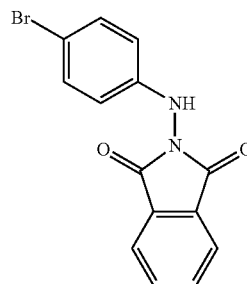
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-((4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.4 g, 0.7 mmol) in EtOH was added hydrazine hydrate (0.18 g, 3.5 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 80° C. for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, and the solution was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The title compound was isolated as a gummy liquid

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(150 mg, 50%). The product obtained in this reaction was carried on to the next step without further purification.

Example 65

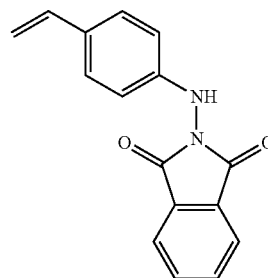
Preparation of 2-((4-Bromophenyl)amino)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI72)



To a stirred solution of (4-bromophenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride (0.5 g, 2.2 mmol) in glacial acetic acid (8 mL) was added phthalic anhydride (0.398 g, 2.690 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 130° C. for 1 h under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was quenched with satd aq. NaHCO₃ solution and filtered to give a solid. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 0-10% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (60 mg, 84%); mp 205-206° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.71 (s, 1H), 7.99 (m, 4H), 7.32 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 314.95 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 66

Preparation of 2-((4-Vinylphenyl)amino)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI73)



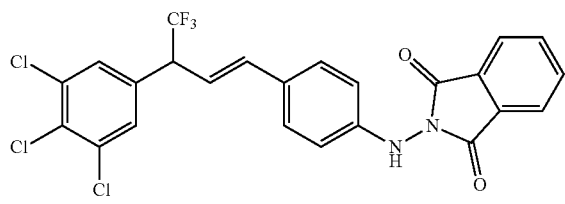
To a solution of 2-(4-bromophenylamino)isoindoline-1,3-dione (2 g, 6 mmol) in 1,2-dimethoxyethane (20 mL) and H₂O (4 mL) were added vinyl boronic anhydride pyridine complex (4.57 g, 18.98 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (1.3 g, 9.5 mmol) followed by Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.219 g, 0.189 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was heated at 150° C. in a microwave for 30 min and then was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (200 mg, 13%); mp 174-176° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.65 (s, 1H), 7.94 (m, 4H), 7.29 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d,

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J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (m, 1H), 5.61 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J=11.2 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 263.18 ($[M-H]^-$).

Example 67

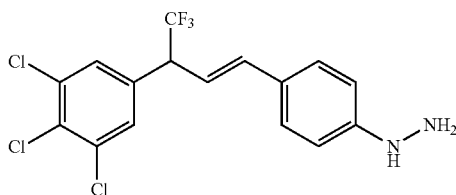
Preparation of (E)-2-((4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)amino)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI74)



To a stirred solution of 2-(4-vinylphenylamino)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.3 g, 1.1 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (5 mL) were added CuCl (0.022 g, 0.273 mmol), 2,2-bipyridyl (0.07 g, 0.46 mmol) and 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.77 g, 2.27 mmol). The reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and was heated at 180° C. for 2 h. The reaction mixture was then concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 0-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a solid (450 mg, 75%); mp 187-189° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.75 (s, 1H), 7.96 (m, 4H), 7.82 (s, 2H), 7.37 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (m, 2H), 6.58 (m, 1H), 4.59 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 523.05 ($[M-H]^-$).

Example 68

Preparation of (E)-2-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)hydrazine (CI75)



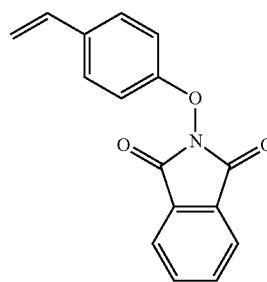
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenylamino)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.16 g, 0.31 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL), was added hydrazine hydrate (0.076 g, 1.52 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at 85° C. for 1 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the filtrate was con-

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centrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a solid (0.08 g, 66%) which was carried on to the next step without further purification.

Example 69

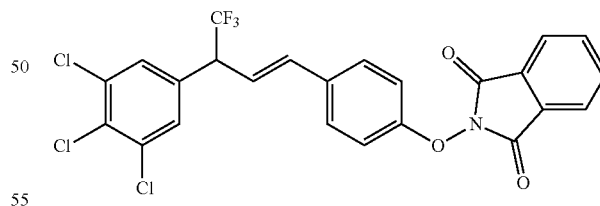
Preparation of 2-(4-Vinylphenoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI76)



To a stirred solution of 4-vinylphenylboronic acid (2 g, 13 mmol), 2-hydroxyisoindoline-1,3-dione (3.63 g, 24.53 mmol), and CuCl (1.214 g 12.26 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (50 mL) was added pyridine (1.065 g, 13.48 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 48 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O and extracted with CHCl₃. The combined CHCl₃ layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 20% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a white solid (2 g, 63%); mp 129-131° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (m, 1H), 5.83 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 266.12 ($[M+H]^+$).

Example 70

Preparation of (E)-2-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (CI77)



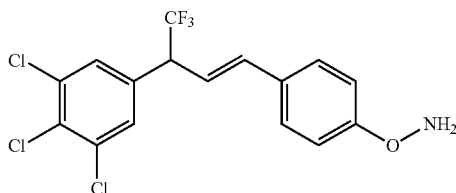
To a stirred solution of 2-(4-vinylphenoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.3 g, 1.1 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (10 mL) was added 1-(1-bromoethyl)-3,4,5-trichlorobenzene (769 mg, 2.26 mmol), CuCl (22 mg, 0.22 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (35 mg, 0.44 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and heated to 180° C. for 24 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 20% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a solid (0.29 g, 50%); ¹H

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NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.90 (m, 2H), 6.60 (m, 2H), 6.20 (m, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 524.09 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Example 71

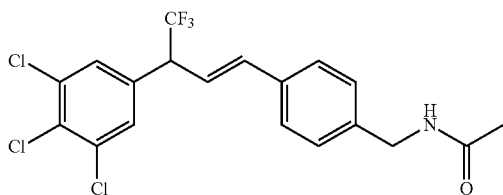
Preparation of (E)-O-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)hydroxylamine (CI78)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (0.2 g, 0.4 mmol) in EtOH was added hydrazine hydrate (0.1 g, 1.9 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was heated at 90° C. for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude title compound as a gummy liquid (0.08 g, 53%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40 (s, 2H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.82 (s, 2H), 6.48 (m, 1H), 6.20 (m, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 394.94 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Example 72

Preparation of (E)-N-(4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)acetamide (CC1)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.3 g, 0.8 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added acetic anhydride (0.12 mL, 1.14 mmol), and TEA (0.217 mL, 1.52 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 6 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O and extracted with DCM. The combined DCM layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 30-50% ethyl acetate in hexane) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 60%) mp 107-109° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 4H), 6.60 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, $J=16.0, 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.75 (br s, 1H), 4.46 (d, $J=6$ Hz, 2H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 402.00 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

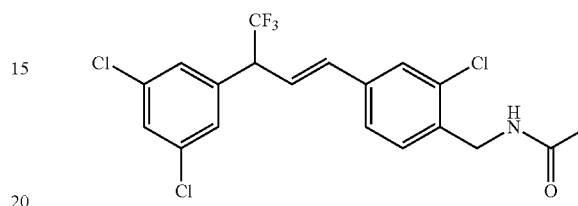
Compounds CC2-CC6 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 72. In addition,

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compound DC56 in Table 1 was made from compound DC55 in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 72.

Example 73

Preparation of (E)-N-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)acetamide (CC7)

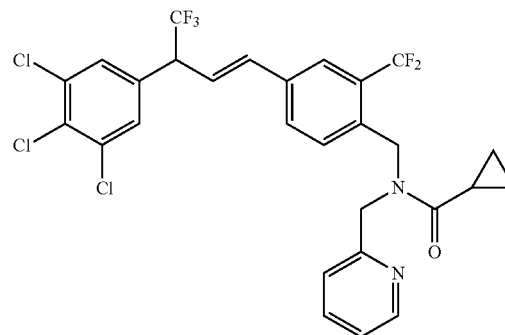


To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.3 g, 0.8 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added 2,2,2-trifluoropropanoic acid (97 mg, 0.76 mmol), $\text{HOBT}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (174 mg, 1.14 mmol) and EDC.HCl (217 mg, 1.14 mmol) and DIEA (196 mg, 1.52 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O and extracted with EtOAc. The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; ethyl acetate in hexane (30-50%) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 60%): mp 127-128° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.53 (d, $J=16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, $J=16.0, 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.86 (br s, 1H), 4.51 (d, $J=6.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 436.03 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Compounds CC8-CC28 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 73.

Example 74

Preparation of (E)-N-(Pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-N-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)cyclopropanecarboxamide (CC29)



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Step 1: (E)-1-(Pyridin-2-yl)-N-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)methanamine

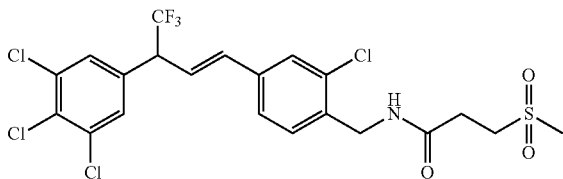
(E)-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methanamine (0.46 g, 1 mmol) was dissolved in CH₃OH (3 mL). To this was added pyridine-2-carbaldehyde (0.107 g, 1 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. After 1 h, NaBH₄ (0.076 g, 2 mmol) was added and left at ambient temperature for 3 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give an oily residue. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 30-50% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (0.22 g, 40%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.58 (d, J=4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.4 (s, 2H), 7.3 (m, 1H), 7.2 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 3.96 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 552.95 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3338, 1114, 808 cm⁻¹.

Step 2: (E)-N-(Pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-N-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)cyclopropanecarboxamide

(E)-1-(Pyridin-2-yl)-N-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)methanamine (0.27 g, 0.05 mmol) was taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL). To this was added Et₃N (0.14 mL, 0.1 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0° C., and cyclopropylcarbonyl chloride (0.08 mL, 0.075 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 h and then was washed with H₂O and satd aq NaHCO₃ solution. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to obtain pale yellow gummy material (0.15 g, 50%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.58 (d, J=4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.4 (s, 2H), 7.3 (m, 1H), 7.2 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.8 (s, 1H), 4.8 (d, J=10 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.8 (m, 1H), 1.2 (m, 2H), 0.6 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 620.86 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1645, 1115, 808 cm⁻¹.

Example 75

Preparation of (E)-N-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-3-(methylsulfonyl)propanamide (CC30)



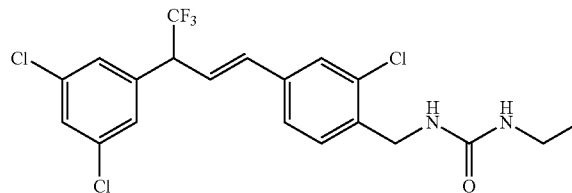
(E)-N-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-3-(methylthio)propanamide (0.15 g, 0.28 mmol) was treated with oxone (0.175 g, 0.569 mmol) in 1:1 acetone:water (20 mL) for 4 h at ambient temperature. The acetone was evaporated to obtain a white solid (0.095 g, 60%): mp 101-104° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.53 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd,

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J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (br s, 1H), 4.53 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.42 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H), 2.78 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 559.75 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 76

Preparation of (E)-1-(2-Chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-3-ethylurea (CC31)

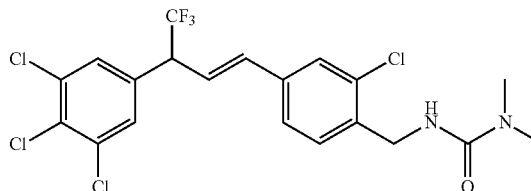


To a stirred solution of (E)-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0° C. were added Et₃N (0.141 mL, 1 mmol) and ethylisocyanate (0.053 g, 0.75 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0° C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 30-50% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a solid (0.141 g, 60%): mp 177-178° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.53 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (br s, 1H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.21 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 3H); ESIMS m/z 463 ([M-H]⁻).

Compounds CC32-CC35 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 76.

Example 77

Preparation of (E)-3-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-1,1-dimethylurea (CC36)



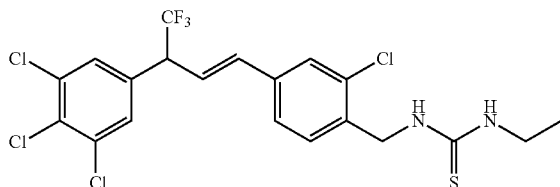
To a stirred solution of (E)-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0° C. were added Et₃N (0.141 mL, 1 mmol) and N,N-dimethylcarbonyl chloride (0.08 g, 0.075 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0° C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 30-50% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a solid (0.15 g, 60%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J=16.0,

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8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (br s, 1H), 4.38 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 2.9 (s, 3H), 2.7 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 497 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3350, 1705, 1114, 808 cm⁻¹.

Example 78

Preparation of (E)-1-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-3-ethylthiourea (CC37)

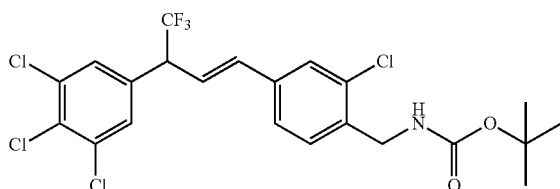


To a stirred solution of (E)-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0° C. were added Et₃N (0.141 mL, 1 mmol) and ethyl isothiocyanate (0.053 g, 0.75 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0° C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 30-50% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a solid (0.14 g, 60%): mp 88-91° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.50 (d, J=16 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.0 (br s, 1H), 5.73 (br s, 1H), 4.80 (br s, 2H), 4.09 (m, 1H), 1.23 (m, 3H); ESIMS m/z 515.01 ([M+H]⁺).

Compound CC38 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 78.

Example 79

Preparation of (E)-tert-Butyl(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-3-ethylurea (CC39)



To a stirred solution of (E)-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0° C. were added Et₃N (0.141 mL, 1 mmol) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.163 mL, 0.75 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 10-20% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a white solid (0.147 g, 60%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34

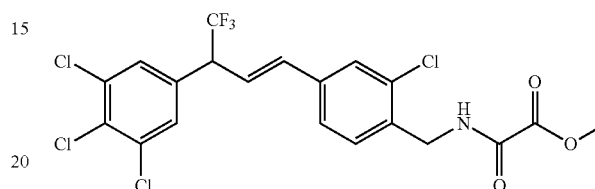
144

(dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (br s, 1H), 4.38 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H); ESIMS m/z 526.09 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3350, 1705, 1114, 808 cm⁻¹.

Compound CC40 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 79.

Example 80

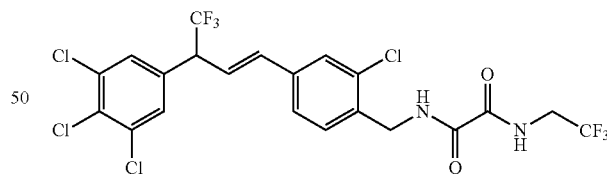
Preparation of (E)-Methyl 2-((2-chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)amino)-2-oxoacetate (CC41)



To a stirred solution of (E)-(2-chloro-4-(3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)methanamine (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0° C. were added Et₃N (0.141 mL, 1 mmol) and methyl 2-chloro-2-oxoacetate (0.09 g, 0.75 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0° C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with H₂O and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 20% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a solid (0.12 g, 50%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 6.55 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, J=4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 512.22 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 1740, 1701, 1114, 808 cm⁻¹.

Example 81

Preparation of (E)-N¹-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-N²-(2,2-trifluoroethyl)oxalamide (CC42)



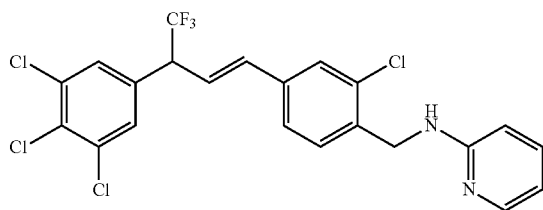
To a stirred solution of 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamine hydrochloride (0.1 g, 0.77 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added dropwise trimethylaluminum (2 M solution in toluene; 0.39 mL, 0.77 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 25° C. for 30 min. A solution of (E)-methyl 2-((2-chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)-2-oxoacetate (0.2 g, 0.38 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture at 25° C. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 18 h, cooled to 25° C., quenched with 0.5 N HCl solution (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2×50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chroma-

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tography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 20%-40% EtOAc in n-hexane) to afford the title compound (0.13 g, 60%): mp 161-163° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.45 (br s, 2H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 6.93 (m, 1H), 6.75 (m, 1H), 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 2H); ESIMS m/z 578.96 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 82

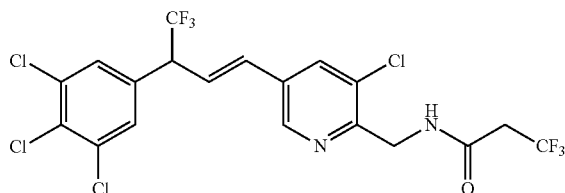
Preparation of (E)-N-(2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)pyridin-2-amine (CC43)



To a stirred solution of N-(2-chloro-4-vinylbenzyl)pyridin-2-amine (0.3 g, 1.22 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (5 mL) were added 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (0.83 g, 2.44 mmol), CuCl (24 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (76 mg, 0.48 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and then stirred at 180° C. for 24 h. After the reaction was deemed complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 15% EtOAc in n-hexane) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (0.2 g, 35%): mp 140-142° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 5H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.61 (m, 2H), 6.35 (m, 2H), 4.94 (br s, 1H), 4.61 (d, J=6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 505.39 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 83

Preparation of (E)-N-((3-Chloro-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl)methyl)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanamide (CC44)



To a stirred solution of (E)-(3-chloro-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl)methanamine (0.1 g, 0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) were added 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid (45 mg, 0.350 mmol), EDC.HCl (67 mg, 0.350 mmol), HOBt.H₂O (71 mg, 0.467 mmol) and DIEA (60.2 mg, 0.467 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with H₂O. The combined CH₂Cl₂ layer was washed with brine,

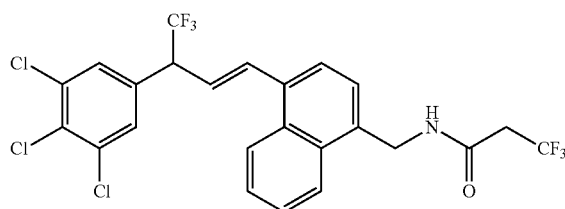
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dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a pale yellow liquid (30 mg, 35%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.47 (br s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 6.58 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J=16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J=4.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.24 (q, J=10.8 Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 536.88 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 3320, 1674, 1114, 808.

Compound CC45 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 83.

Example 84

Preparation of (E)-3,3,3-Trifluoro-N-((4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methyl)propanamide (CC46)

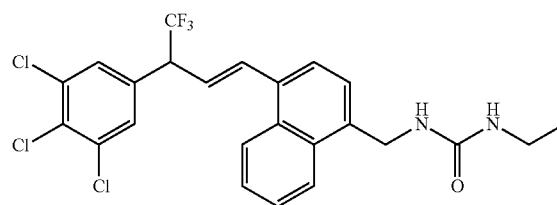


To a stirred solution of (E)-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methanamine (0.1 g, 0.22 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL) were added 3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid (0.032 g, 0.24 mmol), HOBt.H₂O (52 mg, 0.33 mmol), EDC.HCl (0.065 g, 0.33 mmol) and DIEA (0.044 g, 0.45 mmol), and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc (3x30 mL). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 15% EtOAc in n-hexane) afforded the title compound as a gummy material (60 mg, 50%): mp 151-153° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 5.92 (br s, 1H), 4.92 (m, 2H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.12 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 554.04 ([M-H]⁻).

Compounds CC47-CC48 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 84.

Example 85

Preparation of (E)-1-Ethyl-3-((4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methyl)urea (CC49)

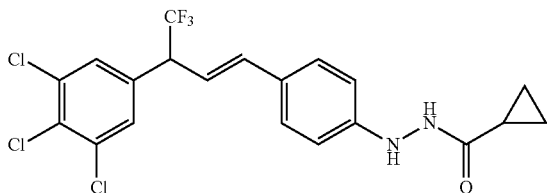


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To a stirred solution of (E)-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methanamine (0.1 g, 0.22 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C . were added Et_3N (0.064 mL, 0.44 mmol) and ethylisocyanate (0.023 mL, 0.33 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0°C . The reaction mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic layer was washed with H_2O and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 30% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a solid (0.07 g, 60%): mp $84-87^\circ\text{C}$.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.98 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 4.6 (br s, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.21 (m, 2H), 1.2 (t, $J=4.6$ Hz, 3H); ESIMS m/z 515.33 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Example 86

Preparation of (E)-N'-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)cyclopropanecarbohydrazide (CC50)

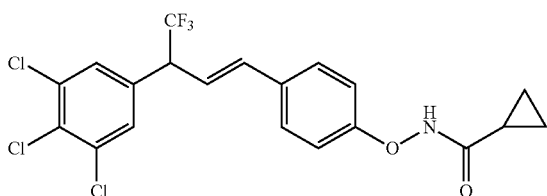


To a stirred solution of (E)-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)hydrazine (0.1 g, 0.3 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added DIEA (65 mg, 0.51 mmol), $\text{HOBT}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (59 mg, 0.38 mmol), EDC.HCl (73 mg, 0.38 mmol) and cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride (0.024 g, 0.28 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with satd aq NaHCO_3 solution and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined CH_2Cl_2 layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 ; 5-25% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (65 mg, 55%): mp $138-140^\circ\text{C}$.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.81 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, $J=15.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.61 (m, 1H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, $J=15.6, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.74 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 0.75 (m, 4H); ESIMS m/z 461.32 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Compound CC51 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 86.

Example 87

Preparation of (E)-N-(4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenoxy)cyclopropanecarboxamide (CC52)



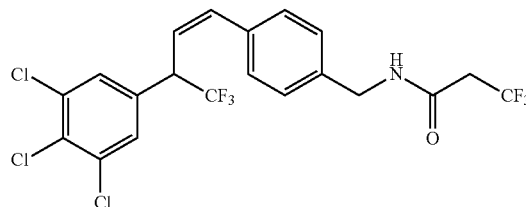
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To a stirred solution of (E)-O-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)hydroxylamine (0.15 g, 0.38 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added EDC.HCl (0.109 g, 0.569 mmol), $\text{HOBT}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.087 g, 0.569 mmol), DIEA (0.097 g, 0.758 mmol) and cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (0.049 g, 0.569 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O and extracted with CHCl_3 (35 mL). The combined CHCl_3 layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 ; 20% EtOAc in hexane) afforded the title compound as a brown liquid (0.06 g, 34%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.45 (m, 1H), 6.65 (m, 1H), 6.20 (m, 1H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.10 (m, 4H); ESIMS m/z 464.87 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Compound CC53 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 87.

Example 88

Preparation of (Z)-3,3,3-Trifluoro-N-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)propanamide (CC54)

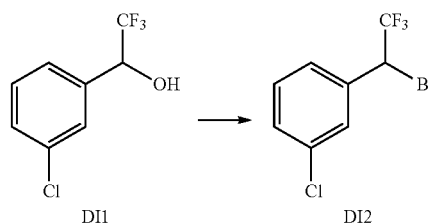


A silicon borate vial was charged with (E)-3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzyl)propanamide (133 mg, 0.269 mmol) and dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO; 10 mL). The mixture was placed within 0.6 to 1 meter (m) of a bank of eight 115 watt Sylvania FR48T12/350BL/VHO/180 Fluorescent Tube Black Lights and four 115 watt Sylvania (daylight) F48T12/D/VHO Straight T12 Fluorescent Tube Lights for 72 h. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by reverse phase chromatography to give the title compound as a colorless oil (11 mg, 8%): ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.28 (s, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.10 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, $J=11.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.07 (br s, 1H), 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.51 (d, $J=5.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.34 (m, 1H), 3.12 (q, $J=7.5$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.44, 137.20, 135.38, 135.23, 134.82, 134.68, 131.71, 129.00, 128.80, 128.69, 128.10, 127.96, 122.63, 76.70, 47.33 (q, $J=28$ Hz), 43.59, 42.12 (q, $J=30$ Hz); ESIMS m/z 504 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Compounds DC46, AC93, AC94 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 88.

Example 89

Preparation of 1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-chlorobenzene (DI2)

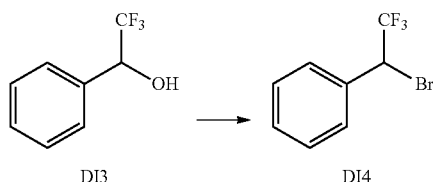


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The title compound was synthesized in two steps via 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI1, prepared as in Step 1, Method B in Example 1); isolated as a colorless viscous oil (1.5 g, 75%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 3H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 2.65 (br s, 1H)) and Step 2 in Example 1 and isolated (0.14 g, 22%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.50 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 3H), 5.07 (m, 1H).

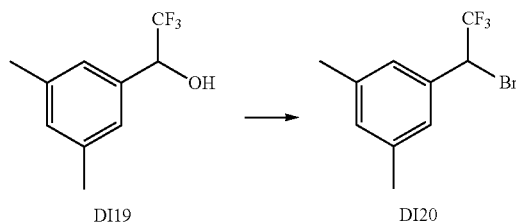
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 89.

(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzene (DI4)



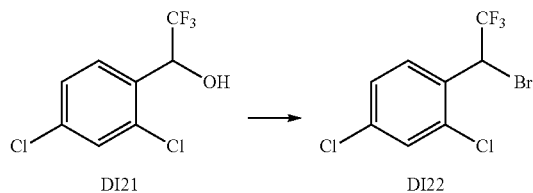
2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-phenylethanol (DI3) was isolated (10 g, 80%): ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 2.65 (d, $J=7.1$ Hz, 1H). The title compound (DI4) was isolated as a liquid (8.0 g, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 5.00 (q, $J=7.5$ Hz, 1H).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-dimethylbenzene (DI20)



1-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI19) was isolated as an off white solid: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.05 (s, 2H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 4.95 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 6H); ESIMS m/z 204 (ND). The title compound (DI20) was isolated (3.0 g, 51%).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2,4-dichlorobenzene (DI22)

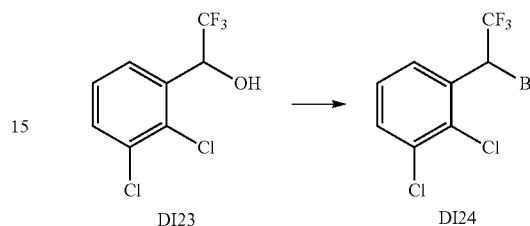


1-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI21) was isolated as an off white powder (5.3 g, 61%); mp 49-51° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.62-7.66 (d, 1H), 7.42-7.44

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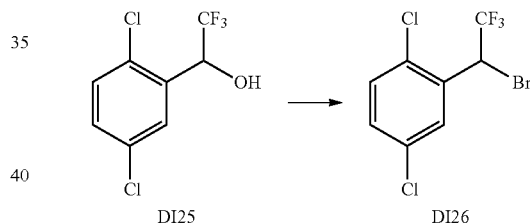
(d, 1H), 7.32-7.36 (d, 1H), 5.6 (m, 1H), 2.7 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 244 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI22) was isolated (3.2 g, 50%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.62-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.4-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.38 (m, 1H), 5.7-5.8 (m, 1H).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2,3-dichlorobenzene (DI24)



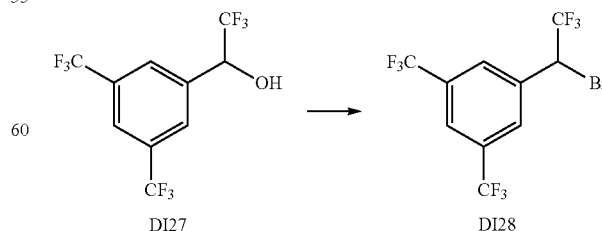
1-(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI23) was isolated as a pale yellow oil (5.2 g, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.62-7.64 (d, 1H), 7.52-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.33 (t, 1H), 5.6-5.76 (m, 1H), 2.7 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 243.9 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI24) was isolated as an oil (8.7 g, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.62-7.71 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.3 (s, 1H), 5.81-5.91 (m, 1H).

2-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,4-dichlorobenzene (DI26)



1-(2,5-Dichlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI25) was isolated as a yellow oil (4.1 g, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.68-7.7 (s, 1H), 7.3-7.37 (m, 2H), 5.51-5.6 (m, 1H), 2.7 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 244 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI26) was isolated (3.0 g, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.7-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.4 (m, 2H), 5.7-5.8 (m, 1H).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzene (DI28)

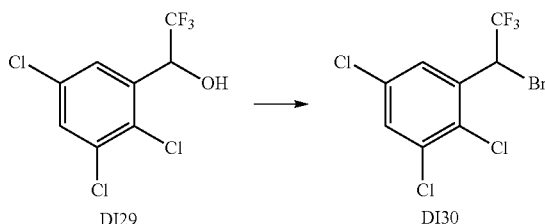


1-(3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI27) was isolated (3.8 g, 60%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz,

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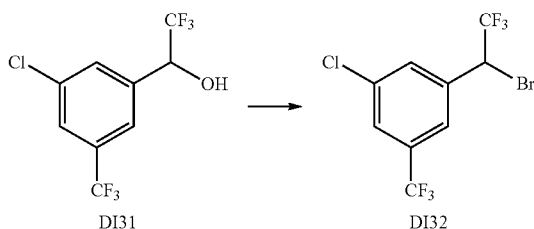
CDCl_3) δ 7.98 (m, 3H), 5.25 (m, 1H), 3.2 (br, 1H); ESIMS m/z 312.2 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI28) was prepared and carried on crude.

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2,3,5-trichlorobenzene (DI30)



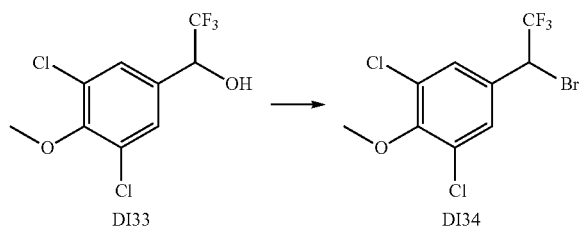
2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(2,3,5-trichlorophenyl)ethanol (DI29) was isolated as a white solid (4.0 g, 60%); mp 113-115°C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.62 (d, 1H), 7.50 (d, 1H), 5.60-5.70 (m, 1H), 2.75 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 278.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI30) was isolated (2.9 g, 60%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.70 (d, 1H), 7.50 (d, 1H), 5.72-5.82 (m, 1H).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (DI32)



1-(3-Chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI31) was isolated as a pale yellow oil (2.0 g, 50%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.51 (m, 3H), 5.08 (m, 1H), 2.81 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 278.1 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI32) was isolated oil (2.0 g, 40%); ESIMS m/z 342 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

5-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,3-dichloro-2-methoxybenzene (DI34)



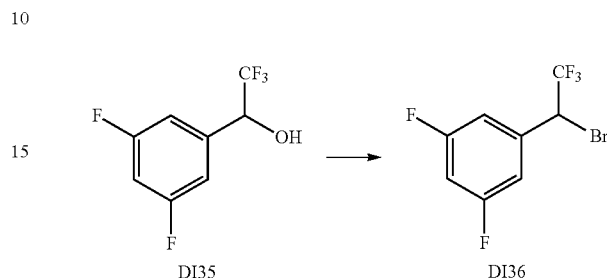
1-(3,5-Dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI33) was isolated as an off white solid (0.8 g, 60%); mp 92-95°C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 (s, 2H), 5.00

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(m, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 2.64 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 274 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI34) was isolated as a colorless liquid (0.6 g, 57%).

Example 90

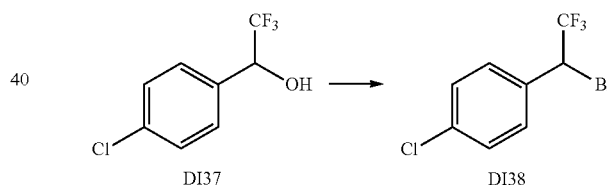
Preparation of 1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3,5-difluorobenzene (DI36)



The title compound was synthesized in two steps via 1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI35, prepared as in Step 1, Method A in Example 1; isolated as a colorless oil (0.2 g, 75%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.88 (m, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 2.66 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 212 ($[\text{M}]^+$) and Step 2 in Example 1 and isolated (3.2 g, 50%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.86 (m, 1H), 5.03 (q, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H).

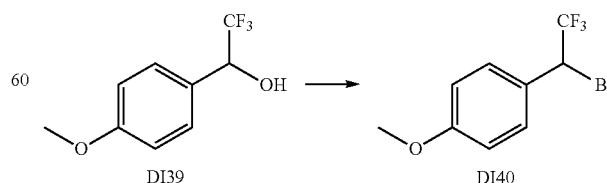
The following compounds were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 90.

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-4-chlorobenzene (DI38)



1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (DI37) was isolated as a colorless oil (5.0 g, 99%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.44-7.38 (m, 4H), 5.05 (m, 1H), 2.55 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 210 ($[\text{M}]^+$). The title compound (DI38) was isolated (3.0 g, 46%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45 (d, $J=8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, $J=8.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.10 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-4-methoxybenzene (DI40)

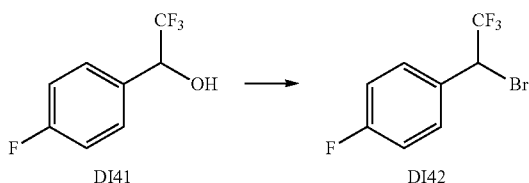


2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanol (DI39) was isolated as a pale yellow liquid; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

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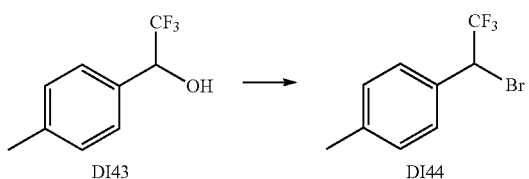
δ 7.41 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 (m, $J=8.8$ Hz, 2H), 5.00 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 206.1 ($[M]^+$). The title compound (DI40) was isolated (3.8 g, 62%).

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-4-fluorobenzene (DI42)



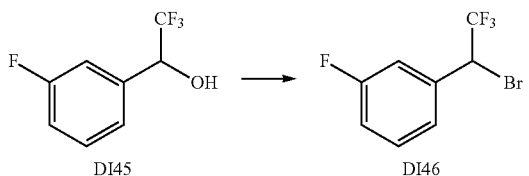
2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanol (DI41) was isolated as a colorless oil (5 g, 99%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.48-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.07 (m, 2H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 2.53 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 194 ($[M]^+$). The title compound (DI42) was prepared and carried on as crude intermediate.

1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-4-methylbenzene (DI44)



2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(p-tolyl)ethanol (DI43) was isolated as colorless oil (5.0 g, 99%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 190 ($[M]^+$). The title compound (DI44) was isolated (3.0 g, 45%).

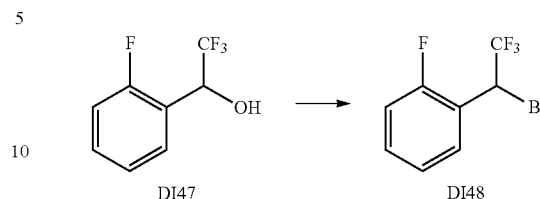
1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-3-fluorobenzene (DI46)



2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethanol (DI45) was isolated as a colorless viscous oil (2.8 g, 93%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 2.60 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 194 ($[M]^+$). The title compound (DI46) was isolated (2.0 g, 61%).

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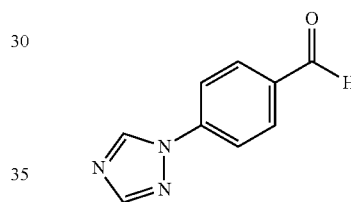
1-(1-Bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2-fluorobenzene (DI48)



2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethanol (DI47) was isolated as a colorless oil (2.5 g, 99%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 5.42 (m, 1H), 2.65 (s, 1H); ESIMS m/z 194 ($[M]^+$). The title compound (DI48) was isolated (2.0 g, 61%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 5.40 (m, 1H); GCMS m/z 255 ($[M-H]^+$).

Example 91

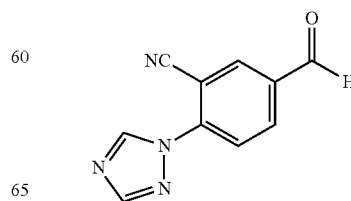
Preparation of 4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde (DI5)



To a stirring solution of 4-fluorobenzaldehyde (10.0 g, 80.6 mmol) in DMF (150 mL) were added K_2CO_3 (13.3 g, 96.7 mmol) and 1,2,4-triazole (6.67 g, 96.7 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at 120°C . for 6 h. After completion of reaction (by TLC), the reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O and extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with H_2O and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a solid (9.0 g, 65%): mp $145-149^\circ\text{C}$: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 2H); ESIMS m/z 173.9 ($[M+H]^+$).

The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 91.

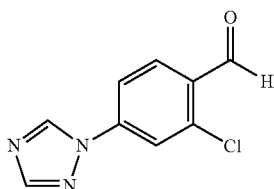
5-Formyl-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (DI49)



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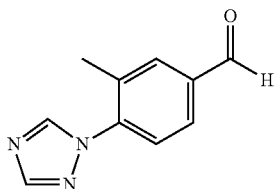
The title compound was isolated (2.8 g, 60%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.10 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.30 (d, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H); IR (thin film) 3433, 3120, 1702, 1599, 1510 cm^{-1} .

2-Chloro-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde
(DI50)



The title compound was isolated as an off white solid (3.0 g, 40%); mp 149-151° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.90 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 208.10 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

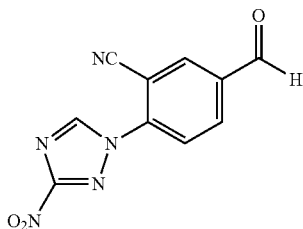
5-Methyl-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde
(DI51)



The title compound was isolated as a white solid (0.5 g, 74%); mp 109-111° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{D}_6\text{-DMSO}$) δ 10.06 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 188.13 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Example 92

Preparation of 5-Formyl-2-(3-nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (DI52)



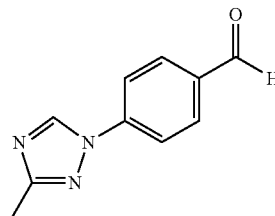
To a stirring solution of 2-fluoro-5-formylbenzonitrile (0.5 g, 3.3 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) were added K_2CO_3 (0.68 g, 4.95 mmol) and 3-nitro-1,2,4 triazole (0.45 g, 4.2 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 14 h. After completion of reaction (TLC), the reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc. The combined EtOAc layer was washed with water and brine then dried over

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Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.36 g, 45%); mp 170-172° C.; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ 10.12 (s, 1H), 9.61 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, J=9.3 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=9.3 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 242.3 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); IR (thin film) 2238, 1705, 1551, 1314 cm^{-1} .

Example 93

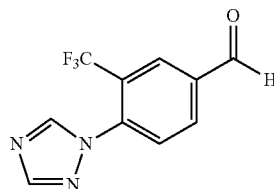
Preparation of 4-(3-Methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde (DI53)



To a stirring solution of 4-fluorobenzaldehyde (5.0 g, 40.32 mmol) in DMF (50 mL), were added K_2CO_3 (3.34 g, 40.32 mmol) and 3-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (3.34 g, 40.32 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 4 h. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with water and brine then dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a white solid (4.1 g, 60%); mp 125-128° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, 2H), 7.85 (d, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 188.04 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

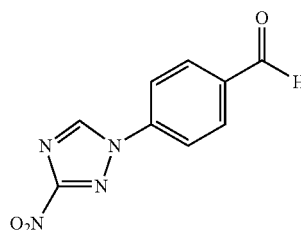
The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 93.

4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde (DI54)



The title compound was isolated as white solid (1.05 g, 60%); mp 81-83° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.15 (s, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.25 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 241.0 ($[\text{M}]^+$).

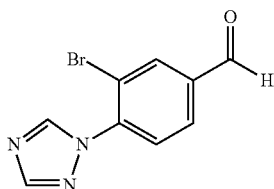
4-(3-Nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde (DI55)



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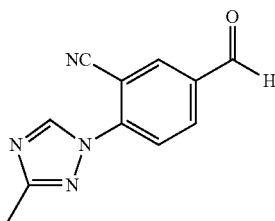
The title compound was isolated as pale yellow solid (0.10 g, 23%); mp 159-161° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.10 (s, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.15 (m, 2H), 8.00 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 217.11 ([M-H]⁻).

3-Bromo-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde
(DI56)



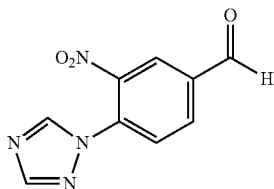
The title compound was isolated as white solid (3.2 g, 51%); mp 126-128° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.04 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.27 (m, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J=9.2 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 250.9 ([M]⁺).

5-Formyl-2-(3-methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (DI57)



The title compound was isolated as white solid (0.13 g, 30%); mp 147-149° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.07 (s, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (dd, J=8.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 213.09 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2239, 1697 cm⁻¹.

3-Nitro-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde
(DI58)



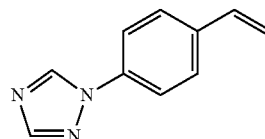
The title compound was isolated as pale yellow solid (3.0 g, 60%); mp 116-118° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.15

158

(s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 219.00 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 94

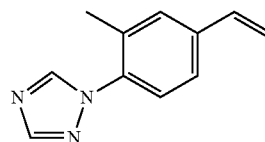
Preparation of 1-(4-Vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole
(DI59)



To a stirred solution of 4-[1,2,4]triazol-1-yl-benzaldehyde (9.0 g, 52 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (100 mL), were added K₂CO₃ (10.76 g, 78 mmol) and methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide (22.2 g, 62.4 mmol) at room temperature. The resultant reaction mixture was heated to 70° C. for 18 h. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered and the obtained filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 25-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afforded the title compound as a white solid (5.6 g, 63%); ESIMS m/z 172.09 ([M+H]⁺).

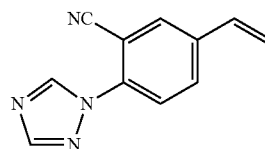
The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 94.

1-(2-Methyl-4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI60)



The title compound was isolated as an off white solid (1.5 g, 76%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.27 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (m, 1H), 5.82 (d, J=17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (d, J=10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 186.14 ([M+H]⁺).

2-(1H-1,2,4-Triazol-1-yl)-5-vinylbenzonitrile (DI61)



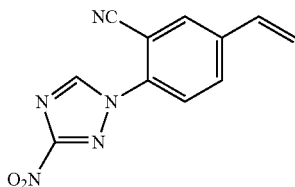
The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (1.40 g, 71%); mp 126-129° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.82-7.84 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.80 (m, 2H),

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6.70-6.80 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.90-5.95 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50-5.70 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 197.03 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 95

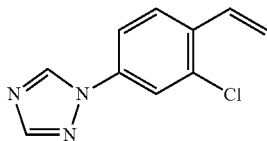
Preparation of 2-(3-Nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-vinylbenzonitrile (DI62)



To a stirred solution of 5-formyl-2-(3-nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (0.36 g, 1.49 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (25 mL), were added K₂CO₃ (0.3 g, 2.2 mmol) and methyl triphenyl phosphonium bromide (0.63 g, 1.79 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was heated to 100° C. for 18 h. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered and the obtained filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 25-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a solid (0.25 g, 70%): mp 103-105° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.50 (s, 1H), 8.34 (m, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.20 (d, J=15.7 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (d, J=11.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 240.27 ([M-H]⁻); IR (thin film) 2240, 1514, 1312 cm⁻¹.

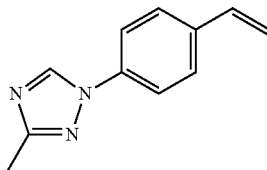
The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 95.

1-(3-Chloro-4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI63)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (2.3 g, 80%): mp 134-137° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 5.80 (d, J=17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, J=12.4 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 206.04 ([M+H]⁺).

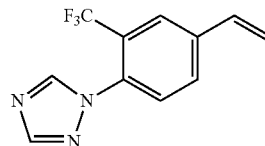
3-Methyl-1-(4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI64)



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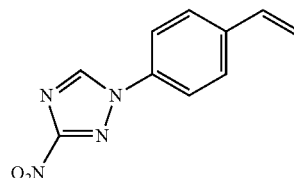
The title compound was isolated as a white solid (0.6 g, 60%): mp 109-111° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.42 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.60 (m, 4H), 6.70-7.00 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 186.20 ([M+H]⁺).

1-(2-(Trifluoromethyl)-4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI65)



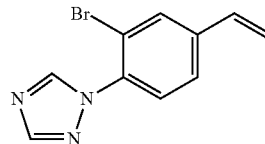
The title compound was isolated as a colorless oil (0.6 g, 60%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.70-6.90 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.90-6.00 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50-5.80 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 240.16 ([M+H]⁺).

3-Nitro-1-(4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI66)



The title compound was isolated as a pale yellow solid (61 mg, 20%): mp 137-139° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (dd, J=17.7, 10.8, 1H), 5.87 (d, J=17.7 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 217.28 ([M+H]⁺).

1-(2-Bromo-4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI67)

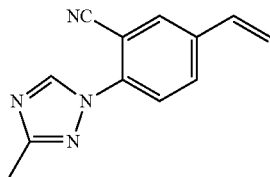


The title compound was isolated as a white solid (1.2 g, 40%): mp 75-77° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.48 (s,

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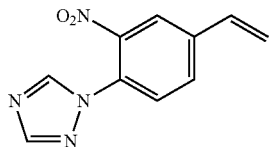
1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.70 (m, 1H), 5.83 (d, J=18 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, J=12 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 249.1 ([M]⁺).

2-(3-Methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-vinylbenzonitrile (DI68)



The title compound was isolated as an off-white solid (0.6 g, 60%); mp 96-97° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 6.73 (dd, J=17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 211.10 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2229 cm⁻¹.

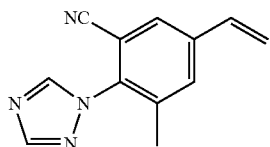
1-(2-Nitro-4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI69)



The title compound was isolated as a yellow solid (1.78 g, 60%); mp 102-104° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.76 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.56 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 6.70-6.82 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.85-6.00 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50-5.60 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 217.0 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 96

Preparation of 3-Methyl-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-vinylbenzonitrile (DI70)



Step 1. 5-Bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylbenzaldehyde

To a stirred solution of di-isopropyl amine (4.01 g, 39.88 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added n-butyl lithium (1.6 M in hexane) (19.9 mL, 31.91 mmol) at -78° C. slowly dropwise over the period of 10 min, the reaction mixture was stirred at -78° C. for 30 min. A solution of 4-bromo-1-fluoro-2-methylbenzene (5.0 g, 26.6 mmol) in THF (30.0 mL) was added at -78° C., and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. DMF (5.0 mL) was added and stirred at -78° C. for another 30 min. The reaction was monitored by

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TLC; then the reaction mixture was quenched with 1N HCl solution (aq) at 0° C. The aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether, washed with water and saturated brine solution. The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude compound purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 5% ethyl acetate/pet ether) to afford the title compound as a white solid (3.6 g, 64%); mp 48-50° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 211.35 ([M-H]⁻).

Step 2.

((E)-5-Bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylbenzaldehyde oxime

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylbenzaldehyde (3.5 g, 16.2 mmol) in ethanol (50.0 mL) were added sodium acetate (2.0 g, 24.3 mmol) and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.69 g, 24.3 mmol) at RT. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated on rotavapour to obtain crude compound, which was washed with water filtered and dried under vacuum to afford the title compound as a white solid: mp 126-127° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 232.10 ([M+H]⁺).

Step 3. 5-Bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylbenzonitrile

A stirred solution of (E)-5-bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (0.5 g, 2.2 mmol) in acetic anhydride (5.0 mL) was heated to reflux for 18 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound as a light brown gummy material (0.4 g, crude); ESIMS m/z 213.82 ([M+H]⁺).

Step 4. 5-Bromo-3-methyl-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (DI71)

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylbenzonitrile (1.0 g, 47.716 mmol), in DMF (10.0 mL) was added potassium carbonate (1.95 g, 14.14 mmol) followed by 1H-1,2,4-triazole (0.811 g, 9.433 mmol) at RT. The reaction mixture was heated to 140° C. for 18 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT, diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (2x100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 30% ethyl acetate/pet ether) to afford the title compound as a pink solid (0.6 g, 49%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 262.57 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2231, 554 cm⁻¹.

Step 5. 3-Methyl-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-vinylbenzonitrile (DI70)

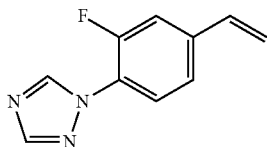
A mixture of 5-bromo-3-methyl-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (0.6 g, 2.3 mmol), potassium carbonate (0.95 g, 6.87 mmol), vinyl boronic anhydride (0.82 g, 3.43 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (0.13 g, 0.114 mmol) in toluene (20.0 mL) were stirred and degassed with argon for 30 min. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 18 h. The reaction

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mixture was cooled to RT, diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (2×100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude compound that was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; eluting with 30% ethyl acetate/pet ether) to afford the title compound as a pink solid (0.25 g, 52%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, J=17.6, 1H), 5.52 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H), ESIMS m/z 211.35 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2236, 1511 cm⁻¹.

The following compound was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Steps 4 and 5 of Example 96.

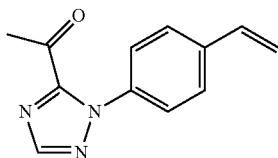
1-(2-Fluoro-4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI72)



1-(4-Bromo-2-fluorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI73) was isolated as a pale yellow solid (3.0 g, 75%): mp 113-116° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.13 (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.21 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 241.93 ([M]⁺). The title compound (DI72) was isolated as a yellow solid (1.0 g, 71%): mp 67-70° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, J=17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H); ESIMS m/z 190.00 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 119

Preparation of 1-(1-(4-Vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethanone (DI78)



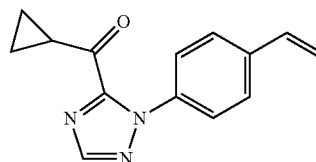
To a stirred solution of 1-(4-vinyl-phenyl)-1H-[1,2,4]triazole (1 g, 5.8 mmol) in 25 mL of THF, was added n-BuLi (0.37 g, 5.8 mmol) at -78° C. and stirred for 30 min. To this N-methoxy-N-methyl acetamide in THF (0.66 g, 6.4 mmol) was added and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine and dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh, 40% EtOAc in Pet ether) to afford the title compound as an off white solid (280 mg, 23%): mp 97-98° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10 (s, 1H),

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7.50 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 6.68 (dd, 1H), 5.85 (d, 1H), 5.38 (d, 1H), 2.75 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 214.14 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 120

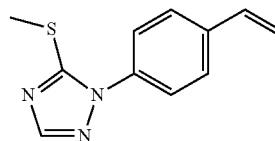
Preparation of Cyclopropyl(1-(4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)methanone (DI79)



To a stirred solution of 1-(4-vinyl-phenyl)-1H-[1,2,4]triazole (1 g, 5.8 mmol) in 25 mL of THF, was added n-BuLi (0.37 g, 5.8 mmol) at -78° C. and stirred for 30 min. To this N-methoxy N-methylcyclopropoxide in THF (0.82 g, 6.4 mmol) was added and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine and dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh, 40% EtOAc in Pet ether) to afford the title compound as an off white solid (420 mg, 30%): mp 90-91° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (dd, J=16.3, 10.7 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, J=16.3 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (d, J=10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 1.27 (m, 2H), 1.18 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 240.18 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2922, 1630 cm⁻¹.

Example 121

Preparation of 5-(Methylthio)-1-(4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI80)



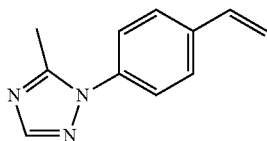
To a stirred solution of 1-(4-vinyl-phenyl)-1H-[1,2,4]triazole (1 g, 5.8 mmol) in 50 mL of THF, was added n-BuLi (0.41 g, 6.4 mmol) at -78° C. and stirred for 30 min. To this dimethyldisulfide in THF (0.6 g, 6.43 mmol) was added and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine and dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh, 40% EtOAc in Pet ether) to afford the title compound as an off white solid (0.6 g, 48%): mp 68-70° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.05 (m, 4H),

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6.75 (dd, J=16.4, 10.7 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, J=16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (d, J=10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 218.09 ([M+H]⁺).

Example 122

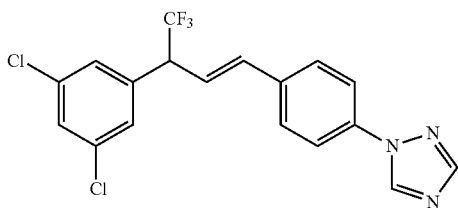
Preparation of 5-Methyl-1-(4-vinylphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI81)



To a stirred solution of 1-(4-vinyl-phenyl)-1H-[1,2,4]triazole (0.5 g, 2.9 mmol) in 10 mL of THF, was added n-BuLi (0.22 g, 3.5 mmol) at -78° C. and stirred for 30 min. To this methyl iodide in THF (0.50 g, 3.5 mmol) was added and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL). The combined EtOAc layer was washed with brine and dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh, 40% EtOAc in Pet ether) afford the title compound as a pale brown liquid (250 mg, 46%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=9 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J=9 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (dd, J=18, 11 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, J=18 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (d, J=11 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 186.13 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 1517, 1386, 1182, 847 cm⁻¹.

Example 97

Preparation of (E)-1-(4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DC1)



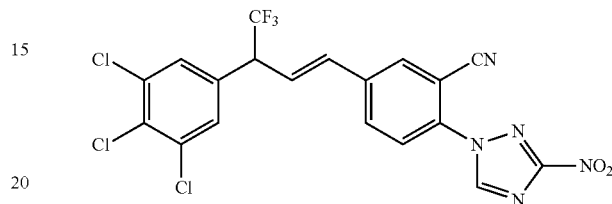
To a stirred solution of 1-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-3,5-dichloro-benzene (2.0 g, 6.51 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (25 mL), were added 1-(4-vinyl-phenyl)-1H-[1,2,4]triazole (2.22 g, 13.0 mmol), CuCl (64 mg, 0.65 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.2 g, 1.3 mmol). The resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min, then stirred at 180° C. for 24 h. After completion of reaction (TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh; 25-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as an off-white solid (0.8 g, 32%): mp 93-97° C.; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J=15.6, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 398.05 ([M+H]⁺).

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Compounds DC2-DC37, DC44, DC45, DC47-49, DC50, DC51, DC54, DC58, DC60, DC62, and DC63-DC67 in Table 1 were made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 97.

Example 98

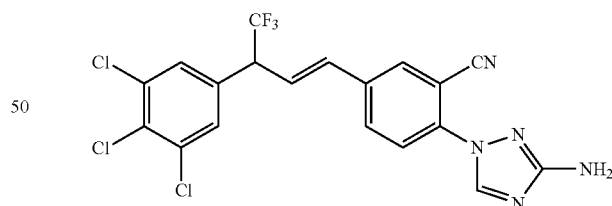
Preparation of (E)-2-(3-Nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzonitrile (DC40)



To a stirred solution of 2-(3-nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-vinylbenzonitrile (0.9 g, 3.7 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (10 mL), were added 5-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3-trichlorobenzene (2.5 g, 7.5 mmol), CuCl (73 mg, 0.74 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.23 g, 1.49 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was degassed with argon for 30 min and then stirred at 180° C. for 14 h. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to RT and filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh, 25-30% EtOAc in Pet ether) afforded the title compound as an off white solid (0.9 g, 50%): mp 70-73° C.; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.86 (s, 1H), 7.88 (m, 3H), 7.44 (s, 2H), 6.67 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J=16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 436.11 ([M-2H]⁻).

Example 99

Preparation of (E)-2-(3-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzonitrile (DC41)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(3-nitro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-yl) benzonitrile (0.6 g, 1.2 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL), were added Zn dust (0.39 g, 5.98 mmol) and sat. aq NH₄Cl solution (5 mL) and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the reaction mass was concentrated under reduced pressure. The reaction mass was diluted with DCM, filtered through a celite bed, and the obtained filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a solid (0.5 g, 89%): mp 72-75° C.; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (s, 2H), 7.77 (d, J=8.4 Hz,

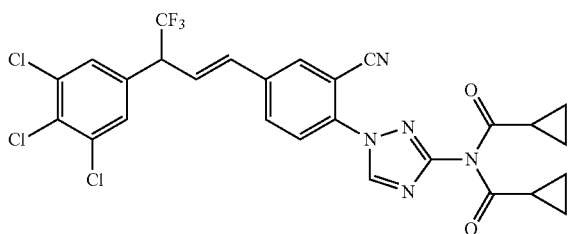
167

1H), 6.42 (dd, J=15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (s, 2H), 4.89 (m, 1H); ESIMS m/z 469.95 ([M-H]⁻).

Compound DC38 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 99. Also, compound DC55 in Table 1 was made from compound DC54 in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 99, with the exception of using ammonium formate in place of ammonium chloride.

Example 100

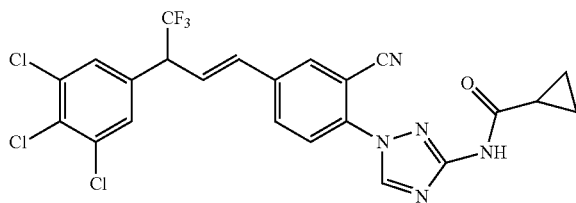
Preparation of (E)-N-(1-(2-Cyano-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)cyclopropanecarboxamide (DC42)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(3-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl) benzonitrile (0.1 g, 0.21 mmol) in DCM at RT, was added cyclopropylcarbonyl chloride (0.045 g, 0.42 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at RT. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with water and brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration under reduced pressure and purification by preparative HPLC afforded the title compound as a solid (0.09 g, 79%); mp 104-107° C.; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 (s, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.65 (d, J=16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J=7.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (m, 1H), 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.00 (m, 4H); ESIMS m/z 609.98 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 2234, 1714, 1114, 807 cm⁻¹.

Example 101

Preparation of (E)-N-(1-(2-Cyano-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(cyclopropanecarboxamide (DC43)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-(3-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-5-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl) benzonitrile (0.15 g, 0.31 mmol) in DCM at 0° C., were added triethylamine (0.1 g, 1 mmol) and cyclopropylcarbonyl chloride (0.04 g, 0.38 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0° C. The reaction mixture was diluted with DCM and washed with water and brine and dried over Na₂SO₄.

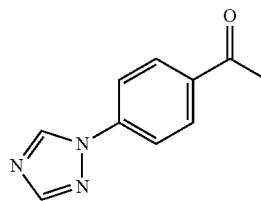
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Concentration under reduced pressure and purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, 100-200 mesh) afforded the title compound as a solid (66 mg, 34%); mp 109-112° C.; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.94 (br s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.08 (m, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (s, 2H), 7.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J=15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J=15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (m, 1H), 1.99 (br s, 1H), 0.82 (s, 4H); ESIMS m/z 540.04 ([M+H]⁺); IR (thin film) 3233, 2233, 1699, 1114, 807 cm⁻¹.

Compound DC39 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 101.

Example 102

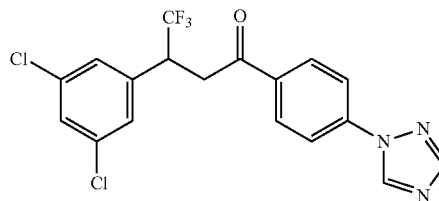
Preparation of 1-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)ethanone (DI74)



To a stirred solution of 4-bromoacetophenone (10 g, 50 mmol) in DMF (100 mL), were added 1,2,4-triazole (5 g, 75 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (32.6 g, 100.5 mmol) and CuI (1.4 g, 10.1 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was refluxed for 48 h. After completion of the reaction (by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to RT and diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by washing with diethyl ether afforded the title compound as a solid (5 g, 96%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 186.02 ([M-H]⁻).

Example 103

Preparation of 1-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobutan-1-one (DI75)



Step 1. 1-(4-(1-(Trimethylsilyloxy)vinyl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DI76)

To a stirred solution of 1-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)ethanone (4.5 g, 24.0 mmol) in DCM at 0° C., were added TEA (3.7 g, 36.1 mmol) and trimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (8 g, 36 mmol) and the resultant reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with

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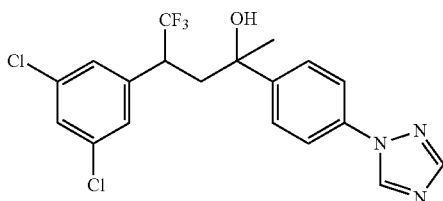
a mixture of sat aq sodium bicarbonate solution and ether. The ether layer and was separated, washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound (5.5 g) which was taken directly to next step.

Step 2. 1-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobutan-1-one (DI75)

To a stirred solution of 1-(4-(1-(trimethylsilyloxy)vinyl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (6 g, 23 mmol) and 1-(1-bromo-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-3,5-dichlorobenzene (7.1 g, 34.7 mmol) in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (30 mL) was degassed with argon. To this CuCl (0.23 g, 2.31 mmol) and 2,2-bipyridyl (0.73 g, 4.63 mmol) was added to the above reaction mixture and the resultant reaction mixture was heated to 180°C . for 18 h. After completion of the reaction (by TLC), the reaction mixture was absorbed onto silica gel and purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 ; 10% EtOAc in petroleum ether) to afford title compound as a solid (3 g, 31%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, $J=8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, $J=8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 3.63 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 412.14 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$).

Example 104

Preparation of 2-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-4-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-5,5,5-trifluoropentan-2-ol (DI77)



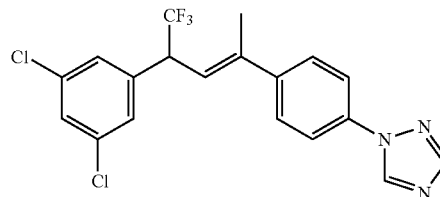
To a solution of 1-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobutan-1-one (300 mg, 0.726 mmol) in THF cooled to 0°C . was added methylmagnesium bromide (450 mg, 5 mmol) drop wise. The reaction was stirred for 3 h at 0°C ., then the reaction mixture was quenched with sat aq NH_4Cl solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined EtOAc layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 20%-25% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (100 mg, 32%): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ two diastereoisomers 8.58 (s, 1H, minor), 8.48 (s, 1H, major), 8.13 (s, 1H, minor), 8.09 (s, 1H, major), 7.70 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 2H, minor), 7.53 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 2H, minor), 7.40 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 2H, major), 7.31 (m, 1H, minor), 7.27 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 2H, major), 7.20 (m, 2H, minor), 7.01 (m,

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1H, major), 6.75 (m, 2H, major), 3.50 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 1.56 (s, 3H, major), 1.54 (s, 3H, minor); ESIMS m/z 430.05 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$).

Example 105

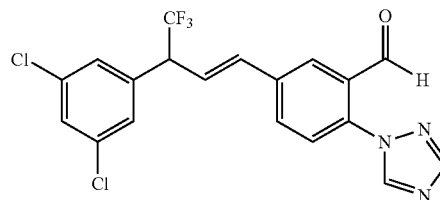
Preparation of (E)-1-(4-(4-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-5,5,5-trifluoropent-2-en-2-yl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DC68)



To a solution of 2-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-4-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-5,5,5-trifluoropentan-2-ol (100 mg, 0.233 mmol) in toluene was added a catalytic amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid (PTSA) and the water was removed by azeotropic distillation over the course of 12 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and dissolved in ethyl acetate. The solution was washed with sat aq NaHCO_3 solution and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 100-200 mesh; 20%-25% EtOAc in petroleum ether) afforded the title compound as a solid (30 mg, 31%).

Example 123

Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde (DC52)



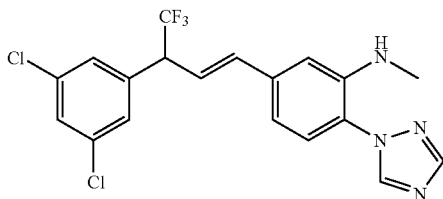
To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzotriole (0.3 g, 0.71 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) at -78°C . was added dropwise diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL-H, 1.0 M solution in toluene; 0.85 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78°C . for 20 min. The reaction mixture was quenched with the addition of 1 N HCl solution, then the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO_2 ; 50% EtOAc/Pet ether) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil.

Compound DC53 in Table 1 was made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in Example 123.

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Example 124

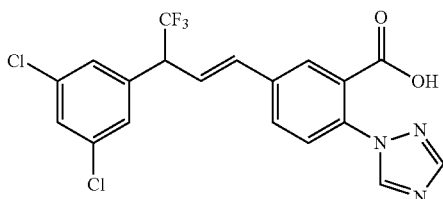
Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)aniline (DC57)



To a stirred solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)aniline (0.3 g, 0.7 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added triethylamine (0.155 mL, 1.09 mmol) and methyl iodide (0.124 g, 0.873 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 18 h. The DCM layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂; 50% EtOAc/Pet ether) to afford the title compound as a yellow semi-solid (0.07 g, 70%).

Example 125

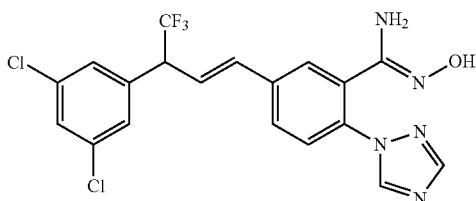
Preparation of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzoic acid (DC61)



A solution of (E)-ethyl 5-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzoate (0.2 g, 0.4 mmol) in 6 N HCl (10 mL) was stirred at 100° C. for 18 h. The reaction was cooled to RT, resulting in a white solid precipitate. The precipitate was filtered to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.12 g, 60%).

Example 126

Preparation of (Z)-5-((E)-3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-N'-hydroxy-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzimidamide (DC59)

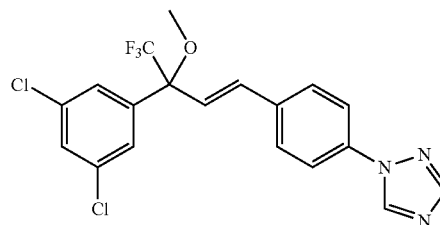


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A solution of (E)-5-(3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (0.3 g, 0.71 mmol), sodium acetate (0.087 g, 1.065 mmol) and hydroxylammonium chloride (0.072 g, 1.065 mmol) in 9:1 ethanol/water mixture (10 mL) was stirred at 70° C. for 8 h. The reaction was cooled to RT, and the ethanol was evaporated. The residue was dissolved in water and extracted with EtOAc (2×). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as an off white solid.

Example 127

Preparation of (E)-1-(4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluoro-3-methoxybut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DC70)



Step 1. (E)-3-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

To a solution of 1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)ethanone (0.5 g, 2.6 mmol) in ethanol (20 mL) was added 4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde (0.46 g, 2.65 mmol) and the reaction was cooled to 0° C. Sodium hydroxide (0.22 g, 5.29 mmol) in water (10 mL) was then added and the reaction was allowed to stir for 2 h at 0° C. The reaction was extracted with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound (0.149 g, 17%); ESIMS m/z 430.05 ([M+H]⁺) 344.08

Step 2. (E)-4-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-2-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-1,1,1-trifluorobut-3-en-2-ol (DC69)

To a solution of (E)-3-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (1 g, 3 mmol) in THF (150 mL) was added trifluoromethyltrimethylsilane (0.517 g, 3.644 mmol) and tetra-n-butylammonium fluoride (TBAF) (1.0 M, 1 mL) at 0° C. The reaction was slowly warmed to RT and allowed to stir for 2 h. The reaction was then cooled to 0° C. and 5 M HCl solution was added and the reaction was stirred for an additional 4 h at RT. The reaction was extracted with DCM and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by flash column chromatography (SiO₂; 25% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (0.3 g, 25%).

Step 3. (E)-1-(4-(3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4,4,4-trifluoro-3-methoxybut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (DC70)

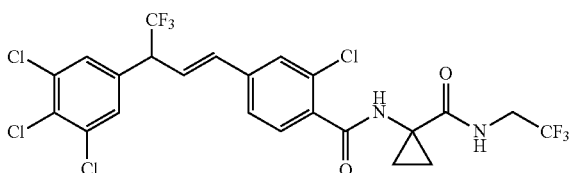
To a solution of (E)-4-(4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl)-2-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-1,1,1-trifluorobut-3-en-2-ol (0.15 g,

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0.36 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added NaH (60%, 10 mg, 0.44 mmol) at 0° C. The reaction was allowed to stir at 0° C. for 30 min, then methyl iodide (61 mg, 0.44 mmol) was added slowly and the reaction was warmed to RT and allowed to stir for 4 h. The reaction was quenched with aq NH₄Cl solution and extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (55 mg, 35%).

Example 128

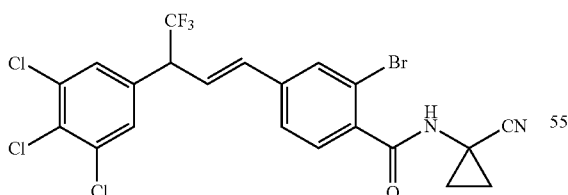
Preparation of (E)-2-Chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-N-(1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethylcarbamoyl)cyclopropyl)benzamide (F1)



To a stirred solution of (E)-2-chloro-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)benzoic acid (300 mg, 0.67 mmol) and 1-amino-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)cyclopropanecarboxamide (148 mg, 0.81 mmol) in DCM/DMF (5 mL, 1:1), 2-chloro-1,3-dimethylimidazolidinium hexafluorophosphate (CIP) (92 mg, 0.33 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (HOAt) (48 mg, 0.33 mmol) and DMAP (5 mol %) were added, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature (RT) for 4 h. The reaction mixture was poured into ice-water and extracted with EtOAc. The organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, concentrated and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica (100-200 mesh) eluting with 30% EtOAc in petroleum ether to give the title compound as pale yellow gum (300 mg, 75%). Characterization data for this molecule is listed in Table 2.

Example 129

Preparation of (E)-2-Bromo-N-(1-cyanocyclopropyl)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzamide (F7)



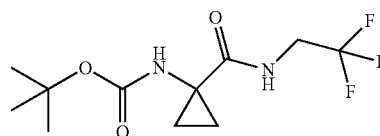
To a stirred solution of (E)-2-bromo-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid (100 mg, 0.205 mmol) in DCE (10.0 mL) at RT was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC hydrochloride) (58.9 mg, 0.307 mmol), 1-amino-1-cyclopropanecarbonitrile hydrochloride (24.3 mg, 0.296 mmol), DMAP (catalytic) and TEA (22.79 mg, 0.225 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 18 h. To the

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reaction mixture was added EtOAc (50 mL) and 0.1N HCl (10 mL) and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (1×). The combined organic layers were washed with aq NaHCO₃ (1×), dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated under reduce pressure to give an oil. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 230-400 mesh; eluting with 35% EtOAc in hexanes) afforded the title compound as a white solid (13 mg, 11.5%). Characterization data for this molecule is listed in Table 2.

Example 130

Preparation of tert-Butyl(1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)-carbamate

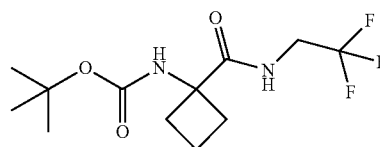


To a stirred solution of 1-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (10.0 g, 49.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (80 mL) was added EDC.HCl (13.8 g, 71.8 mmol) followed by 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamine (8.21 g, 82.8 mmol) and 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (7.31 g, 59.8 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 18 h, taken up in 300 mL of EtOAc, then washed with aq. 10% HCl (3×), aq. 10% K₂CO₃ (2×) and aq. sat. NaCl (1×). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo to afford the title compound as a white solid (11.8 g, 84%): mp 166-167° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) rotamers δ 8.43 (s, 0.3H), 8.20 (s, 0.7H), 7.41 (s, 0.7H), 7.11 (s, 0.3H), 3.84 (dt, J=9.9, 4.9 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (d, J=11.4 Hz, 9H), 1.24 (q, J=4.3 Hz, 2H), 0.92 (q, J=4.3 Hz, 2H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ -70.57; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) rotamers δ 172.82, 155.37, 124.64 (q, J=281 Hz), 78.29, 40.18 (q, J=34 Hz), 35.43, 34.70, 28.05, 27.84, 17.28, 16.62.

The following molecules was made in accordance with the procedure disclosed in

Example 130

tert-Butyl(1-((2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclobutyl)carbamate

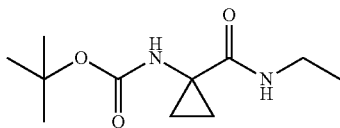


The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (1.94, 28%): mp=185-188° C.; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) rotamers δ 8.06 (s, 0.3H), 7.96 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 0.7H), 7.44 (s, 0.7H), 7.11 (s, 0.3H), 3.83 (qd, J=9.7, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (dtd, J=12.1, 5.9, 2.5 Hz, 2H), 2.03 (ddd, J=12.1, 9.4, 7.1 Hz, 2H),

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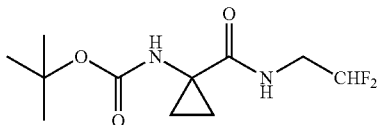
1.81 (ddd, $J=26.1, 14.0, 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.33 (d, $J=34.8$ Hz, 9H); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) rotomers $\delta -70.35, -70.75$; ESIMS m/z 295 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$)

tert-Butyl(1-(ethylcarbamoyl)cyclopropyl)carbamate



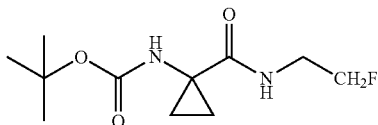
The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (3.54 g, 68%); mp=113-116° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.44 (bs, 1H), 5.09 (bs, 1H), 3.43-3.17 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.15 (t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.00-0.97 (m, 2H); (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.03, 155.89, 80.37, 35.53, 34.65, 28.23, 17.17, 14.85.

tert-Butyl(1-((2,2-difluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)carbamate



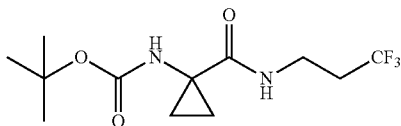
The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (290 mg, 70%); mp=131-135° C.; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.93 (bs, 1H), 7.39 (bs, 1H), 6.15-5.74 (m, 1H), 3.52-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.23-1.17 (m, 2H), 0.97-0.87 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 165.1 ($[\text{M}-\text{Boc}]^+$).

tert-Butyl(1-((2-fluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)carbamate



The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (250 mg, 62%); mp=121-125° C.; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.80 (bs, 1H), 7.41 (bs, 1H), 4.47 (t, $J=5.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.34 (t, $J=5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.43-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.22-1.18 (m, 2H), 0.87-0.84 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 146.2 ($[\text{M}-\text{Boc}]^+$).

tert-Butyl(1-((3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)carbamate

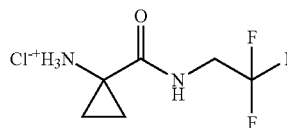


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The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (550 mg, 58%); mp=146-148° C.; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 7.80 (bs, 1H), 7.40 (bs, 1H), 3.34-3.27 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.32 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.22-1.18 (m, 2H), 0.87-0.83 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 197.1 ($[\text{M}-\text{Boc}+\text{H}]^+$).

Example 131

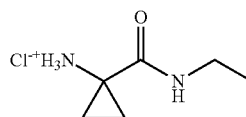
Preparation of tert-Butyl 1-amino-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)cyclopropanecarboxamide hydrochloride



To tert-butyl(1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)carbamate (3.2 g, 11 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added 4 M HCl in dioxane (20 mL). The solution was stirred for 18 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue placed in a 60° C. vacuum oven (24 h) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (2.3 g, 93%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 8.77 (bs, 3H), 8.50 (t, $J=6.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.90 (qd, $J=9.7, 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.52-1.15 (m, 4H); ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ -70.54; ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 175.33, 132.46 (q, $J=280.8$ Hz), 45.13 (q, $J=34.34$ Hz), 40.06, 17.57.

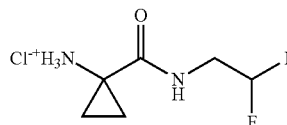
The following molecules was made in accordance with the procedure disclosed in Example 131:

1-(Ethylcarbamoyl)cyclopropanaminium chloride



The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (2.27 g, 98%); mp=165-196° C.; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.69 (s, 3H), 7.89 (t, $J=5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.10 (dd, $J=7.4, 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.43-1.32 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.23 (m, 2H), 1.01 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H); (101 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 168.41, 34.71, 33.93, 14.47, 11.89; IR (thin film) 3313, 2983, 1678, 1537, 1251, 1159 cm^{-1} .

1-((2,2-Difluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropanaminium chloride

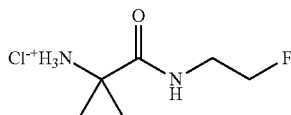


The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (200 mg, 99%); mp=221-225° C.; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ

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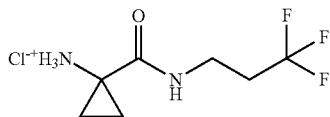
8.40 (bs, 3H), 8.12 (bs, 1H), 6.20-5.81 (m, 1H), 3.55-3.45 (m, 2H), 1.44-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.23 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 165.1 ($[M+H]^+$).

1-((2-Fluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropanaminium chloride



The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (180 mg, 89%); mp=157-161° C.; 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.62 (bs, 3H), 8.00 (bs, 1H), 4.51 (t, $J=5.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, $J=4.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.35-3.32 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.29-1.25 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 147.1 ($[M+H]^+$).

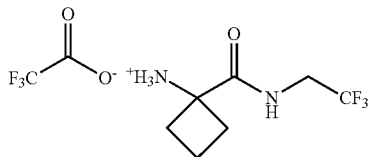
1-((3,3,3-Trifluoropropyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropanaminium chloride



The title molecule was isolated as a white solid (250 mg, 80%); mp=156-158° C.; 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.58 (bs, 3H), 7.99 (bs, 1H), 3.36-3.29 (m, 2H), 2.51-2.38 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.26 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 197.2 ($[M+H]^+$).

Example 132

Preparation of 1-((2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclobutanaminium 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

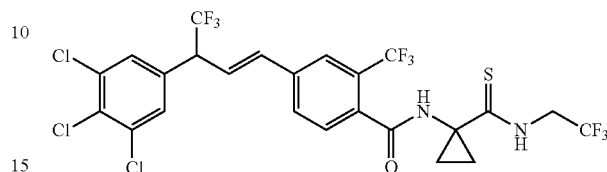


To a stirred solution of tert-butyl 1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethylcarbamoyl)cyclobutylcarbamate (500 mg, 1.68 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (TFA, 1.0 mL) dropwise and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The volatiles were evaporated and the residue was triturated with pentane to give the title compound as colorless gum which was taken on to the next step without further purification (400 mg, 77%); 1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.14 (t, $J=6.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.52 (bs, 2H), 4.08-3.96 (m, 2H), 2.63-2.55 (m, 2H), 2.27-2.14 (m, 2H), 2.08-2.00 (m, 2H); ESIMS m/z 196.9 ($[M+H]^+$); IR (thin film) 3364, 2949, 1680, 1033 cm^{-1} .

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Example 133

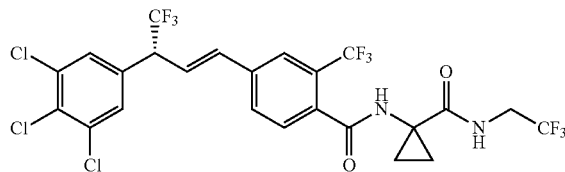
Preparation of (E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-N-(1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethylcarbamothioyl)cyclopropyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (F6)



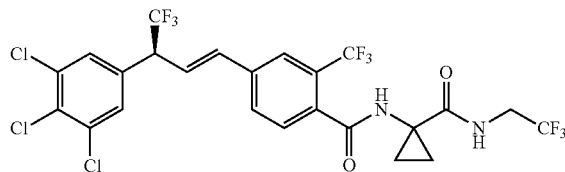
To a stirred solution of (E)-4-(4,4,4-trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-enyl)-N-(1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethylcarbamoyl)cyclopropyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (200 mg, 0.31 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added P_4S_{10} (34 mg, 0.155 mmol) and hexamethyldisiloxane (HMDO, 0.1 mL, 0.517 mmol) and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 4 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and another portion of P_4S_{10} (34 mg, 0.155 mmol) and HMDO (0.1 mL, 0.517 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 16 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica (100-200 mesh) eluting with 10% EtOAc in hexane to give the title compounds as yellow gum (37 mg, 18%). Characterization data for this molecule is listed in Table 2.

Example 135

Isolation of (R,E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-N-(1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (F8A)



and (S,E)-4-(4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-(3,4,5-trichlorophenyl)but-1-en-1-yl)-N-(1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (F8B)

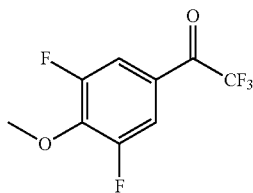


179

The enantiomeric pair of F8, prepared as in Example 28, were separated by chiral HPLC using Chiralpak® IA (4.6×250 mm) 5 μm column using 0.1% TFA in hexane and isopropanol as the mobile phase (isocratic 70:30) with a flow rate 1.0 mL/min at ambient temperature. Enantiomer F8A (isomer 1) was collected at a retention time of 10.62 min Enantiomer F8B (isomer 2) was collected at 12.28 min Characterization data for these molecules are listed in Table 2A.

Example 136

Preparation of 1-(3,5-Difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2,2-trifluoroethanone



Isopropyl magnesium chloride lithium chloride complex (22.0 mL, 28.02 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of 5-bromo-1,3-difluoro-2-methoxybenzene (5.0 g, 22.42 mmol) at -5° C. in THF (100 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for 30 min. Methyl trifluoroacetate (3.67 g, 28.69 mmol) was added dropwise

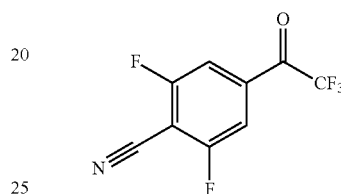
180

and then the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 2 h. A 2 N HCl solution (200 mL) was added to quench the reaction and then it was extracted with diethylether. The organic combined layers were washed with brine dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound (5.4 g, crude) as a yellow liquid. The material was taken on to next step without further purification. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68-7.60 (m, 2H), 4.19 (s, 3H); ESIMS m/z 240.1 ([M]⁺).

The following molecule was prepared in accordance with the procedures disclosed in

Example 136

2,6-Difluoro-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroacetyl)benzonitrile

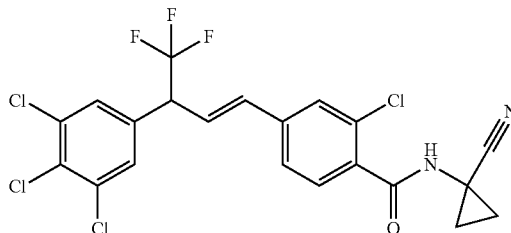


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H); EIMS m/z 235.1 ([M]⁺).

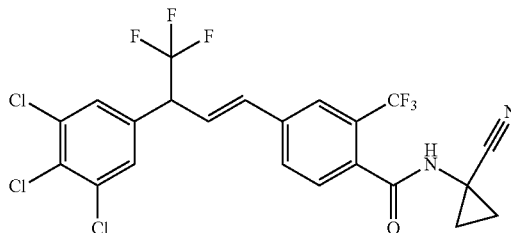
The following prophetic molecules could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in this application:

Compound Number	Structure
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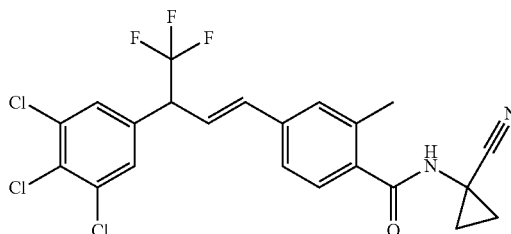
P1



P2



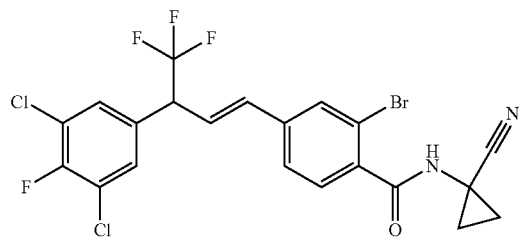
P3



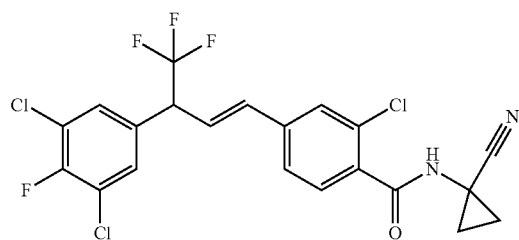
Compound

Number Structure

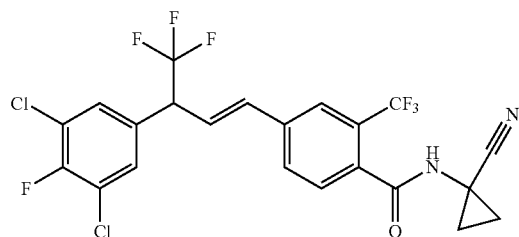
P4



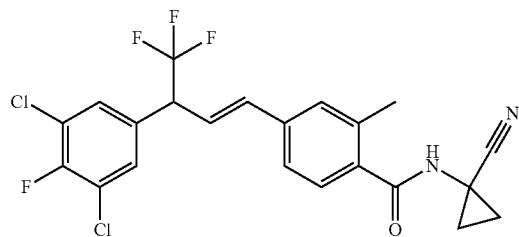
P5



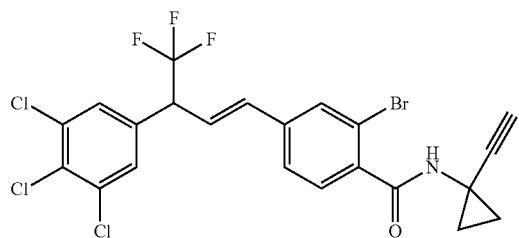
P6



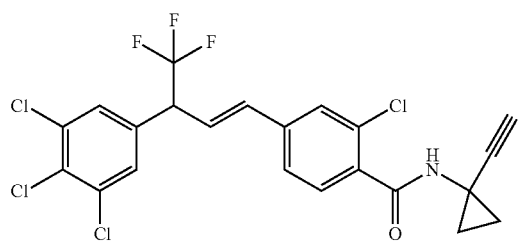
P7



P8



P9

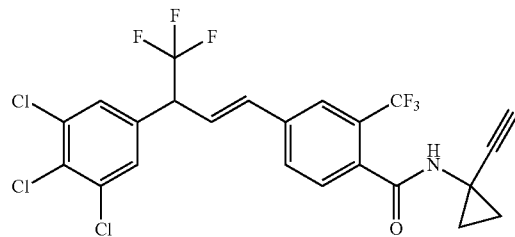


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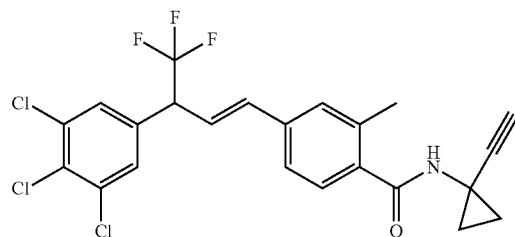
Compound

Number Structure

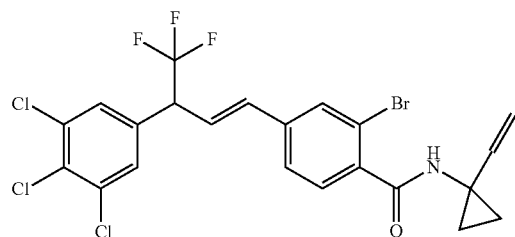
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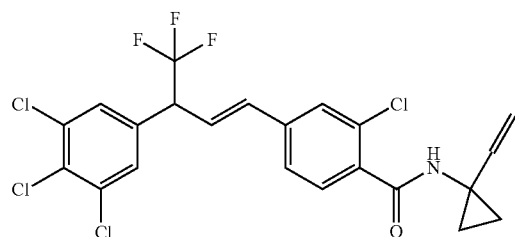
P11



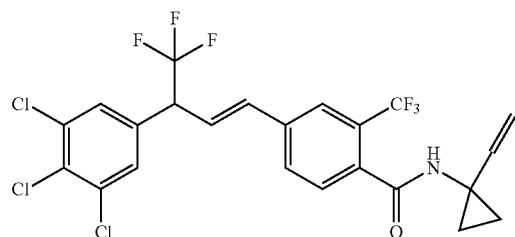
P12



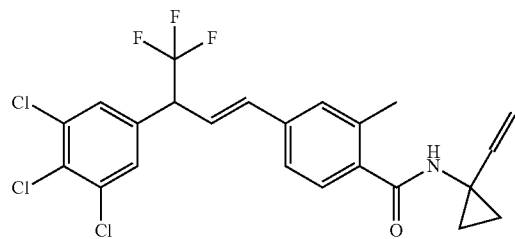
P13



P14



P15

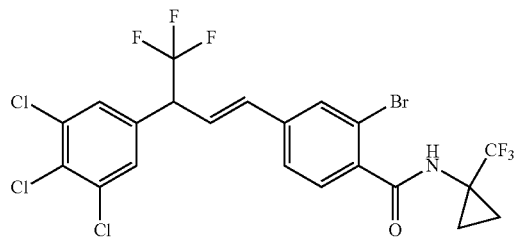


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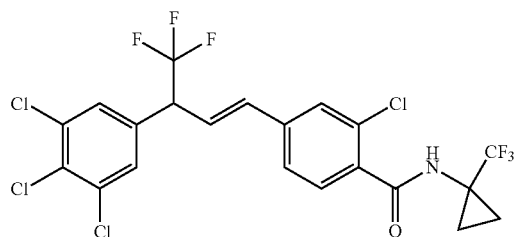
Compound

Number Structure

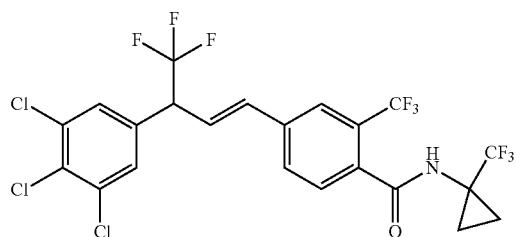
P16



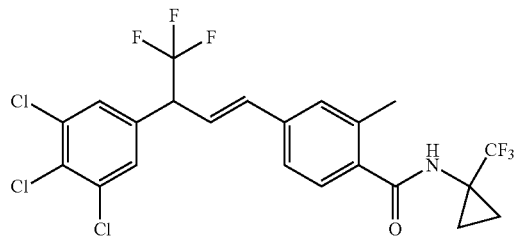
P17



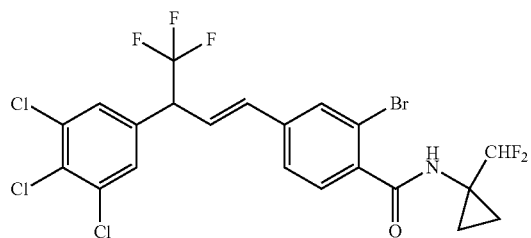
P18



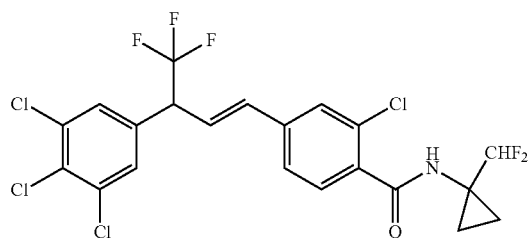
P19



P20



P21

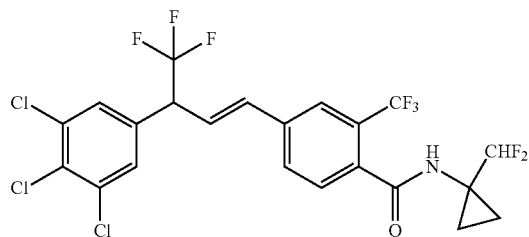


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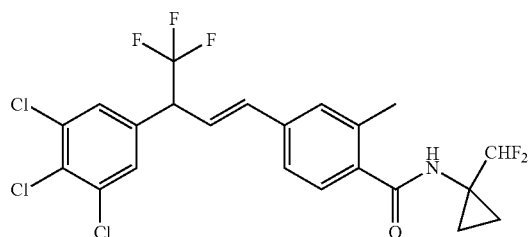
Compound

Number Structure

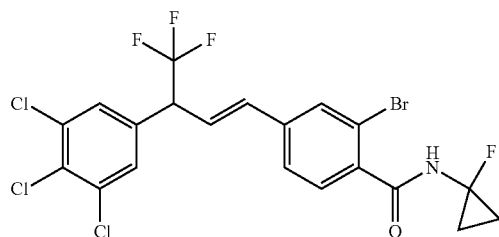
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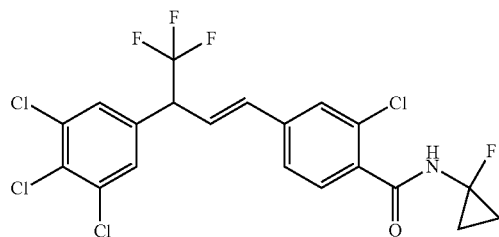
P23



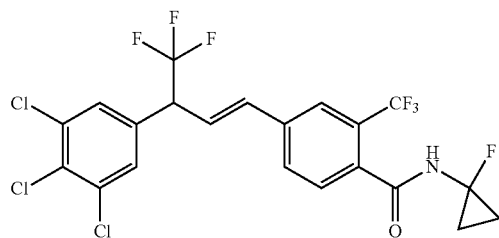
P24



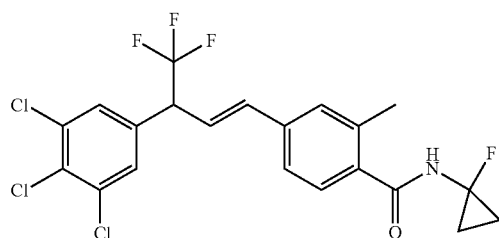
P25



P26



P27



-continued

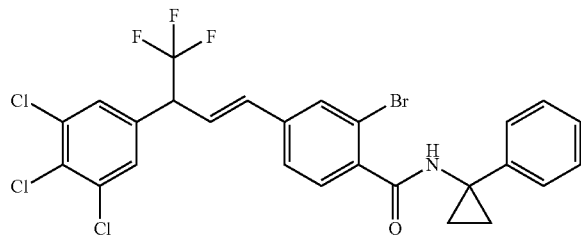
Compound Number	Structure
P28	
P29	
P30	
P31	
P32	
P33	

-continued

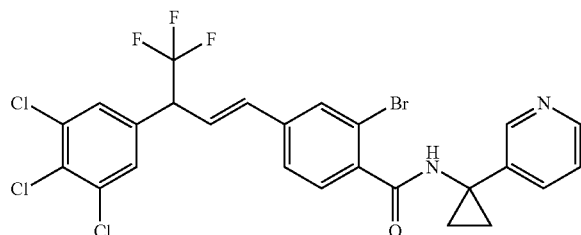
Compound

Number Structure

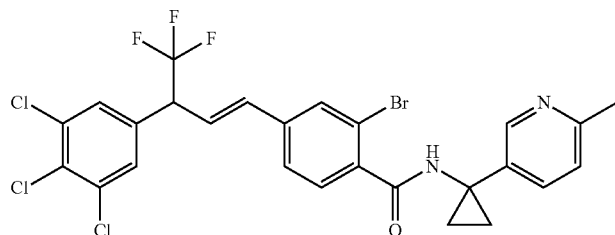
P34



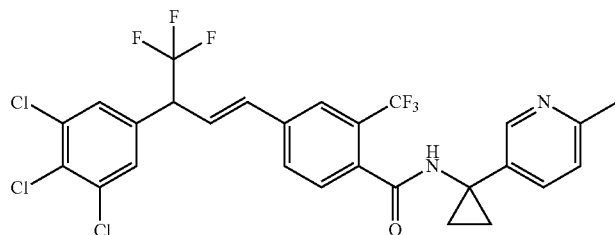
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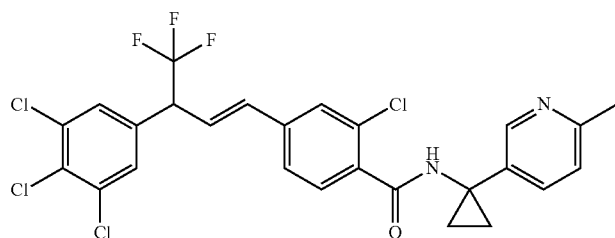
P36



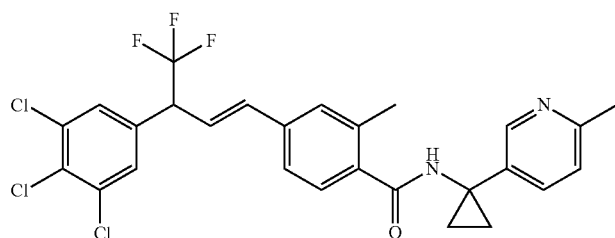
P37



P38



P39

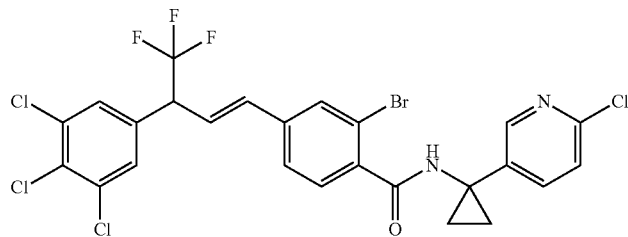


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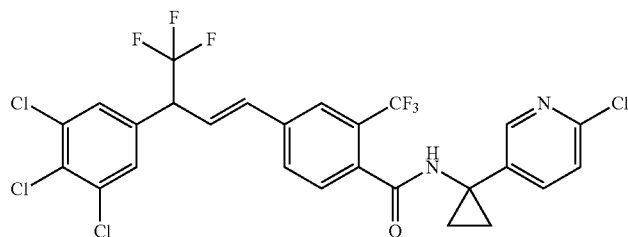
Compound

Number Structure

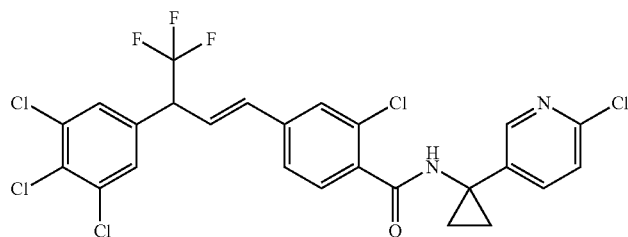
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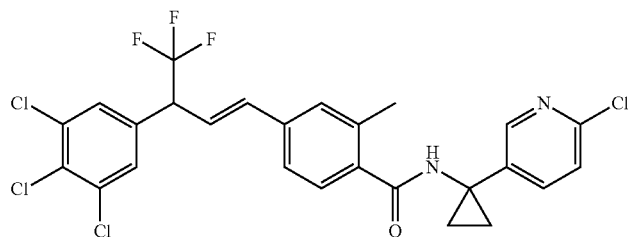
P41



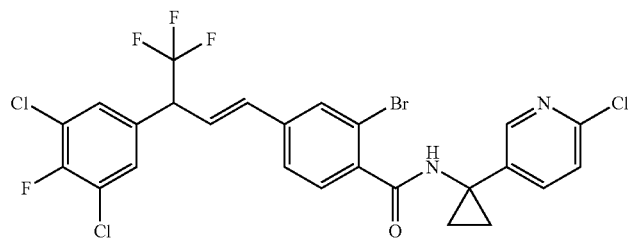
P42



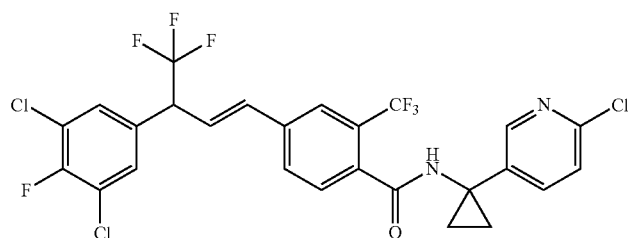
P43



P44



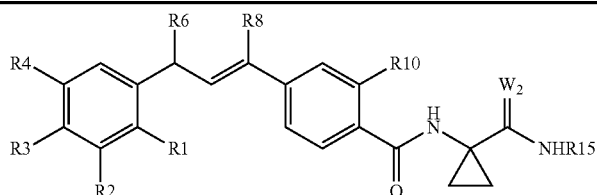
P45



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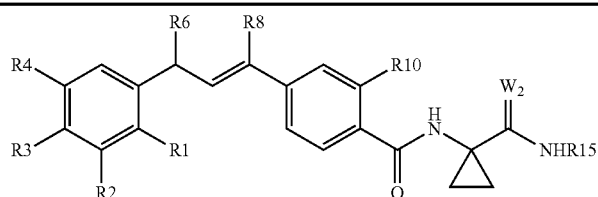
Compound Number	Structure
P46	 <chem>Clc1cc(F)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)c(NC3CC3c4cc(Cl)nc4)c2C(=O)O</chem>
P47	 <chem>Cc1cc(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)c(NC3CC3c4cc(Cl)nc4)c2C(=O)O</chem>
P48	 <chem>BrC1=CC=C(C(=O)NC2CC2CC(F)(F)F)C=C(C(F)(F)F)C3=CC=C(Cl)C(Cl)=C3C(F)(F)F</chem>
P49	 <chem>ClC1=CC=C(C(=O)NC2CC2CC(F)(F)F)C=C(C(F)(F)F)C3=CC=C(Cl)C(Cl)=C3C(F)(F)F</chem>
P50	 <chem>CC(F)(F)F1=CC=C(C(=O)NC2CC2CC(F)(F)F)C=C(C(F)(F)F)C3=CC=C(Cl)C(Cl)=C3C(F)(F)F</chem>
P51	 <chem>Cc1cc(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)c(NC3CC3CC(F)(F)F)c2C(=O)O</chem>

The following prophetic molecules could be made in accordance with the procedures disclosed in this application:



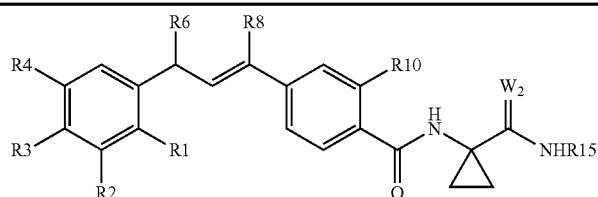
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P52	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P53	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P54	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P55	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P56	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P57	F	F	F	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P58	F	F	F	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P59	F	F	F	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P60	F	F	F	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P61	F	F	F	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P62	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P63	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P64	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P65	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P66	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P67	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P68	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P69	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P70	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P71	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P72	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P73	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P74	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P75	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P76	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P77	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P78	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P79	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P80	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P81	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P82	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P83	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P84	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P85	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P86	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P87	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P88	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P89	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P90	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P91	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P92	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P93	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P94	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P95	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P96	F	F	F	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P97	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P98	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P99	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P100	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P101	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P102	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P103	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P104	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P105	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P106	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P107	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P108	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P109	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P110	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P111	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P112	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P113	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P114	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P115	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P116	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

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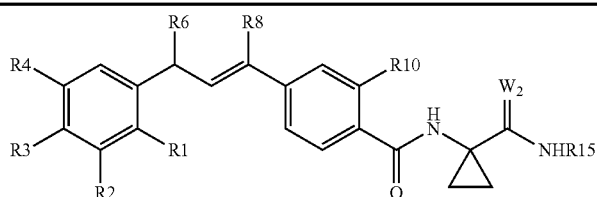
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P117	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P118	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P119	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P120	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P121	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P122	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P123	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P124	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P125	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P126	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P127	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P128	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P129	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P130	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P131	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P132	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P133	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P134	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P135	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P136	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P137	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P138	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P139	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P140	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P141	Cl	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P142	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P143	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P144	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P145	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P146	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P147	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P148	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P149	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P150	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P151	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P152	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P153	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P154	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P155	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P156	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P157	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P158	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P159	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P160	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P161	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P162	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P163	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P164	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P165	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P166	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P167	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P168	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P169	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P170	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P171	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P172	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P173	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P174	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P175	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P176	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P177	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P178	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P179	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P180	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P181	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P182	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P183	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃

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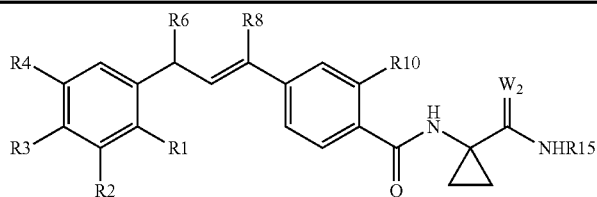
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P184	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P185	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P186	H	H	H	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P187	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P188	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P189	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P190	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P191	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P192	H	F	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P193	H	F	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P194	H	F	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P195	H	F	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P196	H	F	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P197	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P198	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P199	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P200	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P201	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P202	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P203	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P204	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P205	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P206	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P207	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P208	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P209	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P210	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P211	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P212	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P213	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P214	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P215	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P216	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P217	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P218	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P219	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P220	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P221	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P222	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P223	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P224	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P225	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P226	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P227	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P228	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P229	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P230	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P231	H	F	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P232	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P233	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P234	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P235	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P236	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P237	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P238	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P239	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P240	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P241	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P242	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P243	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P244	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P245	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P246	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P247	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P248	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P249	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P250	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

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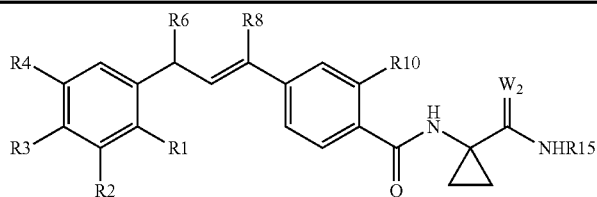
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P251	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P252	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P253	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P254	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P255	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P256	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P257	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P258	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P259	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P260	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P261	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P262	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P263	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P264	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P265	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P266	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P267	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P268	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P269	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P270	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P271	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P272	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P273	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P274	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P275	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P276	H	CH ₃	Cl	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P277	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P278	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P279	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P280	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P281	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P282	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P283	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P284	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P285	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P286	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P287	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P288	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P289	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P290	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P291	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P292	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P293	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P294	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P295	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P296	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P297	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P298	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P299	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P300	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P301	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P302	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P303	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P304	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P305	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P306	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P307	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P308	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P309	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P310	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P311	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P312	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P313	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P314	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P315	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P316	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P317	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃

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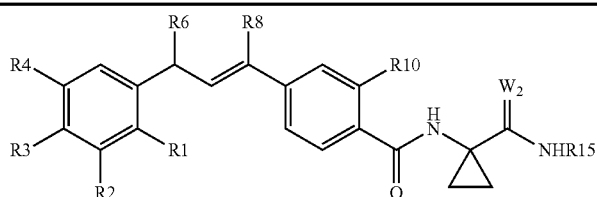
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P318	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P319	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P320	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P321	H	Cl	CH ₃	H	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P322	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P323	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P324	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P325	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P326	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P327	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P328	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P329	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P330	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P331	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P332	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P333	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P334	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P335	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P336	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P337	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P338	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P339	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P340	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P341	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P342	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P343	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P344	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P345	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P346	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P347	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P348	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P349	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P350	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P351	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P352	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P353	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P354	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P355	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P356	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P357	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P358	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P359	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P360	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P361	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P362	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P363	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P364	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P365	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P366	H	CH ₃	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P367	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P368	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P369	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P370	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P371	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P372	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P373	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P374	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P375	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P376	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P377	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P378	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P379	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P380	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P381	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P382	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P383	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P384	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

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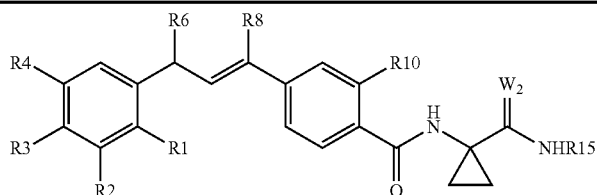
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P385	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P386	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P387	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P388	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P389	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P390	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P391	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P392	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P393	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P394	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P395	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P396	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P397	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P398	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P399	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P400	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P401	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P402	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P403	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P404	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P405	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P406	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P407	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P408	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P409	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P410	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P411	H	Cl	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P412	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P413	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P414	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P415	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P416	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P417	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P418	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P419	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P420	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P421	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P422	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P423	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P424	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P425	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P426	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P427	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P428	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P429	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P430	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P431	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P432	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P433	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P434	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P435	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P436	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P437	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P438	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P439	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P440	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P441	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P442	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P443	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P444	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P445	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P446	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P447	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P448	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P449	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P450	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P451	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃

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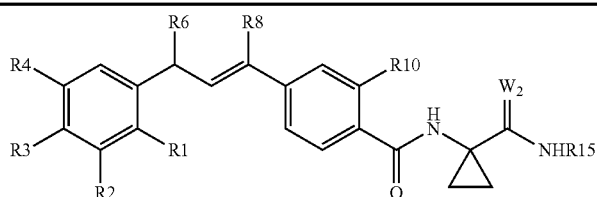
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P452	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P453	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P454	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P455	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P456	H	H	Br	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P457	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P458	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P459	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P460	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P461	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P462	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P463	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P464	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P465	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P466	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P467	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P468	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P469	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P470	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P471	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P472	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P473	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P474	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P475	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P476	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P477	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P478	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P479	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P480	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P481	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P482	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P483	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P484	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P485	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P486	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P487	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P488	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P489	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P490	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P491	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P492	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P493	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P494	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P495	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P496	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P497	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P498	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P499	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P500	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P501	H	H	Cl	NO ₂	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P502	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P503	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P504	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P505	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P506	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P507	H	H	F	CN	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P508	H	H	F	CN	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P509	H	H	F	CN	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P510	H	H	F	CN	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P511	H	H	F	CN	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P512	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P513	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P514	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P515	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P516	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P517	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P518	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

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Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P519	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P520	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P521	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P522	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P523	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P524	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P525	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P526	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P527	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P528	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P529	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P530	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P531	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P532	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P533	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P534	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P535	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P536	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P537	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P538	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P539	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P540	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P541	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P542	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P543	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P544	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P545	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P546	H	H	F	CN	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P547	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P548	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P549	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P550	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P551	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P552	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P553	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P554	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P555	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P556	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P557	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P558	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P559	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P560	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P561	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P562	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P563	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P564	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P565	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P566	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P567	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P568	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P569	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P570	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P571	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P572	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P573	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P574	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P575	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P576	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P577	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P578	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P579	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P580	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P581	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P582	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P583	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P584	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P585	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃

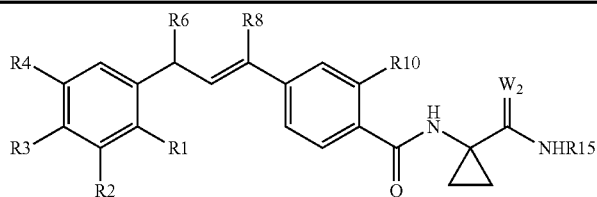
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Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P586	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P587	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P588	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P589	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P590	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P591	H	Cl	OCF ₃	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P592	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P593	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P594	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P595	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P596	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P597	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P598	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P599	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P600	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P601	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P602	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P603	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P604	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P605	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P606	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P607	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P608	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P609	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P610	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P611	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P612	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P613	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P614	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P615	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P616	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P617	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P618	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P619	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P620	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P621	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P622	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P623	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P624	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P625	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P626	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P627	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P628	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P629	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P630	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P631	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P632	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P633	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P634	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P635	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P636	H	Cl	CN	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P637	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P638	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P639	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P640	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P641	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P642	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P643	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P644	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P645	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P646	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P647	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P648	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
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P650	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P651	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P652	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

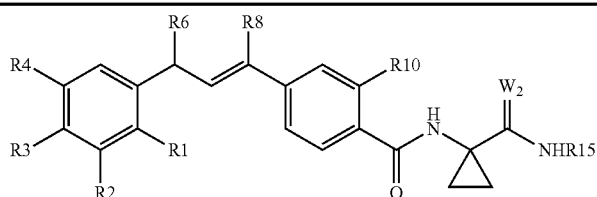
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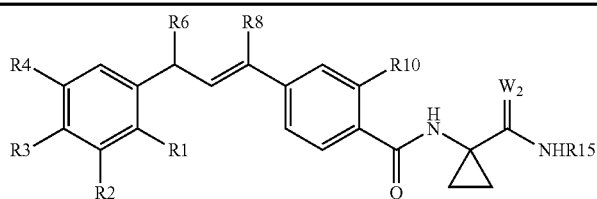
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P653	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P654	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P655	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P656	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P657	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P658	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P659	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P660	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P661	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P662	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P663	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P664	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P665	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P666	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P667	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P668	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P669	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P670	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P671	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P672	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P673	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P674	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P675	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P676	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P677	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P678	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P679	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P680	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P681	H	CH ₃	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P682	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P683	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P684	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P685	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P686	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P687	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P688	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P689	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P690	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P691	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P692	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P693	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P694	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P695	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P696	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P697	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P698	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P699	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P700	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P701	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P702	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P703	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P704	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P705	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P706	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P707	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P708	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P709	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P710	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P711	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P712	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P713	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P714	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P715	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P716	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P717	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P718	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P719	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃

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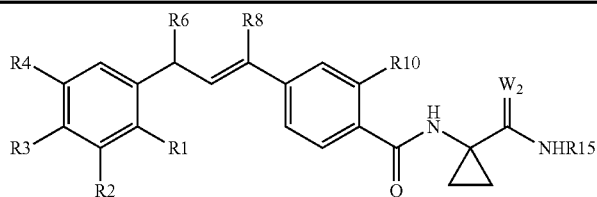
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P720	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P721	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P722	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P723	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P724	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P725	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P726	H	H	F	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P727	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P728	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P729	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P730	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P731	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P732	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P733	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P734	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P735	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P736	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P737	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P738	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P739	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P740	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P741	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P742	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P743	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P744	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P745	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P746	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P747	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P748	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P749	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P750	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P751	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P752	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P753	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P754	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P755	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P756	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P757	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P758	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P759	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P760	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P761	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P762	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P763	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P764	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P765	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P766	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P767	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P768	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P769	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P770	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P771	H	H	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P772	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P773	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P774	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P775	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P776	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P777	H	F	F	F	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P778	H	F	F	F	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P779	H	F	F	F	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P780	H	F	F	F	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P781	H	F	F	F	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P782	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P783	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P784	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P785	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P786	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃

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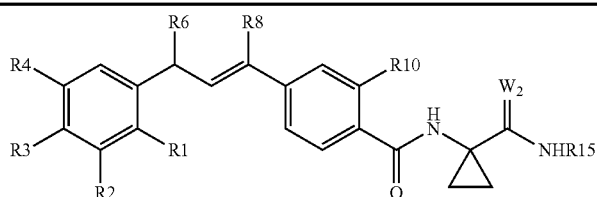
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P787	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P788	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P789	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P790	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P791	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P792	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P793	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P794	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P795	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P796	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P797	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P798	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P799	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P800	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P801	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P802	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P803	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P804	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P805	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P806	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P807	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P808	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P809	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P810	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P811	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P812	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P813	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P814	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P815	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P816	H	F	F	F	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P817	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P818	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P819	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P820	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P821	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P822	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P823	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P824	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P825	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P826	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P827	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P828	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P829	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P830	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P831	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P832	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P833	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P834	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P835	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P836	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P837	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P838	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P839	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P840	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P841	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P842	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P843	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P844	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P845	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P846	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P847	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P848	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P849	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P850	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P851	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P852	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P853	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃

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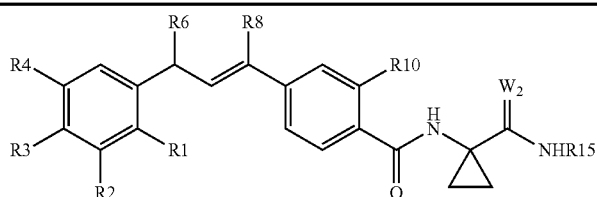
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P854	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P855	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P856	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P857	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P858	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P859	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P860	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P861	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P862	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P863	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P864	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P865	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P866	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P867	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P868	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P869	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P870	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P871	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P872	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P873	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P874	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P875	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P876	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P877	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P878	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P879	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P880	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P881	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P882	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P883	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P884	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P885	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P886	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P887	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P888	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P889	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P890	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P891	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P892	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P893	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P894	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P895	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P896	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P897	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P898	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P899	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P900	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P901	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P902	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P903	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P904	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P905	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P906	H	F	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P907	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P908	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P909	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P910	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P911	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P912	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P913	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P914	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P915	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P916	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P917	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P918	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P919	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P920	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃

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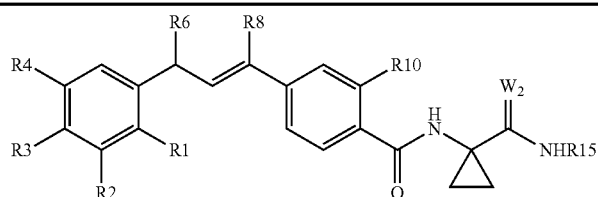
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P922	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P923	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P924	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P925	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P926	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P927	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P928	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P929	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P930	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P931	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P932	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P933	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P934	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P935	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P936	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P937	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P938	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P939	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P940	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P941	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P942	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P943	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P944	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P945	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P946	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P947	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P948	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P949	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P950	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P951	H	Cl	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P952	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P953	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P954	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P955	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P956	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P957	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P958	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P959	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P960	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P961	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P962	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P963	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P964	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P965	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P966	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P967	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P968	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P969	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P970	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P971	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P972	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P973	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P974	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P975	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P976	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P977	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P978	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P979	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P980	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P981	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P982	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P983	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P984	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P985	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P986	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P987	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃

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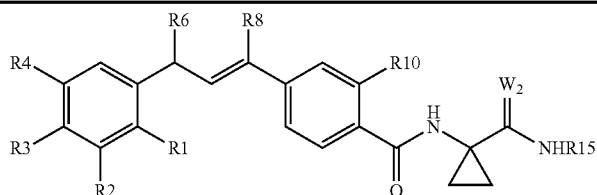
Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P988	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P989	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P990	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P991	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P992	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P993	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P994	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P995	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P996	H	H	F	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P997	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P998	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P999	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1000	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1001	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1002	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1003	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1004	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1005	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1006	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1007	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1008	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1009	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1010	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1011	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1012	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1013	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1014	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1015	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1016	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1017	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1018	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1019	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1020	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1021	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1022	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1023	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1024	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1025	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1026	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1027	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1028	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1029	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1030	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1031	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1032	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1033	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1034	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1035	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1036	H	Cl	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1037	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1038	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1039	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1040	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1041	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1042	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1043	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1044	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1045	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1046	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1047	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1048	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1049	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1050	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1051	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1052	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1053	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1054	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

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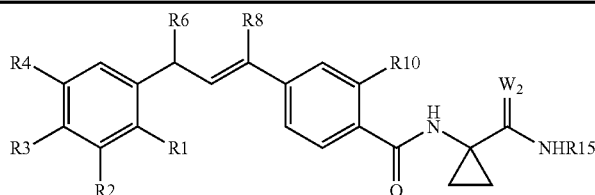
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P1056	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1057	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1058	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1059	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1060	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1061	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1062	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1063	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1064	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1065	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1066	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1067	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1068	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1069	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1070	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1071	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1072	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1073	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1074	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1075	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1076	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1077	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1078	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1079	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1080	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1081	H	Cl	H	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1082	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1083	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1084	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1085	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1086	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1087	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1088	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1089	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1090	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1091	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1092	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1093	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1094	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1095	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1096	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1097	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1098	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1099	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1100	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1101	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1102	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1103	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1104	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1105	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1106	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1107	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1108	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1109	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1110	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1111	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1112	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1113	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1114	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1115	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1116	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1117	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1118	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1119	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1120	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1121	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃

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Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P1122	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1123	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1124	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1125	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1126	H	H	Cl	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1127	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1128	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1129	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1130	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1131	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1132	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1133	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1134	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1135	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1136	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1137	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1138	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1139	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1140	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1141	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1142	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1143	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1144	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1145	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1146	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1147	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1148	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1149	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1150	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1151	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1152	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1153	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1154	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1155	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1156	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1157	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1158	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1159	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1160	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1161	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1162	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1163	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1164	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1165	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1166	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1167	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1168	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1169	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1170	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1171	H	Cl	F	Cl	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1172	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1173	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1174	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1175	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1176	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1177	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1178	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1179	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1180	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1181	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₂ CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1182	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1183	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1184	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1185	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1186	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1187	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1188	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	S	CH ₂ CF ₃

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Compound Number	R1	R2	R3	R4	R6	R8	R10	W2	R15
P1189	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1190	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1191	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	S	CH ₂ CF ₃
P1192	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1193	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1194	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1195	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1196	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CHF ₂
P1197	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1198	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1199	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1200	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1201	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ F
P1202	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1203	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1204	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1205	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1206	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₃
P1207	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1208	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1209	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1210	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1211	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH(CH ₃)CF ₃
P1212	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	H	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1213	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Br	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1214	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	Cl	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1215	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃
P1216	H	Br	H	Br	CF ₃	H	CH ₃	O	CH ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃

Example A

Bioassays on Beet Armyworm ("BAW") and Corn Earworm ("CEW") and Cabbage Looper ("CL")

BAW has few effective parasites, diseases, or predators to lower its population. BAW infests many weeds, trees, grasses, legumes, and field crops. In various places, it is of economic concern upon asparagus, cotton, corn, soybeans, tobacco, alfalfa, sugar beets, peppers, tomatoes, potatoes, onions, peas, sunflowers, and citrus, among other plants. CEW is known to attack corn and tomatoes, but it also attacks artichoke, asparagus, cabbage, cantaloupe, collards, cowpeas, cucumbers, eggplant, lettuce, lima beans, melon, okra, peas, peppers, potatoes, pumpkin, snap beans, spinach, squash, sweet potatoes, and watermelon, among other plants. CEW is also known to be resistant to certain insecticides. CL is also known to be resistant to certain insecticides. Consequently, because of the above factors control of these pests is important. Furthermore, molecules that control these pests are useful in controlling other pests.

Certain molecules disclosed in this document were tested against BAW, CEW and CL using procedures described in the following examples. In the reporting of the results, the "BAW & CEW & CL Rating Table" was used (See Table Section).

Bioassays on BAW (*Spodoptera exigua*)

Bioassays on BAW were conducted using a 128-well diet tray assay. One to five second instar BAW larvae were placed in each well (3 mL) of the diet tray that had been previously

filled with 1 mL of artificial diet to which 50 µg/cm² of the test compound (dissolved in 50 µL of 90:10 acetone-water mixture) had been applied (to each of eight wells) and then allowed to dry. Trays were covered with a clear self-adhesive cover, and held at 25° C., 14:10 light-dark for five to seven days. Percent mortality was recorded for the larvae in each well; activity in the eight wells was then averaged. The results are indicated in the tables entitled "Table 3: Assay Results Part 1" and "Table 4: Assay Results Part 2" (See Table Section).

Bioassays on CEW (*Helicoverpa zea*)

Bioassays on CEW were conducted using a 128-well diet tray assay. One to five second instar CEW larvae were placed in each well (3 mL) of the diet tray that had been previously filled with 1 mL of artificial diet to which 50 µg/cm² of the test compound (dissolved in 50 µL of 90:10 acetone-water mixture) had been applied (to each of eight wells) and then allowed to dry. Trays were covered with a clear self-adhesive cover, and held at 25° C., 14:10 light-dark for five to seven days. Percent mortality was recorded for the larvae in each well; activity in the eight wells was then averaged. The results are indicated in the table entitled "Table 3: Assay Results Part 1" (See Table Section).

Bioassays on CL (*Trichoplusia ni*)

Bioassays on CL were conducted using a 128-well diet tray assay. One to five second instar CL larvae were placed in each well (3 mL) of the diet tray that had been previously filled with 1 mL of artificial diet to which 50 µg/cm² of the test compound (dissolved in 50 µL of 90:10 acetone-water mixture)

ture) had been applied (to each of eight wells) and then allowed to dry. Trays were covered with a clear self-adhesive cover, and held at 25° C., 14:10 light-dark for five to seven days. Percent mortality was recorded for the larvae in each well; activity in the eight wells was then averaged. The results are indicated in the table entitled "Table 4: Assay Results Part 2" (See Table Section).

Example B

Bioassays on Green Peach Aphid ("GPA") (*Myzus persicae*)

GPA is the most significant aphid pest of peach trees, causing decreased growth, shriveling of the leaves, and the death of various tissues. It is also hazardous because it acts as a vector for the transport of plant viruses, such as potato virus Y and potato leafroll virus to members of the nightshade/potato family Solanaceae, and various mosaic viruses to many other food crops. GPA attacks such plants as broccoli, burdock, cabbage, carrot, cauliflower, daikon, eggplant, green beans, lettuce, macadamia, papaya, peppers, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, watercress, and zucchini, among other plants. GPA also attacks many ornamental crops such as carnation, chrysanthemum, flowering white cabbage, poinsettia, and roses. GPA has developed resistance to many pesticides.

Certain molecules disclosed in this document were tested against GPA using procedures described in the following example. In the reporting of the results, the "GPA Rating Table" was used (See Table Section).

Cabbage seedlings grown in 3-inch pots, with 2-3 small (3-5 cm) true leaves, were used as test substrate. The seedlings were infested with 20-50 GPA (wingless adult and nymph stages) one day prior to chemical application. Four pots with individual seedlings were used for each treatment. Test compounds (2 mg) were dissolved in 2 mL of acetone/methanol (1:1) solvent, forming stock solutions of 1000 ppm test compound. The stock solutions were diluted 5x with 0.025% Tween 20 in H₂O to obtain the solution at 200 ppm test compound. A hand-held aspirator-type sprayer was used for spraying a solution to both sides of cabbage leaves until runoff. Reference plants (solvent check) were sprayed with the diluent only containing 20% by volume of acetone/methanol (1:1) solvent. Treated plants were held in a holding room for three days at approximately 25° C. and ambient relative humidity (RH) prior to grading. Evaluation was conducted by counting the number of live aphids per plant under a microscope. Percent Control was measured by using Abbott's correction formula (W. S. Abbott, "A Method of Computing the Effectiveness of an Insecticide" J. Econ. Entomol. 18 (1925), pp. 265-267) as follows.

$$\text{Corrected \% Control} = 100 * (X - Y) / X$$

where

X = No. of live aphids on solvent check plants and

Y = No. of live aphids on treated plants

The results are indicated in the tables entitled "Table 3: Assay Results" and "Table 4: Assay Results Part 2" (See Table Section).

Pesticidally Acceptable Acid Addition Salts, Salt Derivatives, Solvates, Ester Derivatives, Polymorphs, Isotopes and Radionuclides

Molecules of Formula One may be formulated into pestidically acceptable acid addition salts. By way of a non-limiting example, an amine function can form salts with hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, phosphoric, acetic, benzoic,

citric, malonic, salicylic, malic, fumaric, oxalic, succinic, tartaric, lactic, gluconic, ascorbic, maleic, aspartic, benzene-sulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, hydroxymethanesulfonic, and hydroxyethanesulfonic acids. Additionally, by way of a non-limiting example, an acid function can form salts including those derived from alkali or alkaline earth metals and those derived from ammonia and amines. Examples of preferred cations include sodium, potassium, and magnesium.

Molecules of Formula One may be formulated into salt derivatives. By way of a non-limiting example, a salt derivative can be prepared by contacting a free base with a sufficient amount of the desired acid to produce a salt. A free base may be regenerated by treating the salt with a suitable dilute aqueous base solution such as dilute aqueous sodium hydroxide (NaOH), potassium carbonate, ammonia, and sodium bicarbonate. As an example, in many cases, a pesticide, such as 2,4-D, is made more water-soluble by converting it to its dimethylamine salt.

Molecules of Formula One may be formulated into stable complexes with a solvent, such that the complex remains intact after the non-complexed solvent is removed. These complexes are often referred to as "solvates." However, it is particularly desirable to form stable hydrates with water as the solvent.

Molecules of Formula One may be made into ester derivatives. These ester derivatives can then be applied in the same manner as the invention disclosed in this document is applied.

Molecules of Formula One may be made as various crystal polymorphs. Polymorphism is important in the development of agrochemicals since different crystal polymorphs or structures of the same molecule can have vastly different physical properties and biological performances.

Molecules of Formula One may be made with different isotopes. Of particular importance are molecules having ²H (also known as deuterium) in place of ¹H.

Molecules of Formula One may be made with different radionuclides. Of particular importance are molecules having ¹⁴C.

Stereoisomers

Molecules of Formula One may exist as one or more stereoisomers. Thus, certain molecules can be produced as racemic mixtures. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that one stereoisomer may be more active than the other stereoisomers. Individual stereoisomers may be obtained by known selective synthetic procedures, by conventional synthetic procedures using resolved starting materials, or by conventional resolution procedures. Certain molecules disclosed in this document can exist as two or more isomers. The various isomers include geometric isomers, diastereomers, and enantiomers. Thus, the molecules disclosed in this document include geometric isomers, racemic mixtures, individual stereoisomers, and optically active mixtures. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that one isomer may be more active than the others. The structures disclosed in the present disclosure are drawn in only one geometric form for clarity, but are intended to represent all geometric forms of the molecule.

Combinations

Molecules of Formula One may also be used in combination (such as, in a compositional mixture, or a simultaneous or sequential application) with one or more compounds having acaricidal, algicidal, avicidal, bactericidal, fungicidal, herbicidal, insecticidal, molluscicidal, nematocidal, rodenticidal, or virucidal properties. Additionally, the molecules of Formula One may also be used in combination (such as, in a compositional mixture, or a simultaneous or sequential appli-

cation) with compounds that are antifeedants, bird repellents, chemosterilants, herbicide safeners, insect attractants, insect repellents, mammal repellents, mating disrupters, plant activators, plant growth regulators, or synergists. Examples of such compounds in the above groups that may be used with the Molecules of Formula One are—(3-ethoxypropyl)mercury bromide, 1,2-dichloropropane, 1,3-dichloropropene, 1-methylcyclopropene, 1-naphthol, 2-(octylthio)ethanol, 2,3,5-tri-iodobenzoic acid, 2,3,6-TBA, 2,3,6-TBA-dimethylammonium, 2,3,6-TBA-lithium, 2,3,6-TBA-potassium, 2,3,6-TBA-sodium, 2,4,5-T, 2,4,5-T-2-butoxypropyl, 2,4,5-T-2-ethylhexyl, 2,4,5-T-3-butoxypropyl, 2,4,5-TB, 2,4,5-T-butometyl, 2,4,5-T-butetyl, 2,4,5-T-butyl, 2,4,5-T-isobutyl, 2,4,5-T-isocetyl, 2,4,5-T-isopropyl, 2,4,5-T-methyl, 2,4,5-T-pentyl, 2,4,5-T-sodium, 2,4,5-T-triethylammonium, 2,4,5-T-trolamine, 2,4-D, 2,4-D-2-butoxypropyl, 2,4-D-2-ethylhexyl, 2,4-D-3-butoxypropyl, 2,4-D-ammonium, 2,4-DB, 2,4-DB-butyl, 2,4-DB-dimethylammonium, 2,4-DB-isocetyl, 2,4-DB-potassium, 2,4-DB-sodium, 2,4-D-butetyl, 2,4-D-butyl, 2,4-D-diethylammonium, 2,4-D-dimethylammonium, 2,4-D-diolamine, 2,4-D-dodecylammonium, 2,4-DEB, 2,4-DEP, 2,4-D-ethyl, 2,4-D-heptylammonium, 2,4-D-isobutyl, 2,4-D-isocetyl, 2,4-D-isopropyl, 2,4-D-isopropylammonium, 2,4-D-lithium, 2,4-D-meptyl, 2,4-D-methyl, 2,4-D-octyl, 2,4-D-pentyl, 2,4-D-potassium, 2,4-D-propyl, 2,4-D-sodium, 2,4-D-tefuryl, 2,4-D-tetradecylammonium, 2,4-D-triethylammonium, 2,4-D-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, 2,4-D-trolamine, 2iP, 2-methoxyethylmercury chloride, 2-phenylphenol, 3,4-DA, 3,4-DB, 3,4-DP, 4-aminopyridine, 4-CPA, 4-CPA-potassium, 4-CPA-sodium, 4-CPB, 4-CPP, 4-hydroxyphenethyl alcohol, 8-hydroxyquinoline sulfate, 8-phenylmercurioxyquinoline, abamectin, abscisic acid, ACC, acephate, acequinocyl, acetamiprid, acection, acetochlor, acetophos, acetoprole, acibenzolar, acibenzolar-S-methyl, acifluorfen, acifluorfen-methyl, acifluorfen-sodium, aclonifen, acrep, acrinathrin, acrolein, acrylonitrile, acypetacs, acypetacs-copper, acypetacs-zinc, alachlor, alany-carb, albendazole, aldicarb, aldimorph, aldoxycarb, aldrin, allethrin, allacin, alldochlor, allosamidin, alloxymid, alloxymid-sodium, allyl alcohol, allylcarb, alorac, alpha-cypermethrin, alpha-endosulfan, ametocradin, ametridione, ametryn, amibuzin, amicarbazone, amicarbazol, amidithion, amidoflomet, amidosulfuron, aminocarb, aminocyclopyrachlor, aminocyclopyrachlor-methyl, aminocyclopyrachlor-potassium, aminopyralid, aminopyralid-potassium, aminopyralid-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, amiprofos-methyl, amiprofos, amisulbrom, amiton, amiton oxalate, amitraz, amitrole, ammonium sulfamate, ammonium α -naphthaleneacetate, amobam, ampropylfos, anabasine, ancymidol, anilazine, anilofos, anisuron, anthraquinone, antu, apholate, aramite, arsenous oxide, asomate, aspirin, asulam, asulam-potassium, asulam-sodium, athidathion, atraton, atrazine, aureofungin, aviglycine, aviglycine hydrochloride, azaconazole, azadirachtin, azafenidin, azame-thiphos, azimsulfuron, azinphos-ethyl, azinphos-methyl, aziprotryne, azithiram, azobenzene, azocyclotin, azothoate, azoxystrobin, bachmedesh, barban, barium hexafluorosilicate, barium polysulfide, barthrin, BCPC, beflubutamid, benalaxyl, benalaxyl-M, benazolin, benazolin-dimethylammonium, benazolin-ethyl, benazolin-potassium, bencarbazone, benclonthiaz, bendiocarb, benfluralin, benfuracarb, ben-furesate, benodanil, benomyl, benoxacor, benoxafos, benquinox, bensulfuron, bensulfuron-methyl, bensulide, bensultap, bentafuron, bentazone, bentazone-sodium, benthiavalicarb, benthiavalicarb-isopropyl, benthiazole, ben-tranil, benzadox, benzadox-ammonium, benzalkonium chlo-ride, benzamacril, benzamacril-isobutyl, benzamorf, ben-

zfendizone, benzipram, benzobicyclon, benzenefap, benzofluor, benzohydroxamic acid, benzoximate, benzoyl-prop, benzoylprop-ethyl, benzthiazuron, benzyl benzoate, benzyladenine, berberine, berberine chloride, beta-cy-fluthrin, beta-cypermethrin, bethoxazin, bicyclopypyrone, bifenazate, bifenox, bifenthrin, bifujunzhi, bilanafos, bilanafos-sodium, binapacryl, bingqingxiao, bioallethrin, bioethanomethrin, biopermethrin, bioresmethrin, biphenyl, bisazir, bismethiazol, bispyribac, bispyribac-sodium, bistrifluron, bitertanol, bithionol, bixafen, blasticidin-S, borax, Bordeaux mixture, boric acid, boscalid, brassinolide, brassi-nolide-ethyl, brevicomin, brodifacoum, brofenvalerate, brof-luthrin, bromacil, bromacil-lithium, bromacil-sodium, bromadiolone, bromethalin, bromethrin, bromfenvinfos, bro-moacetamide, bromobonil, bromobutide, bromocyclen, bromo-DDT, bromofenoxim, bromophos, bromophos-ethyl, bromopropylate, bromothalonil, bromoxynil, bromoxynil butyrate, bromoxynil heptanoate, bromoxynil octanoate, bro-moxynil-potassium, brompyrazon, bromuconazole, bro-nopol, bucarpolate, bufencarb, buminafos, bupirimate, buprofezin, Burgundy mixture, busulfan, butacarb, butachlor, butafenacil, butamifos, butathiofos, butenachlor, butethrin, buthidazole, buthiobate, buthiuron, butocarboxim, butonate, butopyronoxyl, butoxycarboxim, butralin, butoxydim, butu-ron, butylamine, butylate, cacodylic acid, cadusafos, cafens-trole, calcium arsenate, calcium chlorate, calcium cyana-mide, calcium polysulfide, calvinphos, cambendichlor, campechlor, camphor, captafol, captan, carbamorph, car-banolate, carbaryl, carbasulam, carbendazim, carbendazim benzenesulfonate, carbendazim sulfite, carbetamide, carbo-furan, carbon disulfide, carbon tetrachloride, carbophe-nothion, carbosulfan, carboxazole, carboxide, carboxin, carfentrazone, carfentrazone-ethyl, carpropamid, cartap, car-tap hydrochloride, carvacrol, carvone, CDEA, cellocidin, CEPC, ceralure, Cheshunt mixture, chinomethionat, chito-san, chlobenthiazole, chlomethoxyfen, chloralose, chloram-ben, chloramben-ammonium, chloramben-diolamine, chloramben-methyl, chloramben-methylammonium, chloramben-sodium, chloramine phosphorus, chlorampheni-col, chloraniformethan, chloranil, chloranocryl, chlorantra-niliprole, chlorazifop, chlorazifop-propargyl, chlorazine, chlorbenside, chlorbenzuron, chlorbicyclen, chlorbromuron, chlorbufam, chlordan, chlordecone, chlordinform, chlo-rdimeform hydrochloride, chlorempenthrin, chlorethoxyfos, chloreturon, chlorfenac, chlorfenac-ammonium, chlorfenac-sodium, chlorfenapyr, chlorfenazole, chlorfenethol, chlor-fenprop, chlorfenson, chlorfensulphide, chlorfenvinfos, chlorfluazuron, chlorflurazole, chlorfluren, chlorfluren-me-thyl, chlorflurenol, chlorflurenol-methyl, chloridazon, chlo-rimuron, chlorimuron-ethyl, chlormephos, chlormequat, chlormequat chloride, chlomidine, chlornitrofen, chloroben-zilate, chlorodinitronaphthalenes, chloroform, chloromebu-form, chloromethiuron, chloroneb, chlorophacinone, chlo-rophacinone-sodium, chloropicrin, chloropon, chloropropylate, chlorothalonil, chlorotoluron, chloroxuron, chloroxynil, chlorphonium, chlorphonium chloride, chlor-phoxim, chlorprazophos, chlorprocarb, chlorpropham, chlo-ryrifos, chlorpyrifos-methyl, chlorquinox, chloresulfuron, chlorthal, chlorthal-dimethyl, chlorthal-monomethyl, chlor-thiamid, chlorthiophos, chlozolate, choline chloride, chro-mafenozide, cinerin I, cinerin II, cinerins, cinidon-ethyl, cin-methylin, cinosulfuron, ciobutide, cisanilide, cismethrin, clethodim, climbazole, clidinate, clodinafop, clodinafop-propargyl, cloethocarb, clofencet, clofencet-potassium, clofentezine, clofibric acid, clofop, clofop-isobutyl, cloma-zone, clomeprop, cloprop, cloproxydim, clopyralid, clopy-ralid-methyl, clopyralid-olamine, clopyralid-potassium, clo-

pyralid-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, cloquintocet, cloquintocet-mexyl, cloransulam, cloransulam-methyl, closantel, clothianidin, clotrimazole, cloxyfonac, cloxyfonac-sodium, CMA, codlure, colophionate, copper acetate, copper acetoarsenite, copper arsenate, copper carbonate, basic, copper hydroxide, copper naphthenate, copper oleate, copper oxychloride, copper silicate, copper sulfate, copper zinc chromate, coumachlor, coumafuryl, coumaphos, coumatetralyl, coumithoate, coumoxystrobin, CPMC, CPMF, CPPC, cre-dazine, cresol, cridine, crotamiton, crotoxyphos, crufo-mate, cryolite, cue-lure, cufraneb, cumyluron, cuprobam, cuprous oxide, curcumenol, cyanamide, cyanatryl, cyanazine, cyanofenphos, cyanophos, cyanthoate, cyantranilprole, cyazofamid, cybutryne, cyclafuramid, cyclanilide, cyclethrin, cycloate, cycloheximide, cycloprate, cyclopro-thrin, cyclosulfamuron, cycloxydim, cycloxydim, cycluron, cyenopyrafen, cyflufenamid, cyflumetofen, cyfluthrin, cyhalofop, cyhalofop-butyl, cyhalothrin, cyhexatin, cymiazole, cymiazole hydrochloride, cymoxanil, cyometrinil, cypenda-zole, cypermethrin, cyperquat, cyperquat chloride, cypheno-thrin, cyprazine, cyprazole, cyproconazole, cyprodinil, cyprofuram, cypromid, cyprosulflamide, cyromazine, cythio-ate, daimuron, dalapon, dalapon-calcium, dalapon-magne-sium, dalapon-sodium, daminozide, dayoutong, dazomet, dazomet-sodium, DB CP, d-camphor, DCIP, DCPTA, DDT, debacarb, decafentin, decarbofuran, dehydroacetic acid, delachlor, deltamethrin, demephion, demephion-O, demephion-S, demeton, demeton-methyl, demeton-O, demeton-O-methyl, demeton-S, demeton-S-methyl, demeton-S-meth-ylsulphon, desmedipham, desmetryn, d-fanshuluquebingjuzhi, diafenthiuron, dialifos, di-allate, diamidafos, diatomaceous earth, diazinon, dibutyl phthalate, dibutyl succinate, dicamba, dicamba-diglycolamine, dicamba-dimethylammonium, dicamba-diolamine, dicamba-isopropylammonium, dicamba-methyl, dicamba-olamine, dicamba-potassium, dicamba-sodium, dicamba-trolamine, dicaphon, dichlobenil, dichlofenthion, dichloflu-anid, dichlone, dichloralurea, dichlorbenzuron, dichlorflurenol, dichlorflurenol-methyl, dichlormate, dichlo-rmid, dichloronil, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-2-ethylhexyl, dichlorprop-butyl, dichlorprop-dimethylammonium, dichlorprop-ethylammonium, dichlorprop-isocetyl, dichlor-prop-methyl, dichlorprop-P, dichlorprop-P-2-ethylhexyl, dichlorprop-P-dimethylammonium, dichlorprop-potassium, dichlorprop-sodium, dichlorvos, dichlozoline, diclobutrazol, diclocymet, diclofop, diclofop-methyl, diclomezine, diclom-ezine-sodium, dicloran, diclosulam, dicofol, dicoumarol, dicresyl, dicrotophos, dicyclanil, dicyclonon, dieldrin, dienochlor, diethamquat, diethamquat dichloride, diethatyl, diethatyl-ethyl, diethofencarb, dietholate, diethyl pyrocar-bonate, diethyltoluamide, difenacoum, difenoconazole, difenopenten, difenopenten-ethyl, difenoxuron, difenzoquat, difenzoquat metilsulfate, difethialone, diflovidazin, diflubenzuron, diflufenican, diflufenzopyr, diflufenzopyr-sodium, diflumetorin, dikegulac, dikegulac-sodium, dilor, dimatif, dimefluthrin, dimefox, dimefuron, dimepiperate, dimetachlone, dimetan, dimethacarb, dimethachlor, dimethametryn, dimethenamid, dimethenamid-P, dime-thipin, dimethirimol, dimethoate, dimethomorph, dimethrin, dimethyl carbate, dimethyl phthalate, dimethylvinphos, dimetilan, dimexano, dimidazon, dimoxystrobin, dinex, dinex-diclexine, dingjunezuo, diniconazole, diniconazole-M, dinitramine, dinobuton, dinocap, dinocap-4, dinocap-6, dinocin, dinofenate, dinopenton, dinoprop, dinosam, dinoseb, dinoseb acetate, dinoseb-ammonium, dinoseb-di-olamine, dinoseb-sodium, dinoseb-trolamine, dinosulfon, dinotefuran, dinoterb, dinoterb acetate, dinoterbon, diofeno-

lan, dioxabenzofos, dioxacarb, dioxathion, diphacinone, diphacinone-sodium, diphenamid, diphenyl sulfone, diphe-nylamine, dipropalin, dipropetryn, dipyrithione, diquat, diquat dibromide, disparture, disul, disulfiram, disulfoton, disul-sodium, ditalimfos, dithianon, dithicrofos, dithioether, dithiopyr, diuron, d-limonene, DMPA, DNOC, DNOC-am-monium, DNOC-potassium, DNOC-sodium, dodemorph, dodemorph acetate, dodemorph benzoate, dodicin, dodicin hydrochloride, dodicin-sodium, dodine, dofenapyn, domini-calure, doramectin, drazoxolon, DSMA, dufulin, EBEP, EBP, ecdysterone, edifenphos, eglinazone, eglinazone-ethyl, ema-mectin, emamectin benzoate, EMPC, empenethrin, endosul-fan, endothal, endothal-diammonium, endothal-dipotassium, endothal-disodium, endothion, endrin, enestroburin, EPN, epocholeone, epofenonane, epoxiconazole, eprinomectin, epronaz, EPTC, erbon, ergocalciferol, erlujixiancaon, esde-palléthrine, esfenvalerate, esprocarb, etacelasil, etaconazole, etaphos, etem, ethaboxam, ethachlor, ethalfuralin, ethamet-sulfuron, ethametsulfuron-methyl, ethapochlor, ethephon, ethidimuron, ethiofencarb, ethiolate, ethion, ethiozin, ethiprole, ethirimol, ethoate-methyl, ethofumesate, etho-hexadiol, ethoprophos, ethoxyfen, ethoxyfen-ethyl, ethox-yquin, ethoxysulfuron, ethychlozate, ethyl formate, ethyl α -naphthaleneacetate, ethyl-DDD, ethylene, ethylene dibro-mide, ethylene dichloride, ethylene oxide, ethylicin, ethylm-ercury 2,3-dihydroxypropyl mercaptide, ethylmercury acetate, ethylmercury bromide, ethylmercury chloride, eth-ylmercury phosphate, etinofen, etnipromid, etobenzanid, etofenprox, etoxazole, etridiazole, etrimfos, eugenol, EXD, famoxadone, famphur, fenamidone, fenaminosulf, fenami-phos, fenapanil, fenarimol, fenasulam, fenazaflor, fenaza-quin, fenbuconazole, fenbutatin oxide, fenchlorazole, fenchlorazole-ethyl, fenchlorphos, fenclorim, fenethacarb, fenfluthrin, fenfuram, fenhexamid, fenitropan, fenitrothion, fenjuntong, fenobucarb, fenoprop, fenoprop-3-butoxypro-pyl, fenoprop-butometyl, fenoprop-butotyl, fenoprop-butyl, fenoprop-isocetyl, fenoprop-methyl, fenoprop-potassium, fenothiocarb, fenoxacrim, fenoxanil, fenoxaprop, fenox-aprop-ethyl, fenoxaprop-P, fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, fenoxasul-fone, fenoxycarb, fenciclonil, fenpirithrin, fenpropathrin, fenpropidin, fenpropimorph, fenpyrazamine, fenpyroximate, fenridazon, fenridazon-potassium, fenridazon-propyl, fen-son, fensulfathion, fenteracol, fenthiaprop, fenthiaprop-ethyl, fenthion, fenthion-ethyl, fentin, fentin acetate, fentin chloride, fentin hydroxide, fentrazamide, fentrifanil, fenuron, fenuron TCA, fenvalerate, ferbam, ferimzone, ferrous sulfate, fipronil, flamprop, flamprop-isopropyl, flamprop-M, flamp-prop-methyl, flamprop-M-isopropyl, flamprop-M-methyl, flazasulfuron, floccoumafen, flometoquin, flonicamid, flo-rasulam, fluacrypyrim, fluazifop, fluazifop-butyl, fluazifop-methyl, fluazifop-P, fluazifop-P-butyl, fluazinam, fluazolate, fluazuron, flubendiamide, flubenzimine, flucarbazone, flu-carbazone-sodium, flucetosulfuron, fluchloralin, flucofuron, flucycloxuron, flucythrinate, fludioxonil, fluenetil, fluensul-fone, flufenacet, flufenimer, flufenican, flufenoxuron, flufen-prox, flufenpyr, flufenpyr-ethyl, flufiprole, flumethrin, flume-tover, flumetralin, flumetsulam, flumezin, flumiclorac, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flumipropyn, flumiprop, flu-meturon, fluopicolide, fluopyram, fluorbenside, fluorida-mid, fluoroacetamide, fluorodifen, fluoroglycofen, fluorogly-cofen-ethyl, fluoroimide, fluoromidine, fluoronitrofen, fluothiuron, fluotrimazole, fluoxastrobin, flupoxam, flupro-pacil, flupropadine, flupropionate, flupropionate-sodium, flupyradifurone, flupyrasulfuron, flupyrasulfuron-methyl, flupyrasulfuron-methyl-sodium, fluquinconazole, flurazole, flurenol, flurenol-butyl, flurenol-methyl, fluridone, fluo-chloridone, fluoxypyr, fluoxypyr-butometyl, fluoxypyr-

meptyl, flurprimidol, flursulamid, flurtamone, flusilazole, flusulfamide, fluthiacet, fluthiacet-methyl, flutianil, flutolanil, flutiafol, fluvalinate, fluxapyroxad, fluxofenim, folpet, fomesafen, fomesafen-sodium, fonofos, foramsulfuron, forchlorfenuron, formaldehyde, formetanate, formetanate hydrochloride, formothion, formparanate, formparanate hydrochloride, fosamine, fosamine-ammonium, fosetyl, fosetyl-aluminium, fosmethilan, fospirate, fosthiazate, fosthietan, frontaline, fuberidazole, fucaojing, fucaomi, funaihecaoling, fuphenhiourea, furalane, furalaxyl, furamethrin, furametpyr, furathiocarb, furcarbanil, furconazole, furconazole-cis, furethrin, furfural, furilazole, furmecyclox, furophanate, furyloxyfen, gamma-cyhalothrin, gamma-HCH, genit, gibberellic acid, gibberellins, gliftor, glufosinate, glufosinate-ammonium, glufosinate-P, glufosinate-P-ammonium, glufosinate-P-sodium, glyodin, glyoxime, glyphosate, glyphosate-diammonium, glyphosate-dimethylammonium, glyphosate-isopropylammonium, glyphosate-monoammonium, glyphosate-potassium, glyphosate-sesquisodium, glyphosate-trimesium, glyphosine, gossypure, grandlure, griseofulvin, guazatine, guazatine acetates, halacrinat, halfenprox, halofenozide, halosafen, halosulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, haloxydine, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-etotyl, haloxyfop-methyl, haloxyfop-P, haloxyfop-P-etotyl, haloxyfop-P-methyl, haloxyfop-sodium, HCH, hemel, hempa, HEOD, heptachlor, heptenophos, heptopargil, heterophos, hexachloroacetone, hexachlorobenzene, hexachlorobutadiene, hexachlorophene, hexaconazole, hexaflumuron, hexaflurate, hexalure, hexamide, hexazinone, hexylthiofos, hexythiazox, HHDN, holo-sulf, huancaiwo, huangcaoling, huanjunzuo, hydramethylnon, hydrargaphen, hydrated lime, hydrogen cyanide, hydroprene, hymexazol, hyquincarb, IAA, IBA, icaridin, imazalil, imazalil nitrate, imazalil sulfate, imazamethabenz, imazamethabenz-methyl, imazamox, imazamox-ammonium, imazapic, imazapic-ammonium, imazapyr, imazapyr-isopropylammonium, imazaquin, imazaquin-ammonium, imazaquin-methyl, imazaquin-sodium, imazethapyr, imazethapyr-ammonium, imazosulfuron, imibenconazole, imicyafos, imidacloprid, imidaclothiz, iminocadine, iminocadine triacetate, iminocadine trialbesilate, imiprothrin, inabentfide, indanofan, indaziflam, indoxacarb, inezin, iodonil, iodicarb, iodomethane, iodosulfuron, iodosulfuron-methyl, iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium, iofensulfuron, iofensulfuron-sodium, ioxynil, ioxynil octanoate, ioxynil-lithium, ioxynil-sodium, ipazine, ipconazole, ipfencarbazone, iprobenfos, iprodione, iprovalicarb, iprymidam, ipsidenol, ipsenol, IPSP, isamidofos, isazofos, isobenzan, isocarbamid, isocarbophos, isocil, isodrin, isofenphos, isofenphos-methyl, isolan, isomethiozin, isonoruron, isopolinate, isoprocab, isopropalin, isoprothiolane, isoproturon, isopyrazam, isopyrimol, isothioate, isotianil, isouron, isovaledione, isoxaben, isoxachlortole, isoxadifen, isoxadifen-ethyl, isoxaflutole, isoxapyrifop, isoxathion, ivermectin, izopamfos, japonilure, japothrins, jasmolin I, jasmolin II, jasmonic acid, jiahuangchongzong, jiajizengxiaolin, jiaxiangjunzhi, jiecaowan, jiecaoxi, jodfenphos, juvenile hormone I, juvenile hormone II, juvenile hormone III, kadethrin, karbutilate, karectazan, karectazan-potassium, kasugamycin, kasugamycin hydrochloride, kejunlin, kelevan, ketospiradox, ketospiradox-potassium, kinetin, kinoprene, kresoxim-methyl, kuicaoxi, lactofen, lambda-cyhalothrin, latilure, lead arsenate, lenacil, lepimectin, leptophos, lindane, lineatin, linuron, lirifos, litlure, looplure, lufenuron, lvdinjunzhi, lvxiancaolin, lythidathion, MAA, malathion, maleic hydrazide, malonoben, maltodextrin, MAMA, mancopper, mancozeb, mandipropamid, maneb, matrine, mazidox, MCPA, MCPA-2-ethylhexyl, MCPA-butyl, MCPA-butyl,

MCPA-dimethylammonium, MCPA-diolamine, MCPA-ethyl, MCPA-isobutyl, MCPA-isocetyl, MCPA-isopropyl, MCPA-methyl, MCPA-olamine, MCPA-potassium, MCPA-sodium, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPA-trolamine, MCPB, MCPB-ethyl, MCPB-methyl, MCPB-sodium, mebenil, mecarbam, mecarbinzid, mecarphon, mecoprop, mecoprop-2-ethylhexyl, mecoprop-dimethylammonium, mecoprop-diolamine, mecoprop-ethadyl, mecoprop-isocetyl, mecoprop-methyl, mecoprop-P, mecoprop-P-2-ethylhexyl, mecoprop-P-dimethylammonium, mecoprop-P-isobutyl, mecoprop-potassium, mecoprop-P-potassium, mecoprop-sodium, mecoprop-trolamine, medimeform, medinoterb, medinoterb acetate, medlure, mefenacet, mefenpyr, mefenpyr-diethyl, mefluidide, mefluidide-diolamine, mefluidide-potassium, megatomoic acid, menazon, mepaniprym, meperfluthrin, mephenate, mephosfolan, mepiquat, mepiquat chloride, mepiquat pentaborate, mepronil, meptyldinocap, mercuric chloride, mercuric oxide, mercurous chloride, merphos, mesoprazine, mesosulfuron, mesosulfuron-methyl, mesotri-one, mesulfen, mesulfenfos, metaflumizone, metalaxyl, metalaxyl-M, metaldehyde, metam, metam-ammonium, metamifop, metamitron, metam-potassium, metam-sodium, metazachlor, metazosulfuron, metazoxolon, metconazole, metepa, metflurazon, methabenzthiazuron, methacrifos, methalpropalin, methamidophos, methasulfocarb, methazole, methfuroxam, methidathion, methiobencarb, methiocarb, methiopyrisulfuron, methiotepa, methiozolin, methiuron, methocrotophos, methometon, methomyl, methoprene, methoprotlyne, methoquin-butyl, methothrin, methoxychlor, methoxyfenozide, methoxyphenone, methyl apholate, methyl bromide, methyl eugenol, methyl iodide, methyl isothiocyanate, methylacetophos, methylchloroform, methylidymron, methylene chloride, methylmercury benzoate, methylmercury dicyandiamide, methylmercury pentachlorophenoxide, methylneodecanamide, metiram, metobenzuron, metobromuron, metofluthrin, metolachlor, metolcarb, metominostrobin, metosulam, metoxadiazole, metoxuron, metrafenone, metribuzin, metsulfosax, metsulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl, mevinphos, mexacarb, mieshuan, milbemectin, milbemycin oxime, milneb, mipafox, mirex, MNAF, moguchun, molinate, molosultap, monalide, monisouron, monochloroacetic acid, monocrotophos, monolinuron, monosulfuron, monosulfuron-ester, monuron, monuron TCA, morfamquat, morfamquat dichloride, moroxydine, moroxydine hydrochloride, morphothion, morzid, moxidectin, MSMA, muscalure, myclobutanil, myclozolin, N-(ethylmercury)-p-toluenesulphonanilide, nabam, naftalofos, naled, naphthalene, naphthaleneacetamide, naphthalic anhydride, naphthoxyacetic acids, naproanilide, napropamide, naptalam, naptalam-sodium, natamycin, neburon, niclosamide, niclosamide-olamine, nicosulfuron, nicotine, nifluridide, nipyraclufen, nitenpyram, nithiazine, nitralin, nitrapiyin, nitrilacarb, nitrofen, nitrofluorfen, nitrostyrene, nitrothal-isopropyl, norbormide, norflurazon, nomicotine, noruron, nov-aluron, noviflumuron, nuarimol, OCH, octachlorodipropyl ether, octhilinone, ofurace, omethoate, orbencarb, orflalure, ortho-dichlorobenzene, orthosulfamuron, oryctalure, orysastrobin, oryzalin, osthol, ostramone, oxabetrinil, oxadiargyl, oxadiazon, oxadixyl, oxamate, oxamyl, oxapyrazon, oxapyrazon-dimolamine, oxapyrazon-sodium, oxasulfuron, oxaziclomefone, oxine-copper, oxolinic acid, oxpoconazole, oxpoconazole fumarate, oxycarboxin, oxydemeton-methyl, oxydeprofos, oxydisulfoton, oxyfluorfen, oxyimetryn, oxytetracycline, oxytetracycline hydrochloride, paclobutrazol, paichongding, para-dichlorobenzene, parafluron, paraquat, paraquat dichloride, paraquat dimethylsulfate, parathion, parathion-methyl, parinol, pebulate, pefurazolate, pel-

argonic acid, penconazole, pencycuron, pendimethalin, penflufen, penfluron, penoxsulam, pentachlorophenol, pentanochlor, penthiothiazol, pentmethrin, pentoxazone, perfluidone, permethrin, pethoxamid, phenamacril, phenazine oxide, phenisopham, phenkapton, phenmedipham, phenmedipham-ethyl, phenobenzuron, phenothrin, phenproxiol, phenthoate, phenylmercuriurea, phenylmercury acetate, phenylmercury chloride, phenylmercury derivative of pyrocatechol, phenylmercury nitrate, phenylmercury salicylate, phorate, phosacetin, phosalone, phosdiphen, phosfolan, phosfolan-methyl, phosglycin, phosmet, phosnichlor, phosphamidon, phosphine, phosphocarb, phosphorus, phostin, phoxim, phoxim-methyl, phthalide, picloram, picloram-2-ethylhexyl, picloram-isocetyl, picloram-methyl, picloram-olamine, picloram-potassium, picloram-triethylammonium, picloram-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, picolnafen, picoxystrobin, pindone, pindone-sodium, pinoxaden, piperalin, piperonyl butoxide, piperonyl cyclonene, piperophos, piproctanyl, piproctanyl bromide, piprotal, pirimethaphos, pirimicarb, pirimioxyphos, pirimiphos-ethyl, pirimiphos-methyl, plifenate, polycarbamate, polyoxins, polyoxorim, polyoxorim-zinc, polythialan, potassium arsenite, potassium azide, potassium cyanate, potassium gibberellate, potassium naphthenate, potassium polysulfide, potassium thiocyanate, potassium α -naphthaleneacetate, pp'-DDT, prallethrin, precocene I, precocene II, precocene III, pretilachlor, primidophos, primisulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, probenazole, prochloraz, prochloraz-manganese, proclonol, procyzazine, procymidone, prodiamine, profenofos, proflumazone, profluralin, profluthrin, profoxydim, proglinazine, proglinazine-ethyl, prohexadione, prohexadione-calcium, prohydrojasmon, promacetyl, promecarb, prometron, prometryn, promurit, propachlor, propamidin, propamidin dihydrochloride, propamocarb, propamocarb hydrochloride, propanil, propaphos, propaquizafop, propargite, proparthrin, propazine, propetamphos, propham, propiconazole, propineb, propisochlor, propoxur, propoxycarbazon, propoxycarbazon-sodium, propyl isome, propyrisulfuron, propyzamide, proquinazid, prosuler, prosulfalin, prosulfocarb, prosulfuron, prothidathion, prothiocarb, prothiocarb hydrochloride, prothionconazole, prothiofos, prothoate, protriflufenbut, proxan, proxan-sodium, prynachlor, pydanon, pymetrozine, pyracarbolid, pyraclofos, pyraclozil, pyraclostrobin, pyraflufen, pyraflufen-ethyl, pyrafluprole, pyramat, pyrametostrobin, pyraoxystrobin, pyrasulfotole, pyrazolynate, pyrazophos, pyrazosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron-ethyl, pyrazothion, pyrazoxyfen, pyresmethrin, pyrethrin I, pyrethrin II, pyrethrins, pyribambenz-isopropyl, pyribambenz-propyl, pyribencarb, pyribenzoxim, pyributicarb, pyriclor, pyridaben, pyridafol, pyridalyl, pyridaphenthion, pyridate, pyridinitril, pyrifenoxy, pyrifluquinazon, pyrifthalid, pyrimethanil, pyrimidifen, pyriminobac, pyriminobac-methyl, pyrimisulfan, pyrimite, pyrinuron, pyriofenone, pyriprole, pyripropanol, pyriproxifen, pyriothiobac, pyriothiobac-sodium, pyrolan, pyroquilon, pyroxasulfone, pyroxsulam, pyroxychlor, pyroxyfur, quassia, quinacetol, quinacetol sulfate, quinalphos, quinalphos-methyl, quinazamid, quinclorac, quinconazole, quinmerac, quinochloramine, quinonamid, quinothion, quinoxifen, quintiofos, quitozene, quizalofop, quizalofop-ethyl, quizalofop-P, quizalofop-P-ethyl, quizalofop-P-tefuryl, quwenzhi, quyinding, rabenzazole, rafoxanide, rebemide, resmethrin, rhodethanil, rhodojaponin-III, ribavirin, rimsulfuron, rotenone, ryania, saflufenacil, sajunmao, saientong, salicylanilide, sanguinarine, santolin, schradan, scilliroside, sebuthylazine, sebumeton, sedaxane, selamectin, semiamitraz, semiamitraz chloride, sesamex, sesamolin, sethoxydim, shuangjiancaolin, siduron, siglure, silafluofen, silatrane, silica gel, silth-

iofam, simazine, simeconazole, simeton, simetryn, sintofen, SMA, S-metolachlor, sodium arsenite, sodium azide, sodium chlorate, sodium fluoride, sodium fluoroacetate, sodium hexafluorosilicate, sodium naphthenate, sodium orthophenylphenoxide, sodium pentachlorophenoxide, sodium polysulfide, sodium thiocyanate, sodium α -naphthaleneacetate, sophamide, spinetoram, spinosad, spirodiclofen, spiromesifen, spirotriamet, spiroxamine, streptomycin, streptomycin sesquisulfate, strychnine, sulcatol, sulcofuron, sulcofuron-sodium, sulcotrione, sulfallate, sulfentrazone, sulfiram, sulfluramid, sulfometuron, sulfometuron-methyl, sulfosulfuron, sulfotep, sulfoxaflo, sulfoxide, sulfoxime, sulfur, sulfuric acid, sulfuryl fluoride, sulglycapin, sulprofos, sultropen, swep, tau-fluvalinate, tavorin, tazimcarb, TCA, TCA-ammonium, TCA-calcium, TCA-ethadyl, TCA-magnesium, TCA-sodium, TDE, tebuconazole, tebufenozide, tebufenpyrad, tebufloquin, tebupirimfos, tebutam, tebuthiuron, tecloftalam, tecnazene, tecoram, teflubenzuron, tefluthrin, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, temephos, tepa, TEPP, tepraloxydim, terallethrin, terbacil, terbutryn, terbutylchlor, terbufos, terbumeton, terbuthylazine, terbutryn, tetcyclacis, tetrachloroethane, tetrachlorvinphos, tetraconazole, tetradifon, tetrafluron, tetramethrin, tetramethylfluthrin, tetramine, tetranactin, tetrasul, thallium sulfate, thenylchlor, theta-cypermethrin, thiabendazole, thiacloprid, thiadiflur, thiamethoxam, thiapronil, thiazafuron, thiazopyr, thicofos, thicyofen, thidiazimin, thidiazuron, thiencazone, thiencazone-methyl, thifensulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, thifluzamide, thiobencarb, thiocarbonyl, thiochlorfenphim, thiocyclam, thiocyclam hydrochloride, thiocyclam oxalate, thiodiazole-copper, thiodicarb, thiofanox, thiofluoximate, thiohempa, thiomersal, thiometon, thionazin, thiophanate, thiophanate-methyl, thioquinol, thiosemicarbazide, thiosultap, thiosultap-diammonium, thiosultap-disodium, thiosultap-monosodium, thiotepa, thiram, thuringiensin, tiadinil, tiaojiean, tiocarbaryl, tioclorim, tioxydim, tirpate, tolclorfen-methyl, tolfenpyrad, tolylfluorid, tolylmercury acetate, topramezone, tralkoxydim, tralocytin, tralomethrin, tralopyril, transfluthrin, transpermethrin, tretamine, triacanthol, triadimefon, triadimenol, triafamone, tri-allate, triamiphos, triapenthenol, triarathene, triarimol, triasulfuron, triazamate, triazbutyl, triaziflam, triazophos, triazoxide, tribenuron, tribenuron-methyl, tribufos, tributyltin oxide, tricamba, trichlamide, trichlorfon, trichlormetaphos-3, trichloronate, triclopyr, triclopyr-butyl, triclopyr-ethyl, triclopyr-triethylammonium, tricyclazole, tridemorph, tridiphane, trietazine, trifenmorph, trifenofos, trifloxystrobin, trifloxysulfuron, trifloxysulfuron-sodium, triflumizole, triflumuron, trifluralin, triflusaluron, triflusaluron-methyl, trifop, trifop-methyl, trifopsime, triforine, trihydroxytriazine, trimeclure, trimethacarb, trimeturon, trinexapac, trinexapac-ethyl, triprene, tripropindan, triptolide, tritac, triticonazole, tritosulfuron, trunc-call, uniconazole, uniconazole-P, urbacide, uredepa, valerate, validamycin, valifenalate, valone, vamidothion, vanguard, vaniliprole, vernolate, vinclozolin, warfarin, warfarin-potassium, warfarin-sodium, xiaochongliulin, xinjuran, xiwojunan, XMC, xylachlor, xylenols, xylcarb, yishijing, zarilamid, zeatin, zengxiaolan, zeta-cypermethrin, zinc naphthenate, zinc phosphide, zinc thiazole, zineb, ziram, zolapfos, zoxamide, zuomihuanglong, α -chlorohydrin, α -ecdysone, α -multistriatin, and α -naphthaleneacetic acid. For more information consult the "COMPENDIUM OF PESTICIDE COMMON NAMES" located at <http://www.alanwood.net/pesticides/index.html>. Also consult "THE PESTICIDE MANUAL" 14th Edition, edited by C D S Tomlin, copyright 2006 by British Crop Production Council, or its prior or more recent editions.

Biopesticides

Molecules of Formula One may also be used in combination (such as in a compositional mixture, or a simultaneous or sequential application) with one or more biopesticides. The term "biopesticide" is used for microbial biological pest control agents that are applied in a similar manner to chemical pesticides. Commonly these are bacterial, but there are also examples of fungal control agents, including *Trichoderma* spp. and *Ampelomyces quisqualis* (a control agent for grape powdery mildew). *Bacillus subtilis* are used to control plant pathogens. Weeds and rodents have also been controlled with microbial agents. One well-known insecticide example is *Bacillus thuringiensis*, a bacterial disease of Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, and Diptera. Because it has little effect on other organisms, it is considered more environmentally friendly than synthetic pesticides. Biological insecticides include products based on:

1. entomopathogenic fungi (e.g. *Metarhizium anisopliae*);
2. entomopathogenic nematodes (e.g. *Steinemema feltiae*); and
3. entomopathogenic viruses (e.g. *Cydia pomonella* granulovirus).

Other examples of entomopathogenic organisms include, but are not limited to, baculoviruses, bacteria and other prokaryotic organisms, fungi, protozoa and Microsporidia. Biologically derived insecticides include, but not limited to, rotenone, veratridine, as well as microbial toxins; insect tolerant or resistant plant varieties; and organisms modified by recombinant DNA technology to either produce insecticides or to convey an insect resistant property to the genetically modified organism. In one embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used with one or more biopesticides in the area of seed treatments and soil amendments. *The Manual of Biocontrol Agents* gives a review of the available biological insecticide (and other biology-based control) products. Copping L. G. (ed.) (2004). *The Manual of Biocontrol Agents* (formerly the *Biopesticide Manual*) 3rd Edition. British Crop Production Council (BCPC), Farnham, Surrey UK.

Other Active Compounds

Molecules of Formula One may also be used in combination (such as in a compositional mixture, or a simultaneous or sequential application) with one or more of the following:

1. 3-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-8-oxa-1-azaspiro[4,5]dec-3-en-2-one;
2. 3-(4'-chloro-2,4-dimethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-4-hydroxy-8-oxa-1-azaspiro[4,5]dec-3-en-2-one;
3. 4-[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]methylamino]-2(5H)-furanone;
4. 4-[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]cyclopropylamino]-2(5H)-furanone;
5. 3-chloro-N2-[(1S)-1-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]-N1-[2-methyl-4-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]phenyl]-1,2-benzenedicarboxamide;
6. 2-cyano-N-ethyl-4-fluoro-3-methoxy-benzenesulfonamide;
7. 2-cyano-N-ethyl-3-methoxy-benzenesulfonamide;
8. 2-cyano-3-difluoromethoxy-N-ethyl-4-fluoro-benzenesulfonamide;
9. 2-cyano-3-fluoromethoxy-N-ethyl-benzenesulfonamide;
10. 2-cyano-6-fluoro-3-methoxy-N,N-dimethyl-benzenesulfonamide;
11. 2-cyano-N-ethyl-6-fluoro-3-methoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide;
12. 2-cyano-3-difluoromethoxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide;
13. 3-(difluoromethyl)-N-[2-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide;

14. N-ethyl-2,2-dimethylpropionamide-2-(2,6-dichloro- α,α,α -trifluoro-p-tolyl) hydrazone;
15. N-ethyl-2,2-dichloro-1-methylcyclopropane-carboxamide-2-(2,6-dichloro- α,α,α -trifluoro-p-tolyl) hydrazone nicotine;
16. O-[(E)-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-cyano-1-(2-trifluoromethylphenyl)-vinyl]]S-methyl thiocarbonate;
17. (E)-N1-[(2-chloro-1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)]-N2-cyano-N1-methylacetamidine;
18. 1-(6-chloropyridin-3-ylmethyl)-7-methyl-8-nitro-1,2,3,5,6,7-hexahydro-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-ol;
19. 4-[4-chlorophenyl-(2-butyldine-hydrazono)methyl]phenyl mesylate; and
20. N-Ethyl-2,2-dichloro-1-methylcyclopropanecarboxamide-2-(2,6-dichloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-p-tolyl) hydrazone.

Synergistic Mixtures

Molecules of Formula One may be used with certain active compounds to form synergistic mixtures where the mode of action of such compounds compared to the mode of action of the molecules of Formula One are the same, similar, or different. Examples of modes of action include, but are not limited to: acetylcholinesterase inhibitor; sodium channel modulator; chitin biosynthesis inhibitor; GABA and glutamate-gated chloride channel antagonist; GABA and glutamate-gated chloride channel agonist; acetylcholine receptor agonist; acetylcholine receptor antagonist; MET I inhibitor; Mg-stimulated ATPase inhibitor; nicotinic acetylcholine receptor; Midgut membrane disrupter; oxidative phosphorylation disrupter, and ryanodine receptor (RyRs). Generally, weight ratios of the molecules of Formula One in a synergistic mixture with another compound are from about 10:1 to about 1:10, in another embodiment from about 5:1 to about 1:5, and in another embodiment from about 3:1, and in another embodiment about 1:1.

Formulations

A pesticide is rarely suitable for application in its pure form. It is usually necessary to add other substances so that the pesticide can be used at the required concentration and in an appropriate form, permitting ease of application, handling, transportation, storage, and maximum pesticide activity. Thus, pesticides are formulated into, for example, baits, concentrated emulsions, dusts, emulsifiable concentrates, fumigants, gels, granules, microencapsulations, seed treatments, suspension concentrates, suspoemulsions, tablets, water soluble liquids, water dispersible granules or dry flowables, wettable powders, and ultra-low volume solutions. For further information on formulation types see "Catalogue of Pesticide Formulation Types and International Coding System" Technical Monograph n° 2, 5th Edition by CropLife International (2002).

Pesticides are applied most often as aqueous suspensions or emulsions prepared from concentrated formulations of such pesticides. Such water-soluble, water-suspendable, or emulsifiable formulations are either solids, usually known as wettable powders, or water dispersible granules, or liquids usually known as emulsifiable concentrates, or aqueous suspensions. Wettable powders, which may be compacted to form water dispersible granules, comprise an intimate mixture of the pesticide, a carrier, and surfactants. The concentration of the pesticide is usually from about 10% to about 90% by weight. The carrier is usually selected from among the attapulgite clays, the montmorillonite clays, the diatomaceous earths, or the purified silicates. Effective surfactants, comprising from about 0.5% to about 10% of the wettable powder, are found among sulfonated lignins, condensed naphthalenesulfonates, naphthalenesulfonates, alkylbenze-

nesulfonates, alkyl sulfates, and non-ionic surfactants such as ethylene oxide adducts of alkyl phenols.

Emulsifiable concentrates of pesticides comprise a convenient concentration of a pesticide, such as from about 50 to about 500 grams per liter of liquid dissolved in a carrier that is either a water miscible solvent or a mixture of water-immiscible organic solvent and emulsifiers. Useful organic solvents include aromatics, especially xylenes and petroleum fractions, especially the high-boiling naphthalenic and olefinic portions of petroleum such as heavy aromatic naphtha. Other organic solvents may also be used, such as the terpenic solvents including rosin derivatives, aliphatic ketones such as cyclohexanone, and complex alcohols such as 2-ethoxyethanol. Suitable emulsifiers for emulsifiable concentrates are selected from conventional anionic and non-ionic surfactants.

Aqueous suspensions comprise suspensions of water-insoluble pesticides dispersed in an aqueous carrier at a concentration in the range from about 5% to about 50% by weight. Suspensions are prepared by finely grinding the pesticide and vigorously mixing it into a carrier comprised of water and surfactants. Ingredients, such as inorganic salts and synthetic or natural gums may also be added, to increase the density and viscosity of the aqueous carrier. It is often most effective to grind and mix the pesticide at the same time by preparing the aqueous mixture and homogenizing it in an implement such as a sand mill, ball mill, or piston-type homogenizer.

Pesticides may also be applied as granular compositions that are particularly useful for applications to the soil. Granular compositions usually contain from about 0.5% to about 10% by weight of the pesticide, dispersed in a carrier that comprises clay or a similar substance. Such compositions are usually prepared by dissolving the pesticide in a suitable solvent and applying it to a granular carrier which has been pre-formed to the appropriate particle size, in the range of from about 0.5 to about 3 mm. Such compositions may also be formulated by making a dough or paste of the carrier and compound and crushing and drying to obtain the desired granular particle size.

Dusts containing a pesticide are prepared by intimately mixing the pesticide in powdered form with a suitable dusty agricultural carrier, such as kaolin clay, ground volcanic rock, and the like. Dusts can suitably contain from about 1% to about 10% of the pesticide. They can be applied as a seed dressing or as a foliage application with a dust blower machine.

It is equally practical to apply a pesticide in the form of a solution in an appropriate organic solvent, usually petroleum oil, such as the spray oils, which are widely used in agricultural chemistry.

Pesticides can also be applied in the form of an aerosol composition. In such compositions the pesticide is dissolved or dispersed in a carrier, which is a pressure-generating propellant mixture. The aerosol composition is packaged in a container from which the mixture is dispensed through an atomizing valve.

Pesticide baits are formed when the pesticide is mixed with food or an attractant or both. When the pests eat the bait they also consume the pesticide. Baits may take the form of granules, gels, flowable powders, liquids, or solids. They can be used in pest harborages.

Fumigants are pesticides that have a relatively high vapor pressure and hence can exist as a gas in sufficient concentrations to kill pests in soil or enclosed spaces. The toxicity of the fumigant is proportional to its concentration and the exposure time. They are characterized by a good capacity for diffusion and act by penetrating the pest's respiratory system or being

absorbed through the pest's cuticle. Fumigants are applied to control stored product pests under gas proof sheets, in gas sealed rooms or buildings or in special chambers.

Pesticides can be microencapsulated by suspending the pesticide particles or droplets in plastic polymers of various types. By altering the chemistry of the polymer or by changing factors in the processing, microcapsules can be formed of various sizes, solubility, wall thicknesses, and degrees of penetrability. These factors govern the speed with which the active ingredient within is released, which in turn, affects the residual performance, speed of action, and odor of the product.

Oil solution concentrates are made by dissolving pesticide in a solvent that will hold the pesticide in solution. Oil solutions of a pesticide usually provide faster knockdown and kill of pests than other formulations due to the solvents themselves having pesticidal action and the dissolution of the waxy covering of the integument increasing the speed of uptake of the pesticide. Other advantages of oil solutions include better storage stability, better penetration of crevices, and better adhesion to greasy surfaces.

Another embodiment is an oil-in-water emulsion, wherein the emulsion comprises oily globules which are each provided with a lamellar liquid crystal coating and are dispersed in an aqueous phase, wherein each oily globule comprises at least one compound which is agriculturally active, and is individually coated with a monolamellar or oligolamellar layer comprising: (1) at least one non-ionic lipophilic surface-active agent, (2) at least one non-ionic hydrophilic surface-active agent and (3) at least one ionic surface-active agent, wherein the globules having a mean particle diameter of less than 800 nanometers. Further information on the embodiment is disclosed in U.S. patent publication 20070027034 published Feb. 1, 2007, having patent application Ser. No. 11/495,228. For ease of use, this embodiment will be referred to as "OIWE".

For further information consult "Insect Pest Management" 2nd Edition by D. Dent, copyright CAB International (2000). Additionally, for more detailed information consult "Handbook of Pest Control—The Behavior, Life History, and Control of Household Pests" by Arnold Mattis, 9th Edition, copyright 2004 by GIE Media Inc.

Other Formulation Components

Generally, when the molecules disclosed in Formula One are used in a formulation, such formulation can also contain other components. These components include, but are not limited to, (this is a non-exhaustive and non-mutually exclusive list) wetters, spreaders, stickers, penetrants, buffers, sequestering agents, drift reduction agents, compatibility agents, anti-foam agents, cleaning agents, and emulsifiers. A few components are described forthwith.

A wetting agent is a substance that when added to a liquid increases the spreading or penetration power of the liquid by reducing the interfacial tension between the liquid and the surface on which it is spreading. Wetting agents are used for two main functions in agrochemical formulations: during processing and manufacture to increase the rate of wetting of powders in water to make concentrates for soluble liquids or suspension concentrates; and during mixing of a product with water in a spray tank to reduce the wetting time of wettable powders and to improve the penetration of water into water-dispersible granules. Examples of wetting agents used in wettable powder, suspension concentrate, and water-dispersible granule formulations are: sodium lauryl sulfate; sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate; alkyl phenol ethoxylates; and aliphatic alcohol ethoxylates.

A dispersing agent is a substance which adsorbs onto the surface of particles and helps to preserve the state of dispersion of the particles and prevents them from reaggregating. Dispersing agents are added to agrochemical formulations to facilitate dispersion and suspension during manufacture, and to ensure the particles redispense into water in a spray tank. They are widely used in wettable powders, suspension concentrates and water-dispersible granules. Surfactants that are used as dispersing agents have the ability to adsorb strongly onto a particle surface and provide a charged or steric barrier to reaggregation of particles. The most commonly used surfactants are anionic, non-ionic, or mixtures of the two types. For wettable powder formulations, the most common dispersing agents are sodium lignosulfonates. For suspension concentrates, very good adsorption and stabilization are obtained using polyelectrolytes, such as sodium naphthalene sulfonate formaldehyde condensates. Tristyrylphenol ethoxylate phosphate esters are also used. Non-ionics such as alkylarylethylene oxide condensates and EO-PO block copolymers are sometimes combined with anionics as dispersing agents for suspension concentrates. In recent years, new types of very high molecular weight polymeric surfactants have been developed as dispersing agents. These have very long hydrophobic 'backbones' and a large number of ethylene oxide chains forming the 'teeth' of a 'comb' surfactant. These high molecular weight polymers can give very good long-term stability to suspension concentrates because the hydrophobic backbones have many anchoring points onto the particle surfaces. Examples of dispersing agents used in agrochemical formulations are: sodium lignosulfonates; sodium naphthalene sulfonate formaldehyde condensates; tristyrylphenol ethoxylate phosphate esters; aliphatic alcohol ethoxylates; alkyl ethoxylates; EO-PO block copolymers; and graft copolymers.

An emulsifying agent is a substance which stabilizes a suspension of droplets of one liquid phase in another liquid phase. Without the emulsifying agent the two liquids would separate into two immiscible liquid phases. The most commonly used emulsifier blends contain alkylphenol or aliphatic alcohol with twelve or more ethylene oxide units and the oil-soluble calcium salt of dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid. A range of hydrophile-lipophile balance ("HLB") values from 8 to 18 will normally provide good stable emulsions. Emulsion stability can sometimes be improved by the addition of a small amount of an EO-PO block copolymer surfactant.

A solubilizing agent is a surfactant which will form micelles in water at concentrations above the critical micelle concentration. The micelles are then able to dissolve or solubilize water-insoluble materials inside the hydrophobic part of the micelle. The types of surfactants usually used for solubilization are non-ionics, sorbitan monooleates, sorbitan monooleate ethoxylates, and methyl oleate esters.

Surfactants are sometimes used, either alone or with other additives such as mineral or vegetable oils as adjuvants to spray-tank mixes to improve the biological performance of the pesticide on the target. The types of surfactants used for bioenhancement depend generally on the nature and mode of action of the pesticide. However, they are often non-ionics such as: alkyl ethoxylates; linear aliphatic alcohol ethoxylates; aliphatic amine ethoxylates.

A carrier or diluent in an agricultural formulation is a material added to the pesticide to give a product of the required strength. Carriers are usually materials with high absorptive capacities, while diluents are usually materials with low absorptive capacities. Carriers and diluents are used in the formulation of dusts, wettable powders, granules and water-dispersible granules.

Organic solvents are used mainly in the formulation of emulsifiable concentrates, oil-in-water emulsions, suspo-emulsions, and ultra-low volume formulations, and to a lesser extent, granular formulations. Sometimes mixtures of solvents are used. The first main groups of solvents are aliphatic paraffinic oils such as kerosene or refined paraffins. The second main group (and the most common) comprises the aromatic solvents such as xylene and higher molecular weight fractions of C9 and C10 aromatic solvents. Chlorinated hydrocarbons are useful as cosolvents to prevent crystallization of pesticides when the formulation is emulsified into water. Alcohols are sometimes used as cosolvents to increase solvent power. Other solvents may include vegetable oils, seed oils, and esters of vegetable and seed oils.

Thickeners or gelling agents are used mainly in the formulation of suspension concentrates, emulsions and suspoemulsions to modify the rheology or flow properties of the liquid and to prevent separation and settling of the dispersed particles or droplets. Thickening, gelling, and anti-settling agents generally fall into two categories, namely water-insoluble particulates and water-soluble polymers. It is possible to produce suspension concentrate formulations using clays and silicas. Examples of these types of materials, include, but are not limited to, montmorillonite, bentonite, magnesium aluminum silicate, and attapulgite. Water-soluble polysaccharides have been used as thickening-gelling agents for many years. The types of polysaccharides most commonly used are natural extracts of seeds and seaweeds or are synthetic derivatives of cellulose. Examples of these types of materials include, but are not limited to, guar gum; locust bean gum; carrageenan; alginates; methyl cellulose; sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (SCMC); hydroxyethyl cellulose (HEC). Other types of anti-settling agents are based on modified starches, polyacrylates, polyvinyl alcohol and polyethylene oxide. Another good anti-settling agent is xanthan gum.

Microorganisms can cause spoilage of formulated products. Therefore preservation agents are used to eliminate or reduce their effect. Examples of such agents include, but are not limited to: propionic acid and its sodium salt; sorbic acid and its sodium or potassium salts; benzoic acid and its sodium salt; p-hydroxybenzoic acid sodium salt; methyl p-hydroxybenzoate; and 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one (BIT).

The presence of surfactants often causes water-based formulations to foam during mixing operations in production and in application through a spray tank. In order to reduce the tendency to foam, anti-foam agents are often added either during the production stage or before filling into bottles. Generally, there are two types of anti-foam agents, namely silicones and non-silicones. Silicones are usually aqueous emulsions of dimethyl polysiloxane, while the non-silicone anti-foam agents are water-insoluble oils, such as octanol and nonanol, or silica. In both cases, the function of the anti-foam agent is to displace the surfactant from the air-water interface.

"Green" agents (e.g., adjuvants, surfactants, solvents) can reduce the overall environmental footprint of crop protection formulations. Green agents are biodegradable and generally derived from natural and/or sustainable sources, e.g. plant and animal sources. Specific examples are: vegetable oils, seed oils, and esters thereof, also alkoxylated alkyl polyglucosides.

For further information, see "Chemistry and Technology of Agrochemical Formulations" edited by D. A. Knowles, copyright 1998 by Kluwer Academic Publishers. Also see "Insecticides in Agriculture and Environment—Retrospects and Prospects" by A. S. Perry, I. Yamamoto, I. Ishaaya, and R. Perry, copyright 1998 by Springer-Verlag.

Pests

In general, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests e.g. beetles, earwigs, cockroaches, flies, aphids, scales, whiteflies, leafhoppers, ants, wasps, termites, moths, butterflies, lice, grasshoppers, locusts, crickets, fleas, thrips, 5 bristletails, mites, ticks, nematodes, and symphylans.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests in the Phyla Nematoda and/or Arthropoda.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests in the Subphyla Chelicerata, Myriapoda, and/or Hexapoda.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests in the Classes of Arachnida, Symphyla, and/or Insecta.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Anoplura. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Haematopinus* spp., *Hoplopleura* spp., *Linognathus* spp., *Pediculus* spp., and *Polyplax* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Haematopinus asini*, *Haematopinus suis*, *Linognathus setosus*, *Linognathus ovillus*, *Pediculus humanus capitis*, *Pediculus humanus humanus*, and *Pthirus pubis*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests in the Order Coleoptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Acanthoscelides* spp., *Agriotes* spp., *Anthonomus* spp., *Apion* spp., *Apogonia* spp., *Aulacophora* spp., *Bruchus* spp., *Cerosterna* spp., *Cerotoma* spp., *Ceutorhynchus* spp., *Chaetocnema* spp., *Colaspis* spp., *Ctenicera* spp., *Curculio* spp., *Cyclocephala* spp., *Diabrotica* spp., *Hypera* spp., *Ips* spp., *Lyctus* spp., *Megascelis* spp., *Meligethes* spp., *Otiorynchus* spp., *Pantomorus* spp., *Phyllophaga* spp., *Phyllotreta* spp., *Rhizotrogus* spp., *Rhynchites* spp., *Rhynchophorus* spp., *Scolytus* spp., *Sphenophorus* spp., *Sitophilus* spp., and *Tribolium* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Acanthoscelides obtectus*, *Agrilus planipennis*, *Anoplophora glabripennis*, *Anthonomus grandis*, *Ataenius spretillus*, *Atomaria linearis*, *Bothynoderes punctiventris*, *Bruchus pisorum*, *Callosobruchus maculatus*, *Carpophilus hemipterus*, *Cassida vittata*, *Cerotoma trifurcata*, *Ceutorhynchus assimilis*, *Ceutorhynchus napi*, *Conoderus scalaris*, *Conoderus stigmatus*, *Conotrachelus nenuphar*, *Cotinus nitida*, *Crioceris asparagi*, *Cryptolestes ferrugineus*, *Cryptolestes pusillus*, *Cryptolestes turcicus*, *Cylindrocaptus adpersus*, *Deporaus marginatus*, *Dermestes lardarius*, *Dermestes maculatus*, *Epilachna varivestis*, *Faustinus cubae*, *Hylobius pales*, *Hypera postica*, *Hypothenemus hampei*, *Lasioderma serricornis*, *Leptinotarsa decemlineata*, *Liogenys fuscus*, *Liogenys suturalis*, *Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus*, *Maecolaspis jolivetii*, *Melanotus communis*, *Meligethes aeneus*, *Melolontha melolontha*, *Oberea brevis*, *Oberea linearis*, *Oryctes rhinoceros*, *Oryzaephilus mercator*, *Oryzaephilus surinamensis*, *Oulema melanopus*, *Oulema oryzae*, *Phyllophaga cuyabana*, *Popillia japonica*, *Prostephanus truncatus*, *Rhyzopertha dominica*, *Sitona lineatus*, *Sitophilus granarius*, *Sitophilus oryzae*, *Sitophilus zeamais*, *Stegobium paniceum*, *Tribolium castaneum*, *Tribolium confusum*, *Trogoderma variabile*, and *Zabrus tenebrioides*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Dermoptera.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Blattaria. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Blattella germanica*, *Blatta orientalis*, *Parcoblatta pennsylvanica*, *Periplaneta americana*, *Periplaneta australasiae*,

Periplaneta brunnea, *Periplaneta fuliginosa*, *Pycnoscelus surinamensis*, and *Supella longipalpa*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Diptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Aedes* spp., *Agromyza* spp., *Anastrepha* spp., *Anopheles* spp., *Bactrocera* spp., *Ceratitis* spp., *Chrysops* spp., *Cochliomyia* spp., *Contarinia* spp., *Culex* spp., *Dasineura* spp., *Delia* spp., *Drosophila* spp., *Fannia* spp., *Hylemyia* spp., *Liriomyza* spp., *Musca* spp., *Phorbia* spp., *Tabanus* spp., and *Tipula* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Agromyza frontella*, *Anastrepha suspensa*, *Anastrepha ludens*, *Anastrepha obliqua*, *Bactrocera cucurbitae*, *Bactrocera dorsalis*, *Bactrocera invadens*, *Bactrocera zonata*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Dasineura brassicae*, *Delia platyura*, *Fannia canicularis*, *Fannia scalaris*, *Gasterophilus intestinalis*, *Gracillia perseae*, *Haematobia irritans*, *Hypoderma lineatum*, *Liriomyza brassicae*, *Melophagus ovinus*, *Musca autumnalis*, *Musca domestica*, *Oestrus ovis*, *Oscinella frit*, *Pegomya betae*, *Psila rosae*, *Rhagoletis cerasi*, *Rhagoletis pomonella*, *Rhagoletis mendax*, *Sitodiplosis mosellana*, and *Stomoxys calcitrans*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Hemiptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Adelges* spp., *Aulacaspis* spp., *Aphrophora* spp., *Aphis* spp., *Bemisia* spp., *Ceroplastes* spp., *Chionaspis* spp., *Chrysomphalus* spp., *Coccus* spp., *Empoasca* spp., *Lepidosaphes* spp., *Lagynotomus* spp., *Lygus* spp., *Macrosiphum* spp., *Nephotettix* spp., *Nezara* spp., *Philaenus* spp., *Phytocoris* spp., *Piezodorus* spp., *Planococcus* spp., *Pseudococcus* spp., *Rhopalosiphum* spp., *Saissetia* spp., *Therioaphis* spp., *Toumeyella* spp., *Toxoptera* spp., *Trialeurodes* spp., *Triatoma* spp., and *Unaspis* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Acrosternum hilare*, *Acyrtosiphon pisum*, *Aleyrodes proletella*, *Aleurodicus dispersus*, *Aleurothrixus floccosus*, *Amrasca biguttula biguttula*, *Aonidiella aurantii*, *Aphis gossypii*, *Aphis glycines*, *Aphis pomi*, *Aulacorthum solani*, *Bemisia argentifolii*, *Bemisia tabaci*, *Blissus leucopterus*, *Brachycorynella asparagi*, *Brevinnia rehi*, *Brevicoryne brassicae*, *Calocoris norvegicus*, *Ceroplastes rubens*, *Cimex hemipterus*, *Cimex lectularius*, *Dagbertus fasciatus*, *Dichelops furcatus*, *Diuraphis noxia*, *Diaphorina citri*, *Dysaphis plantaginea*, *Dysdercus sutellus*, *Edessa meditabunda*, *Eriosoma lanigerum*, *Eurygaster maura*, *Euschistus heros*, *Euschistus servus*, *Helopeltis antonii*, *Helopeltis theivora*, *Icerya purchasi*, *Idioscopus nitidulus*, *Laodelphax striatellus*, *Leptocoris oratorius*, *Leptocoris varicornis*, *Lygus hesperus*, *Macronelliscoccus hirsutus*, *Macrosiphum euphorbiae*, *Macrosiphum granarium*, *Macrosiphum rosae*, *Macrosteles quadrilineatus*, *Mahanarva frimbiolata*, *Metopolophium dirhodum*, *Mictis longicornis*, *Myzus persicae*, *Nephotettix cinctipes*, *Neurocolpus longirostris*, *Nezara viridula*, *Nilaparvata lugens*, *Parlatoria pergandii*, *Parlatoria ziziphi*, *Peregrinus maidis*, *Phylloxera vitifoliae*, *Physokermes piceae*, *Phytocoris californicus*, *Phytocoris relativus*, *Piezodorus guildinii*, *Poecilopocapsus lineatus*, *Psallus vaccinicola*, *Pseudacysta perseae*, *Pseudococcus brevipes*, *Quadraspidiotus perniciosus*, *Rhopalosiphum maidis*, *Rhopalosiphum padi*, *Saissetia oleae*, *Scaptocoris castanea*, *Schizaphis graminum*, *Sitobion avenae*, *Sogatella furcifera*, *Trialeurodes vaporariorum*, *Trialeurodes abutiloneus*, *Unaspis yanonensis*, and *Zulia entreri-ana*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Hymenoptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not

limited to, *Acromyrmex* spp., *Atta* spp., *Camponotus* spp., *Diprion* spp., *Formica* spp., *Monomorium* spp., *Neodiprion* spp., *Pogonomyrmex* spp., *Polistes* spp., *Solenopsis* spp., *Vespula* spp., and *Xylocopa* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Athalia rosae*, *Atta texana*, *Iridomyrmex humilis*, *Monomorium minimum*, *Monomorium pharaonis*, *Solenopsis invicta*, *Solenopsis geminata*, *Solenopsis molesta*, *Solenopsis richteri*, *Solenopsis xyloni*, and *Tapinoma sessile*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Isoptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Coptotermes* spp., *Cornitermes* spp., *Cryptotermes* spp., *Heterotermes* spp., *Kalotermes* spp., *Incisitermes* spp., *Macrotermes* spp., *Marginitermes* spp., *Microcerotermes* spp., *Procornitermes* spp., *Reticulitermes* spp., *Schedorhinotermes* spp., and *Zootermopsis* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Coptotermes curvignathus*, *Coptotermes frenchi*, *Coptotermes formosanus*, *Heterotermes aureus*, *Microtermes obesi*, *Reticulitermes banyulensis*, *Reticulitermes grassei*, *Reticulitermes flavipes*, *Reticulitermes hageni*, *Reticulitermes hesperus*, *Reticulitermes santonensis*, *Reticulitermes speratus*, *Reticulitermes tibialis*, and *Reticulitermes virginicus*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Lepidoptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Adoxophyes* spp., *Agrotis* spp., *Argyrotaenia* spp., *Cacoecia* spp., *Caloptilia* spp., *Chilo* spp., *Chrysodeixis* spp., *Colias* spp., *Crambus* spp., *Diaphania* spp., *Diatraea* spp., *Earias* spp., *Ephestia* spp., *Epimecis* spp., *Feltia* spp., *Gortyna* spp., *Helicoverpa* spp., *Heliothis* spp., *Indarbela* spp., *Lithocolletis* spp., *Loxagrotis* spp., *Malacosoma* spp., *Peridroma* spp., *Phyllonorycter* spp., *Pseudaletia* spp., *Sesamia* spp., *Spodoptera* spp., *Synanthedon* spp., and *Yponomeuta* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Achaea janata*, *Adoxophyes orana*, *Agrotis ipsilon*, *Alabama argillacea*, *Amorbia cuneana*, *Amyelois transitella*, *Anacamptodes defectaria*, *Anarsia lineatella*, *Anomis sabulifera*, *Anticarsia gemmatalis*, *Archips argyrospila*, *Archips rosana*, *Argyrotaenia citrana*, *Autographa gamma*, *Bonagota cranaodes*, *Borbo cinnara*, *Bucculatrix thurberiella*, *Capua reticulana*, *Carposina niponensis*, *Chlumetia transversa*, *Choristoneura rosaceana*, *Cnaphalocrocis medinalis*, *Conopomorpha cramerella*, *Cossus cossus*, *Cydia car yana*, *Cydia funebrana*, *Cydia molesta*, *Cydia nigricana*, *Cydia pomonella*, *Darna diducta*, *Diatraea saccharalis*, *Diatraea grandiosella*, *Earias insulana*, *Earias vittella*, *Ecdytolopha aurantianum*, *Elasmopalpus lignosellus*, *Ephestia cautella*, *Ephestia elutella*, *Ephestia kuehniella*, *Epinotia aporema*, *Epiphyas postvittana*, *Erionota thrax*, *Eupoecilia ambiguella*, *Euxoa auxiliaris*, *Grapholita molesta*, *Hedylepta indicata*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Helicoverpa zea*, *Heliothis virescens*, *Hellula undalis*, *Keiferia lycopersicella*, *Leucinodes orbonalis*, *Leucoptera coffeella*, *Leucoptera malifoliella*, *Lobesia botrana*, *Loxagrotis albicosta*, *Lymantria dispar*, *Lyonetia clerkella*, *Mahasena corbeti*, *Mamestra brassicae*, *Maruca testulalis*, *Metisa plana*, *Mythimna unipuncta*, *Neoleucinodes elegantalis*, *Nymphula depunctalis*, *Operophtera brumata*, *Ostrinia nubilalis*, *Oxydia vesulia*, *Pandemis cerasana*, *Pandemis heparana*, *Papilio demodocus*, *Pectinophora gossypiella*, *Peridroma saucia*, *Perileucoptera coffeella*, *Phthorimaea operculella*, *Phyllocnistis citrella*, *Pieris rapae*, *Plathypena scabra*, *Plodia interpunctella*, *Plutella xylostella*, *Polychrosis viteana*, *Prays endocarpa*, *Prays oleae*, *Pseudaletia unipuncta*, *Pseudoplusia includens*, *Rachiplusia nu*, *Scirpophaga incertulas*, *Ses-*

mia inferens, *Sesamia nonagrioides*, *Setora nitens*, *Sitotroga cerealella*, *Sparganothis pilleriana*, *Spodoptera exigua*, *Spodoptera frugiperda*, *Spodoptera eridania*, *Thecla basilides*, *Tineola bisselliella*, *Trichoplusia ni*, *Tuta absoluta*, *Zeuzera coffeae*, and *Zeuzera pyrina*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Mallophaga. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Anaticola* spp., *Bovicola* spp., *Chelopistes* spp., *Goniodes* spp., *Menacanthus* spp., and *Trichodectes* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Bovicola bovis*, *Bovicola caprae*, *Bovicola ovis*, *Chelopistes meleagridis*, *Goniodes dissimilis*, *Goniodes gigas*, *Menacanthus stramineus*, *Menopon gallinae*, and *Trichodectes canis*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Orthoptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Melanoplus* spp., and *Pterophylla* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Anabrus simplex*, *Gryllotalpa africana*, *Gryllotalpa australis*, *Gryllotalpa brachyptera*, *Gryllotalpa hexadactyla*, *Locusta migratoria*, *Microcentrum retinerve*, *Schistocerca gregaria*, and *Scudderella furcata*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Siphonaptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Ceratophyllus gallinae*, *Ceratophyllus niger*, *Ctenocephalides canis*, *Ctenocephalides felis*, and *Pulex irritans*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Thysanoptera. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Caliothrips* spp., *Frankliniella* spp., *Scirtothrips* spp., and *Thrips* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular sp. includes, but is not limited to, *Frankliniella fusca*, *Frankliniella occidentalis*, *Frankliniella schultzei*, *Frankliniella williamsi*, *Heliothrips haemorrhoidalis*, *Rhipiphorothrips cruentatus*, *Scirtothrips citri*, *Scirtothrips dorsalis*, and *Taeniothrips rhopalantennalis*, *Thrips hawaiiensis*, *Thrips nigropilosus*, *Thrips orientalis*, *Thrips tabaci*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Thysanura. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Lepisma* spp. and *Thermobia* spp.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Order Acarina. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Acarus* spp., *Aculops* spp., *Boophilus* spp., *Demodex* spp., *Dermacentor* spp., *Epitrimerus* spp., *Eriophyes* spp., *Ixodes* spp., *Oligonychus* spp., *Panonychus* spp., *Rhizoglyphus* spp., and *Tetranychus* spp. A non-exhaustive list of particular species includes, but is not limited to, *Acarapis woodi*, *Acarus siro*, *Aceria mangiferae*, *Aculops lycopersici*, *Aculus pelekassi*, *Aculus schlehtendali*, *Amblyomma americanum*, *Brevipalpus obovatus*, *Brevipalpus phoenicis*, *Dermacentor variabilis*, *Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus*, *Eotetranychus carpini*, *Notoedres cati*, *Oligonychus coffeae*, *Oligonychus ilicis*, *Panonychus citri*, *Panonychus ulmi*, *Phyllocoptura oleivora*, *Polyphagotarsonemus latus*, *Rhipicephalus sanguineus*, *Sarcoptes scabiei*, *Tegolophus perseae*, *Tetranychus urticae*, and *Varroa destructor*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pest of the Order Symphyta. A non-exhaustive list of particular sp. includes, but is not limited to, *Scutigerella immaculata*.

In another embodiment, the molecules of Formula One may be used to control pests of the Phylum Nematoda. A non-exhaustive list of particular genera includes, but is not limited to, *Aphelenchoides* spp., *Belonolaimus* spp., *Cricone-*
mella spp., *Ditylenchus* spp., *Heterodera* spp., *Hirschman-*
niella spp., *Hoplolaimus* spp., *Meloidogyne* spp., *Pratylen-*
chus spp., and *Radopholus* spp. A non-exhaustive list of
 particular sp. includes, but is not limited to, *Diriofilaria immi-*
tis, *Heterodera zaeae*, *Meloidogyne incognita*, *Meloidogyne*
javanica, *Onchocerca volvulus*, *Radopholus similis*, and
Rotylenchulus reniformis.

For additional information consult "HANDBOOK OF PEST CON-
 TROL—THE BEHAVIOR, LIFE HISTORY, AND CONTROL OF HOUSEHOLD
 PESTS" by Arnold Mattis, 9th Edition, copyright 2004 by GIE
 Media Inc.

Applications

Molecules of Formula One are generally used in amounts
 from about 0.01 grams per hectare to about 5000 grams per
 hectare to provide control. Amounts from about 0.1 grams per
 hectare to about 500 grams per hectare are generally preferred,
 and amounts from about 1 gram per hectare to about 50
 grams per hectare are generally more preferred.

The area to which a molecule of Formula One is applied
 can be any area inhabited (or maybe inhabited, or traversed
 by) a pest, for example: where crops, trees, fruits, cereals,
 fodder species, vines, turf and ornamental plants, are growing;
 where domesticated animals are residing; the interior or
 exterior surfaces of buildings (such as places where grains are
 stored), the materials of construction used in building (such as
 impregnated wood), and the soil around buildings. Particular
 crop areas to use a molecule of Formula One include areas
 where apples, corn, sunflowers, cotton, soybeans, canola,
 wheat, rice, sorghum, barley, oats, potatoes, oranges, alfalfa,
 lettuce, strawberries, tomatoes, peppers, crucifers, pears,
 tobacco, almonds, sugar beets, beans and other valuable crops
 are growing or the seeds thereof are going to be planted. It is
 also advantageous to use ammonium sulfate with a molecule
 of Formula One when growing various plants.

Controlling pests generally means that pest populations,
 pest activity, or both, are reduced in an area. This can come
 about when: pest populations are repulsed from an area; when
 pests are incapacitated in or around an area; or pests are
 exterminated, in whole, or in part, in or around an area. Of
 course, a combination of these results can occur. Generally,
 pest populations, activity, or both are desirably reduced more
 than fifty percent, preferably more than 90 percent. Generally,
 the area is not in or on a human; consequently, the locus is
 generally a non-human area.

The molecules of Formula One may be used in mixtures,
 applied simultaneously or sequentially, alone or with other
 compounds to enhance plant vigor (e.g. to grow a better root
 system, to better withstand stressful growing conditions).
 Such other compounds are, for example, compounds that
 modulate plant ethylene receptors, most notably 1-methylcy-
 clopropene (also known as 1-MCP). Furthermore, such mol-
 ecules may be used during times when pest activity is low,
 such as before the plants that are growing begin to produce
 valuable agricultural commodities. Such times include the
 early planting season when pest pressure is usually low.

The molecules of Formula One can be applied to the foliar
 and fruiting portions of plants to control pests. The molecules
 will either come in direct contact with the pest, or the pest will
 consume the pesticide when eating leaf, fruit mass, or extract-
 ing sap, that contains the pesticide. The molecules of Formula
 One can also be applied to the soil, and when applied in this
 manner, root and stem feeding pests can be controlled. The

roots can absorb a molecule taking it up into the foliar por-
 tions of the plant to control above ground chewing and sap
 feeding pests.

Generally, with baits, the baits are placed in the ground
 where, for example, termites can come into contact with,
 and/or be attracted to, the bait. Baits can also be applied to a
 surface of a building, (horizontal, vertical, or slant surface)
 where, for example, ants, termites, cockroaches, and flies, can
 come into contact with, and/or be attracted to, the bait. Baits
 can comprise a molecule of Formula One.

The molecules of Formula One can be encapsulated inside,
 or placed on the surface of a capsule. The size of the capsules
 can range from nanometer size (about 100-900 nanometers in
 diameter) to micrometer size (about 10-900 microns in diam-
 eter).

Because of the unique ability of the eggs of some pests to
 resist certain pesticides, repeated applications of the mol-
 ecules of Formula One may be desirable to control newly
 emerged larvae.

Systemic movement of pesticides in plants may be utilized
 to control pests on one portion of the plant by applying (for
 example by spraying an area) the molecules of Formula One
 to a different portion of the plant. For example, control of
 foliar-feeding insects can be achieved by drip irrigation or
 furrow application, by treating the soil with for example pre-
 or post-planting soil drench, or by treating the seeds of a plant
 before planting.

Seed treatment can be applied to all types of seeds, includ-
 ing those from which plants genetically modified to express
 specialized traits will germinate. Representative examples
 include those expressing proteins toxic to invertebrate pests,
 such as *Bacillus thuringiensis* or other insecticidal toxins,
 those expressing herbicide resistance, such as "Roundup
 Ready" seed, or those with "stacked" foreign genes express-
 ing insecticidal toxins, herbicide resistance, nutrition-en-
 hancement, drought resistance, or any other beneficial traits.
 Furthermore, such seed treatments with the molecules of
 Formula One may further enhance the ability of a plant to
 better withstand stressful growing conditions. This results in
 a healthier, more vigorous plant, which can lead to higher
 yields at harvest time. Generally, about 1 gram of the mol-
 ecules of Formula One to about 500 grams per 100,000 seeds
 is expected to provide good benefits, amounts from about 10
 grams to about 100 grams per 100,000 seeds is expected to
 provide better benefits, and amounts from about 25 grams to
 about 75 grams per 100,000 seeds is expected to provide even
 better benefits.

It should be readily apparent that the molecules of Formula
 One may be used on, in, or around plants genetically modified
 to express specialized traits, such as *Bacillus thuringiensis* or
 other insecticidal toxins, or those expressing herbicide resis-
 tance, or those with "stacked" foreign genes expressing insect-
 icidal toxins, herbicide resistance, nutrition-enhancement, or
 any other beneficial traits.

The molecules of Formula One may be used for controlling
 endoparasites and ectoparasites in the veterinary medicine
 sector or in the field of non-human animal keeping. The
 molecules of Formula One are applied, such as by oral admin-
 istration in the form of, for example, tablets, capsules, drinks,
 granules, by dermal application in the form of, for example,
 dipping, spraying, pouring on, spotting on, and dusting, and
 by parenteral administration in the form of, for example, an
 injection.

The molecules of Formula One may also be employed
 advantageously in livestock keeping, for example, cattle,
 sheep, pigs, chickens, and geese. They may also be employed
 advantageously in pets such as, horses, dogs, and cats. Par-

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ticular pests to control would be fleas and ticks that are both-
 ersome to such animals. Suitable formulations are adminis-
 tered orally to the animals with the drinking water or feed.
 The dosages and formulations that are suitable depend on the
 species.

The molecules of Formula One may also be used for con-
 trolling parasitic worms, especially of the intestine, in the
 animals listed above.

The molecules of Formula One may also be employed in
 therapeutic methods for human health care. Such methods
 include, but are limited to, oral administration in the form of,
 for example, tablets, capsules, drinks, granules, and by der-
 mal application.

Pests around the world have been migrating to new envi-
 ronments (for such pest) and thereafter becoming a new inva-
 sive species in such new environment. The molecules of For-
 mula One may also be used on such new invasive species to
 control them in such new environment.

The molecules of Formula One may also be used in an area
 where plants, such as crops, are growing (e.g. pre-planting,
 planting, pre-harvesting) and where there are low levels (even
 no actual presence) of pests that can commercially damage
 such plants. The use of such molecules in such area is to
 benefit the plants being grown in the area. Such benefits, may
 include, but are not limited to, improving the health of a plant,
 improving the yield of a plant (e.g. increased biomass and/or
 increased content of valuable ingredients), improving the
 vigor of a plant (e.g. improved plant growth and/or greener
 leaves), improving the quality of a plant (e.g. improved con-
 tent or composition of certain ingredients), and improving the
 tolerance to abiotic and/or biotic stress of the plant.

Before a pesticide can be used or sold commercially, such
 pesticide undergoes lengthy evaluation processes by various
 governmental authorities (local, regional, state, national, and
 international). Voluminous data requirements are specified by
 regulatory authorities and must be addressed through data
 generation and submission by the product registrant or by a

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third party on the product registrant's behalf, often using a
 computer with a connection to the World Wide Web. These
 governmental authorities then review such data and if a deter-
 mination of safety is concluded, provide the potential user or
 seller with product registration approval. Thereafter, in that
 locality where the product registration is granted and sup-
 ported, such user or seller may use or sell such pesticide.

A molecule according to Formula One can be tested to
 determine its efficacy against pests. Furthermore, mode of
 action studies can be conducted to determine if said molecule
 has a different mode of action than other pesticides. Thereaf-
 ter, such acquired data can be disseminated, such as by the
 internet, to third parties.

The headings in this document are for convenience only
 and must not be used to interpret any portion hereof.

TABLE SECTION

BAW, CEW & CL Rating Table	
% Control (or Mortality)	Rating
50-100	A
More than 0-Less than 50	B
Not Tested	C
No activity noticed in this bioassay	D
GPA Rating Table	
% Control (or Mortality)	Rating
80-100	A
More than 0-Less than 80	B
Not Tested	C
No activity noticed in this bioassay	D

TABLE 1

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AI34	
AI36	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AI37	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(F)(F)F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(C#N)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>
AI38	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(F)(F)F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>
AI39	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(F)(F)F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(Br)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>
AI40	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(F)(F)F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(C(F)(F)F)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>
AI41	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(F)(F)F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(C#N)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>
AI44	 <chem>Clc1cc(C(F)(F)F)c(F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(C(F)(F)F)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>
AI45	 <chem>Clc1cc(C(F)(F)F)c(F)c1/C=C/c1ccc(C#N)c(C(=O)O)c1</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC1	 <chem>CCN(C)C(=O)c1ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c2cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c2)cc1</chem>
AC2	 <chem>NC(=O)c1ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c2cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c2)cc1</chem>
AC3	 <chem>CCN(C)C(=O)c1ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c2cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c2)cc1</chem>
AC4	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FCCNC(=O)c1ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c2cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c2)cc1</chem>
AC5	 <chem>C1CCN(CC1)C(=O)c2ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2</chem>
AC6	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FCCNC(=O)c1cc(C)ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c2cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c2)c1</chem>
AC7	 <chem>Clc1ccncc1CNc2ccc(/C=C/C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2C(=O)N</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

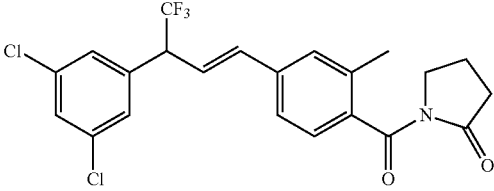
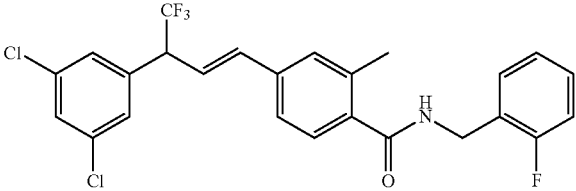
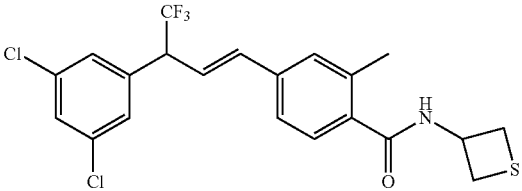
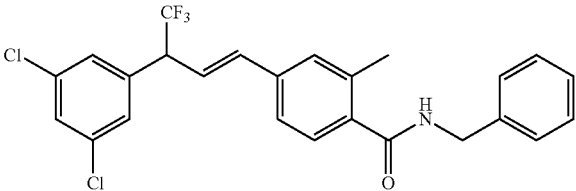
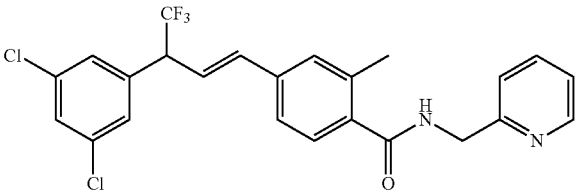
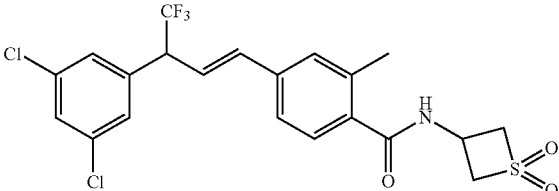
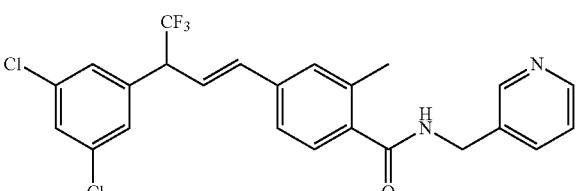
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
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AC9	
AC10	
AC11	
AC12	
AC13	
AC14	

TABLE 1-continued

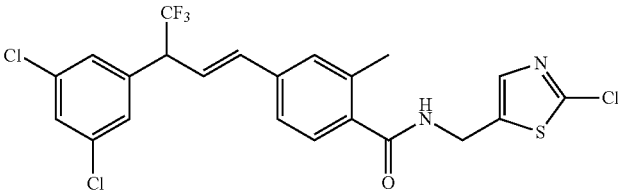
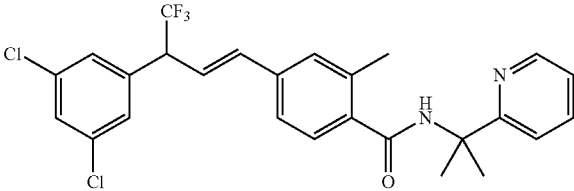
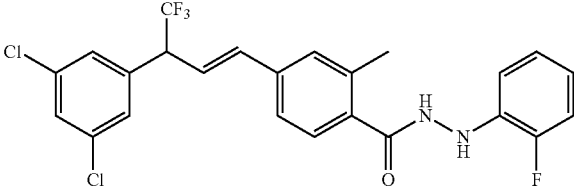
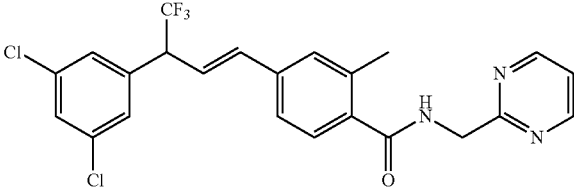
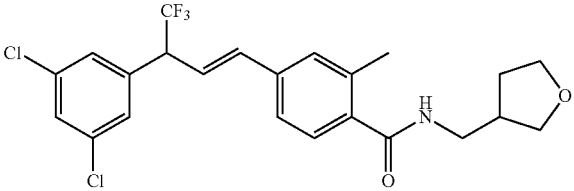
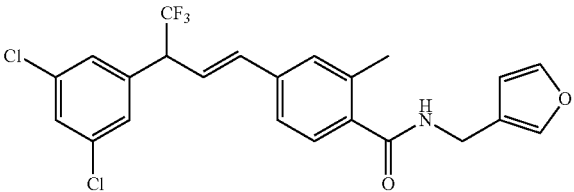
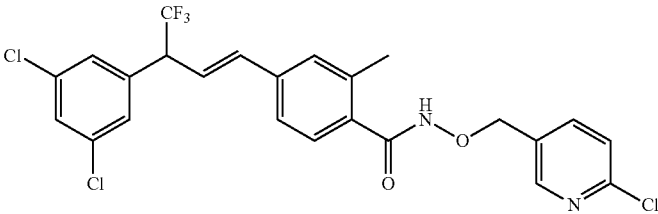
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC15	
AC16	
AC17	
AC18	
AC19	
AC20	
AC21	

TABLE 1-continued

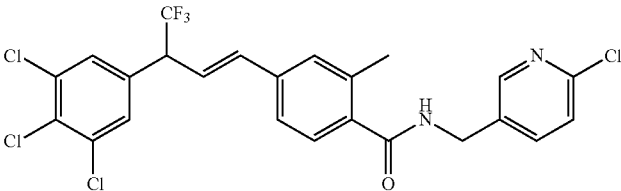
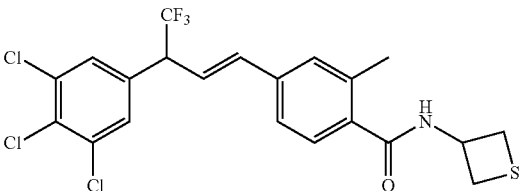
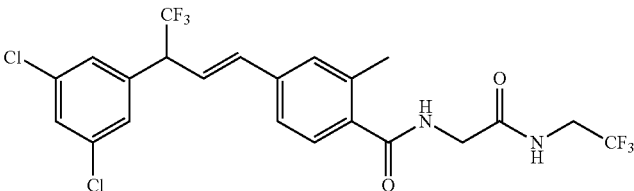
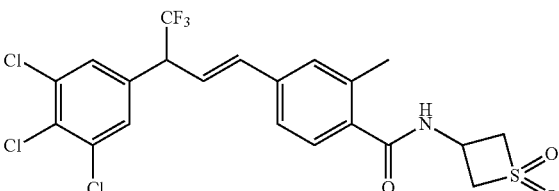
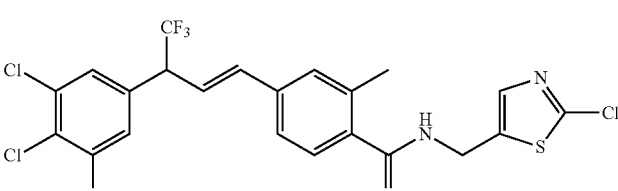
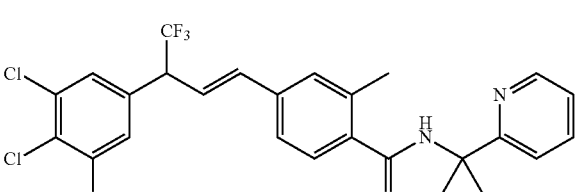
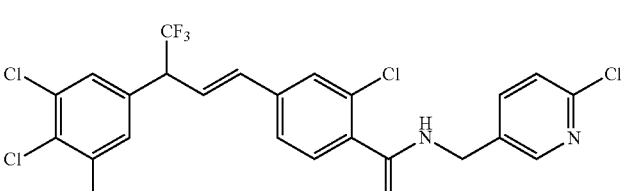
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC22	
AC23	
AC24	
AC25	
AC26	
AC27	
AC28	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC29	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)cc2C(=O)Nc3ccsc3</chem>
AC30	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)cc2C(=O)Nc3cc(s(=O)(=O))cc3</chem>
AC31	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Br)cc2C(=O)NCCc3cc(Cl)ncn3</chem>
AC32	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Br)cc2C(=O)Nc3ccsc3</chem>
AC33	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(Br)cc2C(=O)Nc3cc(s(=O)(=O))cc3</chem>
AC34	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C(F)(F)F)cc2C(=O)Nc3ccsc3</chem>
AC35	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C(F)(F)F)cc2C(=O)Nc3cc(s(=O)(=O))cc3</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

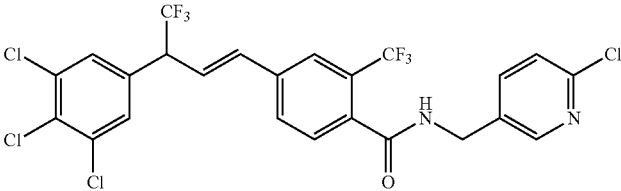
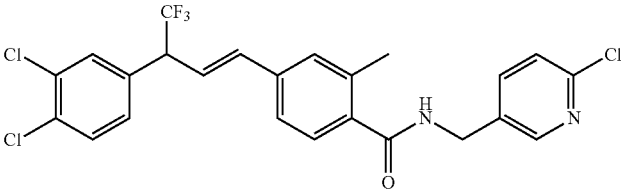
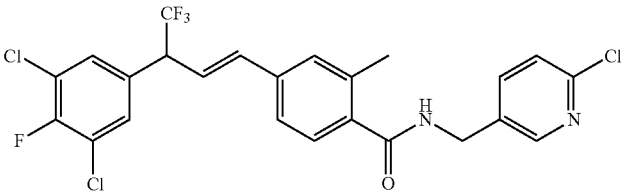
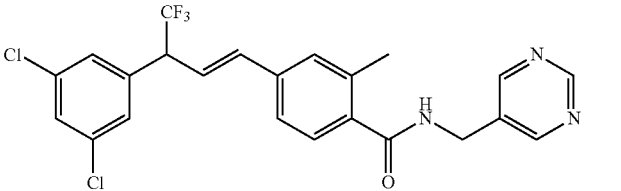
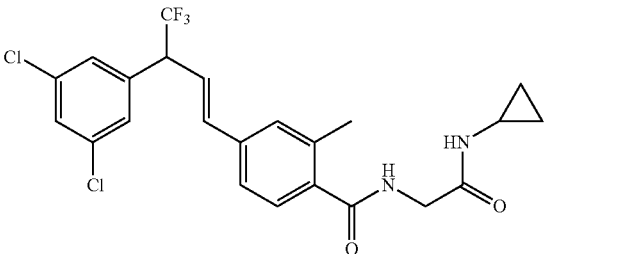
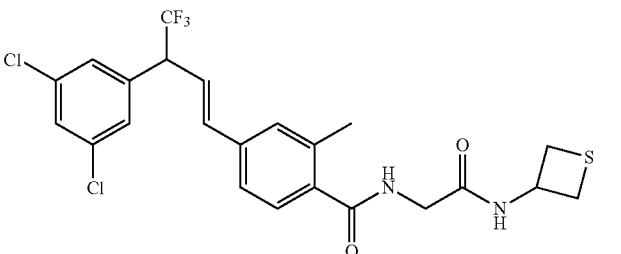
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC36	
AC37	
AC38	
AC39	
AC40	
AC41	

TABLE 1-continued

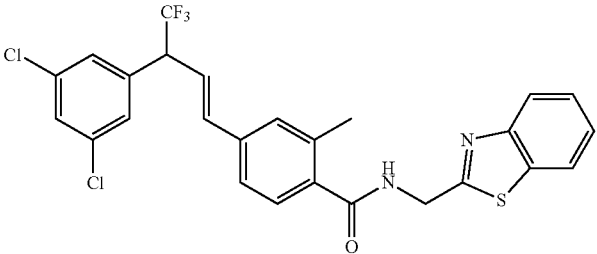
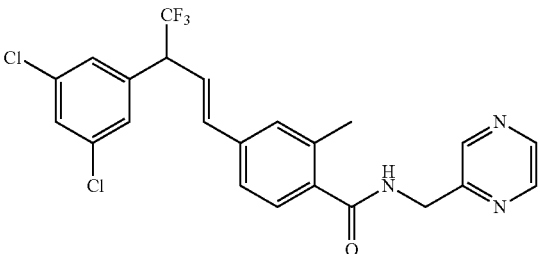
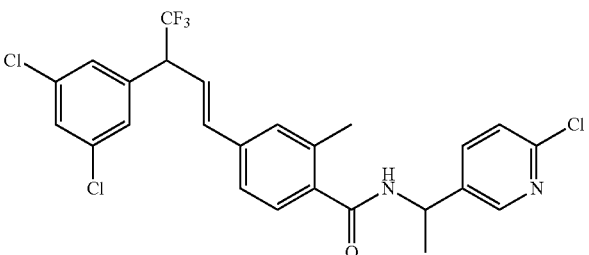
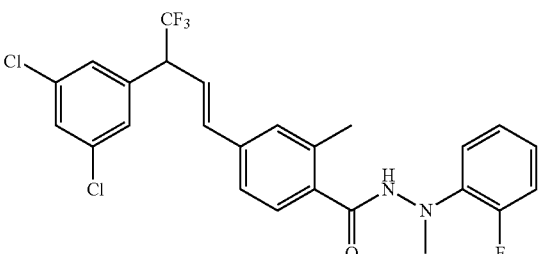
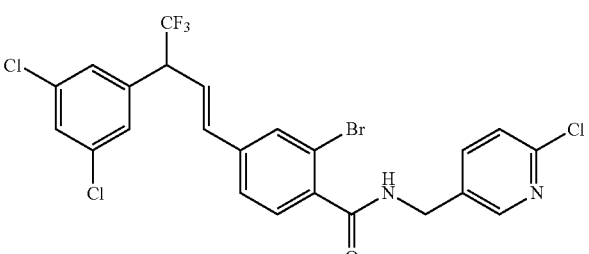
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC42	
AC43	
AC44	
AC45	
AC46	

TABLE 1-continued

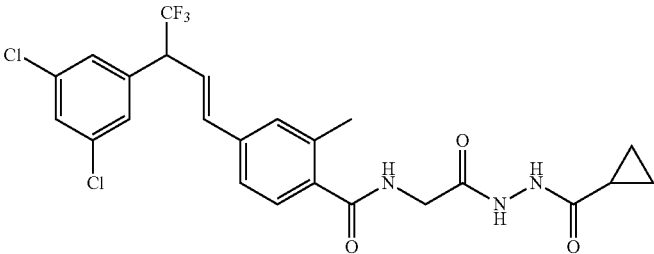
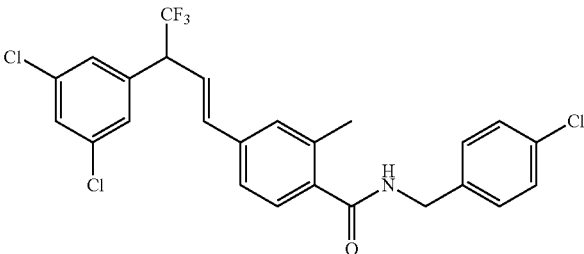
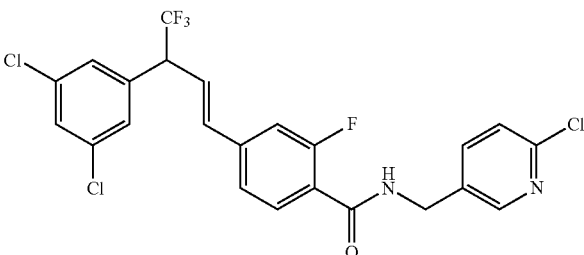
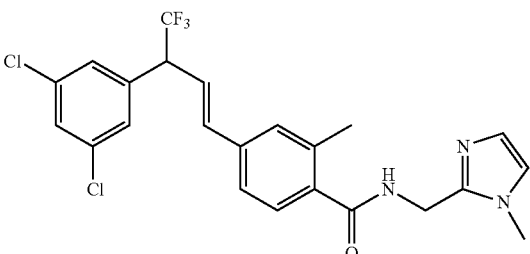
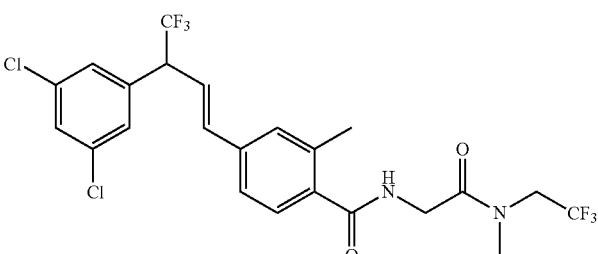
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC47	
AC48	
AC49	
AC50	
AC51	

TABLE 1-continued

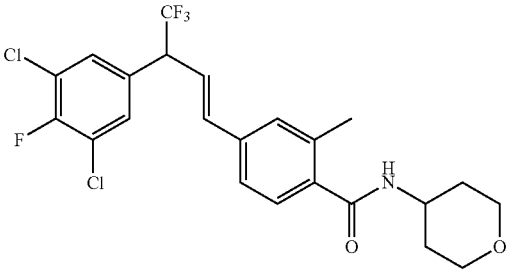
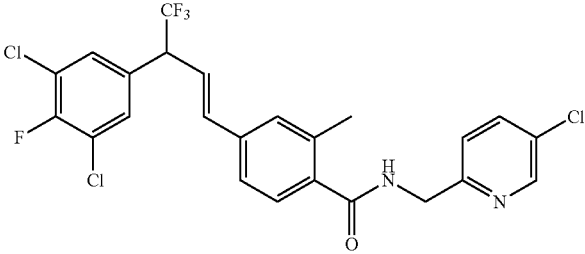
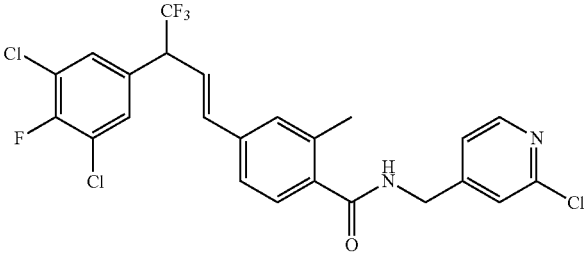
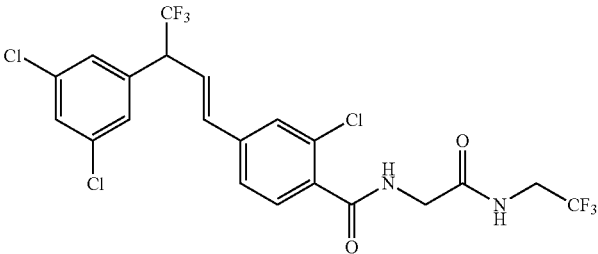
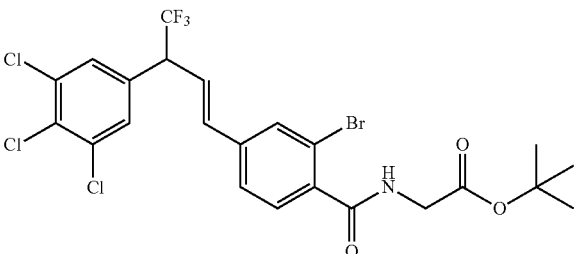
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC52	
AC53	
AC54	
AC57	
AC58	

TABLE 1-continued

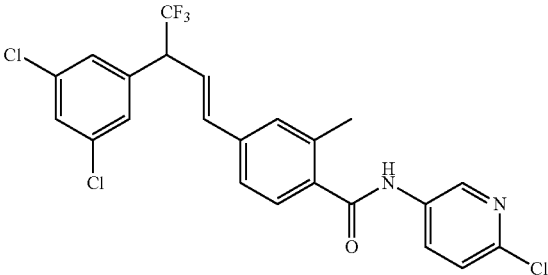
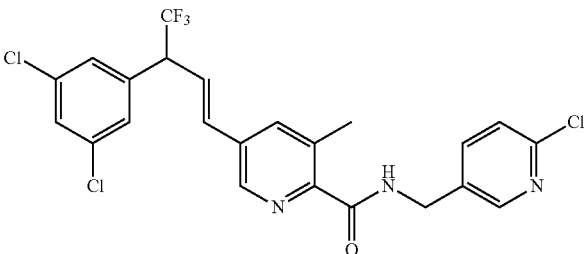
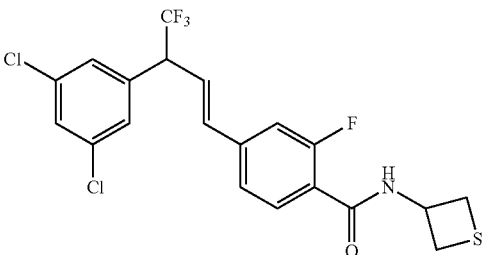
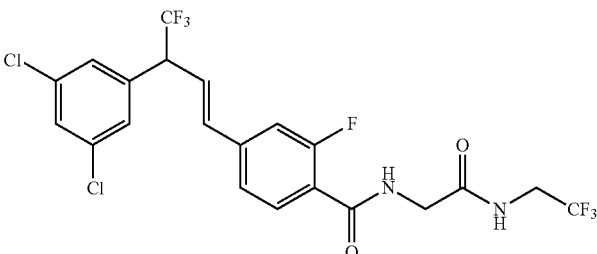
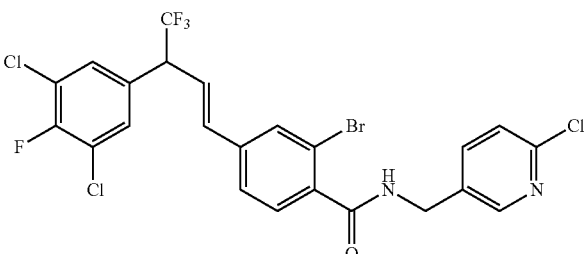
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC59	
AC60	
AC61	
AC62	
AC63	

TABLE 1-continued

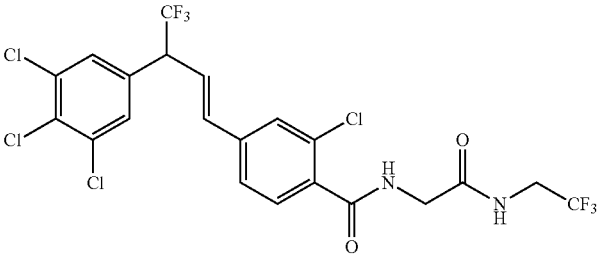
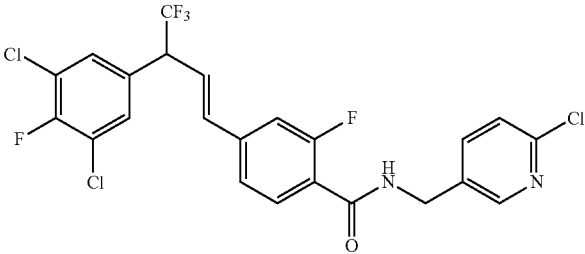
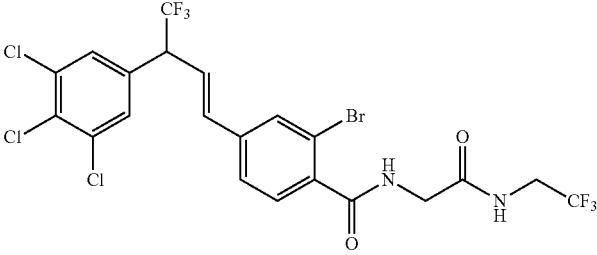
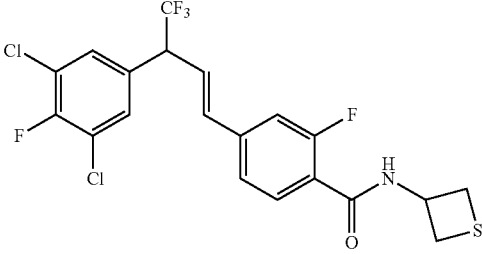
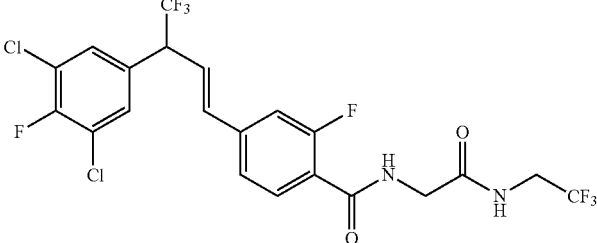
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC64	
AC65	
AC66	
AC67	
AC68	

TABLE 1-continued

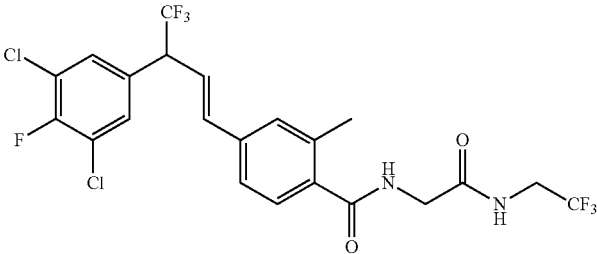
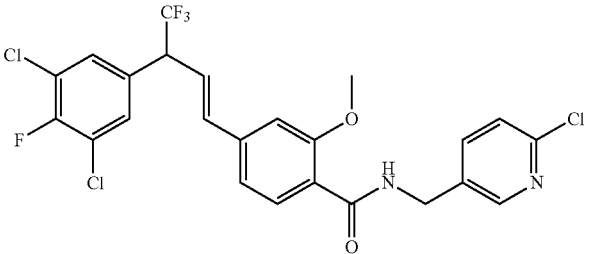
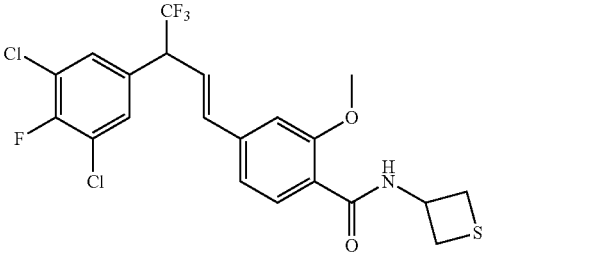
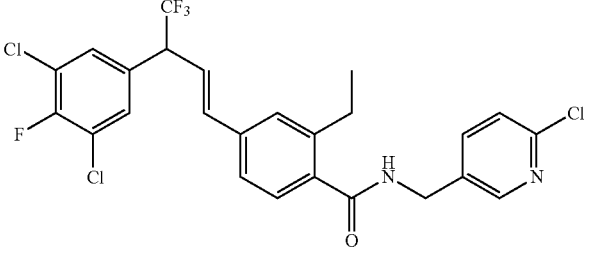
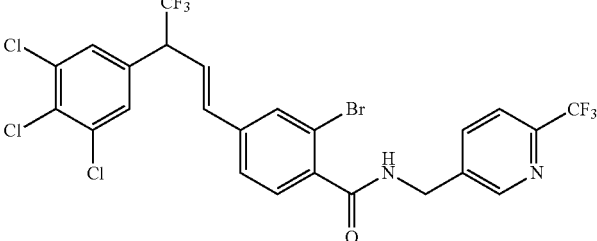
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC69	
AC70	
AC71	
AC72	
AC75	

TABLE 1-continued

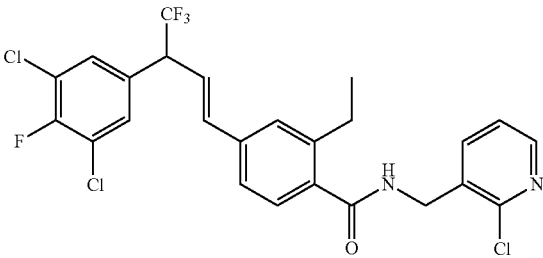
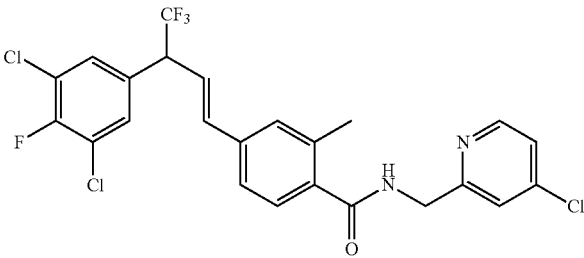
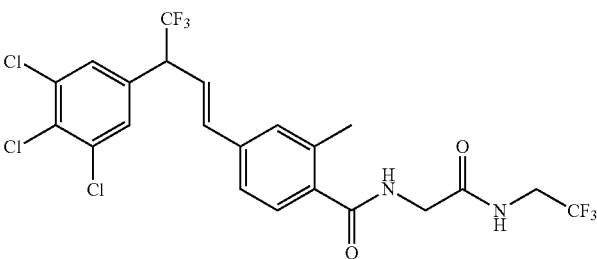
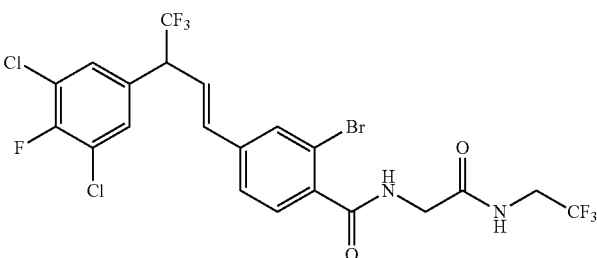
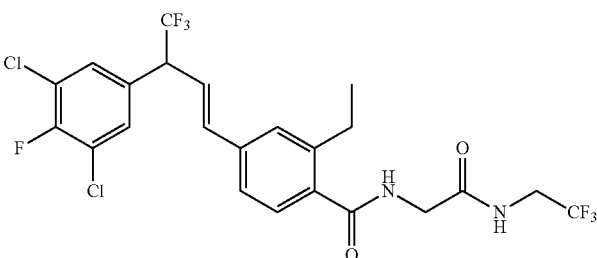
Structures for Compounds		
Compound		
Number	Structure	
AC76		
AC77		
AC78		
AC79		
AC80		

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC81	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)C=Cc2ccc(C)c(C(=O)NCC(=O)N[C@@H]3CC(=O)S3(=O)=O)c2)c1</chem>
AC82	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)C=Cc2ccc(C)c(C(=O)N[C@@H]3CC(=O)S3(=O)=O)c2)c1</chem>
AC83	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)C=Cc2ccc(F)c(C(=O)N[C@@H]3CC(=O)S3(=O)=O)c2)c1</chem>
AC84	 <chem>Clc1cc(F)c(C(F)(F)F)cc1C=C(C(F)(F)F)C=Cc2ccc(F)c(C(=O)N[C@@H]3CC(=O)S3(=O)=O)c2</chem>
AC85	 <chem>Clc1cc(F)c(C(F)(F)F)cc1C=C(C(F)(F)F)C=Cc2ccc(OC)c(C(=O)N[C@@H]3CC(=O)S3(=O)=O)c2</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

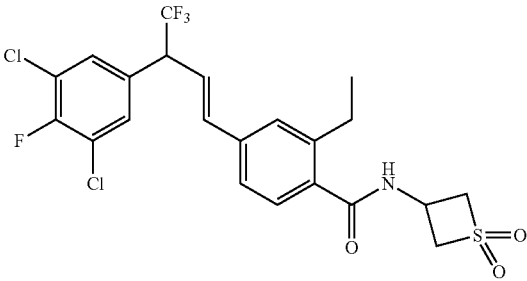
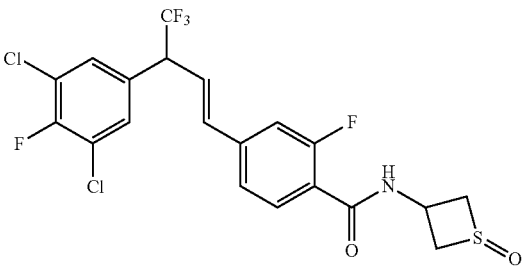
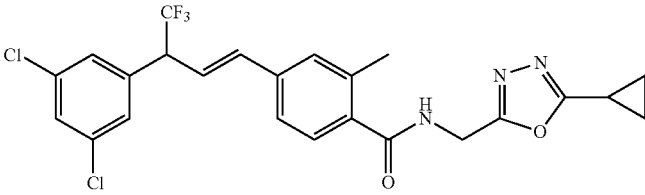
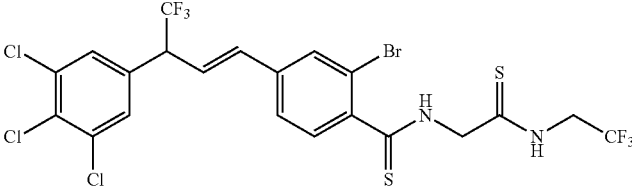
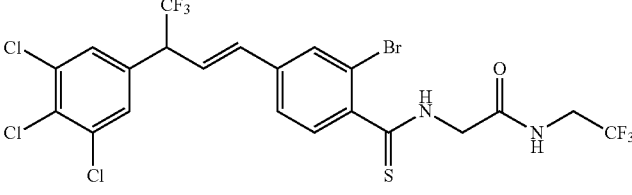
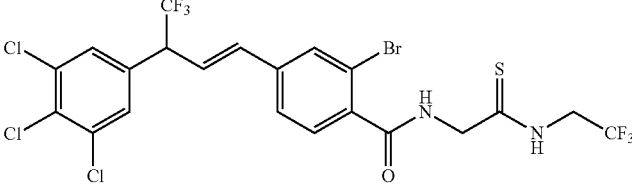
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC86	
AC87	
AC89	
AC90	
AC91	
AC92	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC93	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c2ccc(C)cc2C(=O)NCC(=O)N3CC3)c1</chem>
AC94	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c2ccc(C)cc2C(=O)NCCc3cc(Cl)ncn3)c1</chem>
AC95	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c2ccc(Br)cc2C(=O)NCC(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
AC96	 <chem>CN(C)Cc1ccc(NC(=O)c2ccc(Br)cc2C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)c(Cl)c(Cl)c3)c1</chem>
AC97	 <chem>COC1=CC=C(NC(=O)c2ccc(Br)cc2C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)c(Cl)c(Cl)c3)C=C1</chem>
AC98	 <chem>Clc1cc(F)cc(Cl)c1C=C(C(F)(F)F)c2ccc([N+](=O)[O-])cc2C(=O)NCC(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC99	
AC100	
AC101	
AC102	
AC103	
AC104	

TABLE 1-continued

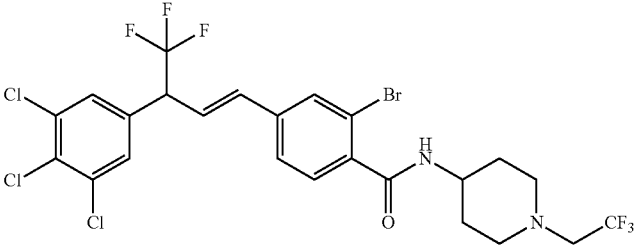
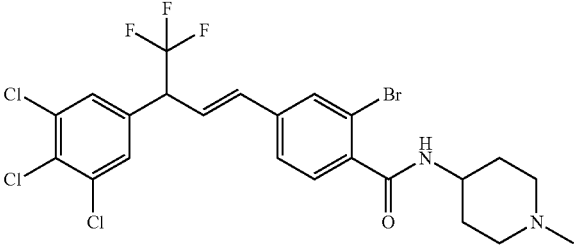
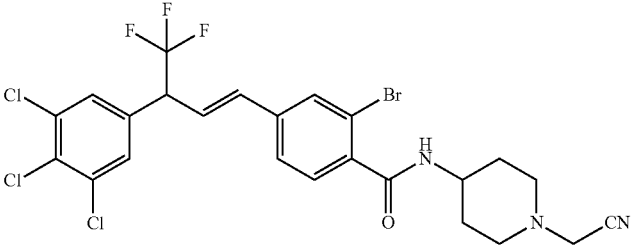
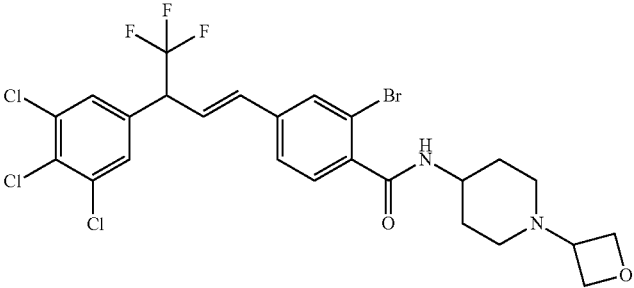
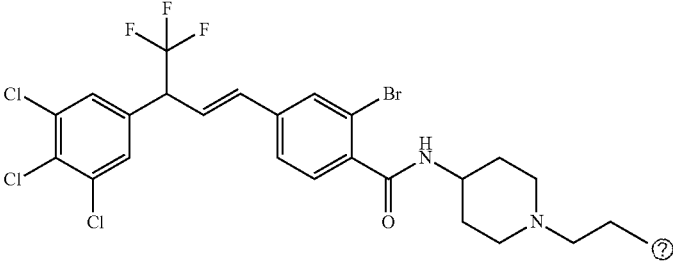
Structures for Compounds		
Compound Number	Structure	
AC105		
AC106		
AC107		
AC108		
AC109		

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC110	
AC111	
AC112	
AC113	
AC114	
AC115	

TABLE 1-continued

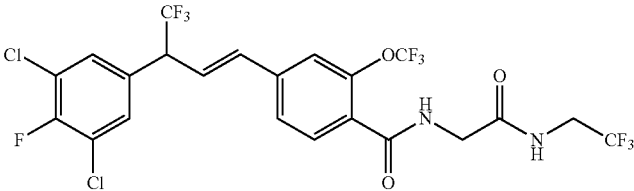
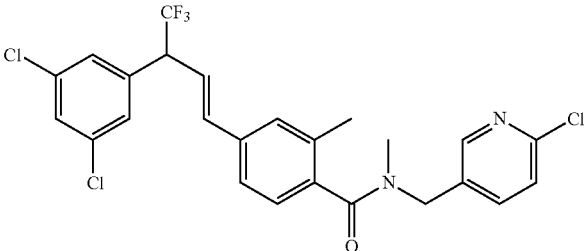
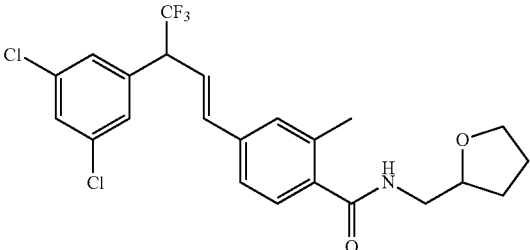
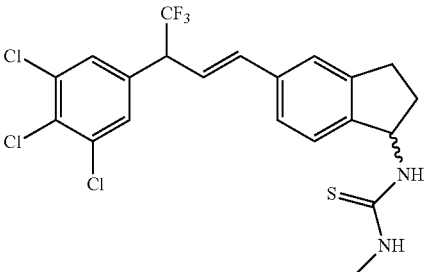
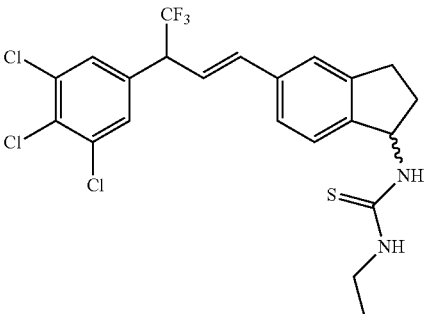
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
AC116	
AC117	
AC118	
BC1	
BC2	

TABLE 1-continued

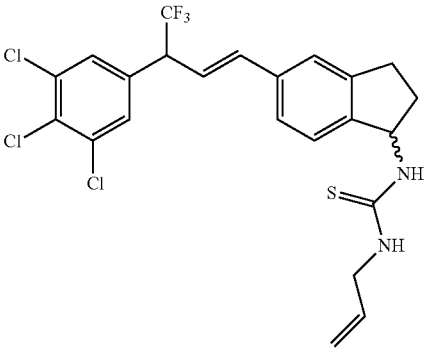
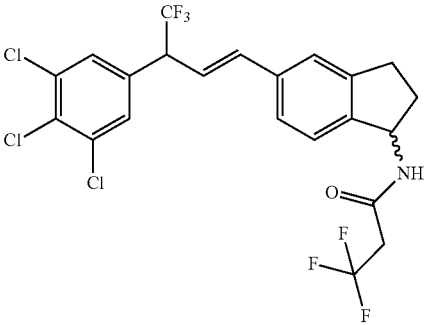
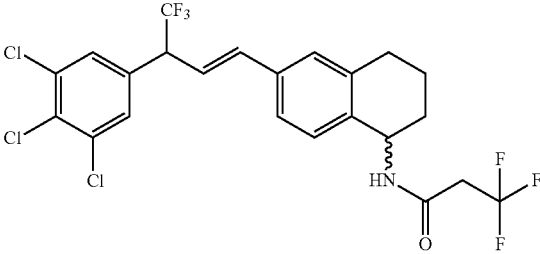
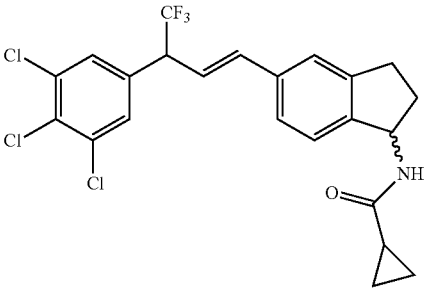
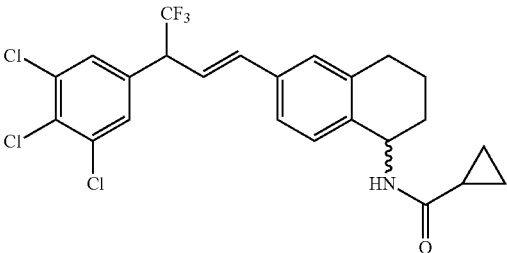
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
BC3	
BC4	
BC5	
BC6	
BC7	

TABLE 1-continued

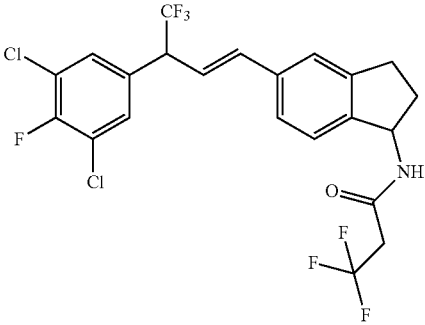
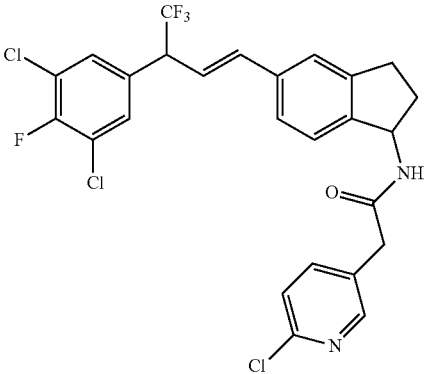
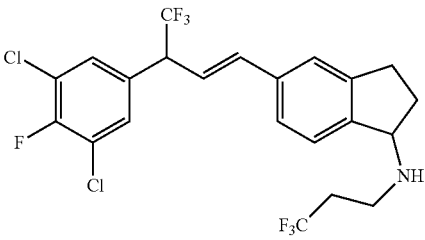
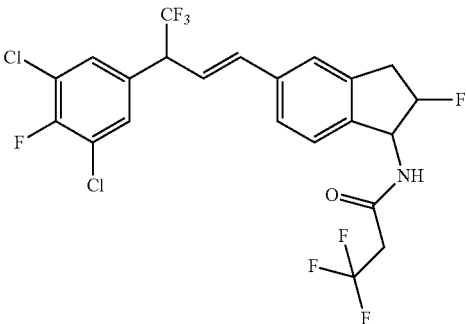
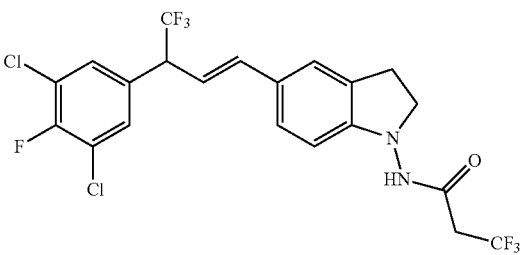
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
BC8	
BC9	
BC10	
BC11	
BC12	

TABLE 1-continued

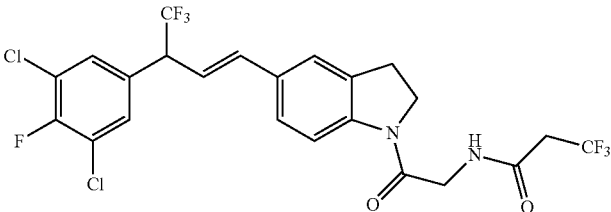
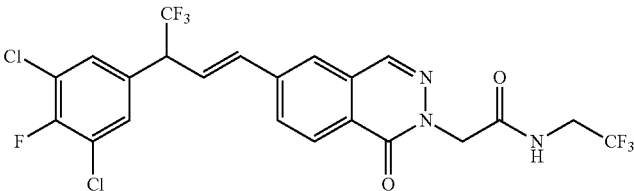
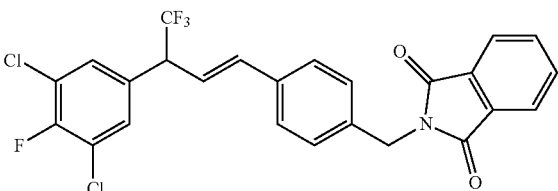
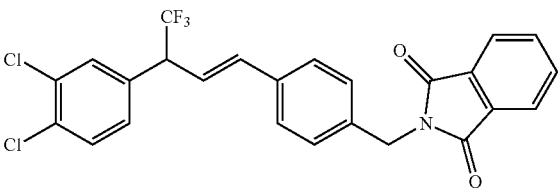
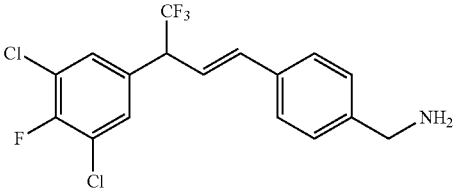
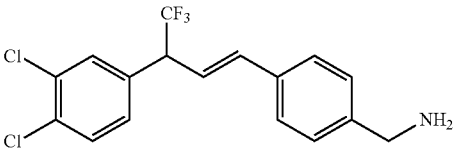
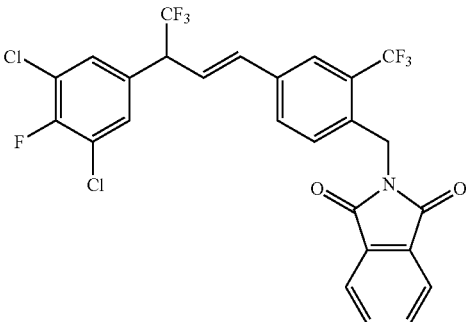
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
BC13	
BC14	
CI4	
CI5	
CI8	
CI9	
CI34	

TABLE 1-continued

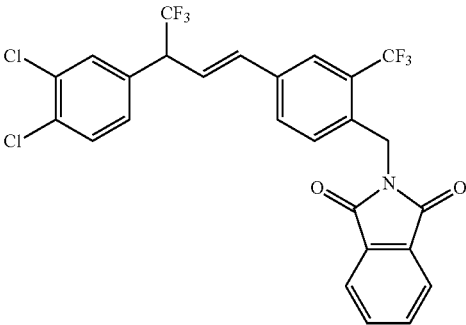
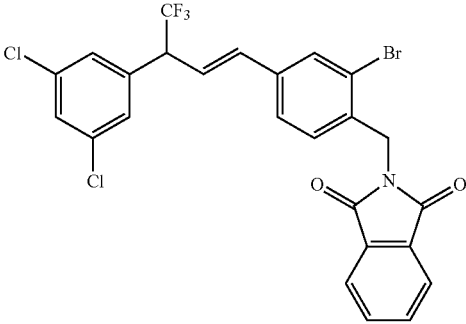
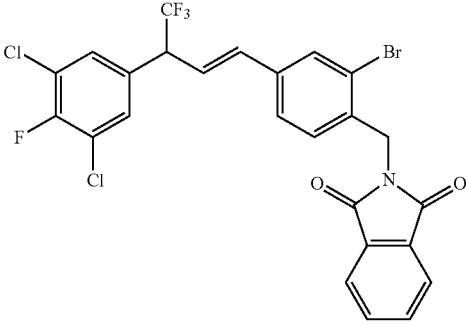
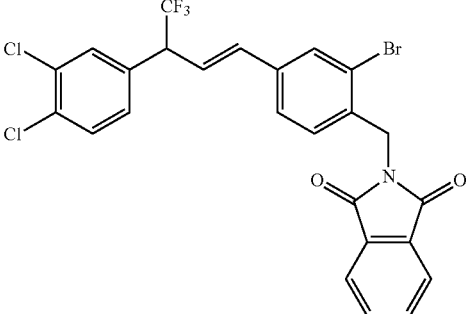
Structures for Compounds		
Compound		
Number	Structure	
CI35		
CI36		
CI37		
CI38		

TABLE 1-continued

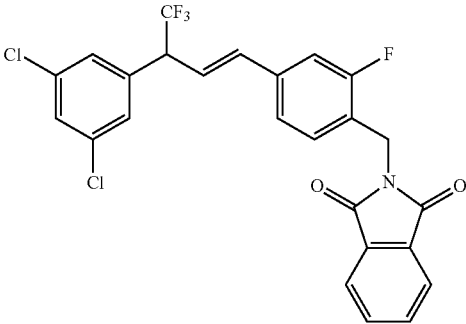
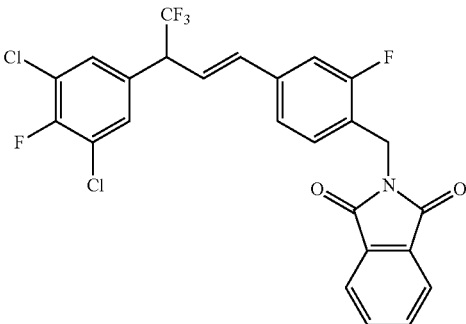
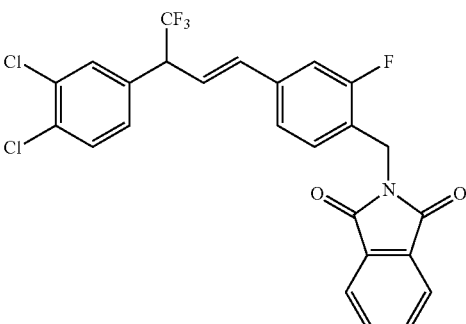
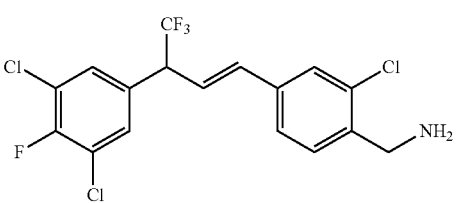
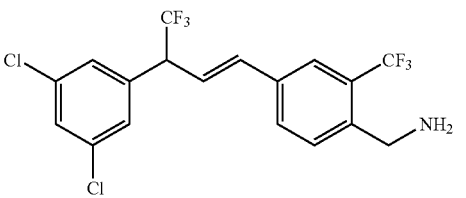
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CI39	
CI40	
CI41	
CI49	
CI50	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CI51	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(F)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>
CI52	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>
CI53	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(F)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2Br</chem>
CI54	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2Br</chem>
CI55	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2F</chem>
CI56	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(F)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2F</chem>
CI57	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CN)cc2F</chem>
CC1	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(CNC(=O)C)cc2</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

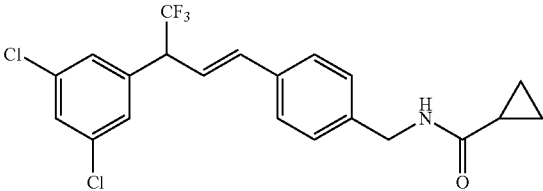
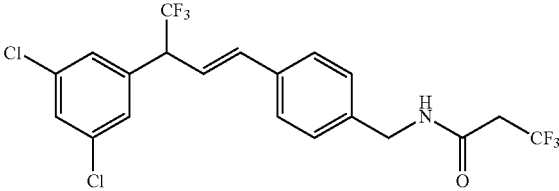
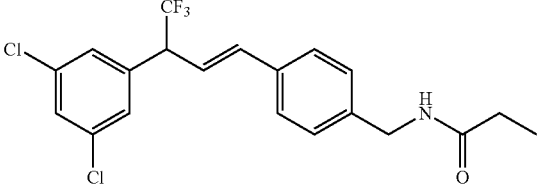
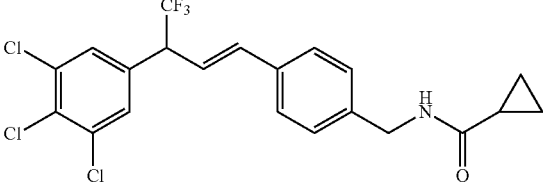
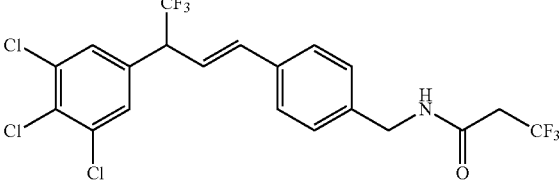
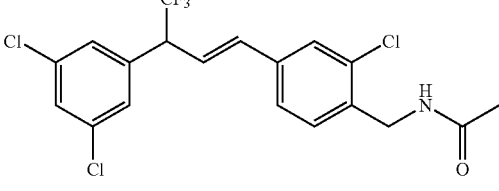
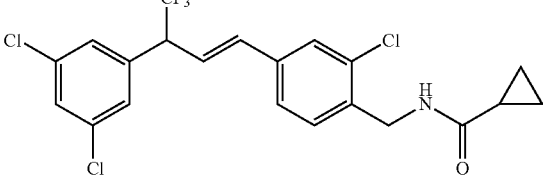
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC2	
CC3	
CC4	
CC5	
CC6	
CC7	
CC8	

TABLE 1-continued

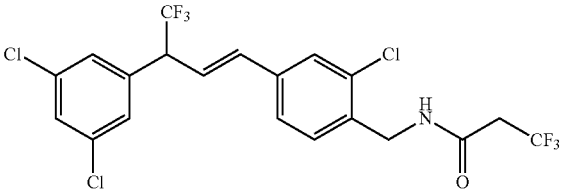
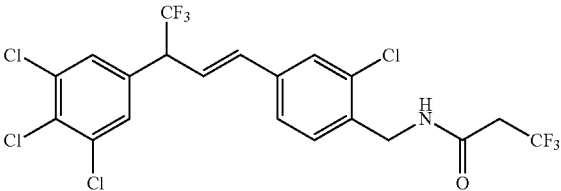
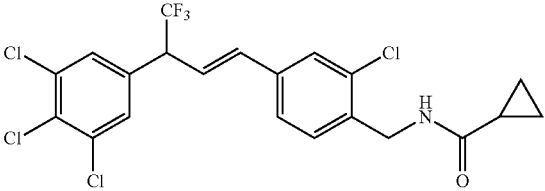
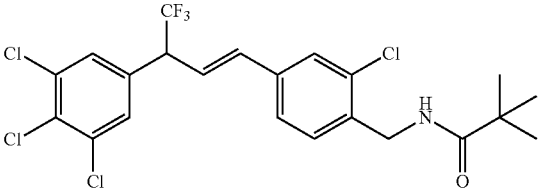
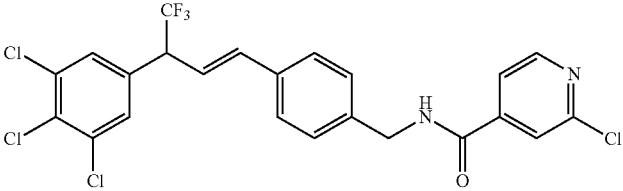
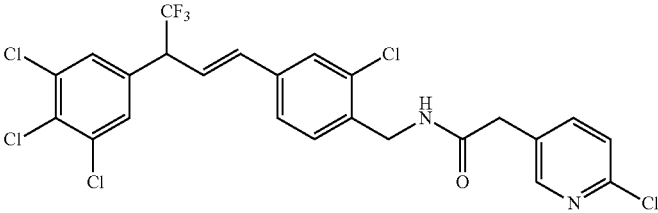
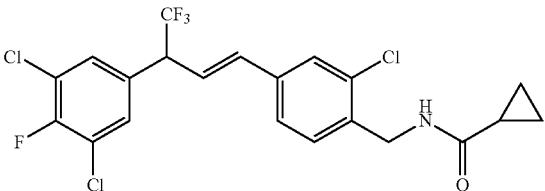
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC9	
CC10	
CC11	
CC12	
CC13	
CC14	
CC15	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC16	
CC17	
CC18	
CC19	
CC20	
CC21	
CC22	

TABLE 1-continued

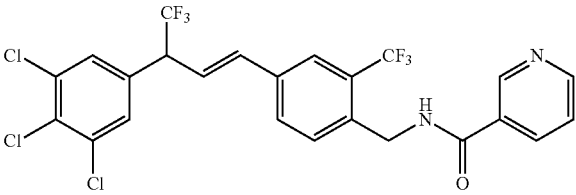
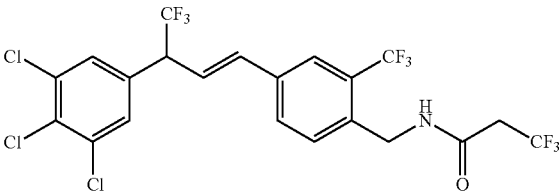
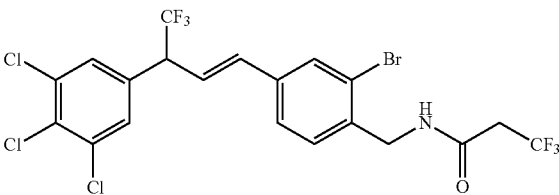
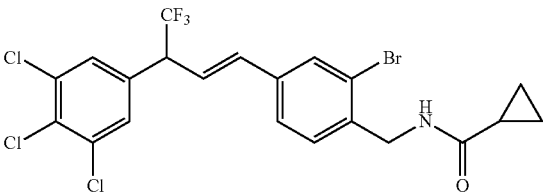
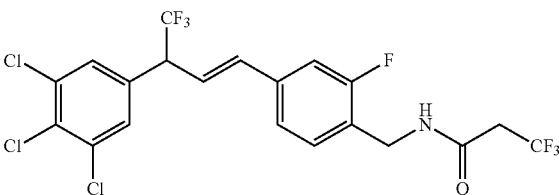
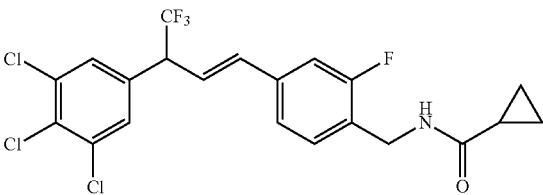
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC23	
CC24	
CC25	
CC26	
CC27	
CC28	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC29	
CC30	
CC31	
CC32	
CC33	
CC34	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC35	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)Nc1ccncc1)C=O</chem>
CC36	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)N(C)C)C=O</chem>
CC37	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)NCC)S</chem>
CC38	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)NCC=C)S</chem>
CC39	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C=O</chem>
CC40	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)Oc1ccc(Cl)cc1)C=O</chem>
CC41	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c1ccc(Cl)cc1CN(C(=O)C(=O)OC)C=O</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

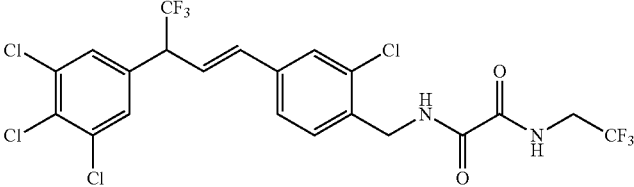
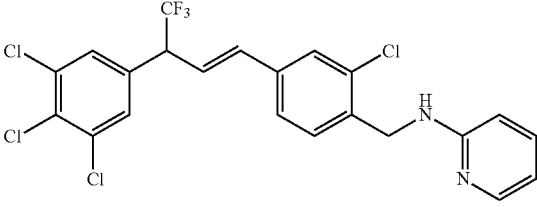
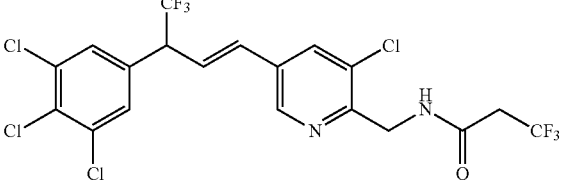
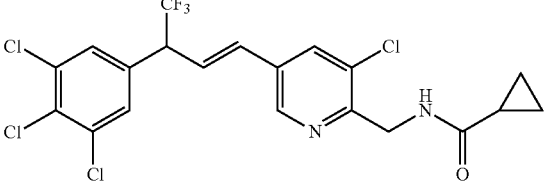
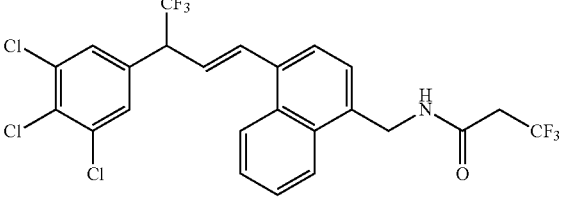
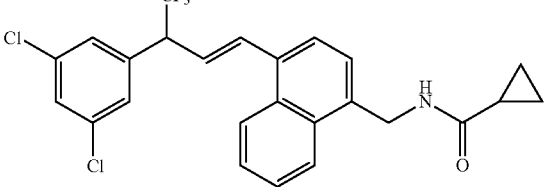
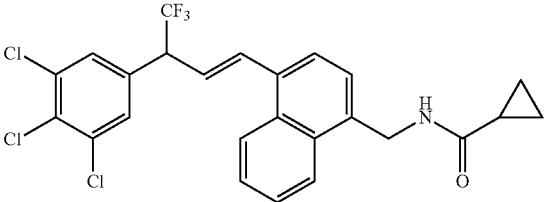
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC42	
CC43	
CC44	
CC45	
CC46	
CC47	
CC48	

TABLE 1-continued

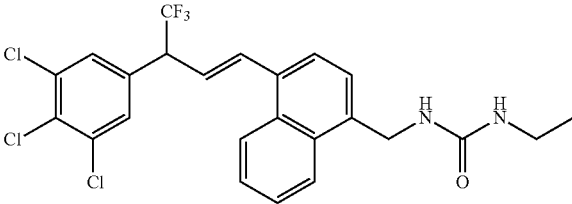
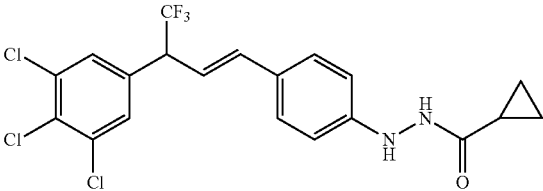
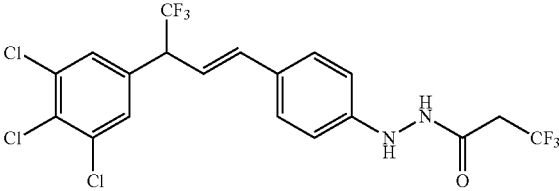
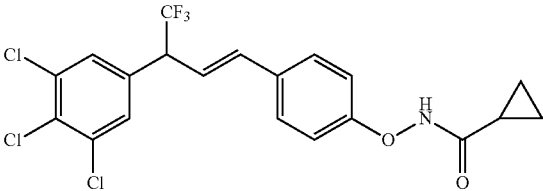
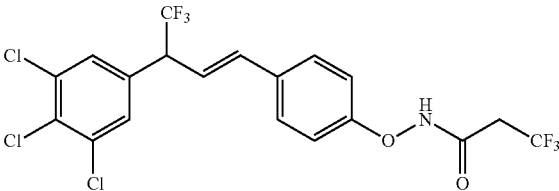
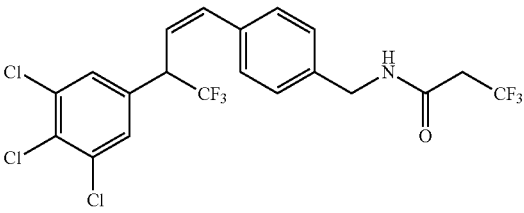
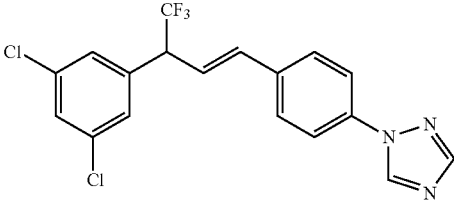
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
CC49	
CC50	
CC51	
CC52	
CC53	
CC54	
DC1	

TABLE 1-continued

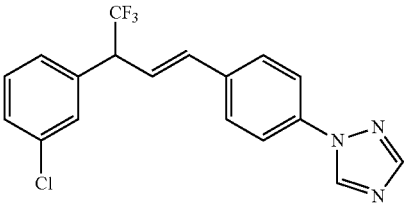
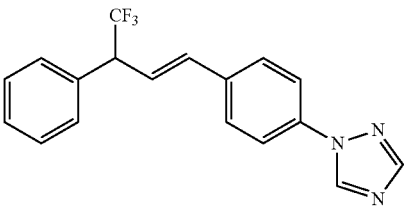
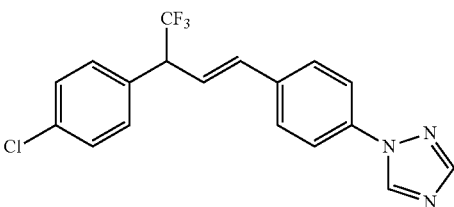
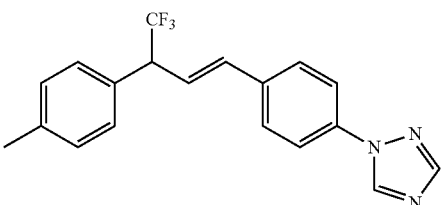
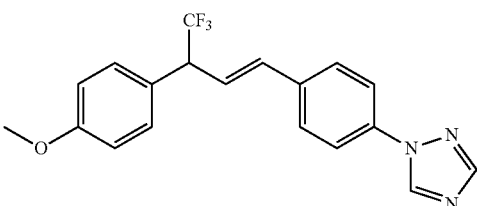
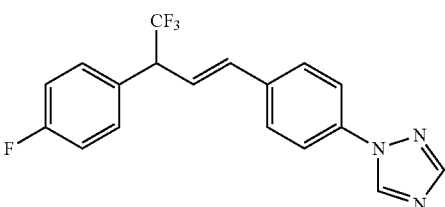
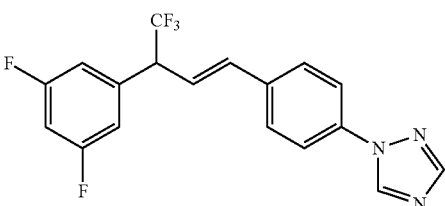
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC2	
DC3	
DC4	
DC5	
DC6	
DC7	
DC8	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC9	 <chem>Fc1ccc(cc1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>
DC10	 <chem>Fc1cccc(c1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>
DC11	 <chem>Cc1cc(C)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>
DC12	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>
DC13	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>
DC14	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>
DC15	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(cc2)n3ccnn3</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

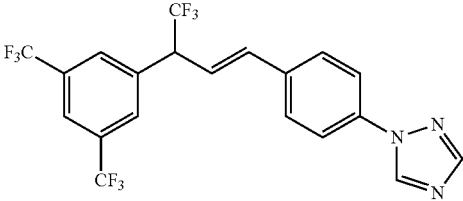
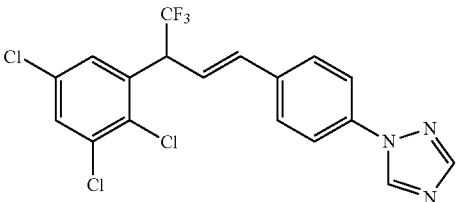
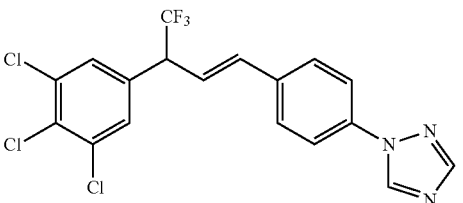
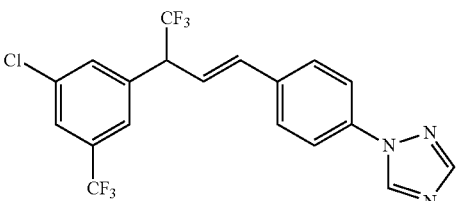
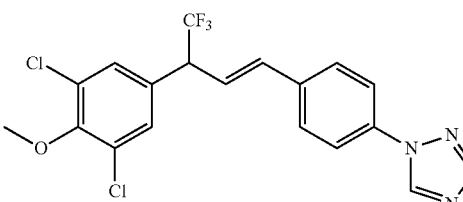
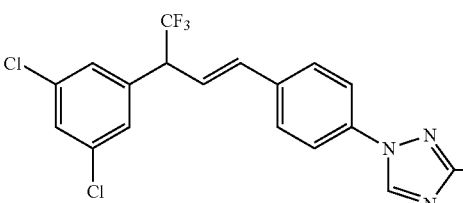
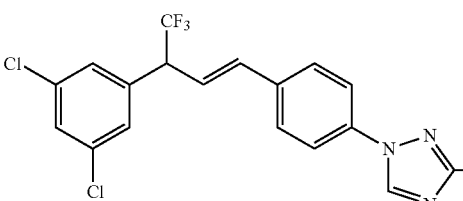
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC16	
DC17	
DC18	
DC19	
DC20	
DC21	
DC22	

TABLE 1-continued

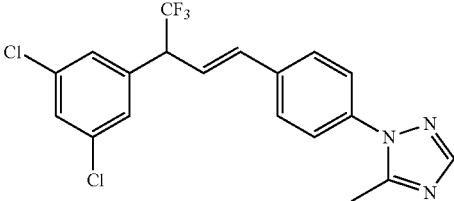
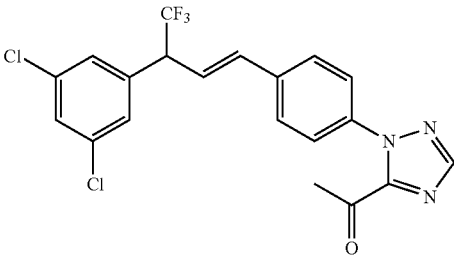
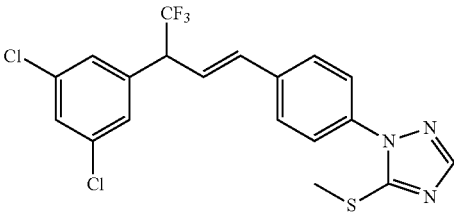
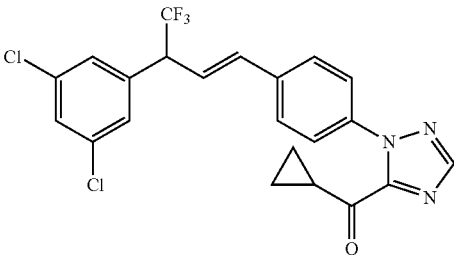
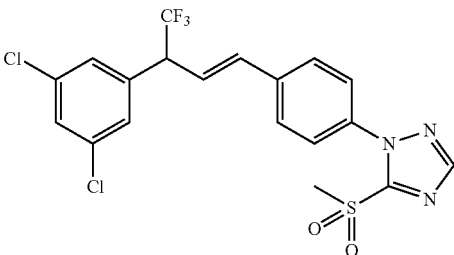
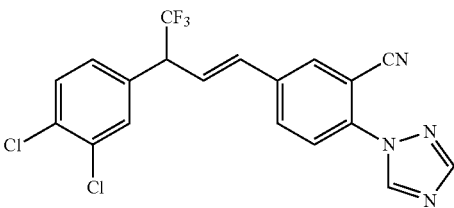
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC23	
DC24	
DC25	
DC26	
DC27	
DC28	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC29	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>
DC30	 <chem>C(F)(F)Fc1cc(C(F)(F)F)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>
DC31	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>
DC32	 <chem>Clc1ccccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>
DC33	 <chem>Clc1cc(C(F)(F)F)ccc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>
DC34	 <chem>COc1cc(Cl)c(C(F)(F)F)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>
DC35	 <chem>Fc1cc(Cl)c(C(F)(F)F)cc1C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/c2ccc(C#N)n2</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

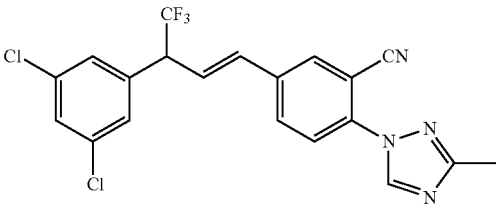
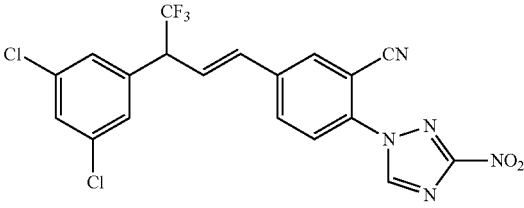
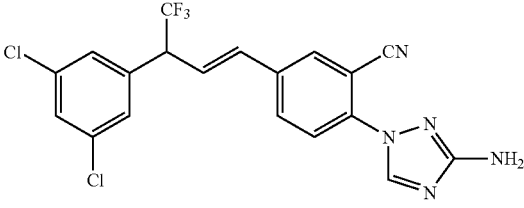
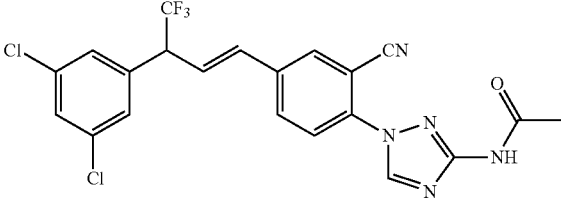
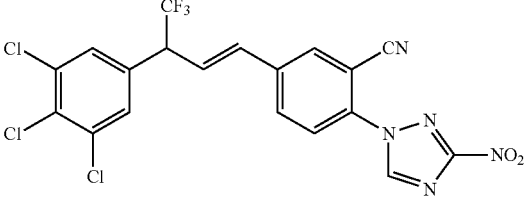
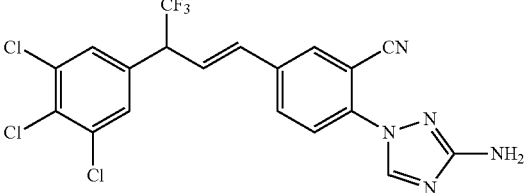
Structures for Compounds		
Compound		
Number	Structure	
DC36		
DC37		
DC38		
DC39		
DC40		
DC41		

TABLE 1-continued

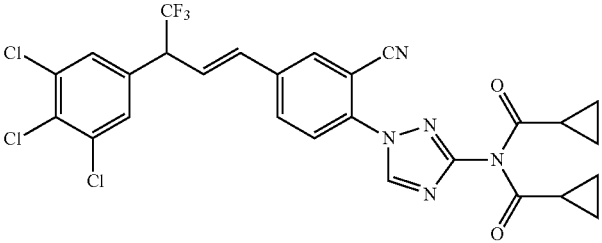
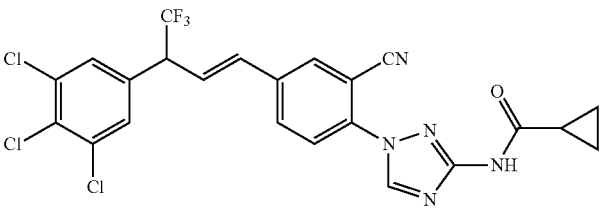
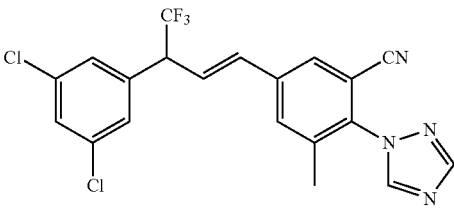
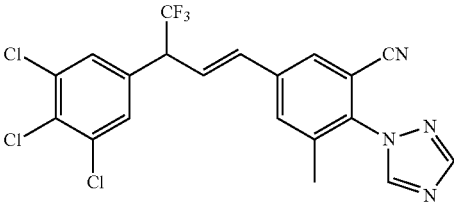
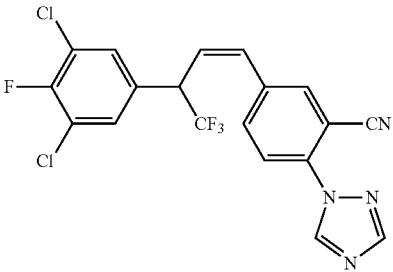
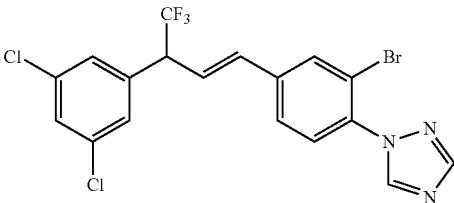
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC42	
DC43	
DC44	
DC45	
DC46	
DC47	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC48	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc(F)n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
DC49	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)c(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
DC50	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc(Cl)n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
DC51	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc(C(F)(F)F)n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
DC52	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc(C=O)n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
DC53	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc(CO)n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>
DC54	 <chem>Clc1cc(Cl)cc(C(C#N1C=CN1)/C=C/c2ccc([N+](=O)[O-])n2)c(C(F)(F)F)c1</chem>

TABLE 1-continued

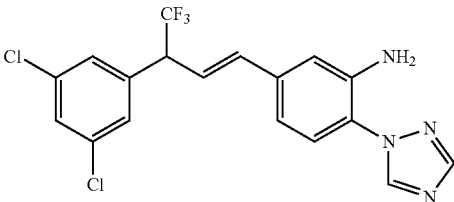
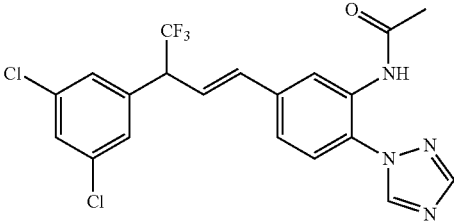
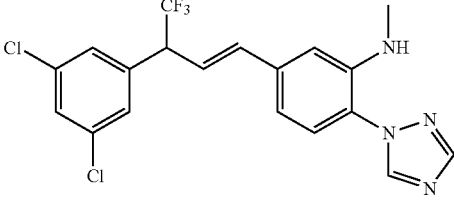
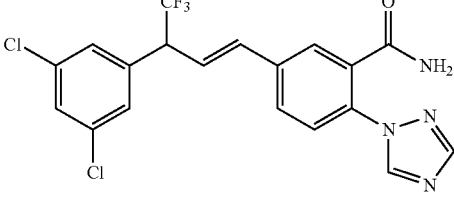
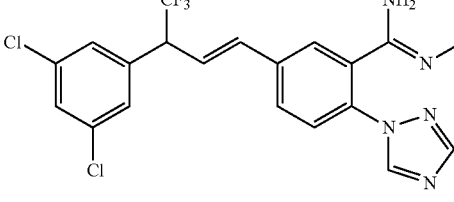
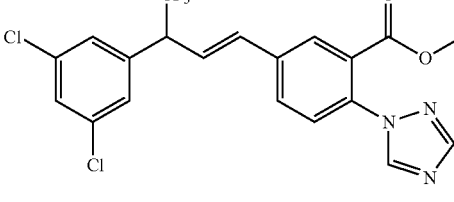
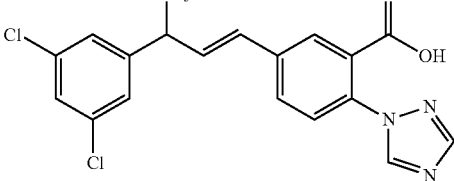
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC55	
DC56	
DC57	
DC58	
DC59	
DC60	
DC61	

TABLE 1-continued

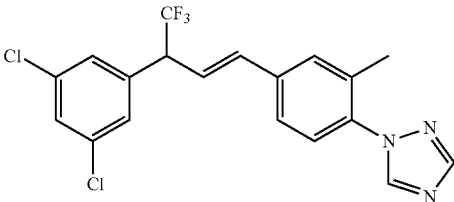
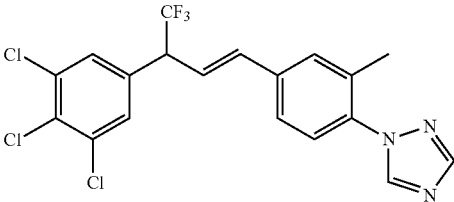
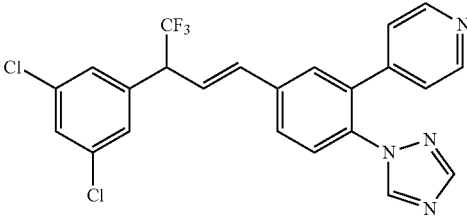
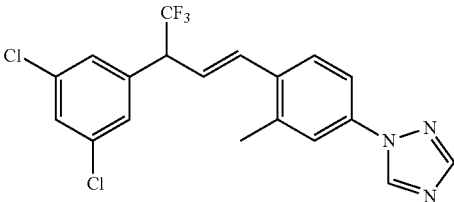
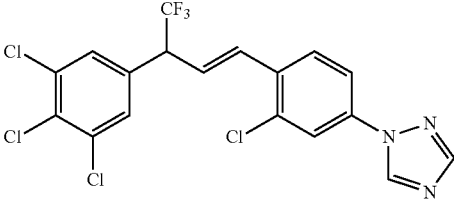
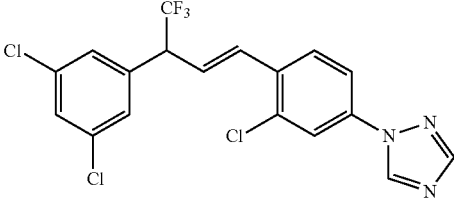
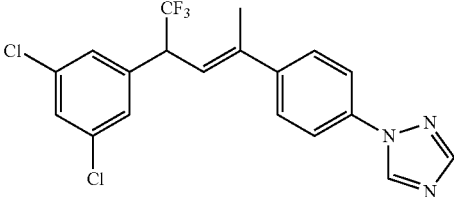
Structures for Compounds	
Compound Number	Structure
DC62	
DC63	
DC64	
DC65	
DC66	
DC67	
DC68	

TABLE 1-continued

Structures for Compounds	
Compound	
Number	Structure
DC69	
DC70	

TABLE 1A

Structures for F Compounds			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
F1		brown solid	128
F2		off-white solid	15
F3		light green gum	15

TABLE 1A-continued

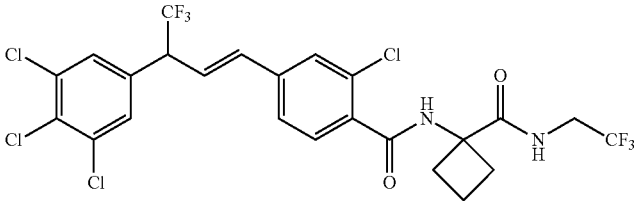
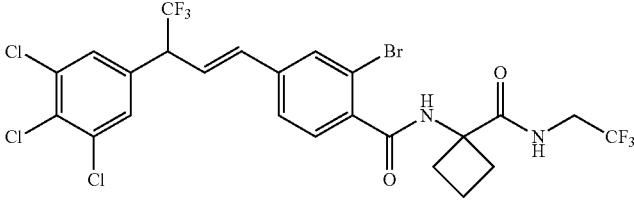
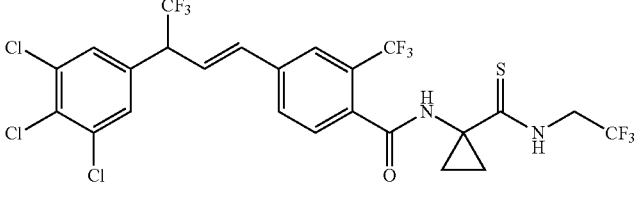
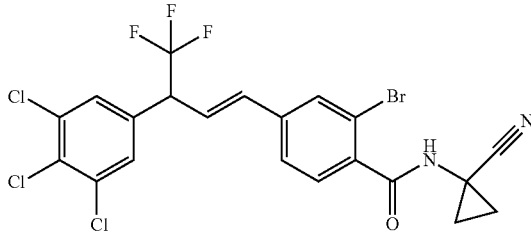
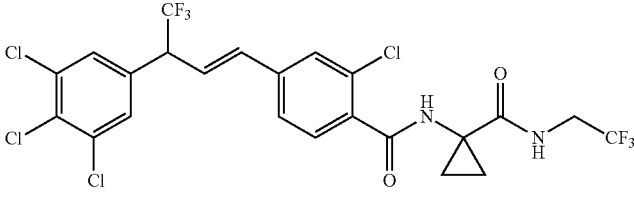
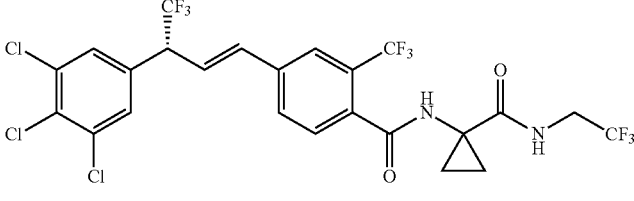
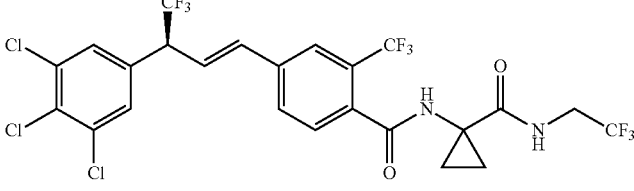
Structures for F Compounds			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
F4		brown gum	15
F5		off-white solid	15
F6		pale yellow solid	133
F7		white solid	129
F8		yellow solid	128
F8A		yellow solid	134
F8B		off-white solid	134

TABLE 1B

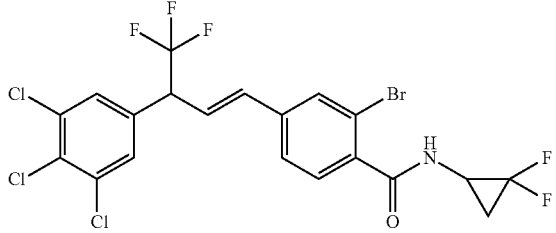
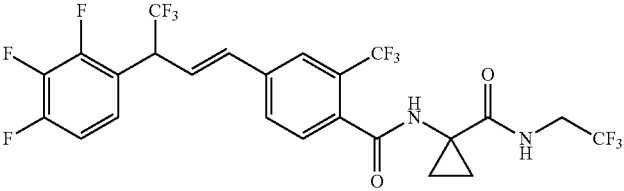
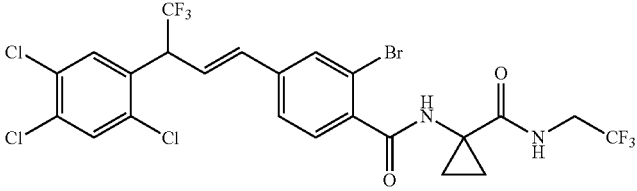
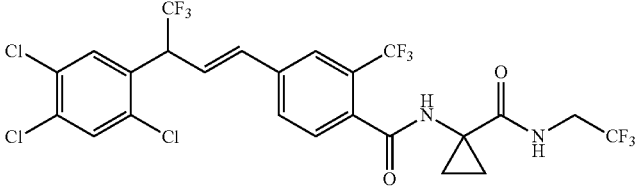
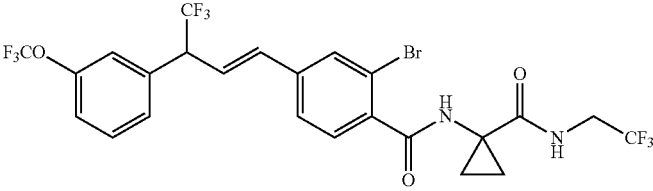
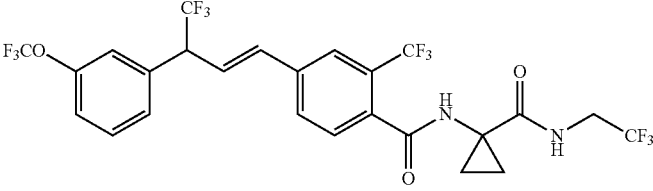
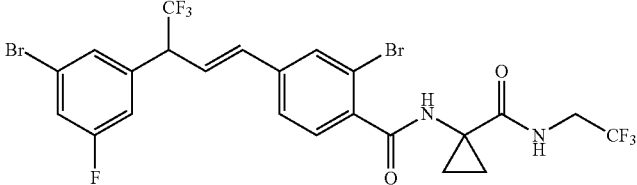
Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
P31		oil	129
P65		off-white solid	128
P108		brown gum	128
P110		pale brown solid	128
P153		brown gum	128
P155		brown gum	128
P198		yellow solid	128

TABLE 1B-continued

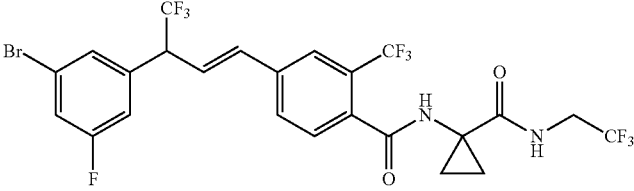
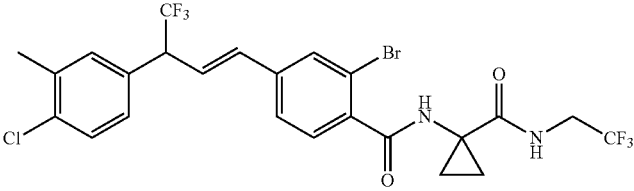
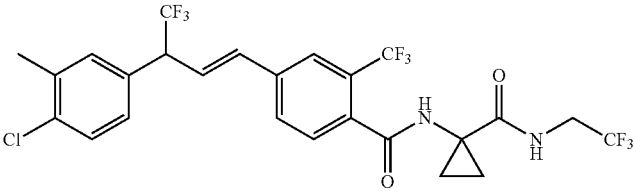
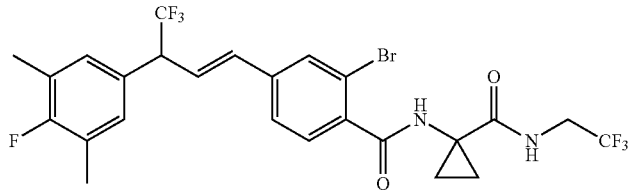
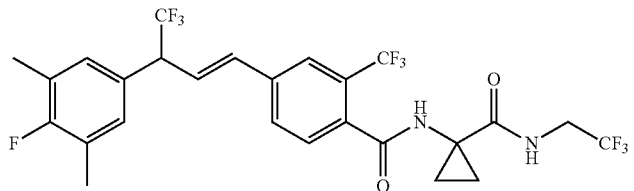
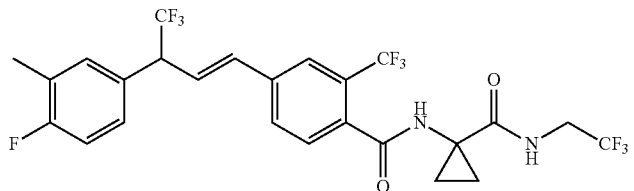
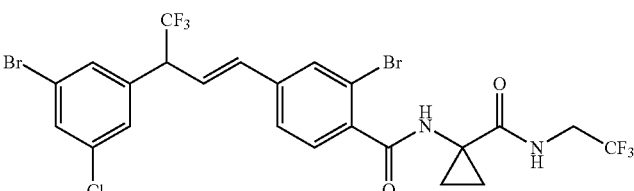
Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified				
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:	
P200		pale yellow solid	128	
P243		brown gummy liquid	128	
P245		brown gummy liquid	128	
P333		off white solid	128	
P335		brown solid	128	
P336		pale brown solid	128	
P378		brown solid	128	

TABLE 1B-continued

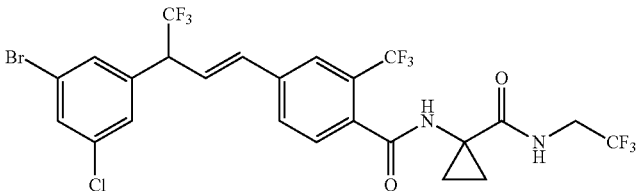
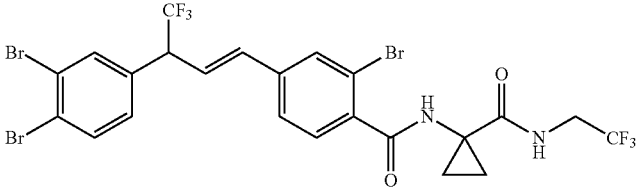
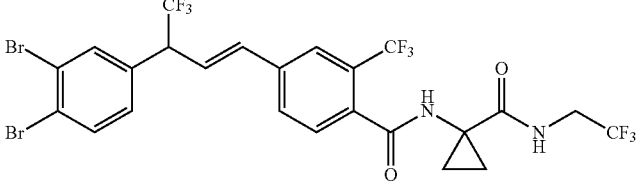
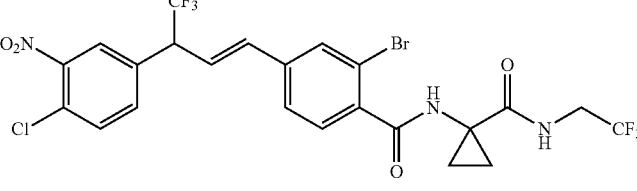
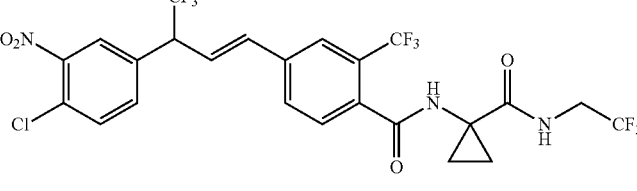
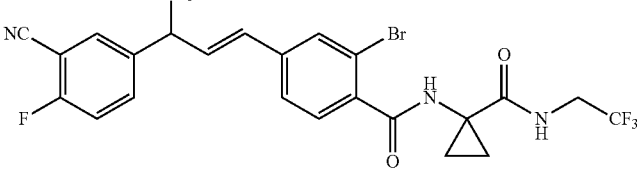
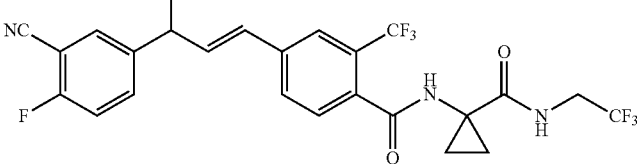
Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
P380		brown gum	128
P423		pale yellow solid	128
P425		pale yellow solid	128
P468		brown semi solid	128
P470		brown gum	128
P513		brown gummy liquid	128
P515		yellow solid	128

TABLE 1B-continued

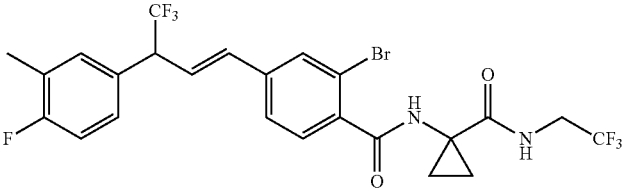
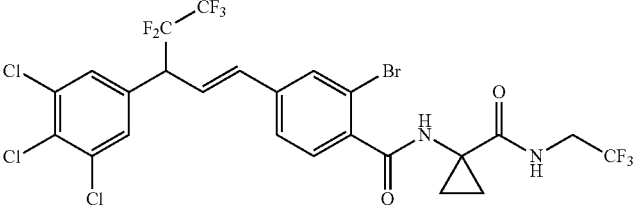
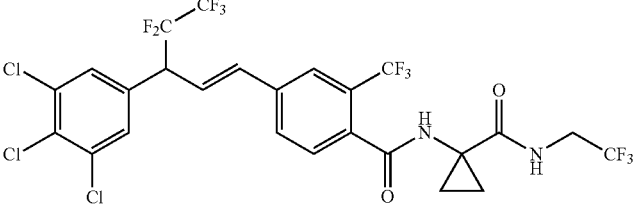
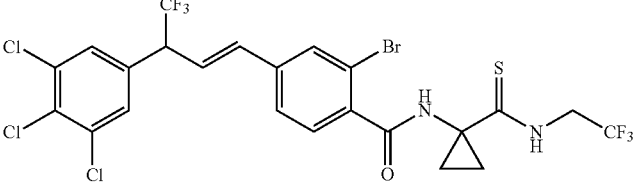
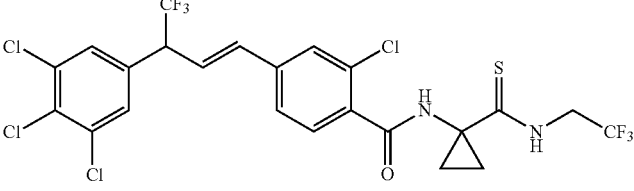
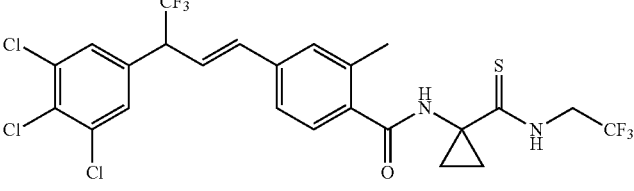
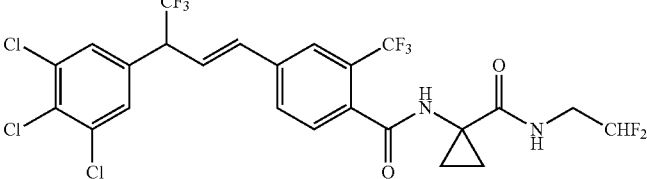
Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
P693		pale brown solid	128
P1003		brown solid	128
P1005		off white solid	128
P1009		dark brown solid	128
P1010		yellow solid	128
P1011		pale yellow solid	128
P1015		brown solid	128

TABLE 1B-continued

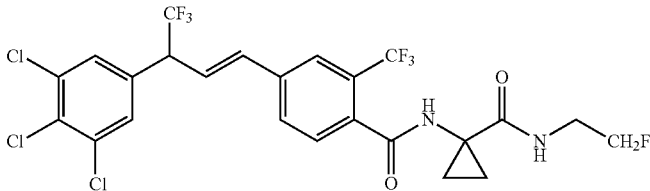
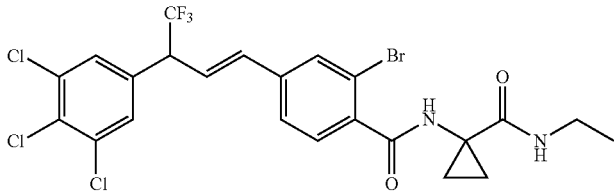
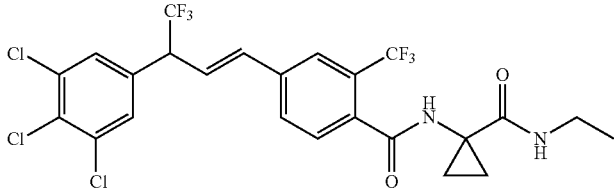
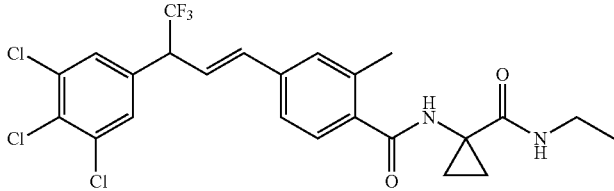
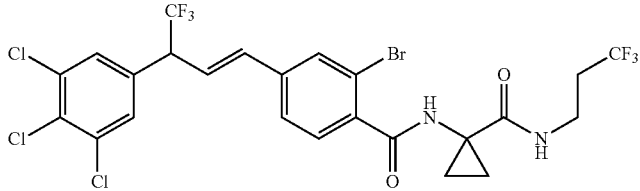
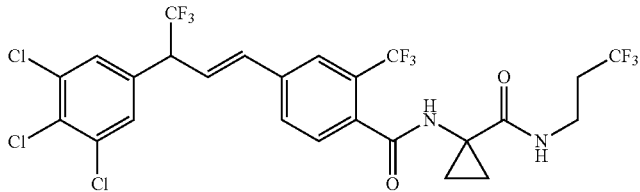
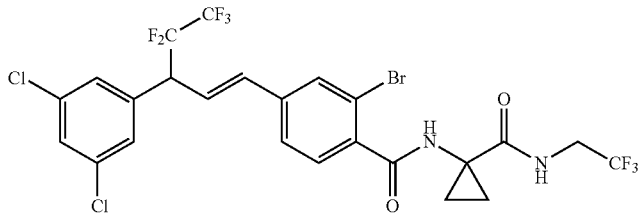
Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
P1020		brown solid	128
P1023		brown semi solid	128
P1025		pale brown solid	128
P1026		brown gummy solid	128
P1033		brown gum	128
P1035		brown solid	128
P1043		brown gummy solid	128

TABLE 1B-continued

Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified				
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:	
P1045	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>	pale green solid	128	
P1048	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2Br</chem>	brown gummy liquid	128	
P1050	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>	off white solid	128	
P1093	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2Br</chem>	yellow gum	128	
P1095	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Cl)cc(Cl)c3)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>	brown gum	128	
P1183	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Br)cc(Br)c3)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>	off white solid	128	
P1198	 <chem>CC(F)(F)FNC(=O)C1CC1NC(=O)c2ccc(C=C(C(F)(F)F)c3cc(Br)cc(Br)c3)cc2C(F)(F)F</chem>	brown semi solid	128	

TABLE 1B-continued

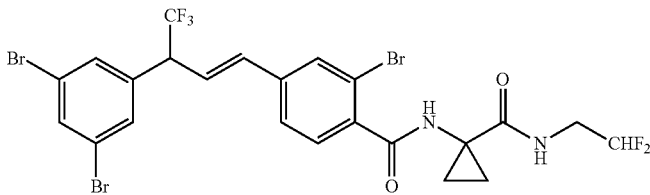
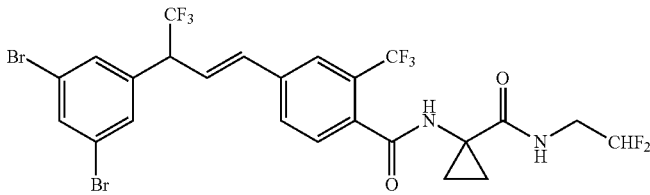
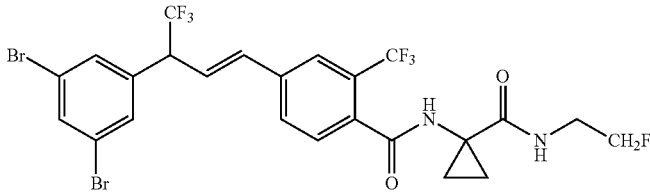
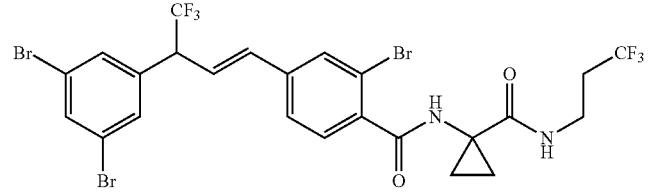
Structures of Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	Structure	Appearance	Prepared as in Example:
P1193		brown solid	128
P1195		brown gum	128
P1200		brown solid	128
P1213		brown solid	128

TABLE 2

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC1	156-161	386.09 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.83 (m, 2H), 7.68-7.63 (m, 5H), 6.93 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.80 (s, 3H)	
AC2	110-112	374 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	
AC3	162-166	402.24 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.42 (m, 4H), 7.37 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H)	
AC4	122-126	454 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.79 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd,	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC5		444.12 ([M + H] ⁺)	J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (m, 1H), 4.15 (m, 3H) 7.67 (s, 3H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (m, 1H), 3.60 (br s, 8H)	
AC6		468.40 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (br s, 1H), 4.08 (m, 3H), 2.52 (s, 3H)	1657, 1113, 804
AC7		511.02 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.39 (s, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 4H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (br s, 1H), 4.63 (m, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H)	3276, 1645, 1111, 801
AC8		454.11 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.39 (s, 1H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 3H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39-6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.95 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.18 (m, 2H)	1748, 1112, 801
AC9		494.02 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (br s, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H)	3276, 1645, 1112, 801
A10	140-143	458.00 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.38 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (m 1H), 5.44 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.51 (m, 2H), 3.40 (m, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H)	
AC11		476.17 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.39-7.29 (m, 9H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (br s, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H)	3287, 1644, 1112, 801
AC12		479.30 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.63 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H)	3293, 1653, 1112, 800
AC13	75-78	490.04 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.38 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.23 (br s, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (m 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (m 1H),	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC14		480.99 ([M + 2H] ⁺)	4.64 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.04 (m, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3293, 1645, 1113, 800
			8.63 (s, 2H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (br s, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	
AC15	59-61	516.86 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.45 (s, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (m, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3246, 1635, 1112, 801
			8.47 (m, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 6H)	
AC16		506.93 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.49 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.08 (m, 3H), 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (m, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H)	1657, 1113, 801
			8.73 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H)	
AC17	70-73	494.98 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (brs, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	
			7.37 (m, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (brs, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	
AC18	155-158	480.44 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (brs, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	
			7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (brs, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	
AC19	55-57	471.66 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (brs, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	
			7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (brs, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	
AC20		467.68 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.37 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (m, 3H), 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	3437, 1664, 1265, 1114, 746
			7.37 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (m, 3H), 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC21	61-64	528.78 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.44 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.83 (br s, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H)	
AC22		545.08 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.39 (s, 1H), 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 3H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (br s, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	3270, 1642, 1111, 809
AC23		492.35 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.42 (s, 2H), 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (br s, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.41 (m, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	3273, 1641, 1250, 1113, 807
AC24	129-132	526.98 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.40 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.92 (br s, 2H), 6.60 (m, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 5.2, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.99 (m, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3298, 1664, 1113, 803
AC25		542.24 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.41 (m, 3H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.58 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (m, 2H), 4.92 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.09 (m, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3257, 1652, 1316, 1109, 807
AC26		550.69 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.45 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3255, 1638, 1113, 809
AC27		541.00 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.46 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 6H)	1653, 1113, 809
AC28	65-67	564.84 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.40 (s, 1H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 6.72 (br s, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H)	3267, 1650, 1112, 809
AC29	75-78	511.78 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 6.75 (br s, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (m, 1H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.50 (m, 4H)	
AC30	110-113	543.72 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s,	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC31	68-70	610.73 ([M + H] ⁺)	1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.06 (br s, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 3H)	
AC32	78-80	555.89 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.42 (s, 1H), 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 4H), 6.54-6.39 (m, 3H), 4.66 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H)	
AC33	182-184	587.68 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.54 (m, 2H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.50 (m, 4H)	
AC34	151-153	545.83 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.62 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.84 (br s, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 4H)	
AC35	100-102	577.71 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.67 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (br s, 1H), 5.44 (m, 1H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.50 (m, 2H), 3.40 (m, 2H)	3257, 1655, 1113, 808
AC36	81-83	600.83 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.70 (s, 1H), 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (m, 2H), 4.93 (m, 1H), 4.64 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 4.03 (m, 2H)	
AC37		512.68 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.40 (s, 1H), 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (m, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H)	3268, 1644, 1109, 820
AC38	79-80	528.85 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.39 (s, 1H), 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (m, 3H), 6.55 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (m, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	
AC39	141-144	477.83 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.46 (m, 1H), 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.35 (m, 4H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	
			9.19 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (m, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC40	69-72	484.67 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.33 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.61 (m, 1H), 7.68 (m, 3H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 6.86 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 0.59 (m, 2H), 0.54 (m, 2H)	
AC41	196-199	515.00 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 3H), 7.45 (m, 3H), 6.86 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (m, 1H), 4.99 (m, 1H), 3.78 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 2H), 2.37 (m, 3H)	
AC42	79-82	534.72 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.99 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 4H), 6.71 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 2.52 (m, 3H)	
AC43		481.75 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.69 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	1663, 1608, 1168, 1114, 801
AC44		528.01 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.44 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 3H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.61 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	1640, 1166, 1112, 800
AC45		512.88 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.66 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H)	1657, 1167, 1106, 800
AC46	61-64	575.93 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.42 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.26 (s, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H)	
AC47		525.89 ([M - H] ⁻)	10.02 (s, 1H), 9.87 (s, 1H), 8.47 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (s, 3H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (dd, J = 15.6,	3280, 1640

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC48		509.96 ([M - H] ⁻)	9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.63 (m, 1H), 0.76 (m, 4H) 7.37 (m, 7H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3275, 1642
AC49		518.85 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.39 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (m, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.17 (m, 3H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H)	1658, 1112, 1025, 2219
AC50		481.88 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.72 (m, 1H), 7.67 (s, 3H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H)	1654, 1112, 800, 3069
AC51		540.83 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.45 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 3H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H)	1652, 1571, 802, 1114, 2926
AC52		488.29 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.33 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (m, 2H), 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.5 (m, 3H)	1635, 11134, 813, 2927
AC53		532.92 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.49 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H)	1651, 3027, 815, 1113
AC54		529.06 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.37 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H)	1654, 3434, 814, 1112
AC57		464.96 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.69 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J = 15.6,	3417, 1658, 1165, 817

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC58	124.4-126.9	599.76 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (m, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (m, 2H), 3.49 (m, 2H)	
			7.62 (m, 2H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H)	
AC59	80-83	497.40 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.42 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.8 Hz 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H)	
			8.52 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.35 (m, 3H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.2, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 2.76 (s, 3H)	1668, 1589, 1167, 1113, 802
AC60		515.09 ([M + H] ⁻)		
AC61		461.90 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.07 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 7.17 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (m, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (m, 4H)	1658, 1114, 801
			8.62 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (m, 1H), 7.73 (m, 5H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 3.97 (m, 4H)	
AC62	105-108	528.88 ([M - H] ⁻)		
AC63	77-80	594.67 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.43 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (m, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	3257, 1653
			7.72 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 2H)	
AC64	83-85	580.72 ([M - H] ⁻)		

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC65		534.72 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.39 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H)	1658, 1113, 817, 2925
AC66	73-75	624.61 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.88 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 6.80 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 2H)	
AC67		479.82 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.07 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.17 (s, 2H), 6.59 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.49 (m, 4H)	3272, 1644
AC68	90-93	546.80 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.6 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (m, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 3.96 (m, 4H)	3315, 1684
AC69		542.82 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.41 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.23 (m, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.97 (m, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H)	3294, 1685
AC70	176-178	545.23 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.38 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H)	
AC71		492.20 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.24 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 4.03 (s, 3H), 3.48 (m, 4H)	1639, 3079, 858
AC72		543.05 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.42 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H),	1642, 3246, 814, 1113

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC75		644.78 ([M + H] ⁺)	6.12 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 1.45 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H) 8.72 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 6.55 (m, 2H), 6.42 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H)	3431, 1652, 1171, 809
AC76		531.34 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.87 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 7.48 (m, 4H), 6.57 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.36 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H)	3120, 1708, 1171
AC77		531.1 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.87 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 7.48 (m, 4H), 6.57 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H)	3444, 1648, 1114, 814
AC78		561.06 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.59 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (s, 2H), 7.45 (m, 3H), 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (m, 4H), 2.58 (s, 3H)	3432, 1631, 1161, 840
AC79		610.97 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.69 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H) 4.83 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (m, 4H)	3303, 1658, 1166, 817
AC80		561.06 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.37 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (m, 4H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 2.83 (m, 2H), 1.26 (m, 3H)	3412, 1624, 1157, 825
AC81	9-92	546.93 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.73 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (s, 3H), 7.45 (m, 3H), 6.86 (dd, J = 16.0, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (m, 1H), 4.56 (m, 2H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.10 (m, 2H), 3.85 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (m, 3H)	
AC82		477.69 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.38 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.27 (s, 3H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (m, 1H), 4.23 (m, 3H), 3.26 (m, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H)	1646, 1353, 1196, 1112, 800

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC83		493.83 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.07 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, J = 16.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.64 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H)	1527, 1113, 801, 1167, 1321
AC84		511.75 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.07 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 4.62 (m, 2H), 4.12 (m, 3H)	1645, 1113, 804, 3030, 1245
AC85		523.83 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.60 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 7.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (m, 1H), 4.62 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 6H)	1652, 3039, 802, 1114
AC86		524.36 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.35 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 15.9, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.13 (m, 3H), 2.84 (q, 2.8 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (m, 3H)	3333, 1651, 815
AC87		495.82 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.07 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 16.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (m, 1H), 4.23 (m, 3H), 3.29 (m, 2H)	1623, 1114, 816
AC89		509.89 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.43 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 1.16 (m, 4H)	1666, 1166, 1112, 800
AC90		656.9 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.34 (m, 1H), 8.27 (m, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.36 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H)	
AC91		640.9 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.18 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (m, 2H), 6.37 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.99 (qd, J = 8.9, 6.5 Hz, 2H)	
AC92		640.9 ([M - H] ⁻)	9.16 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H),	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC93		485.5 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.41 (m, 3H), 7.21 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (qd, J = 9.0, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H)	¹³ C NMR (δ) ³ 169.91, 169.84, 138.23, 137.41, 136.84, 134.79, 134.69, 131.07, 128.69, 127.49, 127.43, 126.72, 126.61 (q, J = 212.10 Hz), 125.61, 123.76, 47.89 (q, J = 28.28 Hz), 43.46, 22.65, 19.97, 8.21
			7.52-7.41 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.17 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.02-6.92 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.83 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (br s, 1H), 6.17 (br s, 1H), 6.12-6.01 (dd, J = 11.4, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.44-4.38 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.35-4.27 (m, 1H), 4.10-3.99 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.78-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 0.88-0.78 (m, 2H), 0.60-0.45 (m, 2H)	
AC94		511.6 ([M] ⁻)	8.36-8.24 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.09 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99-6.90 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.74 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63-6.43 (m, 1H), 6.14-5.98 (m, 1H), 4.69-4.51 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.37-4.20 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.31 (s, 3H)	3262, 1607, 1247, 1164, 1111
AC95	48-61	626.9 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.58 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.14 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (br s, 1H), 6.21-6.04 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (qd, J = 9.0, 6.5 Hz, 2H)	
AC96		619.6 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.83 (s, 1H), 8.06 (br, 1H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (m, 1H), 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.99 (s, 6H)	1616, 1114
AC97		606.6 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.20 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.29 (m, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (m, 2H), 4.60 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H)	1644, 1113
AC98		577.87 ([M + H] ⁺)	9.04 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.60 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H)	1663, 1168

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC99		574.81 ([M + H] ⁺)	6.89 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 3.98 (m, 4H), 8.69 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.58 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 6.98 (dd, J = 15.3, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 4H)	1650, 1164
AC100		673.80 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.29 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.18 (br, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H)	3403, 1659
AC101		636.83 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.56 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (dd, J = 8.0, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.33 (m, 2H), 3.04 (m, 2H), 2.84 (m, 3H), 2.62 (m, 1H)	1637, 1113
AC102		592.84 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.60 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (br, 1H), 6.62 (br, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.2, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 2H)	1668, 1167
AC103	99.2-105.0	612.7 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.79 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.45 (m, 2H)	1634, 1113, 809
AC104		680.97 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.60 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.34 (m, 2H), 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.34 (m, 4H)	3437, 1644, 1113, 807, 511
AC105		609.9 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.59 (s, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.08 (m, 4H), 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.70 (m, 2H)	3303, 1649, 1115, 2242, 809, 506
AC106		584.95 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.59 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H)	3417, 1648, 1112, 805, 555

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC107		609.9 ([M + H] ⁺)	1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (m, 2H), 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H) (m, 2H), 1.94 (m, 2H)	
			8.41 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 6.92 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.28 (m, 1H), 2.82 (t, J = 11.4 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.30 (m, 2H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H)	3303, 1645, 1115, 2243, 810, 507
AC108		626.9 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.60 (m, 2H) 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.59 (m, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 2.13 (m, 4H), 2.07 (m, 1H)	3420, 1649, 1113, 809, 554
			7.56 (m, 2H), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (m, 1H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.49 (m, 2H), 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.81 (m, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 2.25 (m, 4H)	1647, 1113
AC109		614.6 ([M + H] ⁺)	11.20 (s, 1H), 8.66 (br, 1H), 7.92 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H)	3412, 1690, 1114, 846, 559
			8.63 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 3.86 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H)	3419, 1659, 843, 557
AC110		572.6 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.84 (br, 1H), 8.58 (m, 1H), 8.30 (m, 1H), 7.91 (s, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 4.11 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (s, 6H)	3399, 1662, 1114, 807, 582
			8.48 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.3 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.79 (dd, J = 2.0, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H) 7.46 (d, J = 7.6 Hz,	3431, 1651, 1113, 808, 554
AC111		582.79 ([M + H] ⁺)		
AC112		582.79 ([M + H] ⁺)		
AC113		626.88 ([M + H] ⁺)		

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
AC114	113.7-117.5	570.7 ([M + H] ⁺)	1H) 7.26 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H) 2.87 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H) 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (dd, J = 1.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H) 3.29 (m, 2H), 3.05 (m, 2H), 2.0 (m, 2H), 1.76 (m, 2H)	
AC115		529.00 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.43 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.21 (m, 3H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H)	1589, 3459, 801, 1110
AC116		614.87 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.62 (m, 2H), 6.47 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (m, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 2H)	3424, 1657, 1165
AC117		525.42 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.39 (br, 1H), 7.85 (br, 1H), 7.62 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (m, 1H), 4.77 (m, 1H), 4.66 (s, 1H), 4.32 (s, 1H), 2.97 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H)	3401, 1636, 1113, 750
AC118		471.79 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (br, 1H), 4.15 (m, 2H), 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 1H), 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H)	3437, 1655, 1262, 1105, 802
BC1		492.17 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.39 (s, 2H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.91-5.70 (br, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.05-2.80 (m, 6H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 1H)	3211, 1569, 1113, 806
BC2		506.4 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.80 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.82 (m, 3H), 7.4 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.38 (m, 2H), 2.98 (m, 2H), 2.71 (m, 1H), 2.04 (m, 2H), 1.54 (s, 3H)	2923, 1542, 1033, 805
BC3		518.04 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (s, 2H), 7.33-7.22 (m, 3H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34-6.28 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz,	3120, 1592, 1146, 895

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
BC4		529.02 ([M + H] ⁺)	1H), 5.96-5.80 (m, 3H), 5.22 (m, 4H), 4.01 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.71 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H)	3283, 1652, 1241, 811
			7.39 (s, 2H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.34 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (br, 1H), 5.48 (m, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.86-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.86 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 1H);	
BC5		544.25 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (s, 2H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (br s, 1H), 5.23 (br s, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.18 (m, 3H), 2.80 (m, 3H), 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.83 (m, 5H), 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.01 (m, 3H), 0.78 (m, 2H)	3489, 3291, 1655, 1112, 808
			7.40 (s, 2H), 7.31-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.24-6.28 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (br, 1H), 4.01 (m, 2H), 2.78-3.01 (m, 2H), 2.51 (s, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.20 (m, 2H), 1.01 (m, 2H), 0.78 (m, 2H)	
BC6		485.96 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (s, 2H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (br s, 1H), 5.21 (br s, 1H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.01 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 4H), 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.01 (m, 3H), 0.78 (m, 2H)	3429, 1114, 804
			7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.12 (m, 2H), 3.06-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 1.85 (m, 1H)	
BC7		500.01 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.30 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.06-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H)	3296, 1115, 806
			7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 3H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H)	
BC8		511.88 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 3H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H)	1657, 1113, 855
			7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.06-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H)	
BC9	179-181	556.83 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.06-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H)	3027, 1654, 815
			7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 3H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H)	
BC10		497.98 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 3H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H)	
			7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (br, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.06-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H)	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
BC11		530.09 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.80 (m, 1H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.32 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.62 (m, 1H), 3.32 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 1H)	1715, 1113, 816
BC12		514.86 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.32, (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H) 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.8, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.46 (m, 2H), 3.19 (m, 2H);	3428, 1112, 857
BC13	121-126	553.06 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.33 (br, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.45 (m, 3H), 6.72 (d, J = 3.6, 1H), 6.39 (m, 1H), 4.71 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 2H)	
BC14	172-175	554.0 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.83 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (t, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.01-6.93 (m, 1H), 4.96-4.81 (m, 3H), 4.00-3.88 (m, 2H)	
CC1	107-109	402.00 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.37 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 4H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (br s, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H)	
CC2	118-120	428.11 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.37 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 4H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (br s, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.02 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	
CC3	119-122	468.20 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.38 (m, 3H), 7.27 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (br s, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.15 (q, J = 10.4 Hz, 2H)	
CC4		414.16 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.37 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (br s, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 2.29 (q, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H)	
CC5		460.28 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (br s, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.02 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	
CC6	106-108	504.08 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H),	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
CC7	127-128	436.03 ([M + H] ⁺)	5.96 (br s, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.15 (q, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H)	
			7.42 (m, 4H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (br s, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H)	
CC8	129-131	462.15 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (m, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 0.68 (m, 4H)	
			7.41 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (br s, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.13 (m, 2H)	
CC9	132-134	504.25 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.38 (m, 4H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (m, 1H), 4.58 (m, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.08 (m, 2H)	1651, 1112, 807
			538.03 ([M + 2H] ⁺)	
CC10			7.42 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (m, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	
			7.39 (s, 4H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (br s, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.20 (s, 9H)	
CC11	111-112	494.12 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.51 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.58 (m, 2H), 6.37 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H)	
			510.07 ([M - H] ⁻)	
CC12	76-78		7.39 (s, 4H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (br s, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.20 (s, 9H)	
			581.45 ([M + 1H] ⁺)	
CC13	73-76	563.37 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.51 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.58 (m, 2H), 6.37 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H)	
			581.45 ([M + 1H] ⁺)	
CC14			8.51 (m, 1H), 8.30 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.61 (s, 2H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.32 (m, 3H), 6.66 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (m, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H)	3430, 1656, 1109, 806

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
CC15		480.24 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.40 (m, 3H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (br s, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	3293, 1651, 1543, 1114, 812
CC16		520.33 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.42 (s, 1H), 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.19 (br s, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.33 (m, 2H)	3307, 1665, 1114, 813
CC17	117-119	459.83 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.51 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (br s, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	3293, 1633, 1110, 820
CC18	119-123	501.88 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.48 (m, 2H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (br s, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.13 (m, 2H)	3435, 1644, 1111, 817
CC19		530 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.41 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.42 (m, 2H), 2.97 (s, 3H), 2.78 (m, 2H)	3435, 1644, 1111, 817
CC20		512 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.42 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (m, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.19 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	3293, 1633, 1110, 820
CC21	55-58	493.99 ([M - H] ⁻)	(DMSO-d ₆) 8.62 (m, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (m, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 1.68 (m, 1H), 0.71 (m, 4H)	
CC22	67-69	530.01 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.62 (m, 1H), 7.90 (s, 3H), 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.4 (s, 2H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 0.72 (m, 4H)	
CC23	69-71	564.99 ([M - H] ⁻)	9.02 (br s, 1H), 8.54 (br s, 1H), 8.26 (br s, 1H), 7.48-7.54 (m, 3H), 7.22-7.42 (m, 3H), 6.59-6.62 (m, 2H), 6.38-6.42 (m, 1H), 4.82 (m, 2H), 4.19 (s, 1H)	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
CC24	125-127	570.26 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.64 (s, 1H), 7.54 (s, 2H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (m, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.13 (q, J = 10.6 Hz, 2H)	
CC25		579.86 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.60 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H, J = 16.0 Hz), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (br s, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.15 (q, J = 10.6 Hz, 2H)	3297, 1663, 1114, 809
CC26	129-131	539.89 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.59 (s, 1H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (br s, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 1.35 (br s, 1H), 0.95 (br s, 2H), 0.75 (m, 2H)	
CC27		519.95 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.39 (s, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.56 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (br s, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.13 (m, 2H)	3306, 1786
CC28		477.93 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.39 (s, 2H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (br s, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	3625, 1747
CC29		620.86 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.58 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.4 (s, 2H), 7.3 (m, 1H), 7.2 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.8 (s, 1H), 4.8 (d, J = 10 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.8 (m, 1H), 1.2 (m, 2H), 0.6 (m, 2H)	1645, 1115, 808
CC30	101-104	559.75 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.41 (m, 4H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (br s, 1H), 4.53 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.42 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H), 2.78 (m, 2H)	
CC31	177-178	463 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.58 (m, 2H), 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (br s, 1H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.21 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 3H)	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
CC32	141-142	532.99 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.66 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (s, 3H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.25 (m, 2H), 1.15 (m, 2H)	
CC33		540.88 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.57 (s, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.20 (br s, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (br s, 1H), 4.75 (br s, 1H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 4.20 (br s, 1H), 4.15 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 2H), 1.15 (m, 3H)	3338, 1631, 1578, 1114, 809
CC34	118-120	541.40 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.42 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (m, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 3.35 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H)	
CC35	78-79	547.82 ([M + H] ⁺)	9.95 (br s, 1H), 8.17 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.90 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (m, 1H)	
CC36		497 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.39 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (br s, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 2.9 (s, 3H), 2.7 (s, 3H)	3350, 1705, 1114, 808
CC37	88-91	515.01 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.49 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.50 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.0 (brs, 1H), 5.73 (br s, 1H), 4.80 (br s, 2H), 4.09 (m, 1H), 1.23 (m, 3H)	
CC38	63-66	526.97 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.48 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.27 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (dd, J = 6.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (br s, 1H), 5.92 (br s, 1H), 5.83 (m, 2H), 5.29 (t, J = 15.4 Hz, 2H), 4.80 (br s, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.02 (br s, 2H)	
CC39		526.09 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.39 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (br s, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H)	3350, 1705, 1114, 808

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
CC40	159-160	580.25 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.46 (m, 5H), 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.55 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (br s, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H)	
CC41		512.22 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.48 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, 2H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H)	1740, 1701, 1114, 808
CC42	161-163	578.96 ([M - H] ⁻)	(DMSO-d ₆) 9.45 (br s, 2H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.46 (br s, 1H), 7.28 (br s, 1H), 6.93 (m, 1H), 6.75 (br s, 1H), 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.40 (br s, 2H), 3.90 (br s, 2H)	
CC43	140-142	505.39 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.11 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 5H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.61 (m, 2H), 6.35 (m, 2H), 4.94 (br s, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H)	
CC44		536.88 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.41 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.47 (br s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.24 (q, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H)	3320, 1674, 1114, 808
CC45		494.88 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.41 (s, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.15 (br s, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.04 (m, 2H), 0.87 (m, 2H)	3309, 1659, 1115, 808
CC46	151-153	554.04 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.06 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 5.92 (br s, 1H), 4.92 (m, 2H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.12 (m, 2H)	
CC47		478.09 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.06 (m, 2H), 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	3309, 1659, 1115, 808
CC48		511.05 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.06 (m, 2H), 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 2H), 0.77 (m, 2H)	3309, 1659, 1115, 808
CC49	84-87	515.33 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.06 (m, 1H), 7.98 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 4.6 (br s, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.21 (m, 2H), 1.2 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 3H)	
CC50	138-140	461.32 ([M - 1H] ⁻)	9.81 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 2H),	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
CC51	149-150	505.31 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.34 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (m, 1H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 0.75 (m, 4H);	
			7.56 (br s, 1H), 7.4 (s, 3H), 7.3 (m, 3H), 7.05 (br s, 1H), 6.8 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 6.57 (m, 2H), 6.20 (m, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.2 (q, J = 10.4 Hz, 2H)	
CC52		464.87 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.40 (s, 2H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.45 (m, 1H), 6.20 (m, 1H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.10 (m, 4H), 1.90 (m, 1H)	3309, 1659, 1115, 808
CC53		506 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.40 (s, 2H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.45 (m, 1H), 6.20 (m, 1H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.21 (m, 2H)	3309, 1659, 1115, 808
CC54		504 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.28 (s, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (br s, 1H), 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (m, 1H), 3.12 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H)	
DC1	93-97	398.05 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.56 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	
DC2		363.0746 (363.075)	8.59 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.29 (m, 4H), 6.64 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (m, 1H)	3121, 1524, 1251, 1165, 1119
DC3		329.1144 (329.114)	8.56 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 5H), 6.61 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H)	1521, 1246, 1219, 1162, 1152, 1107
DC4		364.11 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.56 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	3147, 1528, 1494, 1246, 1165, 1108

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC5		344.25 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.54 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H)	3122, 3047, 1523, 1252, 1160, 1107
DC6		360.28 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.55 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H)	3124, 2936, 1522, 1249, 1160
DC7		348 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.55 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.5 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	3141, 1512, 1246, 1118
DC8		366.13 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.57 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	3116, 1628, 1524, 1252, 1168, 1118
DC9		348.11 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.71 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.19 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	3115, 1525, 1248, 1174
DC10		348.11 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.75 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.6 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.40 (m, 4H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (m, 1H)	3114, 1526, 1259, 1238, 1193, 1114
DC11	75.5-78.5	358.14 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.55 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (s, 3H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.34 (s, 6H)	
DC12		398.05 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (m, 4H), 7.2 (s, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	3055, 2930, 1523, 1250, 1165
DC13		396.16 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (m, 4H), 7.25 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (m, 1H)	3108, 1523, 1249, 1166, 1127
DC14		398.05 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (m, 4H)	3117, 2925, 1526, 1246, 1172, 1117

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC15		397.95 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.25 (m, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (m, 1H)	3120, 1524, 1267, 1176, 1112
DC16		466 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (m, 1H)	
DC17		430.06 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.61 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.86 (s, 2H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (m, 1H)	3122, 3076, 2929, 1523, 1250, 1168, 1114
DC18	92-95	429.91 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.1 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (m, 1H)	
DC19	97-99	430.321 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.57 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H)	
DC20		427.0463 (427.0466)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.55 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H)	2937, 1524, 1482, 1278, 1249, 1166, 1112
DC21		412.04 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H)	3108, 1572, 1531, 1242, 1172, 1104
DC22	147-149	441.01 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.42 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 7.22 (s, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.5 (s, 3H)	
DC23		412.05 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.62 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	1112, 799
			7.95 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H)	

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC24	133-134	440.03 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.10 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 2.79 (s, 3H)	
DC25		442.02 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.97 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (m, 1H), 2.74 (s, 3H)	1167, 1114, 800
DC26		464.03 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.12 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.37 (m 3H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.66 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 1.09-1.16 (m, 4H)	1689, 1253, 1166, 1114, 979, 964
DC27		473.94 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.19 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 8.0, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H)	1571, 1331, 1170, 1113, 764
DC28		421.22 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.79 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H)	3126, 2233, 1516, 1250, 1165, 1109
DC29		421.22 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.80 (s, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.41 (t, J = 2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H)	3005, 1716, 1363, 1223
DC30		489.17 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.81 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.85 (m, 3H), 7.79 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (m, 1H)	2964, 2234, 1289, 1166, 1136
DC31	117-118	455.27 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.80 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.82 (m, 3H), 7.4 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H)	
DC32		388.0705 (388.0703)	8.82 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.82-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 3H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 16.1, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H)	3126, 2234, 1520, 1280, 1164, 1112
DC33		455.22 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.80 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.82-7.80 (m, 3H), 7.70-7.50 (m, 3H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 16.9, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (m, 1H)	3122, 3086, 2234, 1517, 1327, 1168, 1113

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC34		452.0412 (452.0419)	8.85 (s, 1H), 8.23 (br s, 1H), 7.83-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.33 (s, 2H), 6.69 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 14.9, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H)	3122, 2934, 2231, 1516, 1480, 1248, 1211, 1165, 1111
DC35		439.01 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.60 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.82 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H)	2233, 1518, 1250, 1169, 1035, 817
DC36		437.25 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.70 (s, 1H), 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 2.50 (s, 1H)	2927, 2233, 1572, 1531, 1248, 1166, 1112
DC37	109-111	466.10 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.86 (s, 1H), 7.89 (m, 3H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 6.68 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H)	
DC38	96-98	436.11 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.58 (s, 1H), 7.75 (m, 3H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (br s, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	
DC39	224-226	480.30 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.65 (s, 1H), 8.18 (br s, 1H), 7.80-7.70 (m, 3H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.27 (s, 2H), 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (m, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 2.40 (br s, 3H)	3352, 2237, 1707, 1163, 841
DC40	70-73	436.11 ([M - 2H] ⁻)	8.86 (s, 1H), 7.88 (m, 3H), 7.44 (s, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 16.0 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H)	
DC41	72-75	469.95 ([M - H] ⁻)	(DMSO-d ₆) 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (s, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (s, 2H), 4.89 (m, 1H)	
DC42	104-107	609.98 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.78 (s, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.4, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.21 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.00 (m, 4H)	2234, 1714, 1114, 807
DC43	109-112	540.04 ([M + H] ⁺)	(DMSO-d ₆) 10.94 (br s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.08 (m, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (s, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (m, 1H), 1.99 (br s, 1H), 0.82 (s, 4H)	3233, 2233, 1699, 1114, 807
DC44		435.26 [M - H] ⁻	8.33 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H)	2236, 1510, 1114, 801

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC45	75-78	468.87 [M - H] ⁻	6.51 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H) 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H)	
DC46		411.4 ([M] ⁺)	8.83 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 6.26-6.20 (m, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H)	¹³ C NMR (δ) ³ 155.63, 153.27, 153.12, 143.01, 137.89, 136.25, 134.03, 133.88, 132.23, 131.23, 131.18, 129.20, 126.17, 125.04, 124.99
DC47	139-141	474.16 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.51 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.5 (m, 2H), 7.4 (s, 1H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	
DC48	124-126	414.05 [M - H] ⁻	8.69 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 5H), 6.95 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H)	
DC49	81-83	463.96 [M - H] ⁻	8.57 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 3H), 6.95 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H)	
DC50	140-143	430.07 [M - H] ⁻	8.56 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	1110, 803
DC51	118-121	464.22 ([M - H] ⁻)	8.32 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H)	
DC52			9.99 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.22 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 16.7, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H)	3123, 3079, 2925, 1692, 1571, 1512, 1253, 1164, 1111
DC53			8.30 (m, 1H), 8.00 (br s, 1H), 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.70 (m, 1H)	3250, 3043, 1683, 1116

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC54	56-58	441.07 ([M - H] ⁻)	6.58 (br s, 1H), 6.33 (m, 1H), 5.88 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 1H) 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.4 (s, 1H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 6.69 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	
DC55		412.97 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.37 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (m, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 2.50 (br s, 2H)	
DC56	175-177	453 ([M - H] ⁻)	9.59 (br s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 2H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.30 (m, 4H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H)	
DC57		426.0627 (426.0626)	8.33 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (br s, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.90 (s, 3H)	3342, 3112, 2931, 1606, 1583, 1574, 1528, 1153
DC58	94-97	440.0424 (440.0419)	(DMSO-d ₆) 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.90 (br s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.67 (m, 3H), 7.58 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (br s, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H)	3403, 3304, 3178, 1674, 1571, 1169, 1108
DC59	87-90		(DMSO-d ₆) 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.59 (m, 5H), 7.00 (dd, J = 16.2, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (br s, 2H), 4.83 (m, 1H)	
DC60		469.0577 (469.0572)	8.32 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, J = 16.5, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.23-4.04 (m, 3H), 1.15 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H)	2987, 1725, 1518, 1275, 1166, 1113
DC61	130-132	442.15 ([M + H] ⁺)	(DMSO-d ₆) 9.90 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.15 (m, 1H), 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 16.5, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (m, 1H)	
DC62		412.10 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.27 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.40 (m, 3H),	1513, 1252, 1166, 1112,

TABLE 2-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹)
DC63		446.01 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.30 (m, 3H), 6.64 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H)	801
			8.26 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.42 (s, 2H), 7.18-7.28 (m, 3H), 6.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)	2928, 2525, 1249, 1169, 1114, 809
DC64		475.03 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.84 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 28.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.28 (s, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 16.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H)	1683, 1167, 650, 479
			8.55 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H)	722, 111
DC66	60-61	468.26 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.59 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (s, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H)	800, 114
			8.59 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.78 (br s, 1H), 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 0.21 (m, 1H)	
DC67	133-134	432.30 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.71 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.08 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (m, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H)	
			8.56 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H)	
DC68		412.03 ([M + H] ⁺)	8.58 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H)	
DC69	162-168	414.03 ([M + H] ⁺)		
DC70	99-103	428.05 ([M + H] ⁺)		

^a¹H NMR spectral data were acquired using a 400 MHz instrument in CDCl₃, except where noted. HRMS data are noted observed value (theoretical value).

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TABLE 2A

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1A.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
F1		606.91 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.96 (bs, 1H), 8.14 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.1 Hz 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.87 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.04 (m, 2H)	3427, 1667, 1162, 749
F2		587.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.25 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (s, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.77 (m, 1H), 3.94-3.82 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 1.05 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 2H)	3339, 1668, 1162, 810
F3		650.87 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, CDCl ₃) δ 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.56 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.13-4.08 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.20 (m, 4H)	3424, 1674, 1162, 807
F4		620.95 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (s, 1H), 7.99 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (s, 2H), 7.78-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.79 (m, 1H), 3.92-3.83 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.23-2.17 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.80 (m, 2H)	3433, 1642, 1162, 750
F5		664.85 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.00 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.91 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.02 (dd, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.79 (m, 1H), 3.94-3.85 (m, 2H), 2.51-2.49 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.20 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.82 (m, 2H)	3292, 1681, 1163, 745, 558
F6		656.98 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.62 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 9.09 (bs, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.96-7.87 (m, 4H), 7.11 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.83 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.64 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.27-1.23 (m, 2H)	3401, 1672, 1171, 806
F7	158-160	553 ([M + H] ⁺)	7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (m, 3H),	

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TABLE 2A-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1A.					
Compound Number	mp (° C.); [α] _D ²⁵	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)	
5			6.57 (s, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (p, J = 9.1, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.42 (m, 2H)		
10					
F8		640.9 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.11 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.0 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.88 (m, 4H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.84 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.89 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.26-1.24 (m, 2H)	3461, 1676, 1165, 808	
15					
20	F8A	[α] _D ²⁵ = -35.4 (c, 0.5% in CH ₂ Cl ₂)	641.1 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.87 (m, 4H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.6 Hz, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.88-4.84 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.88 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.02-0.99 (m, 2H)	3444, 1672, 1165, 808
25					
F8B		[α] _D ²⁵ = +36.4 (c, 0.5% in CH ₂ Cl ₂)	641.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.87 (m, 4H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.6 Hz, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.88-4.84 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.02-0.99 (m, 2H)	3459, 1672, 1166, 807
30					
35					

^a¹H NMR spectral data were acquired using a 400 MHz instrument in CDCl₃ except where noted.
 40 HRMS data are noted observed value (theoretical value).

TABLE 2B

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P31		561.9 ([M - H] ⁻)	7.61 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.53 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (m, 2H), 4.10 (p, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (dddd, J = 15.8, 8.3, 6.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.50 (m, 1H)	¹⁹ F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl ₃) δ -68.61, -131.43 (d, J = 163.1 Hz), -143.05 (d, J = 162.9 Hz)
50			(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (bs, 1H), 8.13 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.01-6.94 (m, 2H), 5.00-4.94 (m, 1H), 4.04-3.87 (m, 2H), 1.27-1.24 (m, 2H), 1.01-0.98 (m, 2H)	3379, 1678, 1161
55	P65	593.1 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (bs, 1H), 8.13 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.01-6.94 (m, 2H), 5.00-4.94 (m, 1H), 4.04-3.87 (m, 2H), 1.27-1.24 (m, 2H), 1.01-0.98 (m, 2H)	3379, 1678, 1161
60			(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.93	3421, 1671, 1114, 664, 574
65	P108	651.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.93	3421, 1671, 1114, 664, 574

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
F110			(m, 3H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.03 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.09-5.05 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.89 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.07 (m, 2H)	
			(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.88 (m, 5H), 7.09-7.01 (m, 2H), 5.12 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.01-1.00 (m, 2H)	
P153	632.79	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (bs, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.57 (m, 5H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.79 (m, 1H), 4.01-3.83 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.07 (m, 2H)	3293, 1673, 1115, 736
P155	622.97	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (bs, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.42 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.85 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.90 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.01 (m, 2H)	3413, 1668, 1161, 564
P198	645.0	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 4H), 7.54 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83-4.77 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.07 (m, 2H)	3280, 1668, 1164, 523
P200	635.0	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.87 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.03-0.99 (m, 2H)	3297, 1675, 1166, 565
P243	597.0	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.66-4.62 (m, 1H), 4.01-3.85 (m,	3281, 2929, 1679, 1161, 739, 563

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P245			2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.37-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.09-1.02 (m, 2H)	
			(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.91-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J = 16.2, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.81-6.85 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.72-4.65 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.90 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.41-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.12-1.11 (m, 2H)	
10		587.2	([M + H] ⁺)	3280, 2925, 1668, 1163, 750
15				
P333	594.94	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (bs, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.55-4.52 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.87 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 6H), 1.40-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.07 (m, 2H)	3252, 1667, 1163
20				
25				
P335	585.4	([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.09 (bs, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.85 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.90 (m, 2H), 2.24 (s, 6H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.01 (m, 2H)	3252, 1667, 1163
30				
35				
P336	571.01	([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 3H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J = 16.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68-4.64 (m, 1H), 3.97-3.88 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.39-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.02-0.99 (m, 2H)	3283, 1667, 1165
40				
45				
P378	659.00	([M - H] ⁻)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (bs, 1H), 8.10 (bs, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.64-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.00 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.07 (m, 2H)	3418, 2926, 1666, 1163, 749
50				
55				
P380	650.93	([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (bs, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.81-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.91 (m,	3396, 1668, 1164, 772, 566
60				
65				

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P423	704.84 ([M + H] ⁺)		2H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.02-1.00 (m, 2H) (300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81-4.75 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.26 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.07 (m, 2H)	3418, 2925, 1667, 1163
P425	694.89 ([M + H] ⁺)		(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.78 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.90 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.03-0.99 (m, 2H)	3373, 2927, 1675, 1165, 565
P468	628.40 ([M + H] ⁺)		(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.11 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 2H), 6.98 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.99-4.94 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.89 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.09-1.07 (m, 2H)	3417, 1670, 1163, 750, 558
P470	616.40 ([M - H] ⁻)		(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (bs, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.84 (m, 5H), 7.07 (dd, J = 16.4, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.02-4.97 (m, 1H), 4.02-3.39 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.04-0.92 (m, 2H)	3372, 1669, 1162, 750
P513	590.1 ([M - H] ⁻)		(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.95 (bs, 1H), 8.20-8.18 (m, 1H), 8.10 (bs, 1H), 8.00-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 3H), 6.99 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.82 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.14-1.09 (m, 2H)	3417, 2925, 2237, 1667, 1162, 565
P515	582.31 ([M + H] ⁺)		(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (bs, 1H), 8.21-8.19 (m, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.89-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.67-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.91-4.85 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.87 (m,	3392, 2928, 2239, 1671

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P693	580.90 ([M + H] ⁺)		2H), 1.39-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.19-1.08 (m, 2H) (300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.12 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66-4.60 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.87 (m, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.40-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.07 (m, 2H)	3280, 2927, 1671, 1163, 564
P1003	701.0 ([M + H] ⁺)		(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.14 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.95-7.92 (m, 3H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 15.0 Hz, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.87-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.09-1.07 (m, 2H)	3422, 1666, 1162, 749, 519
P1005	151-155 ([M + H] ⁺)	690.7	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.0 (s, 1H), 8.11 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 15.9 Hz, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.94-4.91 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.90 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.01-1.00 (m, 2H)	3428, 2924, 1113, 743
P1009	666.80 ([M + H] ⁺)		(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.63 (bs, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 2H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.00 (dd, J = 16.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.81 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.58 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.22 (m, 4H)	3401, 1672, 1171, 806
P1010	622.97 ([M + H] ⁺)		(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.66 (bs, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J = 16.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.82 (m, 1H), 4.61-4.57 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.29 (m, 4H)	3401, 1672, 1171, 806
P1011	602.94 ([M + H] ⁺)		(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.83 (bs, 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.40 (m, 2H), 6.89 (dd, J = 15.3, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.80 (m, 1H), 4.54-4.52 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.35-1.28 (m, 4H)	3401, 1672, 1171, 806
P1015	116-120 ([M + H] ⁺)	623.0	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (bs, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.86 (m, 5H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J =	

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P1020	108-112	605.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.18-5.81 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.83 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.34 (m, 2H), 1.00-0.96 (m, 2H)	
			(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.96 (bs, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.85 (m, 4H), 7.69 (bs, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.83 (m, 1H), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.23 (m, 2H), 0.98-0.85 (m, 2H)	
P1023		596.83 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.86 (bs, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 2H), 7.65-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J = 15.6, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.83-4.81 (m, 1H), 3.17-3.10 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.30 (m, 2H), 1.05-1.00 (m, 5H)	
P1025		586.90 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.93 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.85 (m, 4H), 7.47 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.83 (m, 1H), 3.19-3.10 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.29 (m, 2H), 1.05-1.00 (m, 3H), 0.95-0.91 (m, 2H)	3448, 2926, 1663, 1114, 700
P1026		532.91 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.38 (m, 4H), 6.88 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.79 (m, 1H), 3.19-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.28 (m, 2H), 1.02-0.90 (m, 5H)	3337, 1651, 1167, 808
P1033	88-91	662.8 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.90 (bs, 1H), 7.90-7.88 (m, 3H), 7.75 (bs, 1H), 7.66-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J = 15.3, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.33 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.38 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.32 (m, 2H), 1.04-1.00 (m, 2H)	
P1035	89-93	654.9 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.98 (bs, 1H), 7.99-7.85 (m, 5H), 7.77 (bs, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 4.89-4.82 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.18 (m, 2H), 2.44-2.36 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.31 (m, 2H), 0.95-0.92 (m, 2H)	

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P1043		567.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.57 (m, 5H), 6.94 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.92-4.70 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.12-1.07 (m, 2H)	3421, 1661, 1163, 802, 516
P1045		657.2 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.13 (dd, J = 14.4, Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.01-4.95 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.88 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.18-1.00 (m, 2H)	3324, 1659, 1146, 679
P1048		617.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.09 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.56 (m, 5H), 7.00 (dd, J = 15.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 4.83-4.73 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.81 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.17-1.07 (m, 2H)	3421, 677, 1661, 1163, 749, 509
P1050		607.19 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.69 (m, 3H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.90 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.03-1.00 (m, 2H)	3445, 1668, 1166, 802
P1093		618.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.90-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.78 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.89 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.07 (m, 2H)	3275, 1668, 1163, 749
P1095		607.0 ([M + H] ⁺)	(400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.11 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.89 (m, 3H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.90 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.01-1.0 (m, 2H)	3459, 1673, 1164, 749
P1183		706.55 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.89-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.84 (s, 2H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.00 (dd,	3289, 1665, 1163, 532

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TABLE 2B-continued

Analytical Data for Compounds in Table 1B.				
Compound Number	mp (° C.)	ESIMS	¹ H NMR (δ) ^a	IR (cm ⁻¹); ¹⁹ F NMR (δ)
P1198			J = 15.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.76 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.88 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.13-1.07 (m, 2H)	
			694.99 (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ	
			9.01 (s, 1H), 8.10 (t, J =	
			6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s,	
			1H), 7.94-7.85 (m,	
			5H), 7.09 (dd, J = 15.6,	
			8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J =	
			15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85-	
			4.80 (m, 1H), 3.95-	
			3.88 (m, 2H), 1.39-	
P1193	80-83	687.00 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ	
			8.94 (bs, 1H), 7.97-	
			7.84 (m, 5H), 7.66-	
			7.60 (m, 2H), 6.99 (dd,	
			J = 15.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H),	
			6.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz,	
			1H), 6.14-5.86 (m,	
			1H), 4.81-4.76 (m,	
			1H), 3.59-3.49 (m,	
			2H), 1.38-1.35 (m,	
P1195		676.65 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ	
			9.00 (bs, 1H), 7.99 (bs,	
			1H), 7.94-7.85 (m,	
			5H), 7.10 (dd, J = 15.6,	
			8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J =	
			15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.18-	
			5.81 (m, 1H), 4.84-	
			4.74 (m, 1H), 3.58-	
			3.46 (m, 2H), 1.38-	
			1.35 (m, 2H), 0.99-	
P1200		659.35 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ	
			8.98 (bs, 1H), 7.99	
			(s, 1H), 7.89-7.85 (m,	
			5H), 7.69 (bs, 1H), 7.05	
			(dd, J = 15.9, 9.2 Hz,	
			1H), 6.88 (d, J = 15.9	
			Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.76 (m,	
			1H), 4.51-4.49 (m,	
			1H), 4.37-4.35 (m,	
			1H), 3.48-3.35 (m,	
P1213		716.70 ([M + H] ⁺)	(300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ	
			8.89 (bs, 1H), 7.92-	
			7.88 (m, 2H), 7.84 (s,	
			2H), 7.77 (bs, 1H), 7.63-	
			7.62 (m, 2H), 7.00 (dd,	
			J = 15.9, 9.2 Hz, 1H),	
			6.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz,	
			1H), 4.84-4.75 (m,	
			1H), 3.40-3.36 (m,	
			2H), 2.42-2.38 (m,	
			2H), 1.36-1.32 (m,	
			2H), 1.04-1.00 (m, 2H)	

^a¹H NMR spectral data were acquired using a 400 MHz instrument in CDCl₃ except where noted.
HRMS data are noted observed value (theoretical value).

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TABLE 3

Assay Results Part 1				
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CEW Rating	GPA Rating	
AC1	D	D	B	5
AC2	C	C	C	
AC3	D	D	B	
AC4	D	A	B	
AC5	D	D	B	
AC6	D	A	B	10
AC7	A	A	B	
AC8	D	B	B	
AC9	A	A	B	
AC10	A	A	B	
AC11	A	A	D	15
AC12	A	A	D	
AC13	A	A	B	
AC14	A	B	D	
AC15	A	A	B	
AC16	A	A	C	20
AC17	A	A	B	
AC18	A	A	B	
AC19	D	D	B	
AC20	A	A	C	
AC21	D	D	C	25
AC22	A	A	D	
AC23	A	A	B	
AC24	A	A	D	
AC25	A	A	D	
AC26	A	A	B	30
AC27	A	A	B	
AC28	A	A	B	
AC29	A	A	B	
AC30	A	A	B	
AC31	A	A	B	35
AC32	A	A	B	
AC33	A	A	B	
AC34	A	A	B	
AC35	A	A	C	
AC36	A	A	B	40
AC37	A	A	B	
AC38	A	A	C	
AC39	A	A	C	
AC40	A	A	D	
AC41	A	D	D	45
AC42	A	D	D	
AC43	A	A	B	
AC44	A	A	B	
AC45	A	A	D	
AC46	A	A	D	50
AC47	D	D	B	
AC48	A	A	B	
AC49	A	A	B	
AC50	A	D	B	
AC51	A	A	B	55
AC52	A	A	B	
AC53	A	A	B	
AC54	A	A	B	
AC57	A	A	B	
AC58	A	A	B	60
AC59	A	A	B	
AC60	A	A	B	
AC61	A	A	B	
AC62	A	A	D	
AC63	A	A	B	65
AC64	A	A	B	
AC65	A	A	B	
AC66	A	A	B	
AC67	A	A	B	
AC68	A	A	D	
AC69	A	A	A	
AC70	D	D	B	
AC71	A	A	B	
AC72	A	A	B	
AC75	A	A	B	
AC76	A	A	D	
AC77	A	A	B	
AC78	A	A	A	
AC79	A	A	A	

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TABLE 3-continued

Assay Results Part 1			
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CEW Rating	GPA Rating
AC80	A	A	B
AC81	A	D	D
AC82	A	A	B
AC83	A	A	B
AC84	A	A	D
AC85	A	A	B
AC86	A	A	D
AC87	A	A	B
AC89	A	A	B
AC90	A	A	C
AC91	A	A	C
AC92	A	A	C
AC93	A	D	C
AC94	D	B	B
AC95	A	A	C
AC96	D	D	C
AC97	D	D	C
AC98	A	A	C
AC99	A	A	C
AC100	C	C	C
AC101	D	D	C
AC102	D	A	C
AC103	A	A	D
AC104	A	A	B
AC105	A	A	D
AC106	A	A	B
AC107	B	A	D
AC108	B	D	D
AC109	D	D	C
AC110	A	A	C
AC111	A	A	C
AC112	A	A	C
AC113	B	A	D
AC114	A	B	D
AC115	A	A	D
AC116	C	C	C
AC117	A	D	B
AC118	A	D	D
BC1	A	A	D
BC2	A	A	D
BC3	A	A	D
BC4	A	A	B
BC5	A	A	B
BC6	A	A	D
BC7	A	A	D
BC8	A	A	B
BC9	A	A	D
BC10	A	A	B
BC11	C	C	C
BC12	C	C	C
BC13	A	A	D
BC14	A	D	D
CC1	D	D	D
CC2	A	A	B
CC3	A	A	D
CC4	A	B	B
CC5	A	A	B
CC6	A	A	B
CC7	A	A	B
CC8	A	A	D
CC9	A	A	B
CC10	A	A	B
CC11	A	A	B
CC12	D	D	B
CC13	A	A	B
CC14	A	D	D
CC15	A	A	B
CC16	A	A	B
CC17	A	A	B
CC18	A	A	B
CC19	A	A	B
CC20	A	A	D
CC21	A	A	D
CC22	A	A	B
CC23	A	A	B

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TABLE 3-continued

Assay Results Part 1			
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CEW Rating	GPA Rating
CC24	A	A	D
CC25	A	A	B
CC26	A	D	B
CC27	A	A	D
CC28	A	A	D
CC29	A	A	B
CC30	A	A	D
CC31	B	D	C
CC32	A	A	B
CC33	A	A	B
CC34	A	A	B
CC35	D	D	D
CC36	A	A	D
CC37	A	A	D
CC38	A	A	D
CC39	D	D	B
CC40	D	A	D
CC41	D	D	B
CC42	D	D	D
CC43	A	B	B
CC44	A	A	B
CC45	A	A	D
CC46	D	A	C
CC47	D	D	C
CC48	D	D	C
CC49	D	D	D
CC50	A	A	D
CC51	A	A	D
CC52	A	D	D
CC53	D	D	B
CC54	A	A	C
DC1	A	A	D
DC2	D	D	C
DC3	B	D	C
DC4	A	D	C
DC5	D	D	C
DC6	D	D	C
DC7	A	D	C
DC8	A	D	C
DC9	D	D	C
DC10	D	D	C
DC11	A	D	C
DC12	A	A	B
DC13	A	A	C
DC14	D	D	C
DC15	D	D	C
DC16	A	A	C
DC17	A	A	C
DC18	A	A	C
DC19	A	A	C
DC20	A	D	C
DC21	D	D	C
DC22	D	D	C
DC23	D	A	C
DC24	D	D	C
DC25	D	D	C
DC26	D	D	C
DC27	D	D	C
DC28	A	A	B
DC29	A	A	C
DC30	A	A	C
DC31	A	A	B
DC32	D	D	C
DC33	A	A	C
DC34	A	A	B
DC35	A	A	B
DC36	D	D	C
DC37	A	A	C
DC38	A	A	C
DC39	A	A	C
DC40	A	A	C
DC41	A	A	C
DC42	A	A	C
DC43	A	A	C
DC44	A	A	C

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TABLE 3-continued

Assay Results Part 1			
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CEW Rating	GPA Rating
DC45	A	A	C
DC46	A	A	C
DC47	A	A	C
DC48	A	A	C
DC49	A	A	C
DC50	A	A	C
DC51	A	A	C
DC52	D	D	C
DC53	D	A	C
DC54	D	D	C
DC55	D	D	C
DC56	D	D	C
DC57	A	A	C
DC58	D	D	C
DC59	D	D	C
DC60	A	A	C
DC61	D	D	C
DC62	A	A	C
DC63	A	A	C
DC64	D	D	C
DC65	D	A	C
DC66	A	A	C
DC67	A	A	C
DC68	A	A	C
DC69	D	D	C
DC70	A	A	C

TABLE 4

Assay Results F Compounds			
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CL Rating	GPA Rating
F1	A	A	C
F2	A	A	C
F3	A	A	C
F4	A	A	C
F5	A	A	C
F6	A	A	C
F7	A	A	C
F8	A	A	C
F8A	A	A	C
F8B	A	A	C

TABLE 5

Assay Results Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CL Rating	GPA Rating
P31	A	A	C
P65	A	A	C
P108	A	A	C
P110	A	A	C
P153	A	A	C
P155	A	A	C
P198	A	A	C
P200	A	A	C
P243	A	A	C
P245	A	A	C
P333	A	A	C
P335	A	A	C
P336	A	A	C
P378	A	A	C
P380	A	A	C
P423	A	A	C
P425	A	A	C
P468	A	A	C

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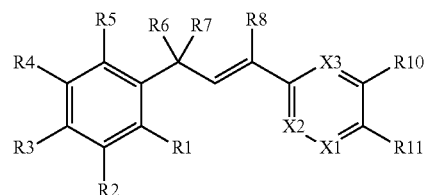
TABLE 5-continued

Assay Results Prophetic Compounds Subsequently Exemplified			
Compound Number	BAW Rating	CL Rating	GPA Rating
5 P470	A	A	B
P513	A	A	C
P515	A	A	C
P693	A	A	C
10 P1003	A	A	D
P1005	A	A	C
P1009	A	A	C
P1010	A	A	C
P1011	A	A	C
P1015	A	A	C
15 P1020	A	A	C
P1023	A	A	C
P1025	A	A	B
P1026	A	A	B
P1033	A	A	C
P1035	A	A	C
P1043	A	A	C
20 P1045	A	A	C
P1048	A	A	C
P1050	A	A	C
P1093	A	A	C
P1095	A	A	C
P1183	A	A	C
25 P1198	A	A	C
P1193	A	A	C
P1195	A	A	C
P1200	A	A	C
P1213	A	A	C

We claim:

1. A molecule according to Formula One:

Formula One



wherein:

- (a) R1 is selected from the group consisting of
- (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, ON, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N(R14)(R15),
 - (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN and NO₂,
 - (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN and NO₂,
 - (4) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN and NO₂, and
 - (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN and NO₂;
- (b) R2 is selected from the group consisting of
- (1) H, F, Cl, Br, I, ON, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)

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- [illegible]

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- (5) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN and NO₂;
- (f) R6 is a (C₁-C₈)haloalkyl;
- (g) R7 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, and halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy;
- (h) R8 is selected from the group consisting of H, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, OR14, and N(R14)(R15);
- (i) R9 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, OR14, and N(R14)(R15);
- (j) R10 is selected from the group consisting of
- (1) (u), H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), NR14R15, C(=O)H, C(=O)N(R14)(R15), CN(R14)(R15)(=NOH), (C=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C=O)OH, heterocyclyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, halo(C₂-C₈)alkenyl, (C₂-C₈)alkynyl,
- (2) substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, NR14R15, and
- (3) substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, wherein said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(O)₂(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and N(R14)(R15);
- (k) R11 is (C=X5)N(X6)(R14) wherein
- X5 is selected from the group consisting of O, S, or NH, and
- X6 is selected from the group consisting of halocyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, substituted cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, and substituted halocyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl,
- wherein said substituted cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl is substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, (C₂-C₈)alkynyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), N(R15)(R16), C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and C(=O)H, and
- wherein said substituted halocyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl is substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₂-C₈)alkenyl, (C₂-C₈)alkynyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, cyclo(C₃-C₆)alkyl, aryl, substituted-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-aryl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), N(R15)(R16), C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=X5)N(R15)(R16), C(=O)(C₁-C₈)alkyl, C(=O)(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), C(=O)(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkyl-C(=O)O(C₁-C₈)alkyl, and C(=O)H,

heterocyclyl), $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-heterocyclyl})$, $\text{N}(\text{R16})(\text{R17})$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R16})(\text{R17})$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})(\text{halo}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})(\text{C}_3-\text{C}_6)\text{cycloalkyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{H}$ wherein each said substituted $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, and NO_2 , wherein each said substituted halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, and NO_2 , wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{S}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{S}(\text{halo}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})$, $\text{N}((\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})_2$ (wherein each $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ is independently selected), and oxo, and wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{S}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{S}(\text{halo}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})$, $\text{N}((\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})_2$ (wherein each $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ is independently selected), heterocyclyl, $\text{C}(=\text{O})(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, and oxo, (wherein said alkyl, alkoxy, and heterocyclyl, may be further substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO_2);

(p) each R16 is independently selected from the group consisting of H, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, substituted- $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, substituted-halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, cyclo $(\text{C}_3-\text{C}_6)\text{alkyl}$, aryl, substituted-aryl, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-aryl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-aryl})$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-aryl}$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-aryl})$, heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-heterocyclyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-heterocyclyl})$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-heterocyclyl}$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-heterocyclyl})$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ wherein each said substituted $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, and NO_2 , wherein each said substituted halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, and NO_2 , wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{S}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{S}(\text{halo}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})$, $\text{N}((\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})_2$ (wherein each $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ is independently selected), and oxo, and wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{S}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, $\text{S}(\text{halo}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})$, $\text{N}((\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl})_2$ (wherein each $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$ is independently selected), and oxo;

(q) each R17 is independently selected from the group consisting of H, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, substituted- $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, substituted-halo $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$, cyclo $(\text{C}_3-\text{C}_6)\text{alkyl}$, aryl, substituted-aryl, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-aryl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-aryl})$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-aryl}$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-aryl})$, heterocyclyl, substituted-heterocyclyl, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-heterocyclyl}$, $(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-heterocyclyl})$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl-heterocyclyl}$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}-(\text{substituted-heterocyclyl})$, $\text{O}-(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_8)\text{alkyl}$

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heterocyclyl, O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O—(C₁-C₈)alkyl
 wherein each said substituted (C₁-C₈)alkyl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, and NO₂,
 wherein each said substituted halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of CN, and NO₂,
 wherein each said substituted-aryl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo, and
 wherein each said substituted-heterocyclyl has one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (C₁-C₈)alkyl, halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl, (C₁-C₈)alkoxy, halo(C₁-C₈)alkoxy, S(C₁-C₈)alkyl, S(halo(C₁-C₈)alkyl), N((C₁-C₈)alkyl)₂ (wherein each (C₁-C₈)alkyl is independently selected), and oxo;
 (r) X1 is selected from the group consisting of N and CR12;
 (s) X2 is selected from the group consisting of N, CR9, and CR13;
 (t) X3 is selected from the group consisting of N and CR9; and
 (v) R12 and R13 together form a linkage containing 3 to 4 atoms selected from the group consisting of C, N, O, and S, wherein said linkage connects back to the ring to form a 5 to 6 member saturated or unsaturated cyclic ring, wherein said linkage has at least one substituent X4 wherein X4 is selected from the group consisting of R14, N(R14)(R15), N(R14)(C(=O)R14), N(R14)(C(=S)R14), N(R14)(C(=O)N(R14)(R14)), N(R14)(C(=S)N(R14)(R14)), N(R14)(C(=O)N(R14)((C₂-C₈)alkenyl)), N(R14)(C(=S)N(R14)((C₂-C₈)alkenyl)), wherein each R14 is independently selected.
 2. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R1 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.
 3. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R2 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.
 4. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R3 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.
 5. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R4 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl,

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(C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.
 6. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R5 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NO₂, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.
 7. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R2 and R4 are selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO₂ and R1, R3, and R5 are H.
 8. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R2, R3, and R4 are selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CN, and NO₂ and R1, and R5 are H.
 9. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R2, R3, and R4 are independently selected from the group consisting of F and Cl and R1 and R5 are H.
 10. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R1 is selected from the group consisting of Cl and H.
 11. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R2 is selected from the group consisting of CF₃, CH₃, Cl, F, and H.
 12. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R3 is selected from the group consisting of OCH₃, CH₃, F, Cl, or H.
 13. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R4 is selected from the group consisting of CF₃, CH₃, Cl, F, and H.
 14. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R5 is selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, and H.
 15. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R6 is selected from the group consisting of halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, and halo(C₈)alkyl.
 16. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R6 is trifluoromethyl.
 17. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R7 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, and I.
 18. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R7 is selected from the group consisting of H, OCH₃, and OH.
 19. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R8 is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, and halo(C₈)alkyl.
 20. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R8 is selected from the group consisting of CH₃ and H.
 21. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R9 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.
 22. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R10 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, (C₃)alkoxy, (C₄)alkoxy, (C₅)alkoxy, (C₆)alkoxy, (C₇)alkoxy, (C₈)alkoxy, halomethoxy,

haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, halo(C₈)alkoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl.

23. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R10 is selected from the group consisting of H, Cl, Br, CH₃, and CF₃.

24. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R10 is selected from the group consisting of Br, C(=NOH)NH₂, C(=O)H, C(=O)NH₂, C(=O)OCH₂CH₃, C(=O)OH, CF₃, CH₂CH₃, CH₂OH, CH₃, Cl, CN, F, H, NH₂, NHC(=O)H, NHCH₃, NO₂, OCH₃, OCHF₂, and pyridyl.

25. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R11 is selected from the group consisting of H(C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-C(=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-C(=S)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclobutyl-C(=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), and (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-CN).

26. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R11 is selected from the group consisting of (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-C(=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-C(=S)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclobutyl-C(=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃)), (C=O)N(H)(cyclopropyl-CN), and (C=O)N(H)(difluorocyclopropyl).

27. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R11 is selected from the group consisting of (C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclopropyl-C(=O or S)N(H)(halo(C₁-C₆)alkyl))), (C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclobutyl-C(=O or S)N(H)(halo(C₁-C₆)alkyl))), and (C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclopropyl-C(=O or S)N(H)(C₁-C₆)alkyl)).

28. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R11 is the group consisting of (C=(O or S)N(H)(cyclobutyl-C(=O or S)N(H)(halo(C₁-C₆)alkyl))).

29. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R12 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.

30. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R12 is selected from the group consisting of CH₃ and H.

31. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R13 is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, halomethoxy, haloethoxy, halo(C₃)alkoxy, halo(C₄)alkoxy, halo(C₅)alkoxy, halo(C₆)alkoxy, halo(C₇)alkoxy, and halo(C₈)alkoxy.

32. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R13 is selected from the group consisting of CH₃, Cl, and H.

33. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R12-R13 is the hydrocarbyl linkage CH=CHCH=CH.

34. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R14 and R15 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methyl-aryl, ethyl-aryl, (C₃)alkyl-aryl, (C₄)alkyl-aryl, (C₅)alkyl-aryl, (C₆)alkyl-aryl, (C₇)alkyl-aryl, (C₈)alkyl-aryl, methyl-(substituted-aryl), ethyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₃)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₄)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₅)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₆)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₇)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-methyl-aryl, O-ethyl-aryl, O-(C₃)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₄)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₅)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₆)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₇)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₈)alkyl-aryl, O-methyl-(substituted-aryl), O-ethyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-aryl),

O-(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), methyl-heterocyclyl, ethyl-heterocyclyl, (C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-methyl-heterocyclyl, O-ethyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), methyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), ethyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), (C₃)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), (C₄)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), (C₅)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), (C₆)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), (C₇)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17), and (C₈)alkyl-C(=O)N(R16)(R17).

35. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R14 and R15 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, CH₃, CH₂CF₃, CH₂-halopyridyl, oxo-pyrrolidinyl, halophenyl, thietanyl, CH₂-phenyl, CH₂-pyridyl, thietanyl-dioxide, CH₂-halothiazolyl, C((CH₃)₂)-pyridyl, N(H)(halophenyl), CH₂-pyrimidinyl, CH₂-tetrahydrofuranly, CH₂-furanly, O-CH₂-halopyridyl, and CH₂C(=O)N(H)(CH₂CF₃).

36. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R16 and R17 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, (C₃)alkyl, (C₄)alkyl, (C₅)alkyl, (C₆)alkyl, (C₇)alkyl, (C₈)alkyl, halomethyl, haloethyl, halo(C₃)alkyl, halo(C₄)alkyl, halo(C₅)alkyl, halo(C₆)alkyl, halo(C₇)alkyl, halo(C₈)alkyl, methyl-aryl, ethyl-aryl, (C₃)alkyl-aryl, (C₄)alkyl-aryl, (C₅)alkyl-aryl, (C₆)alkyl-aryl, (C₇)alkyl-aryl, (C₈)alkyl-aryl, methyl-(substituted-aryl), ethyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₃)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₄)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₅)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₆)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₇)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), (C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-methyl-aryl, O-ethyl-aryl, O-(C₃)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₄)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₅)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₆)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₇)alkyl-aryl, O-(C₈)alkyl-aryl, O-methyl-(substituted-aryl), O-ethyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), O-(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-aryl), methyl-heterocyclyl, ethyl-heterocyclyl, (C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, (C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), (C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-methyl-heterocyclyl, O-ethyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₃)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₄)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₅)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₆)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₇)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-(C₈)alkyl-heterocyclyl, O-methyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-ethyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₃)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₄)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₅)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₆)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), O-(C₇)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl), and O-(C₈)alkyl-(substituted-heterocyclyl).

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37. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein R16 and R17 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, CH₂CF₃, cyclopropyl, thietanyl, thietanyl dioxide, and halophenyl.

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38. A molecule according to claim 1 wherein X1 is CR12, X2 is CR13, and X3 is CR9.

39. A molecule according to claim 1 having one of the following structures

Compound Number	Structure
P31	
P65	
P108	
P110	
P153	
P155	
P198	

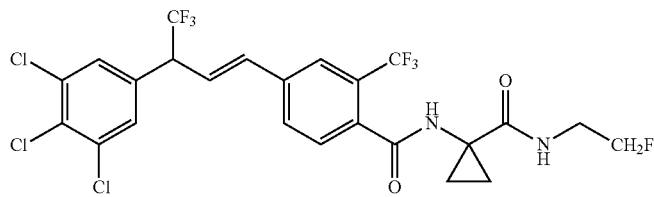
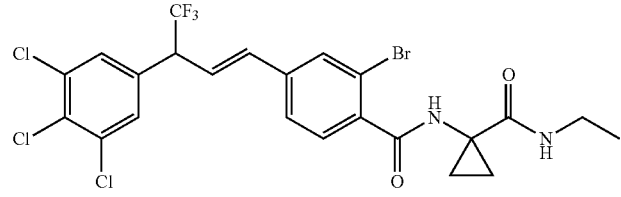
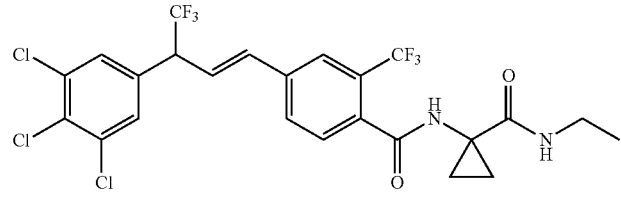
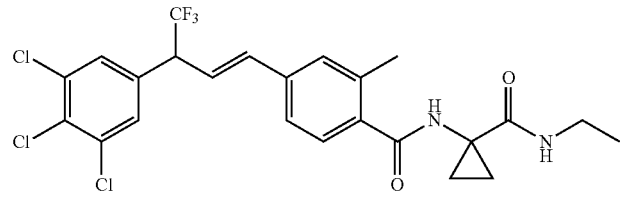
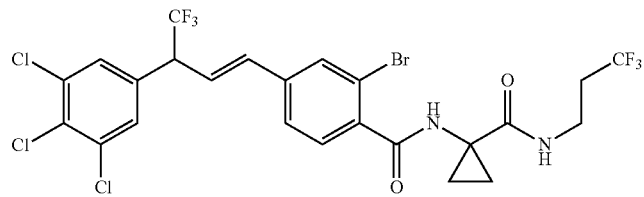
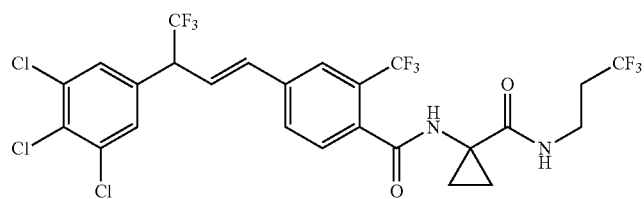
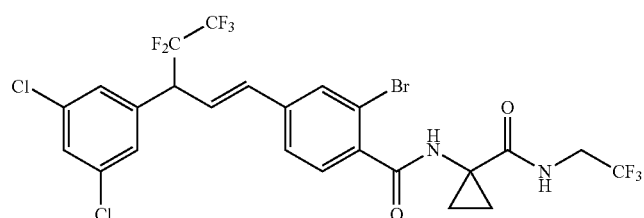
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Compound Number	Structure
P200	 <chem>Brc1ccc(cc1C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)C(F)(F)F</chem>
P243	 <chem>Cc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(F)(F)F/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)Br</chem>
P245	 <chem>Cc1cc(Cl)ccc1C(F)(F)F/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)C(F)(F)F</chem>
P333	 <chem>Cc1cc(F)ccc1C(F)(F)F/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)Br</chem>
P335	 <chem>Cc1cc(F)ccc1C(F)(F)F/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)C(F)(F)F</chem>
P336	 <chem>Cc1cc(F)ccc1C(F)(F)F/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)C(F)(F)F</chem>
P378	 <chem>BrC1=CC=C(Cl)C=C1C(F)(F)F/C=C/C(F)(F)F/c2ccc(cc2C(=O)N3CC3C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F)Br</chem>

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Compound Number	Structure
P380	 <chem>BrC1=CC=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P423	 <chem>BrC1=CC(Br)=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC(Br)=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P425	 <chem>BrC1=CC(Br)=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P468	 <chem>O=[N+]([O-])C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC(Br)=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P470	 <chem>O=[N+]([O-])C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P513	 <chem>N#CC1=CC=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC(Br)=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P515	 <chem>N#CC1=CC=C(C=C1)C(C(F)(F)F)/C=C/C2=CC=C(C=C2)C(=O)N(C3CC3)C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>

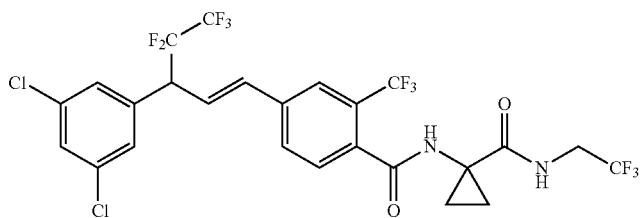
Compound Number	Structure
P693	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P1003	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P1005	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P1009	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P1010	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P1011	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)(F)F</chem>
P1015	 <chem>CC(F)(C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(F)=C1)C(=O)N2C3C(C3)C2C(=O)NCC(F)F</chem>

Compound Number	Structure
P1020	
P1023	
P1025	
P1026	
P1033	
P1035	
P1043	

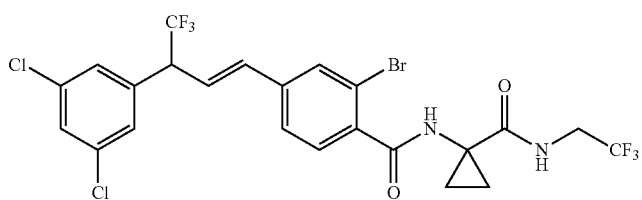
Compound
Number

Structure

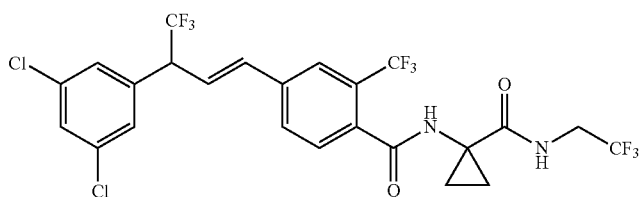
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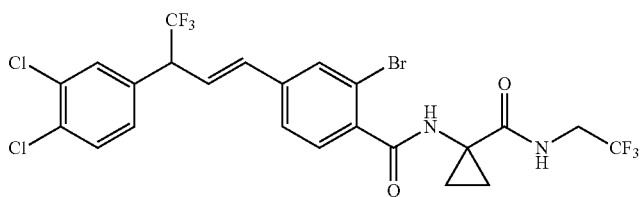
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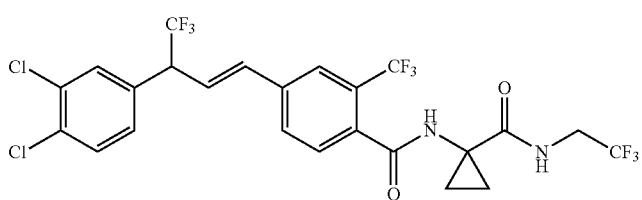
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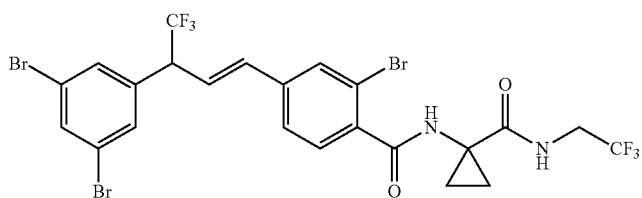
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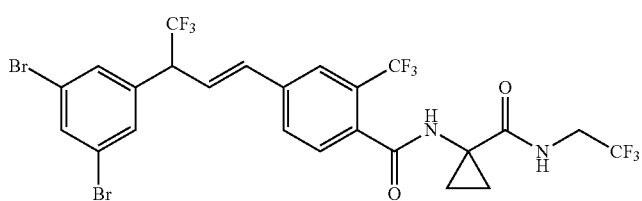
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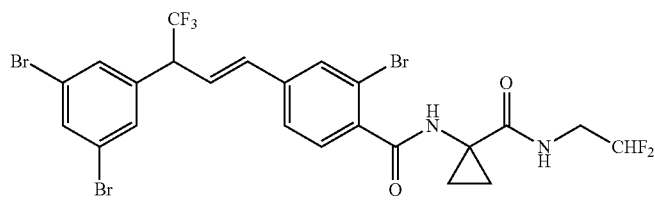
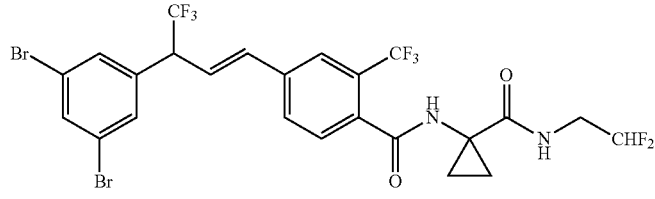
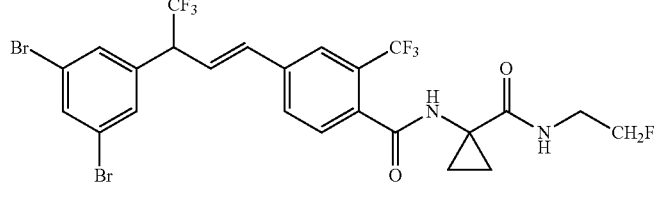
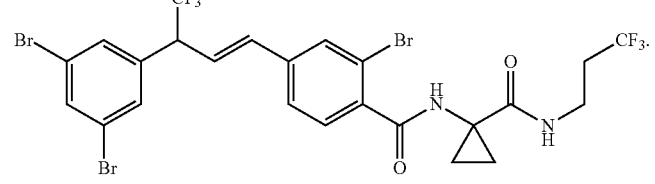
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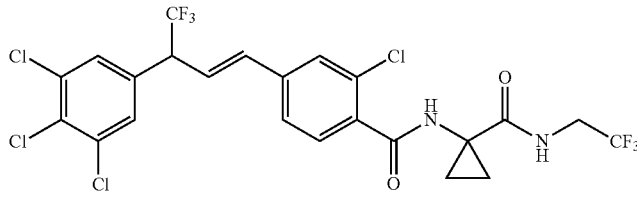
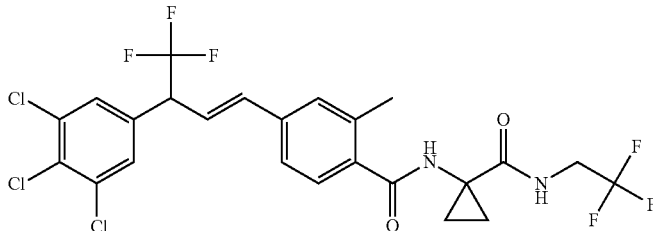
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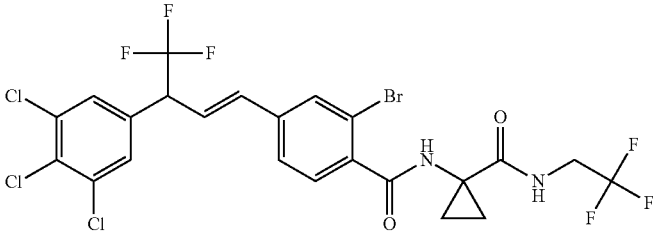
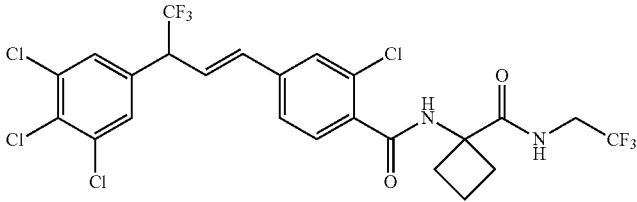
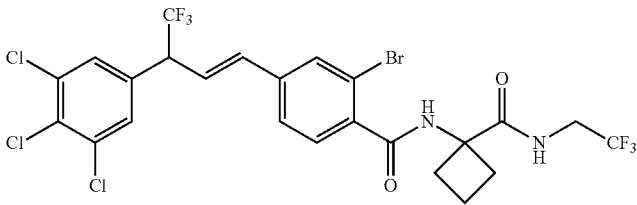
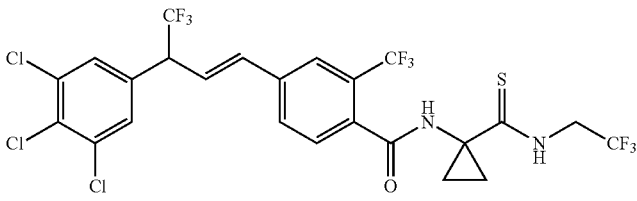
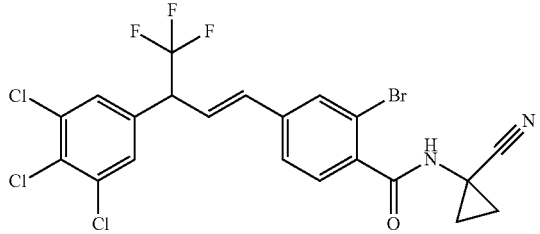
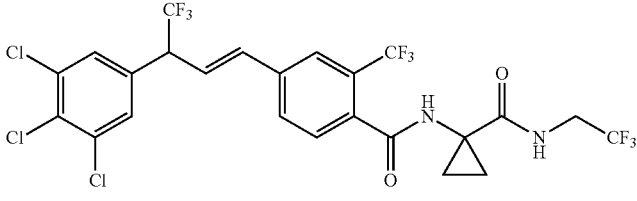
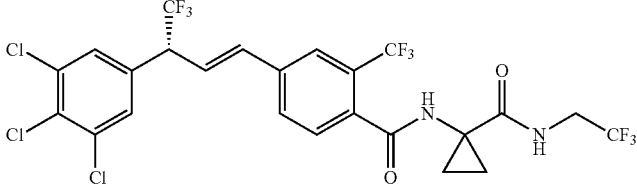
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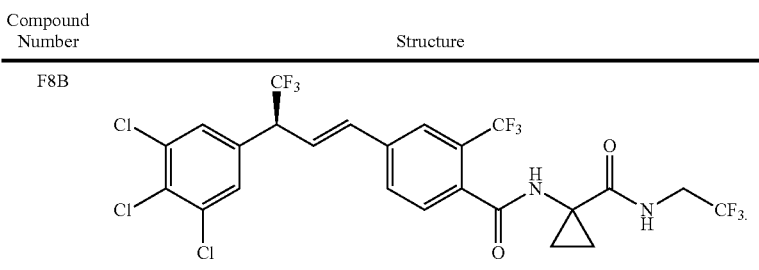
Compound Number	Structure
P1193	
P1195	
P1200	
P1213	

40. A molecule according to claim 1 having one of the following structures

Compound Number	Structure
F1	
F2	

-continued

Compound Number	Structure
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	
F8A	



41. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising:
- (a) one or more compounds having acaricidal, algicidal, avicidal, bactericidal, fungicidal, herbicidal, insecticidal, molluscicidal, nematicidal, rodenticidal, or virucidal properties; or
 - (b) one or more compounds that are antifeedants, bird repellents, chemosterilants, herbicide safeners, insect attractants, insect repellents, mammal repellents, mating disrupters, plant activators, plant growth regulators, or synergists; or
 - (c) both (a) and (b).

42. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of: (3-ethoxypropyl)mercury bromide, 1,2-dichloropropane, 1,3-dichloropropane, 1-methylcyclopropane, 1-naphthol, 2-(octylthio)ethanol, 2,3,5-tri-iodobenzoic acid, 2,3,6-TBA, 2,3,6-TBA-dimethylammonium, 2,3,6-TBA-lithium, 2,3,6-TBA-potassium, 2,3,6-TBA-sodium, 2,4,5-T, 2,4,5-T-2-butoxypropyl, 2,4,5-T-2-ethylhexyl, 2,4,5-T-3-butoxypropyl, 2,4,5-TB, 2,4,5-T-butometyl, 2,4,5-T-butyl, 2,4,5-T-butyl, 2,4,5-T-isobutyl, 2,4,5-T-isocetyl, 2,4,5-T-isopropyl, 2,4,5-T-methyl, 2,4,5-T-pentyl, 2,4,5-T-sodium, 2,4,5-T-triethylammonium, 2,4,5-T-trolamine, 2,4-D, 2,4-D-2-butoxypropyl, 2,4-D-2-ethylhexyl, 2,4-D-3-butoxypropyl, 2,4-D-ammonium, 2,4-DB, 2,4-DB-butyl, 2,4-DB-dimethylammonium, 2,4-DB-isocetyl, 2,4-DB-potassium, 2,4-DB-sodium, 2,4-D-butotyl, 2,4-D-butyl, 2,4-D-diethylammonium, 2,4-D-dimethylammonium, 2,4-D-diolamine, 2,4-D-dodecylammonium, 2,4-DEB, 2,4-DEP, 2,4-D-ethyl, 2,4-D-heptylammonium, 2,4-D-isobutyl, 2,4-D-isocetyl, 2,4-D-isopropyl, 2,4-D-isopropylammonium, 2,4-D-lithium, 2,4-D-meptyl, 2,4-D-methyl, 2,4-D-octyl, 2,4-D-pentyl, 2,4-D-potassium, 2,4-D-propyl, 2,4-D-sodium, 2,4-D-tefuryl, 2,4-D-tetradecylammonium, 2,4-D-triethylammonium, 2,4-D-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, 2,4-D-trolamine, 2iP, 2-methoxyethylmercury chloride, 2-phenylphenol, 3,4-DA, 3,4-DB, 3,4-DP, 4-aminopyridine, 4-CPA, 4-CPA-potassium, 4-CPA-sodium, 4-CPB, 4-CPP, 4-hydroxyphenethyl alcohol, 8-hydroxyquinoline sulfate, 8-phenylmercurioxyquinoline, abamectin, abscisic acid, ACC, acephate, acequinocyl, acetamiprid, acethion, acetochlor, acetophos, acetoprole, acibenzolar, acibenzolar-S-methyl, acifluorfen, acifluorfen-methyl, acifluorfen-sodium, acelonifen, acrep, acrinathrin, acrolein, acrylonitrile, acypetacs, acypetacs-copper, acypetacs-zinc, alachlor, alanycarb, albendazole, aldicarb, aldimorph, aldoxycarb, aldrin, allethrin, allicin, allidochlor, allosamidin, alloxymid, alloxymid-sodium, allyl alcohol, allyxycarb, alorac, alpha-cypermethrin, alpha-endosulfan, ametocetradin, ametridione, ametryn, amibuzin, amicarbazone, amicarbazol, amidithion, amidothion, amidosulfuron, aminocarb, aminocyclopyrachlor, aminocyclopyrachlor-methyl, aminocyclopyrachlor-potassium, aminopyralid, aminopyralid-potassium, aminopyralid-tris(2-hydroxypro-

pyl)ammonium, amiprofos-methyl, amiprofos, amisulbrom, amiton, amiton oxalate, amitraz, amitrole, ammonium sulfamate, ammonium α -naphthaleneacetate, amobam, ampropylfos, anabesine, ancymidol, anilazine, anilofos, anisuron, anthraquinone, antu, apholate, aramite, arsenous oxide, asomate, aspirin, asulam, asulam-potassium, asulam-sodium, athidathion, atraton, atrazine, aureofungin, aviglycine, aviglycine hydrochloride, azaconazole, azadirachtin, azafenidin, azamethiphos, azimsulfuron, azinphos-ethyl, azinphos-methyl, aziprotryne, azithiram, azobenzene, azocyclotin, azothoate, azoxystrobin, bachmedesh, barban, barium hexafluorosilicate, barium polysulfide, barthrin, BCPC, beflubutamid, benalaxyl, benalaxyl-M, benazolin, benazolin-dimethylammonium, benazolin-ethyl, benazolin-potassium, bencarbazone, benclothiaz, bendiocarb, benfluralin, benfuracarb, benfuresate, benodanil, benomyl, benoxacor, benoxafos, benquinox, bensulfuron, bensulfuron-methyl, bensulide, bensultap, bentalluron, bentazone, bentazone-sodium, benthiavalicarb, benthiavalicarb-isopropyl, benthiazole, bentrail, benzadox, benzadox-ammonium, benzalkonium chloride, benzamacril, benzamacril-isobutyl, benzamorf, benzfendazole, benzipram, benzobicyclon, benzofenap, benzoflur, benzohydroxamic acid, benzoximate, benzoylprop, benzoylprop-ethyl, benzthiazuron, benzyl benzoate, benzyladenine, berberine, berberine chloride, beta-cyfluthrin, beta-cypermethrin, bethoxazin, bicyclopyrone, bifenazate, bifenox, bifenthrin, bifujunzhi, bilanafos, bilanafos-sodium, binapacryl, bingqingxiao, bioallethrin, bioethanomethrin, biopermethrin, bioresmethrin, biphenyl, bisazir, bismethiazol, bispyribac, bispyribac-sodium, bistrifluron, bitertanol, bithionol, bixafen, blasticidin-S, borax, Bordeaux mixture, boric acid, boscalid, brassinolide, brassinolide-ethyl, brevicomin, brodifacoum, brofenvalerate, brofluthrin, bromacil, bromacil-lithium, bromacil-sodium, bromadiolone, bromethalin, bromethrin, bromfeninfos, bromoacetamide, bromobonil, bromobutide, bromocyclen, bromo-DDT, bromofenoxim, bromophos, bromophos-ethyl, bromopropylate, bromothalonil, bromoxynil, bromoxynil butyrate, bromoxynil heptanoate, bromoxynil octanoate, bromoxynil-potassium, brompyrazon, bromconazole, bromopol, bucarpolate, bufencarb, buminafos, bupirimate, buprofezin, Burgundy mixture, busulfan, butacarb, butachlor, butafenacil, butamifos, butathiofos, butenachlor, butethrin, buthidazole, buthiobate, buthiuron, butocarboxim, butonate, butopyronoxyl, butoxycarboxim, butralin, butoxydim, buturon, butylamine, butylate, cacodylic acid, cadusafos, cafens-trole, calcium arsenate, calcium chlorate, calcium cyanamide, calcium polysulfide, calvinphos, cambendichlor, camphechlor, camphor, captafol, captan, carbamorph, carbamate, carbaryl, carbasulam, carbendazim, carbendazim benzenesulfonate, carbendazim sulfite, carbetamide, carbofuran, carbon disulfide, carbon tetrachloride, carbophenothion, carbosulfan, carboxazole, carboxide, carboxin,

carfentrazone, carfentrazone-ethyl, carpropamid, cartap, cartap hydrochloride, carvacrol, carvone, CDEA, cellocidin, CEPC, ceralure, Cheshunt mixture, chinomethionat, chitosan, chlobenthiazone, chlomethoxyfen, chloralose, chloramben, chloramben-ammonium, chloramben-diolamine, chloramben-methyl, chloramben-methylammonium, chloramben-sodium, chloramine phosphorus, chloramphenicol, chloraniformethan, chloranil, chloranocryl, chlorantraniliprole, chlorazifop, chlorazifop-propargyl, chlorazine, chlorbenside, chlorbenzuron, chlorbicyclen, chlorbromuron, chlorbufam, chlordane, chlordecone, chlordimeform, chlordimeform hydrochloride, chlorempenthrin, chlorethoxyfos, chloreturon, chlorfenac, chlorfenac-ammonium, chlorfenac-sodium, chlorfenapyr, chlorfenazole, chlorfenethol, chlorfenprop, chlorfenson, chlorfensulphide, chlorfenvinphos, chlorflazuron, chlorflurazole, chlorfluren, chlorfluren-methyl, chlorflurenol, chlorflurenol-methyl, chloridazon, chlorimuron, chlorimuron-ethyl, chlormephos, chlormequat, chlormequat chloride, chlornidine, chlornitrofen, chlorobenzilate, chlorodinitronaphthalenes, chloroform, chloromebucarb, chloromethiuron, chloroneb, chlorophacinone, chlorophacinone-sodium, chloropicrin, chloropropan, chloropropylate, chlorothalonil, chlorotoluron, chloroxuron, chloroxynil, chlorphonium, chlorphonium chloride, chlorphoxim, chlorprazophos, chlorprocarb, chlorpropham, chlorpyrifos, chlorpyrifos-methyl, chlorquinox, chlorsulfuron, chlorthal, chlorthal-dimethyl, chlorthal-monomethyl, chlorthiamid, chlorthiophos, chlozolinat, choline chloride, chromafenozide, cinerin I, cinerin II, cinerins, cinidon-ethyl, cinmethylin, cinosulfuron, ciobutide, cisanilide, cismethrin, clethodim, climbazole, cliodinate, clodinafop, clodinafop-propargyl, cloethocarb, clofencet, clofencet-potassium, clofentezine, clofibric acid, clofop, clofop-isobutyl, clomazone, clomeprop, cloprop, cloproxydim, clopyralid, clopyralid-methyl, clopyralid-olamine, clopyralid-potassium, clopyralid-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, cloquintocet, cloquintocet-mexyl, cloransulam, cloransulam-methyl, closantel, clothianidin, clotrimazole, cloxyfonac, cloxyfonac-sodium, CMA, codlure, colophonate, copper acetate, copper acetoarsenite, copper arsenate, copper carbonate, basic, copper hydroxide, copper naphthenate, copper oleate, copper oxychloride, copper silicate, copper sulfate, copper zinc chromate, coumachlor, coumafuryl, coumaphos, coumatetralyl, coumithoate, coumoxystrobin, CPMC, CPMF, CPPC, credazine, cresol, crimidine, crotamiton, crotoxyphos, cruformate, cryolite, cue-lure, cufraneb, cumyluron, cuprobam, cuprous oxide, curcumenol, cyanamide, cyanatryn, cyanazine, cyanofenphos, cyanophos, cyanthoate, cyantraniliprole, cyazofamid, cybutryne, cyclafuramid, cyclanilide, cyclethrin, cycloate, cycloheximide, cycloprate, cycloprothrin, cyclosulfamuron, cycloxaprid, cycloxydim, cycluron, cyenopyrafen, cyflufenamid, cyflumetofen, cyfluthrin, cyhalofop, cyhalofop-butyl, cyhalothrin, cyhexatin, cymiazole, cymiazole hydrochloride, cymoxanil, cyometrinil, cypendazole, cypermethrin, cyperquat, cyperquat chloride, cyphenothrin, cyprazine, cyprazole, cyproconazole, cyprodinil, cyprofuram, cypromid, cyprosulfamide, cyromazine, cythioate, daimuron, dalapon, dalapon-calcium, dalapon-magnesium, dalapon-sodium, daminozide, dayoutong, dazomet, dazomet-sodium, DBCP, d-camphor, DCIP, DCPTA, DDT, debacarb, decafentoin, decarbofuran, dehydroacetic acid, delachlor, deltamethrin, demephion, demephion-O, demephion-S, demeton, demeton-methyl, demeton-O, demeton-O-methyl, demeton-S, demeton-S-methyl, demeton-S-methylsulphon, desmedipham, desmetryn, d-fanshuluquebingjuzhi, diafenthuron, dialifos, di-allate, diamidafos, diatomaceous earth, diazinon, dibutyl phthalate,

dibutyl succinate, dicamba, dicamba-diglycolamine, dicamba-dimethylammonium, dicamba-diolamine, dicamba-isopropylammonium, dicamba-methyl, dicamba-olamine, dicamba-potassium, dicamba-sodium, dicambatrolamine, dicapthon, dichlobenil, dichlofenthion, dichlofluanid, dichlone, dichloralurea, dichlorbenzuron, dichlorflurenol, dichlorflurenol-methyl, dichlormate, dichlormid, dichlorophen, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-2-ethylhexyl, dichlorprop-butotyl, dichlorprop-dimethylammonium, dichlorprop-ethylammonium, dichlorprop-isooctyl, dichlorprop-methyl, dichlorprop-P, dichlorprop-P-2-ethylhexyl, dichlorprop-P-dimethylammonium, dichlorprop-potassium, dichlorprop-sodium, dichlorvos, dichlozoline, diclobutrazol, diclocymet, diclofop, diclofop-methyl, diclomezine, diclomezine-sodium, dicloran, diclosulam, dicofol, dicoumarol, dicresyl, dicrotophos, dicyclanil, dicyclonon, dieldrin, dienochlor, diethamquat, diethamquat dichloride, diethatyl, diethatyl-ethyl, diethofencarb, dietholate, diethyl pyrocarbonate, diethyltoluamide, difenacoum, difenoconazole, difenopenten, difenopenten-ethyl, difenoxuron, difenzoquat, difenzoquat metilsulfate, difethialone, diflovidazin, diflubenzuron, diflufenican, diflufenzopyr, diflufenzopyr-sodium, diflumetorim, dikegulac, dikegulac-sodium, dilor, dimatif, dimefluthrin, dimefox, dimefuron, dimepiperate, dimetachlone, dimetan, dimethacarb, dimethachlor, dimethametryn, dimethenamid, dimethenamid-P, dimethipin, dimethirimol, dimethoate, dimethomorph, dimethrin, dimethyl carbate, dimethyl phthalate, dimethylvinphos, dimetilan, dimexano, dimidazon, dimoxystrobin, dinex, dinex-diclexine, dingjunezuo, diniconazole, diniconazole-M, dinitramine, dinobuton, dinocap, dinocap-4, dinocap-6, dinoceton, dinofenate, dinopenton, dinoprop, dinosam, dinoseb, dinoseb acetate, dinoseb-ammonium, dinoseb-diolamine, dinoseb-sodium, dinoseb-trolamine, dinosulfon, dinotefuran, dinoterb, dinoterb acetate, dinoterbon, diofenolan, dioxabenzofos, dioxacarb, dioxathion, diphacinone, diphacinone-sodium, diphenamid, diphenyl sulfone, diphenylamine, dipropalin, dipropetryn, dipyrithione, diquat, diquat dibromide, disparlure, disul, disulfiram, disulfoton, disul-sodium, ditalimfos, dithianon, dithicrofos, dithioether, dithiopyr, diuron, d-limonene, DMPA, DNOC, DNOC-ammonium, DNOC-potassium, DNOC-sodium, dodemorph, dodemorph acetate, dodemorph benzoate, dodicin, dodicin hydrochloride, dodicin-sodium, dodine, dofenapyn, domincalure, doramectin, drazoxolon, DSMA, dufulin, EBEP, EBP, ecdysterone, edifenphos, eglinazone, eglinazone-ethyl, emamectin, emamectin benzoate, EMPC, empenthrin, endosulfan, endothal, endothal-diammonium, endothal-dipotassium, endothal-disodium, endothion, endrin, enestoburin, EPN, epocholeone, epofenonane, epoxiconazole, eprinomectin, epronaz, EPTC, erbon, ergocalciferol, erlujixiancaon, esdepalléthrine, esfenvalerate, esprocarb, etacelasil, etaconazole, etaphos, etem, ethaboxam, ethachlor, ethalfuralin, ethametsulfuron, ethametsulfuron-methyl, ethapochlor, ethephon, ethidimuron, ethiofencarb, ethiolate, ethion, ethiozin, ethiprole, ethirimol, ethoate-methyl, ethofumesate, ethohexadiol, ethoprophos, ethoxyfen, ethoxyfen-ethyl, ethoxyquin, ethoxysulfuron, ethychlozate, ethyl formate, ethyl α -naphthaleneacetate, ethyl-DDD, ethylene, ethylene dibromide, ethylene dichloride, ethylene oxide, ethylicin, ethylmercury 2,3-dihydroxypropyl mercaptide, ethylmercury acetate, ethylmercury bromide, ethylmercury chloride, ethylmercury phosphate, etinofen, etniproimid, etobenzanid, etofenprox, etoxazole, etridiazole, etrimfos, eugenol, EXD, famoxadone, famphur, fenamidone, fenaminosulf, fenamiphos, fenapanil, fenarimol, fenasulam, fenazaflor, fenazaquin, fenbuconazole, fenbutatin oxide, fenchlorazole,

fenchlorazole-ethyl, fenchlorphos, fenclorim, fenethacarb, fenfluthrin, fenfuram, fenhexamid, fenitropan, fenitrothion, fenjuntong, fenobucarb, fenoprop, fenoprop-3-butoxypropyl, fenoprop-butometyl, fenoprop-butetyl, fenoprop-butyl, fenoprop-isocetyl, fenoprop-methyl, fenoprop-potassium, fenothiocarb, fenoxacrim, fenoxanil, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-ethyl, fenoxaprop-P, fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, fenoxasulfone, fenoxycarb, fempiclonil, fempirithrin, fenpropathrin, fenpropidin, fenpropimorph, fenpyrazamine, fenpyroximate, fenridazon, fenridazon-potassium, fenridazon-propyl, fen-son, fensulfothion, fenteracol, fenthiaaprop, fenthiaaprop-ethyl, fenthion, fenthion-ethyl, fentin, fentin acetate, fentin chloride, fentin hydroxide, fentrazamide, fentrifanil, fenuron, fenuron TCA, fenvalerate, ferbam, ferimzone, ferrous sulfate, fipronil, flamprop, flamprop-isopropyl, flamprop-M, flamp-rop-methyl, flamprop-M-isopropyl, flamprop-M-methyl, flazasulfuron, floccoumafen, flometoquin, flonicamid, florasulam, fluacrypyrim, fluazifop, fluazifop-butyl, fluazifop-methyl, fluazifop-P, fluazifop-P-butyl, fluazinam, fluazolate, fluazuron, flubendiamide, flubenzimine, flucarbazon, flucarbazon-sodium, flucetosulfuron, fluchloralin, flucufuron, flucycloxuron, flucythrinate, fludioxonil, fluenetil, fluensulfone, flufenacet, flufenerim, flufenican, flufenoxuron, flufenprox, flufenpyr, flufenpyr-ethyl, flufiprole, flumethrin, flumetover, flumetralin, flumetsulam, flumezin, flumiclorac, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flumipropyn, flumorph, flumometuron, flupicolid, fluopyram, fluorbenside, fluoridamid, fluoroacetamide, fluorodifen, fluoroglycofen, fluoroglycofen-ethyl, fluoroimide, fluoromidine, fluoronitrofen, fluothiuron, fluotrimazole, fluoxastobin, flupoxam, flupropacil, flupropadine, flupropionate, flupropionate-sodium, flupyradifurone, flupyrsulfuron, flupyrsulfuron-methyl, flupyrsulfuron-methyl-sodium, fluquinconazole, flurazole, flurenol, flurenol-butyl, flurenol-methyl, fluridone, flurochloridone, fluoxypyr, fluoxypyr-butometyl, fluoxypyr-meptyl, flurprimidol, flursulam, flurtamone, flusilazole, flusulfamide, fluthiacet, fluthiacet-methyl, flutianil, flutolanil, flutriafol, flualinate, fluxapyroxad, fluxofenim, folpet, fomesafen, fomesafen-sodium, fonofos, foramsulfuron, forchlorfenuron, formaldehyde, formetanate, formetanate hydrochloride, formothion, formparanate, formparanate hydrochloride, fosamine, fosamine-ammonium, fosetyl, fosetyl-aluminium, fosmethilan, fospirate, fothiazate, fothietan, frontaline, fuberidazole, fucaojing, fucaomi, funaihecaling, fuphenthiourea, furalane, furalaxyl, furamethrin, furametpyr, furathiocarb, furcarbanil, furconazole, furconazole-cis, furethrin, furfural, furilazole, furmecyclox, furophate, furyloxyfen, gamma-cyhalothrin, gamma-HCH, genit, gibberellic acid, gibberellins, gliftor, glufosinate, glufosinate-ammonium, glufosinate-P, glufosinate-P-ammonium, glufosinate-P-sodium, glyodin, glyoxime, glyphosate, glyphosate-diammonium, glyphosate-dimethylammonium, glyphosate-isopropylammonium, glyphosate-monoammonium, glyphosate-potassium, glyphosate-sesquisodium, glyphosate-trimesium, glyphosine, gossypure, grandlure, griseofulvin, guazatine, guazatine acetates, halacrinat, halfenprox, halofenozide, halosafen, halosulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, haloxydine, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-etotyl, haloxyfop-methyl, haloxyfop-P, haloxyfop-P-etotyl, haloxyfop-P-methyl, haloxyfop-sodium, HCH, hemel, hempa, HEOD, heptachlor, heptenophos, heptopargil, heterophos, hexachloroacetone, hexachlorobenzene, hexachlorobutadiene, hexachlorophene, hexaconazole, hexaflumuron, hexaflurate, hexalure, hexamide, hexazinone, hexylthiofos, hexythiazox, HHDN, holosulf, huancaiwo, huangcaoling, huanjunzuo, hydramethyl-non, hydrargaphen, hydrated lime, hydrogen cyanide, hydroprene, hymexazol, hyquincarb, IAA, IBA, icaridin,

imazalil, imazalil nitrate, imazalil sulfate, imazamethabenz, imazamethabenz-methyl, imazamox, imazamox-ammonium, imazapic, imazapic-ammonium, imazapyr, imazapyr-isopropylammonium, imazaquin, imazaquin-ammonium, imazaquin-methyl, imazaquin-sodium, imazethapyr, imazethapyr-ammonium, imazosulfuron, imibenconazole, imicyafos, imidacloprid, imidaclothiz, iminoctadine, iminoctadine triacetate, iminoctadine triethylsulfate, imiprothrin, inabenfide, indanofan, indaziflam, indoxacarb, inezin, iodonil, iodicarb, iodomethane, iodosulfuron, iodosulfuron-methyl, iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium, iofensulfuron, iofensulfuron-sodium, ioxynil, ioxynil octanoate, ioxynil-lithium, ioxynil-sodium, ipazine, ipconazole, ipfencarbazone, iprobenfos, iprodione, iprovalicarb, iprymidam, ipsdienol, ipsenol, IPSP, isamidofos, isazofos, isobenzan, isocarbamid, isocarbophos, isocil, isodrin, isofenphos, isofenphos-methyl, isolan, isomethiozin, isonoruron, isopolinate, isoprocab, isopropalin, isoprothiolane, isoproturon, isopyrazam, isopyrimol, isothioate, isotianil, isouron, isovalledione, isoxaben, isoxachlortole, isoxadifen, isoxadifen-ethyl, isoxaflutole, isoxapyrifop, isoxathion, ivermectin, izopamfos, japonilure, japotheins, jasmolin I, jasmolin II, jasmonic acid, jiahuangchongzong, jiajizengxiaolin, jiaxiangjunzhi, jiecaowan, jiecaoxi, jodfenphos, juvenile hormone I, juvenile hormone II, juvenile hormone III, kadethrin, karbutilate, karetazan, karetazan-potassium, kasugamycin, kasugamycin hydrochloride, kejunlin, kelevan, ketospiradox, ketospiradox-potassium, kinetin, kinoprene, kresoxim-methyl, kuicaoxi, lactofen, lambda-cyhalothrin, latilure, lead arsenate, lenacil, lepimectin, leptophos, lindane, lineatin, linuron, lirimfos, litlure, looplure, lufenuron, lvdgingjunzhi, lvxiancaolin, lythidathion, MAA, malathion, maleic hydrazide, malonoben, maltodextrin, MAMA, mancopper, mancozeb, mandipropamid, maneb, matrine, mazidox, MCPA, MCPA-2-ethylhexyl, MCPA-butotyl, MCPA-butyl, MCPA-dimethylammonium, MCPA-diolamine, MCPA-ethyl, MCPA-isobutyl, MCPA-isocetyl, MCPA-isopropyl, MCPA-methyl, MCPA-olamine, MCPA-potassium, MCPA-sodium, MCPA-thioethyl, MCPA-trolamine, MCPB, MCPB-ethyl, MCPB-methyl, MCPB-sodium, mebenil, mecarbam, mecarbinzid, mecarphon, mecoprop, mecoprop-2-ethylhexyl, mecoprop-dimethylammonium, mecoprop-diolamine, mecoprop-ethadyl, mecoprop-isocetyl, mecoprop-methyl, mecoprop-P, mecoprop-P-2-ethylhexyl, mecoprop-P-dimethylammonium, mecoprop-P-isobutyl, mecoprop-potassium, mecoprop-P-potassium, mecoprop-sodium, mecoprop-trolamine, medimeform, medinoterb, medinoterb acetate, medlure, mefenacet, mefenpyr, mefenpyr-diethyl, mefluidide, mefluidide-diolamine, mefluidide-potassium, megatomoic acid, menazon, mepanipyr, meperfluthrin, mephenate, mephosfolan, mepiquat, mepiquat chloride, mepiquat pentaborate, mepironil, meptyldinocap, mercuric chloride, mercuric oxide, mercurous chloride, merphos, mesoprazine, mesosulfuron, mesosulfuron-methyl, mesotri-one, mesulfen, mesulfenfos, metaflumizone, metalaxyl, metalaxyl-M, metaldehyde, metam, metam-ammonium, metamifop, metamitron, metam-potassium, metam-sodium, metazachlor, metazosulfuron, metazoxolon, metconazole, metepa, metflurazon, methabenzthiazuron, methacrifos, methalpropalin, methamidophos, methasulfocarb, methazole, methfuroxam, methidathion, methiobencarb, methiocarb, methiopyrisulfuron, methiotepa, methiozolin, methiuron, methocrotophos, methometon, methomyl, methoprene, methoprotirne, methoquin-butyl, methothrin, methoxychlor, methoxyfenozide, methoxyphenone, methyl apholate, methyl bromide, methyl eugenol, methyl iodide, methyl isothiocyanate, methylacetophos, methylchloroform, meth-

ylidymron, methylene chloride, methylmercury benzoate, methylmercury dicyandiamide, methylmercury pentachlorophenoxide, methylneodecanamide, metiram, metobenzuron, metobromuron, metofluthrin, metolachlor, metolcarb, metominostrobin, metosulam, metoxadiazole, metoxuron, metrafenone, metribuzin, metsulfovax, metsulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl, mevinphos, mexacarbate, mieshuan, milbemectin, milbemycin oxime, milneb, mipafox, mirex, MNAF, moguchun, molinate, molosultap, monalide, monisouron, monochloroacetic acid, monocrotophos, moniluron, monosulfuron, monosulfuron-ester, monuron, monuron TCA, morfamquat, morfamquat dichloride, moroxydine, moroxydine hydrochloride, morphothion, morzid, moxidectin, MSMA, muscalure, myclobutanil, myclobutol, N-(ethylmercury)-p-toluenesulphonanilide, nabam, naftalofos, naled, naphthalene, naphthaleneacetamide, naphthalic anhydride, naphthoxyacetic acids, naproanilide, napropamide, naptalam, naptalam-sodium, natamycin, neburon, niclosamide, niclosamide-olamine, nicosulfuron, nicotine, nifluridide, nipyraclufen, nitenpyram, nithiazine, nitralin, nitrapyrin, nitrilcarb, nitrofen, nitrofluorfen, nitrostyrene, nitrothall-isopropyl, norbormide, norflurazon, normicotine, noruron, nov-aluron, noviflumuron, nuarimol, OCH, octachlorodipropyl ether, octhilonone, ofurace, omethoate, orbencarb, orfralure, ortho-dichlorobenzene, orthosulfamuron, oryctalure, orysastobin, oryzalin, osthol, ostramone, oxabetrinil, oxadiargyl, oxadiazon, oxadixyl, oxamate, oxamyl, oxapyrazon, oxapyrazon-dimolamine, oxapyrazon-sodium, oxasulfuron, oxaziclomefone, oxine-copper, oxolinic acid, oxpoconazole, oxpoconazole fumarate, oxycarboxin, oxydemeton-methyl, oxydeprofos, oxydisulfoton, oxyfluorfen, oxymatrine, oxytetracycline, oxytetracycline hydrochloride, paclobutrazol, paichongding, para-dichlorobenzene, parafluron, paraquat, paraquat dichloride, paraquat dimethylsulfate, parathion, parathion-methyl, parinol, pebulate, pefurazate, pelargonic acid, penconazole, pencycuron, pendimethalin, penflufen, penfluron, penoxsulam, pentachlorophenol, pentanochlor, penthiopyrad, pentmethrin, pentoxazone, perfluidone, permethrin, pethoxamid, phenamacril, phenazine oxide, phenisopham, phenkapton, phenmedipham, phenmedipham-ethyl, phenobenzuron, phenothrin, phenproxiol, phenthoate, phenylmercuriurea, phenylmercury acetate, phenylmercury chloride, phenylmercury derivative of pyrocatechol, phenylmercury nitrate, phenylmercury salicylate, phorate, phosacetim, phosalone, phosdiphen, phosfolan, phosfolan-methyl, phosglyn, phosmet, phosnichlor, phosphamidon, phosphine, phosphocarb, phosphorus, phostin, phoxim, phoxim-methyl, phthalide, picloram, picloram-2-ethylhexyl, picloram-isooctyl, picloram-methyl, picloram-olamine, picloram-potassium, picloram-triethylammonium, picloram-tris(2-hydroxypropyl)ammonium, picolinafen, picoxystrobin, pindone, pindone-sodium, pinoxaden, piperalin, piperonyl butoxide, piperonyl cyclonene, piperophos, piproctanyl, piproctanyl bromide, piprotal, pirimetaphos, pirimicarb, pirimioxyphos, pirimiphos-ethyl, pirimiphos-methyl, plifenate, polycarbamate, polyoxins, polyoxorim, polyoxorim-zinc, polythialan, potassium arsenite, potassium azide, potassium cyanate, potassium gibberellate, potassium naphthenate, potassium polysulfide, potassium thiocyanate, potassium α -naphthaleneacetate, pp'-DDT, prallethrin, precocene I, precocene II, precocene III, pretilachlor, primidophos, primisulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, probenazole, prochloraz, prochloraz-manganese, proclonol, procyzine, procymidone, prodiamine, profenofos, profluzol, profluralin, profluthrin, profoxydim, proglinazine, proglinazine-ethyl, prohexadione, prohexadione-calcium, prohydrojasmon, promacryl, promecarb, prometron, prometryn, promurit,

propachlor, propamidine, propamidine dihydrochloride, propamocarb, propamocarb hydrochloride, propanil, propaphos, propaquizafop, propargite, proparthrin, propazine, prope-tamphos, propham, propiconazole, propineb, propisochlor, propoxur, propoxycarbazon, propoxycarbazon-sodium, propyl isome, propyrisulfuron, propyzamide, proquinazid, prosuler, prosulfalin, prosulfocarb, prosulfuron, prothi-dathion, prothiocarb, prothiocarb hydrochloride, prothio-conazole, prothiofos, prothoate, protrifenbute, proxan, proxan-sodium, prynachlor, pydanon, pymetrozine, pyracar-bolid, pyraclofos, pyraclozil, pyraclostrobin, pyraflufen, pyraflufen-ethyl, pyrafluprole, pyramat, pyrametostrobin, pyraoxystrobin, pyrasulfotole, pyrazolynate, pyrazophos, pyrazosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron-ethyl, pyrazothion, pyra-zoxyfen, pyresmethrin, pyrethrin I, pyrethrin II, pyrethrins, pyribambenz-isopropyl, pyribambenz-propyl, pyribencarb, pyribenzoxim, pyributicarb, pyriclor, pyridaben, pyridafol, pyridalyl, pyridaphenthion, pyridate, pyridinitril, pyrifeno-x, pyrifluquinazon, pyrifitalid, pyrimethanil, pyrimidifen, pyriminobac, pyriminobac-methyl, pyrimisulfan, pyrimitate, pyrinuron, pyriofenone, pyriprole, pyripropanol, pyriprox-yfen, pyriothiobac, pyriothiobac-sodium, pyroplan, pyroquilon, pyroxasulfone, pyroxsulam, pyroxychlor, pyroxyfur, quassia, quinacetol, quinacetol sulfate, quinalphos, quinalphos-me-thyl, quinazamid, quinclozac, quinconazole, quinmerac, quinochloramine, quinonamid, quinothion, quinoxyfen, quintio-fos, quintozone, quizalofop, quizalofop-ethyl, quizalofop-P, quizalofop-P-ethyl, quizalofop-P-tefuryl, quwenzhi, quyingding, rabenzazole, rafoxanide, rebemide, resmethrin, rho-dethanil, rhodojaponin-III, ribavirin, rimsulfuron, rotenone, ryania, saflufenacil, saijunmao, saientong, salicylanilide, sanguinarine, santonin, schradan, scilliroside, sebuthylazine, secbumeton, sedaxane, selamectin, semiamitraz, semiamitraz chloride, sesamex, sesamol, sethoxydim, shuangjiaan-caolin, siduron, siglure, silafluofen, silatrane, silica gel, silthiofam, simazine, simeconazole, simeton, simetryn, sintofen, SMA, S-metolachlor, sodium arsenite, sodium azide, sodium chlorate, sodium fluoride, sodium fluoroacetate, sodium hexafluorosilicate, sodium naphthenate, sodium orthophe-nylphenoxide, sodium pentachlorophenoxide, sodium polysulfide, sodium thiocyanate, sodium α -naphthaleneac-etate, sophamide, spinetoram, spinosad, spirodiclofen, spiromesifen, spirotriamet, spiroxamine, streptomycin, streptomycin sesquisulfate, strychnine, sulcatol, sulcofuron, sulcofuron-sodium, sulcotrione, sulfallate, sulfentrazone, sulfluramid, sulfometuron, sulfometuron-methyl, sulfosulfuron, sulfotep, sulfoxaflo, sulfoxide, sulfoxime, sulfur, sulfuric acid, sulfuryl fluoride, sulglycapin, sulprofos, sultropen, swep, tau-fluvalinate, tavoron, tazimcarb, TCA, TCA-ammonium, TCA-calcium, TCA-ethadyl, TCA-mag-nesium, TCA-sodium, TDE, tebuconazole, tebufenozide, tebufenpyrad, tebufloquin, tebutirimfos, tebutam, tebuti-uron, tecloftalam, tecnazene, tecoram, teflubenzuron, tefluthrin, tefuryltrione, tembotrione, temephos, tepa, TEPP, tepaloxymid, terallethrin, terbacil, terbucarb, terbuchlor, ter-bufos, terbumeton, terbutylazine, terbutryn, tetracyclis, tet-rachloroethane, tetrachlorvinphos, tetraconazole, tetradifon, tetrafluron, tetramethrin, tetramethylfluthrin, tetramine, tet-ranactin, tetrasul, thallium sulfate, thenylchlor, theta-cyper-methrin, thiabendazole, thiacloprid, thiadifluor, thia-methoxam, thiapronil, thiazafuron, thiazopyr, thicofos, thicyofen, thidiazimin, thidiazuron, thien-carbazone, thien-carbazone-methyl, thifensulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, thifluzamide, thiobencarb, thiocarboxime, thiochlorfenphim, thiocyclam, thiocyclam hydrochloride, thiocyclam oxalate, thiodiazole-copper, thiodicarb, thiofanox, thiofluoximate, thiohempa, thiomersal, thiometon, thionazin, thiophanate,

thiophanate-methyl, thioquinox, thiosemicarbazide, thiosul-
tap, thiosultap-diammonium, thiosultap-disodium, thiosul-
tap-monosodium, thiotepa, thiram, thuringiensin, tiadinil,
tiaojiean, tiocarbazil, tioclorim, tioxyimid, tirpate, tolclofos-
methyl, tolfenpyrad, tolylfluand, tolylmercury acetate,
topramezone, tralkoxydim, tralocytin, tralomethrin, tral-
opyril, transfluthrin, transpermethrin, tretamine, triacantanol,
triadimefon, triadimenol, triafamone, tri-allate, triamiphos,
triapenthenol, triarathene, triarimol, triasulfuron, triazamate,
triazbutil, triaziflam, triazophos, triazoxide, tribenuron, tribe-
nuron-methyl, tribufos, tributyltin oxide, tricamba, trichla-
mide, trichlorfon, trichlormetaphos-3, trichloronat, triclopyr,
triclopyr-butyl, triclopyr-ethyl, triclopyr-triethylammo-
nium, tricyclazole, tridemorph, tridiphane, trietazine, trifen-
morph, trifenofos, trifloxystrobin, trifloxysulfuron, triflox-
ysulfuron-sodium, triflumizole, triflumuron, trifluralin,
triflusulfuron, triflusulfuron-methyl, trifop, trifop-methyl,
trifopsime, triforine, trihydroxytriazine, trimedlure, tri-
methacarb, trimeturon, trinexapac, trinexapac-ethyl, triprene,
tripropindan, triptolide, tritac, triticonazole, tritosulfuron,
trunc-call, uniconazole, uniconazole-P, urbacide, uredepa,
valerate, validamycin, valifenalate, valone, vamidothion,
vangard, vaniliprole, vernolate, vinclozolin, warfarin, war-
farin-potassium, warfarin-sodium, xiaochongliulin, xin-
junan, xiwojunan, XMC, xylachlor, xylenols, xylcarb,
yishijing, zarilamid, zeatin, zengxiaolan, zeta-cypermethrin,
zinc naphthenate, zinc phosphide, zinc thiazole, zineb, ziram,
zolapofos, zoxamide, zuomihuanglong, α -chlorohydrin,
 α -ecdysone, α -multistriatin, and α -naphthaleneacetic acid.

43. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising an agriculturally acceptable carrier.

44. A composition according to claim 43, wherein said composition further comprises ammonium sulfate.

45. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule is in the form of a pesticidally acceptable acid addition salt.

46. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule is in the form of a salt derivative.

47. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule is in the form a hydrate.

48. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule is in the form an ester derivative.

49. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule is in the form a crystal polymorph.

50. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule has a ^2H in place of ^1H .

51. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said molecule has a ^{14}C in place of a ^{12}C .

52. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising a biopesticide.

53. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising one or more of the following compounds:

- (a) 3-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-8-oxa-1-azaspiro[4,5]dec-3-en-2-one;
- (b) 3-(4'-chloro-2,4-dimethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-4-hydroxy-8-oxa-1-azaspiro[4,5]dec-3-en-2-one;
- (c) 4-[[[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]methylamino]-2(5H)-furanone];
- (d) 4-[[[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]cyclopropylamino]-2(5H)-furanone];
- (e) 3-chloro-N2-[(1S)-1-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]-N1-[2-methyl-4-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]phenyl]-1,2-benzenedicarboxamide;
- (f) 2-cyano-N-ethyl-4-fluoro-3-methoxy-benzenesulfonamide;
- (g) 2-cyano-N-ethyl-3-methoxy-benzenesulfonamide;

- (h) 2-cyano-3-difluoromethoxy-N-ethyl-4-fluoro-benzenesulfonamide;
- (i) 2-cyano-3-fluoromethoxy-N-ethyl-benzenesulfonamide;
- (j) 2-cyano-6-fluoro-3-methoxy-N,N-dimethyl-benzenesulfonamide;
- (k) 2-cyano-N-ethyl-6-fluoro-3-methoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide;
- (l) 2-cyano-3-difluoromethoxy-N,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide;
- (m) 3-(difluoromethyl)-N-[2-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide;
- (n) N-ethyl-2,2-dimethylpropionamide-2-(2,6-dichloro- α,α,α -trifluoro-p-tolyl) hydrazone;
- (o) N-ethyl-2,2-dichloro-1-methylcyclopropane-carboxamide-2-(2,6-dichloro- α,α,α -trifluoro-p-tolyl) hydrazone nicotine;
- (p) O-[(E)-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-cyano-1-(2-trifluoromethylphenyl)-vinyl]]S-methyl thiocarbonate;
- (q) (E)-N1-[(2-chloro-1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)]-N2-cyano-N1-methylacetamidine;
- (r) 1-(6-chloropyridin-3-ylmethyl)-7-methyl-8-nitro-1,2,3,5,6,7-hexahydro-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-ol;
- (s) 4-[4-chlorophenyl-(2-butyldine-hydrazono)methyl]phenyl mesylate; and
- (t) N-Ethyl-2,2-dichloro-1-methylcyclopropanecarboxamide-2-(2,6-dichloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-p-tolyl)hydrazone.

54. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising a compound having one or more of the following modes of action: acetylcholinesterase inhibitor; sodium channel modulator; chitin biosynthesis inhibitor; GABA and glutamate-gated chloride channel antagonist; GABA and glutamate-gated chloride channel agonist; acetylcholine receptor agonist; acetylcholine receptor antagonist; MET I inhibitor; Mg-stimulated ATPase inhibitor; nicotinic acetylcholine receptor; Midgut membrane disrupter; oxidative phosphorylation disrupter, and ryanodine receptor (RyRs).

55. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising a seed.

56. A composition according to claim 1 further comprising a seed that has been genetically modified to express one or more specialized traits.

57. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said composition is encapsulated inside, or placed on the surface of, a capsule.

58. A composition according to claim 1 wherein said composition is encapsulated inside, or placed on the surface of, a capsule, wherein said capsule has a diameter of about 100-900 nanometers or about 10-900 microns.

59. A process comprising applying a composition according to claim 1, to an area to control a pest, in an amount sufficient to control such pest.

60. A process according to claim 59 wherein said pest is selected from the group consisting of beetles, earwigs, cockroaches, flies, aphids, scales, whiteflies, leafhoppers, ants, wasps, termites, moths, butterflies, lice, grasshoppers, locusts, crickets, fleas, thrips, bristletails, mites, ticks, nematodes, and symphylans.

61. A process according to claim 59 wherein said pest is from the phyla Nematoda or Arthropoda.

62. A process according to claim 59 wherein said pest is from the subphyla Chelicerata, Myriapoda, or Hexapoda.

63. A process according to claim 59 wherein said pest is from the class of Arachnida, Symphyla, or Insecta.

64. A process according to claim 59 wherein said pest is from the order Anoplura, order Coleoptera, order Der-

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maptera, order Blattaria, order Diptera, order Hemiptera, order Hymenoptera, order Isoptera, order Lepidoptera, order Mallophaga, order Orthoptera, order Siphonaptera, order Thysanoptera, order Thysanura, order Acarina, or order Symphyla.

65. A process according to claim 59 wherein said pest is beet armyworm (BAW), corn earworm (CEW), or green peach aphid (GPA).

66. A process according to claim 59 wherein said amount is from about 0.01 grams per hectare to about 5000 grams per hectare.

67. A process according to claim 59 wherein said amount is from about 0.1 grams per hectare to about 500 grams per hectare.

68. A process according to claim 59 wherein said amount is from about 1 gram per hectare to about 50 grams per hectare.

69. A process according to claim 59 wherein said area is an area where apples, corn, cotton, soybeans, canola, wheat,

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rice, sorghum, barley, oats, potatoes, oranges, alfalfa, lettuce, strawberries, tomatoes, peppers, crucifers, pears, tobacco, almonds, sugar beets, or beans, are growing, or the seeds thereof are going to be planted.

70. A process according to claim 59 further comprising applying said composition to a genetically modified plant that has been genetically modified to express one or more specialized traits.

71. A process comprising: orally administering; or topically applying; a composition according to claim 1, to a non-human animal, to control endoparasites, ectoparasites, or both.

72. A process comprising applying a composition according to claim 1 to a plant to enhance the plant's health, yield, vigor, quality, or tolerance, at a time when pest activity is low.

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